

1001 MATH PROBLEMS

2ND EDITION

1001 MATH PROBLEMS

2ND EDITION



Copyright © 2004 LearningExpress, LLC.

All rights reserved under International and Pan-American Copyright Conventions.
Published in the United States by LearningExpress, LLC, New York.

Library of Congress Cataloging-in-Publication Data:

1001 math problems.—2nd ed.

p. cm.

Includes index.

ISBN 1-57685-512-0 (pbk.: alk. paper)

1. Mathematics—Problems, exercises, etc.

QA43.A12 2004

510'.76—dc22

2003027069

Printed in the United States of America

9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1

Second Edition

ISBN 1-57685-512-0

For more information or to place an order, contact LearningExpress at:

55 Broadway

8th Floor

New York, NY 10006

Or visit us at:

www.learntest.com

Contents



INTRODUCTION		vii
SECTION 1	Miscellaneous Math	1
SECTION 2	Fractions	25
SECTION 3	Decimals	47
SECTION 4	Percentages	71
SECTION 5	Algebra	95
SECTION 6	Geometry	123
ANSWERS		157



Introduction

This book—which can be used alone, in combination with the LearningExpress publication, *Practical Math Success in 20 Minutes a Day*, or along with another basic math text of your choice—will give you practice in dealing with whole numbers, fractions, decimals, percentages, basic algebra, and basic geometry. It is designed for individuals working on their own, and for teachers or tutors helping students learn the basics. Practice on 1001 math problems should help alleviate math anxiety, too!

Are you frightened of mathematics? You're not alone. By the time I was nine, I had developed a full-blown phobia. In fact, my most horrible moments in grade school took place right before an arithmetic test. My terror—and avoidance—lasted well into adulthood, until the day I landed a job with a social service agency and was given the task of figuring budgets, which involved knowing how to do percentages. I might just as well have been asked to decipher the strange squiggles incised on the nose-cone of an alien spaceship. I decided I'd better do something quick, so I went to a friend of mine, a fifth-grade teacher, and asked her to design a short course for me.

We met on Sundays for almost a year. She began each tutorial with a short lecture on the type of problem we would be working with, and then provided me with a yellow legal pad and a photocopied set of problems—and sat doing crossword puzzles while I labored. We worked our way up to geometry that way, and on into algebra.

“Mathematics works,” she told me early on. “Don't ask why. Just do the problems. One day the light will dawn.”

And it did finally! I'm proud to say I no longer have to pay someone to do my 1040 form for the IRS, and I don't squirm and make excuses when, at lunch with friends, I'm called on to figure the tip in my head. I even balance my checkbook now!

Learn by doing. It's an old lesson, tried and true. And it's the tool this book is designed to give you.

Of course, this method works for people who don't have math anxiety, too. Maybe you have simply forgotten a lot of what you learned about math because you haven't had to use it much. Or maybe you're a student tackling arithmetic, algebra, and geometry for the first time, and you just need more practice than your textbook gives you. Perhaps you're getting ready for an exam, and you just want to make sure your math skills are up to the task. Whatever your situation, you can benefit from the method of this book. That old maxim really is true: *Practice makes perfect.*

► An Overview of This Book

1001 Math Problems is divided into sections, each focusing on one kind of math:

- Section 1: Miscellaneous Math (page 1)
- Section 2: Fractions (page 25)
- Section 3: Decimals (page 47)
- Section 4: Percentages (page 71)
- Section 5: Algebra (page 95)
- Section 6: Geometry (page 123)

Each section is subdivided into short sets of about 16 problems each, so as to make the whole project seem less overwhelming. You will begin with one or two sets of fairly simple nonword problems; later sets focus on word problems dealing with real-world situations.

In each section, you will find a few pre-algebra problems mixed in—problems that ask you to deal with *variables* (letters that stand for unknown numbers, such as x or y), *exponents* (those little numbers hanging above the other numbers, like 2^4), and the like. These problems are a warm-up for Section 5, Algebra. If they are too hard for you at first, just skip them. If you can answer them, you will be ahead of the game when you get to Section 5.

The most important learning tool in this book is not the problems, but the answers. At the back of the book, each answer is fully explained. After you finish a set, go to the back of the book and see how many questions you got right. But don't stop there: look at the explanations for *all* the questions, both the ones you got right and the ones you got wrong. You will be learning by doing, and learning from your mistakes—the best way to learn *any* subject.

► How to Use This Book

Whether you are working alone or helping someone else brush up on their math, this book can help you improve math skills.

Working On Your Own

If you are working alone to brush up on the basics, you may want to use this book in combination with a basic text or with *Practical Math Success in 20 Minutes a Day*. It will be helpful to read a summary of the different kinds of fractions and how to convert fractions into another form, before tackling fraction problems. If you are fairly sure of your basic math skills, however, you can use this book by itself.

No matter how you decide to use the book, you will find it most helpful if you do **not** use a calculator,

so as to prevent (or cure) “calculitis”—too much reliance on a calculator.

Tutoring Others

This book will work very well in combination with almost any basic math text. You will probably find it most helpful to give the student a brief lesson in the particular operation they will be learning—whole numbers, fractions, decimals, percentages, algebra, or geometry—and then have him or her spend the remainder of the class or session actually doing problems. You will want to impress upon him or her the importance of learning by doing, and caution not to use a calculator so as to gain a better understanding of the operation in question.

► Additional Resources

If you want more than just problems to work out—if you would like explanations of the kinds of math you

find in this book—you may want to try one of the following books.

- *Practical Math Success in 20 Minutes a Day* by Judith Robinovitz (LearningExpress)
- *Algebra the Easy Way*, 3rd ed. by Douglas Downing (Barron’s)
- *All the Math You’ll Ever Need* by Steve Slavin (Wiley)
- *Essential Math/Basic Math for Everyday Use* by Edward Williams and Robert A. Atkins (Barron’s)
- *Everyday Math for Dummies* by Charles Seiter (IDG)
- *Math the Easy Way*, 3rd ed. by Anthony Prindle and Katie Prindle (Barron’s)
- *Math Essentials* by Steve Slavin (LearningExpress)
- *Math Smart: Essential Math for These Numeric Times* (Princeton Review)
- *Mathematics Made Simple* by Abraham Sperling and Monroe Stuart (Doubleday)

S E C T I O N

1



Miscellaneous Math

The following section consists of 10 sets of miscellaneous math, including basic arithmetic questions and word problems with whole numbers. You will also see problems involving pre-algebra concepts such as negative numbers, exponents, and square roots (getting you ready for the algebra in Section 5). This section will provide a warm-up session before you move on to more difficult kinds of problems.

► Set 1 (Answers begin on page 157.)

1. $7 + 3 =$

- a. 4
- b. 8
- c. 9
- d. 10

2. $9 - 2 =$

- a. 7
- b. 8
- c. 6
- d. 5

3. $8 \div 2 =$

- a. 6
- b. 4
- c. 5
- d. 7

4. $3 \times 3 =$

- a. 6
- b. 7
- c. 8
- d. 9

5. $54 - 17 =$

- a. 37
- b. 39
- c. 41
- d. 43

6. $62 + 7 =$

- a. 64
- b. 68
- c. 69
- d. 70

7. $25 + 16 =$

- a. 37
- b. 41
- c. 45
- d. 51

8. $23 + 22 =$

- a. 45
- b. 55
- c. 61
- d. 62

9. $39 - 18 =$

- a. 7
- b. 11
- c. 16
- d. 21

10. $36,785 - 188 =$

- a. 35,697
- b. 36,497
- c. 36,597
- d. 37,007

11. $72 + 98 - 17 =$

- a. 143
- b. 153
- c. 163
- d. 170

12. $376 - 360 + 337 =$

- a. 663
- b. 553
- c. 453
- d. 353

13. $444 + 332 - 216 =$

- a. 312
- b. 450
- c. 560
- d. 612

14. $2,710 + 4,370 - 400 =$

- a. 6,780
- b. 6,680
- c. 6,580
- d. 6,480

15. $7,777 - 3,443 + 1,173 =$

- a. 5,507
- b. 5,407
- c. 5,307
- d. 5,207

16. $|7| =$

- a. -7
- b. 0.7
- c. 7
- d. 17

► Set 2 (Answers begin on page 158.)

- 17.** $(25 + 17)(64 - 49) =$
- 57
 - 63
 - 570
 - 630
- 18.** $42 \div 6 =$
- 8
 - 7
 - 6
 - 5
- 19.** $292 \times 50 =$
- 14,600
 - 14,500
 - 10,500
 - 1,450
- 20.** $500 \times 65 =$
- 30,500
 - 32,500
 - 35,000
 - 35,500
- 21.** $2,273 \times 4 =$
- 9,092
 - 8,982
 - 8,892
 - 8,882
- 22.** What is the value of $43,254 \div 8$, rounded to the nearest whole number?
- 5,000
 - 5,400
 - 5,406
 - 5,407
- 23.** $|-9| =$
- 9
 - 8
 - 0
 - 9
- 24.** $703 \times 365 =$
- 67,595
 - 255,695
 - 256,595
 - 263,595
- 25.** $2,850 \div 190 =$
- 15
 - 16
 - 105
 - 150
- 26.** $62,035 \div 5 =$
- 1,247
 - 12,470
 - 12,407
 - 13,610
- 27.** Estimate the value of $6,302 \div 63$.
- 1
 - 10
 - 100
 - 1,000
- 28.** $4,563 \times 45 =$
- 205,335
 - 206,665
 - 207,305
 - 206,335

29. $12(84 - 5) - (3 \div 54) =$

- a. 786
- b. 796
- c. 841
- d. 54,000

30. $(2 + 4) \times 8 =$

- a. 84
- b. 64
- c. 48
- d. 32

31. $(14 \times 7) + 12 =$

- a. 98
- b. 266
- c. 110
- d. 100

32. $(667 \times 2) + 133 =$

- a. 1,467
- b. 1,307
- c. 1,267
- d. 1,117

► Set 3 (Answers begin on page 159.)

- 33.** $(403 \times 163) - 678 =$
- 11,003
 - 34,772
 - 65,011
 - 67,020
- 34.** $(500 \div 20) + 76 =$
- 221
 - 201
 - 121
 - 101
- 35.** $604 - 204 \div 2 =$
- 502
 - 301
 - 201
 - 101
- 36.** $604 - (202 \div 2) =$
- 201
 - 302
 - 402
 - 503
- 37.** $37 \times 60 \times 3 =$
- 3,660
 - 4,990
 - 5,760
 - 6,660
- 38.** $12(9 \times 4) =$
- 432
 - 336
 - 108
 - 72
- 39.** Which of the following expressions are equal to 40,503?
- $400 + 50 + 3$
 - $4000 + 500 + 3$
 - $40,000 + 50 + 3$
 - $40,000 + 500 + 3$
- 40.** Which of the following choices is divisible by both 7 and 8?
- 42
 - 78
 - 112
 - 128
- 41.** Which of the following numbers is represented by the prime factors $2 \times 3 \times 7$?
- 21
 - 42
 - 84
 - 237
- 42.** 184 is evenly divisible by
- 46
 - 43
 - 41
 - 40
- 43.** 4 pounds 14 ounces – 3 pounds 12 ounces =
- 2 pounds 2 ounces
 - 1 pound 12 ounces
 - 1 pound 2 ounces
 - 14 ounces
- 44.** 3 hours 20 minutes – 1 hour 48 minutes =
- 5 hours 8 minutes
 - 4 hours 8 minutes
 - 2 hours 28 minutes
 - 1 hour 32 minutes

45. The average of 54, 61, 70, and 75 is

- a. 55
- b. 62
- c. 65
- d. 68

46. $52,830 \div 9 =$

- a. 5,870
- b. 5,820
- c. 5,826
- d. 5,871

47. 2 feet 4 inches + 4 feet 8 inches =

- a. 6 feet 8 inches
- b. 7 feet
- c. 7 feet 12 inches
- d. 8 feet

48. 1 hour 20 minutes + 3 hours 30 minutes =

- a. 4 hours
- b. 4 hours 20 minutes
- c. 4 hours 50 minutes
- d. 5 hours

► Set 4 (Answers begin on page 159.)

- 49.** What is the estimated product when 157 and 817 are rounded to the nearest hundred and multiplied?
- 160,000
 - 180,000
 - 16,000
 - 80,000
- 50.** $(-12) + 4 =$
- zero
 - 4
 - 8
 - 16
- 51.** $-5 \times (-7) =$
- 12
 - 12
 - 35
 - 35
- 52.** $-4 + (-4) =$
- 16
 - 16
 - 8
 - 8
- 53.** $6 + (-10)$
- 4
 - 4
 - 16
 - 16
- 54.** $16 + (-16) =$
- zero
 - 32
 - 32
 - 16
- 55.** Which of the following choices is equivalent to $6 \times 6 \times 6$?
- 3×6
 - 12×6
 - 6^3
 - 3^6
- 56.** Which of the following choices is equivalent to 2^5 ?
- 7
 - 10
 - 16
 - 32
- 57.** Which of the following represents a composite number?
- 11
 - 29
 - 41
 - 91
- 58.** $17^2 =$
- 34
 - 68
 - 136
 - 289
- 59.** $10^5 \div 10^2 =$
- 1^3
 - 10^3
 - 10^7
 - 10^{10}
- 60.** $-4^2 =$
- 8
 - 8
 - 16
 - 16

61. $-5^3 =$

- a. -15
- b. 15
- c. 125
- d. -125

62. $(-11)^2 =$

- a. 121
- b. -121
- c. -22
- d. 22

63. What is the square root of 36?

- a. 2
- b. 6
- c. 18
- d. 1,296

64. Which of these equations is INCORRECT?

- a. $\sqrt{16} + \sqrt{3} = \sqrt{16 + 3}$
- b. $\sqrt{6} \times \sqrt{12} = \sqrt{6 \times 12}$
- c. neither is incorrect
- d. both are incorrect

► Set 5 (Answers begin on page 160.)

- 65.** What is the square root of 64?
- 16
 - 12
 - 8
 - 6
- 66.** The value of $5!$ is equal to
- 1.
 - 5.
 - 25.
 - 120.
- 67.** Alex bought 400 hot dogs for the school picnic. If they were contained in packages of 8 hot dogs, how many total packages did he buy?
- 5
 - 50
 - 500
 - 3,200
- 68.** While preparing a dessert, Sue started by using 12 ounces of chocolate in her recipe. Later, she added 10 more ounces for flavor. What was the total amount of chocolate that Sue ended up using?
- 1 pound
 - 1 pound 2 ounces
 - 1 pound 4 ounces
 - 1 pound 6 ounces
- 69.** Dan rented two movies to watch last night. The first was 1 hour 40 minutes long, the second 1 hour 50 minutes long. How much time did it take for Dan to watch the two videos?
- 4.5 hours
 - 3.5 hours
 - 2.5 hours
 - 1.5 hours
- 70.** During a fundraiser, each of the 35 members of a group sold candy bars. If each member sold an average of 6 candy bars, how many total bars did the group sell?
- 6
 - 41
 - 180
 - 210
- 71.** Roberta takes \$58 with her on a shopping trip to the mall. She spends \$18 on new shoes and another \$6 on lunch. How much money does she have left after these purchases?
- \$34
 - \$40
 - \$52
 - \$24
- 72.** On a four-day trip Carrie drove 135 miles the first day, 213 miles the second day, 159 miles the third day, and 189 miles the fourth day. Which of the following choices is the best approximation of the total miles Carrie drove during the trip?
- 600
 - 700
 - 400
 - 800

73. While bowling in a tournament, Jake and his friends had the following scores:

- | | |
|-------------------------------|-----|
| ■ Jake | 189 |
| ■ Charles and Max each scored | 120 |
| ■ Terry | 95 |

What was the total score for Jake and his friends at the tournament?

- a. 404
- b. 504
- c. 524
- d. 526

74. The drivers at G & G trucking must report the mileage on their trucks each week. The mileage reading of Ed's vehicle was 20,907 at the beginning of one week, and 21,053 at the end of the same week. What was the total number of miles driven by Ed that week?

- a. 46 miles
- b. 145 miles
- c. 146 miles
- d. 1046 miles

75. In a downtown department store, Angelo finds a woman's handbag and turns it in to the clerk in the Lost and Found Department. The clerk estimates that the handbag is worth approximately \$150. Inside, she finds the following items:

- | | |
|---|-------|
| ■ 1 leather makeup case valued at | \$65 |
| ■ 1 vial of perfume, unopened,
valued at | \$75 |
| ■ 1 pair of earrings valued at | \$150 |
| ■ Cash | \$178 |

The clerk is writing a report to be submitted along with the found property. What should she write as the total value of the found cash and property?

- a. \$468
- b. \$608
- c. \$618
- d. \$718

76. A trash container, when empty, weighs 27 pounds. If this container is filled with a load of trash that weighs 108 pounds, what is the total weight of the container and its contents?

- a. 81 pounds
- b. 135 pounds
- c. 145 pounds
- d. 185 pounds

77. Mr. James Rossen is just beginning a computer consulting firm and has purchased the following equipment:

- 3 telephone sets, each costing \$125
- 2 computers, each costing \$1300
- 2 computer monitors, each costing \$950
- 1 printer costing \$600
- 1 answering machine costing \$50

Mr. Rossen is reviewing his finances. What should he write as the total value of the equipment he has purchased so far?

- a. \$3,025
- b. \$5,400
- c. \$5,525
- d. \$6,525

78. Mr. Richard Tupper is purchasing gifts for his family. So far he has purchased the following:

- 3 sweaters, each valued at \$68
- 1 computer game valued at \$75
- 2 bracelets, each valued at \$43

Later, he returned one of the bracelets for a full refund and received a \$10 rebate on the computer game. What is the total cost of the gifts after the refund and rebate?

- a. \$244
- b. \$312
- c. \$355
- d. \$365

79. Department regulations require trash collection trucks to have transmission maintenance every 13,000 miles. Truck #B-17 last had maintenance on its transmission at 12,398 miles. The mileage gauge now reads 22,003. How many more miles can the truck be driven before it must be brought in for transmission maintenance?

- a. 3,395 miles
- b. 4,395 miles
- c. 9,003 miles
- d. 9,605 miles

80. The city's bus system carries 1,200,000 people each day. How many people does the bus system carry each year? (1 year = 365 days)

- a. 3,288 people
- b. 32,880 people
- c. 43,800,000 people
- d. 438,000,000 people

► **Set 6** (Answers begin on page 161.)

81. How many inches are there in 4 feet?

- a. 12 inches
- b. 36 inches
- c. 48 inches
- d. 52 inches

82. Dave is 46 years old, twice as old as Rajeeve.

How old is Rajeeve?

- a. 30 years old
- b. 28 years old
- c. 23 years old
- d. 18 years old

83. Salesperson Rita drives 2,052 miles in 6 days, stopping at 2 towns each day. How many miles does she average between stops?

- a. 171 miles
- b. 342 miles
- c. 684 miles
- d. 1,026 miles

84. During the last week of track training, Shoshanna achieves the following times in seconds: 66, 57, 54, 54, 64, 59, and 59. Her three best times this week are averaged for her final score on the course. What is her final score?

- a. 57 seconds
- b. 55 seconds
- c. 59 seconds
- d. 61 seconds

85. A train must travel to a certain town in six days. The town is 3,450 miles away. How many miles must the train average each day to reach its destination?

- a. 500 miles
- b. 525 miles
- c. 550 miles
- d. 575 miles

86. On a certain day, the nurses at a hospital worked the following number of hours: Nurse Howard worked 8 hours; Nurse Pease worked 10 hours; Nurse Campbell worked 9 hours; Nurse Grace worked 8 hours; Nurse McCarthy worked 7 hours; and Nurse Murphy worked 12 hours. What is the average number of hours worked per nurse on this day?

- a. 7
- b. 8
- c. 9
- d. 10

87. A car uses 16 gallons of gas to travel 448 miles. How many miles per gallon does the car get?

- a. 22 miles per gallon
- b. 24 miles per gallon
- c. 26 miles per gallon
- d. 28 miles per gallon

88. A floppy disk shows 827,036 bytes free and 629,352 bytes used. If you delete a file of size 542,159 bytes and create a new file of size 489,986 bytes, how many free bytes will the floppy disk have?

- a. 577,179 free bytes
- b. 681,525 free bytes
- c. 774,863 free bytes
- d. 879,209 free bytes

- 89.** A family's gas and electricity bill averages \$80 a month for seven months of the year and \$20 a month for the rest of the year. If the family's bills were averaged over the entire year, what would the monthly bill be?
- \$45
 - \$50
 - \$55
 - \$60
- 90.** If a vehicle is driven 22 miles on Monday, 25 miles on Tuesday, and 19 miles on Wednesday, what is the average number of miles driven each day?
- 19 miles
 - 21 miles
 - 22 miles
 - 23 miles
- 91.** A piece of gauze 3 feet 4 inches long was divided in 5 equal parts. How long was each part?
- 1 foot 2 inches
 - 10 inches
 - 8 inches
 - 6 inches
- 92.** Each sprinkler head on an athletic field sprays water at an average of 16 gallons per minute. If 5 sprinkler heads are flowing at the same time, how many gallons of water will be released in 10 minutes?
- 80 gallons
 - 160 gallons
 - 800 gallons
 - 1650 gallons
- 93.** Use the following data to answer this question: Lefty keeps track of the length of each fish that he catches. Below are the lengths in inches of the fish that he caught one day:
12, 13, 8, 10, 8, 9, 17
- What is the median fish length that Lefty caught that day?
- 8 inches
 - 10 inches
 - 11 inches
 - 12 inches
- 94.** If it takes two workers, working separately but at the same speed, 2 hours and 40 minutes to complete a particular task, about how long will it take one worker, working at the same speed, to complete the same task alone?
- 1 hour 20 minutes
 - 4 hours 40 minutes
 - 5 hours
 - 5 hours 20 minutes
- 95.** A snack machine accepts only quarters. Candy bars cost 25¢, packages of peanuts cost 75¢, and cans of cola cost 50¢. How many quarters are needed to buy two candy bars, one package of peanuts, and one can of cola?
- 8 quarters
 - 7 quarters
 - 6 quarters
 - 5 quarters
- 96.** A street sign reads "Loading Zone 15 Minutes." If a truck pulls into this zone at 11:46 A.M., by what time must it leave?
- 11:59 A.M.
 - 12:01 P.M.
 - 12:03 P.M.
 - 12:06 P.M.

► Set 7 (Answers begin on page 162.)

- 97.** An elevator sign reads “Maximum weight 600 pounds.” Which of the following may ride the elevator?
- three people: one weighing 198 pounds, one weighing 185 pounds, one weighing 200 pounds
 - one person weighing 142 pounds with a load weighing 500 pounds
 - one person weighing 165 pounds with a load weighing 503 pounds
 - three people: one weighing 210 pounds, one weighing 101 pounds, one weighing 298 pounds
- 98.** Darlene was hired to teach 3 identical math courses, which entailed being present in the classroom 48 hours altogether. At \$35 per class hour, how much did Darlene earn for teaching 1 course?
- \$105
 - \$560
 - \$840
 - \$1,680
- 99.** Carmella and Mariah got summer jobs at the ice cream shop and were supposed to work 15 hours per week each for 8 weeks. During that time, Mariah was ill for one week and Carmella took her shifts. How many hours did Carmella work during the 8 weeks?
- 120 hours
 - 135 hours
 - 150 hours
 - 185 hours
- 100.** 400 pounds of cod are shipped to Jerry’s Fish Market packed into 20-pound crates. How many crates are needed for the shipment?
- 80 crates
 - 40 crates
 - 20 crates
 - 10 crates
- 101.** Which of the following is a translation of the statement “Twice the sum of six and four”?
- $2 + 6 + 4$
 - $2 \times 6 + 4$
 - $2(6 + 4)$
 - $(2 \times 6) \times 4$
- 102.** Rashaard went fishing six days in the month of June. He caught 11, 4, 0, 5, 4, and 6 fish respectively. On the days that Rashaard fished, what was his average catch?
- 4 fish
 - 5 fish
 - 6 fish
 - 7 fish

Answer question 103 on the basis of the following paragraph.

Basic cable television service, which includes 16 channels, costs \$15 a month. The initial labor fee to install the service is \$25. A \$65 deposit is required but will be refunded within two years if the customer's bills are paid in full. Other cable services may be added to the basic service: the movie channel service is \$9.40 a month; the news channels are \$7.50 a month; the arts channels are \$5.00 a month; the sports channels are \$4.80 a month.

- 103.** A customer's first bill after having cable television installed totaled \$112.50. This customer chose basic cable and one additional cable service. Which additional service was chosen?
- the news channels
 - the movie channels
 - the arts channels
 - the sports channels
- 104.** An Army food supply truck can carry 3 tons. A breakfast ration weighs 12 ounces, and the other two daily meals weigh 18 ounces each. Assuming each soldier gets 3 meals per day, on a ten-day trip, how many soldiers can be supplied by one truck?
- 100 soldiers
 - 150 soldiers
 - 200 soldiers
 - 320 soldiers
- 105.** Meda arrived at work at 8:14 A.M. and Kirstin arrived at 9:12 A.M. How long had Meda been at work when Kirstin got there?
- 1 hour 8 minutes
 - 1 hour 2 minutes
 - 58 minutes
 - 30 minutes
- 106.** A clerk can process 26 forms per hour. If 5,600 forms must be processed in an 8-hour day, how many clerks must you hire for that day?
- 24 clerks
 - 25 clerks
 - 26 clerks
 - 27 clerks
- 107.** How many different meals can be ordered from a restaurant if there is 3 choices of soup, 5 choices of entrées and 2 choices of dessert if a meal consists of a soup, entrée, and dessert?
- 10
 - 15
 - 30
 - 60
- 108.** Which of the following best represents the following sentence? Rachel (R) had three apples and ate one.
- $R = 3 - 1$
 - $3 - 2 = R$
 - $R = 3 \times 2$
 - $3R - 2$
- 109.** A uniform requires 4 square yards of cloth. To produce uniforms for 84,720 troops, how much cloth is required?
- 21,180 square yards
 - 21,880 square yards
 - 338,880 square yards
 - 340,880 square yards

110. Marty left his workplace at 5:16 P.M. on Thursday and returned at 7:58 A.M. on Friday. How much time elapsed between the time Marty left work on Thursday to the time he returned on Friday?

- a. 2 hours 42 minutes
- b. 13 hours 42 minutes
- c. 14 hours 42 minutes
- d. 14 hours 52 minutes

111. Evaluate the expression: $|-14| + -5 =$

- a. -19
- b. 19
- c. 9
- d. -9

112. The cost of a certain type of fruit is displayed in the following table.

Weight (in lbs)	Cost (in dollars)
4 lbs	\$1.10
5 lbs	\$1.74

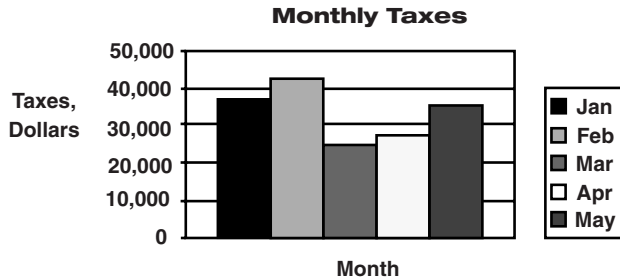
Based on the table, estimate the cost for 4 lbs. 8 oz. of the same type of fruit.

- a. \$1.24
- b. \$1.32
- c. \$1.35
- d. \$1.42

► **Set 8** (Answers begin on page 163.)

- 113.** Larry buys three puppies at the Furry Friends Kennel for a total cost of \$70. Two of the puppies are on sale for \$15 apiece. How much does the third puppy cost?
- \$55
 - \$40
 - \$30
 - \$25

Use the following table to answer question 114.



- 114.** What were the total taxes collected for January, February, and April?
- \$78,000
 - \$98,000
 - \$105,000
 - \$115,000

- 115.** If Linda purchases an item that costs \$30 or less, she will pay with cash.
 If Linda purchases an item that costs between \$30 and \$70 she will pay with a check.
 If Linda purchases an item that costs \$70 or greater, she will use a credit card.
 If Linda recently paid for a certain item using a check, which of the following statements could be true?
- The item cost \$80.
 - If the item had cost \$20 more, she would have paid with cash.
 - The item cost at least \$70.
 - The item cost more than \$25.

- 116.** What is the next number in the series below?
- 3 16 6 12 12 8 —
- 4
 - 15
 - 20
 - 24

- 117.** Five people in Sonja’s office are planning a party. Sonja will buy a loaf of French bread (\$3 a loaf) and a platter of cold cuts (\$23). Barbara will buy the soda (\$1 per person) and two boxes of crackers (\$2 per box). Mario and Rick will split the cost of two packages of Cheese Doodles (\$1 per package). Danica will supply a package of 5 paper plates (\$4 per package). How much more will Sonja spend than the rest of the office put together?
- \$14
 - \$13
 - \$12
 - \$11

118. In the music department at a school, a music teacher counted the musical instruments and supplies in storage. There was:

- 1 violin valued at \$1,200
- 2 violin bows, each valued at \$350
- 3 music stands, each valued at \$55
- 1 trumpet valued at \$235

In addition, there were a number of supplies totaling \$125 and some sheet music worth \$75.

What was the total value of the musical supplies and instruments in storage?

- a. \$2,040
- b. \$2,500
- c. \$3,040
- d. \$3,500

119. What is the value of the expression $5(4^0)$?

- a. 0
- b. 1
- c. 5
- d. 20

120. If a population of yeast cells grows from 10 to 320 in a period of 5 hours, what is the rate of growth?

- a. It doubles its numbers every hour.
- b. It triples its numbers every hour.
- c. It doubles its numbers every two hours.
- d. It triples its numbers every two hours.

121. The number of red blood corpuscles in one cubic millimeter is about 5,000,000 and the number of white blood corpuscles in one cubic millimeter is about 8,000. What, then, is the ratio of white blood corpuscles to red blood corpuscles?

- a. 1:625
- b. 1:40
- c. 4:10
- d. 5:1,250

122. George has made a vow to jog for an average of one hour daily five days a week. He cut his workout short on Wednesday by 40 minutes but was able to make up 20 minutes on Thursday and 13 minutes on Friday. How many minutes of jogging did George lose for the week?

- a. 20 minutes
- b. 13 minutes
- c. 7 minutes
- d. 3 minutes

123. Which of the following is equivalent to $2\sqrt{6}$?

- a. $\sqrt{24}$
- b. $6\sqrt{2}$
- c. $12\sqrt{2}$
- d. $\sqrt{12}$

124. Which of the following is an irrational number?

- a. 0.333333...
- b. $\frac{1}{2}$
- c. 10.489
- d. 0.101101110...

- 125.** Joni is 5 feet 11 inches tall and Pierre is 6 feet 5 inches tall. How much taller is Pierre than Joni?
- a. 1 foot 7 inches
 - b. 1 foot
 - c. 7 inches
 - d. 6 inches
- 126.** Marcia is 10 years older than Fred, who is 16. How old is Marcia?
- a. 6 years old
 - b. 20 years old
 - c. 26 years old
 - d. 30 years old
- 127.** Which of the following numbers can be divided evenly by 19?
- a. 54
 - b. 63
 - c. 76
 - d. 82
- 128.** Find the mode of the following set of numbers:
8 4 6 12 9 9 4 4
- a. 4
 - b. 6
 - c. 7
 - d. 9

► Set 9 (Answers begin on page 165.)

- 129.** Emilio is 1 year 7 months old and Brooke is 2 years 8 months old. How much older is Brooke than Emilio?
- 1 year 1 month
 - 2 years
 - 1 month
 - 1 year 2 months
- 130.** 5th graders Kara and Rani both have lemonade stands. Kara sells her lemonade at 5 cents a glass and Rani sells hers at 7 cents a glass. Kara sold 17 glasses of lemonade today and Rani sold 14 glasses. Who made the most money and by what amount?
- Kara, 13 cents
 - Rani, 13 cents
 - Kara, 85 cents
 - Rani, 98 cents
- 131.** A train travels 300 miles in 6 hours. If it was traveling at a constant speed the entire time, what was the speed of the train?
- 50 miles per hour
 - 60 miles per hour
 - 180 miles per hour
 - 1800 miles per hour
- 132.** If Rita can run around the block 5 times in 20 minutes, how many times can she run around the block in one hour?
- 10
 - 15
 - 50
 - 100
- 133.** Which of the following number sentences is true?
- 4 feet $>$ 3 feet
 - 7 feet $<$ 6 feet
 - 5 feet $>$ 6 feet
 - 3 feet $<$ 2 feet
- 134.** Which of the following is a prime number?
- 6
 - 9
 - 11
 - 27
- 135.** Which of the following is a translation of the following sentence? Salwa (S) is ten years older than Roland (R).
- $10 + S = R$
 - $S + R = 10$
 - $R - 10 = S$
 - $S = R + 10$
- 136.** How many ways can four students line up in a line, if the order matters?
- 4
 - 8
 - 16
 - 24
- 137.** At the movies, Lucinda bought food for herself and her friend Rae, including: 1 box of popcorn to share at \$5 a box, 1 box of Junior Mints for each of them at \$2 a box, and 1 soft drink for each at \$3 apiece. Rae bought a ticket for each at \$7 apiece. Who spent the most money and by how much?
- Rae by \$3
 - Rae by \$7
 - Lucinda by \$1
 - Lucinda by \$2

- 138.** One colony of bats consumes 36 tons of mosquitoes per year. At that rate, how many pounds of mosquitoes does the same colony consume in a month?
- 36,000 pounds
 - 12,000 pounds
 - 6,000 pounds
 - 3,000 pounds
- 139.** Which of the following answer choices is equivalent to 10^4 ?
- $10 \times 10 \times 10 \times 10$
 - 10×4
 - $(10 + 4) \times 10$
 - $10 + 4$
- 140.** How many acres are contained in a parcel 121 feet wide and 240 yards deep? (1 acre = 43,560 square feet)
- 1 acre
 - $1\frac{1}{2}$ acres
 - 2 acres
 - $2\frac{1}{2}$ acres
- 141.** Land consisting of a quarter section is sold for \$1,850 per acre (1 quarter section = 160 acres). The total sale price is
- \$296,000
 - \$592,000
 - \$1,184,000
 - \$1,850,000
- 142.** The planet Pluto is estimated at a mean distance of 3,666 million miles from the sun. The planet Mars is estimated at a mean distance of 36 million miles from the sun. How much closer to the sun is Mars than Pluto?
- 36,300,000 million miles
 - 36,300 million miles
 - 3,630 million miles
 - 363 million miles
- 143.** A rectangular tract of land measures 860 feet by 560 feet. Approximately how many acres is this? (1 acre = 43,560 square feet)
- 12.8 acres
 - 11.05 acres
 - 10.5 acres
 - 8.06 acres
- 144.** A dormitory now houses 30 men and allows 42 square feet of space per man. If five more men are put into this dormitory, how much less space will each man have?
- 5 square feet
 - 6 square feet
 - 7 square feet
 - 8 square feet

► **Set 10** (Answers begin on page 166.)

145. On a particular morning the temperature went up 1 degree every 2 hours. If the temperature was 53 degrees at 5 A.M., at what time was it 57 degrees?

- a. 7 A.M.
- b. 8 A.M.
- c. 12 P.M.
- d. 1 P.M.

146. What is the value of $16\frac{1}{2}$?

- a. 2
- b. 4
- c. 8
- d. 32

147. What is the median of the following group of numbers? 14 12 20 22 14 16

- a. 12
- b. 14
- c. 15
- d. 16

148. $16\sqrt{2} - 4\sqrt{2} =$

- a. 12
- b. $12\sqrt{2}$
- c. $12 - \sqrt{2}$
- d. 20

149. Which of the following is equivalent to $\sqrt{20}$?

- a. $2\sqrt{5}$
- b. $4\sqrt{5}$
- c. $10\sqrt{2}$
- d. 20

150. Which of the following numbers is divisible by 6?

- a. 232
- b. 341
- c. 546
- d. 903

151. Which of the following best represents the following statement? Patricia (P) has four times the number of marbles Sean (S) has.

- a. $P = S + 4$
- b. $S = P - 4$
- c. $P = 4S$
- d. $S = 4P$

152. Write ten thousand four hundred forty-seven in numerals.

- a. 10,499,047
- b. 104,447
- c. 10,447
- d. 1,047

153. Write ten million forty-three thousand seven hundred and three in numerals.

- a. 143,703
- b. 1,043,703
- c. 10,043,703
- d. 10,430,703

154. John has started an egg farm. His chickens produce 480 eggs per day, and his eggs sell for \$2.00 a dozen. How much does John make on eggs per week? (1 week = 7 days)

- a. \$480
- b. \$500
- c. \$560
- d. \$600

155. What is the value of 5^{-2} ?

- a. -10
- b. -25
- c. $\frac{1}{10}$
- d. $\frac{1}{25}$

156. $|4 - 15| =$

- a. -11
- b. 11
- c. -19
- d. 19

Use the following table to answer question 157.

PRODUCTION OF FARM-IT TRACTORS FOR THE MONTH OF APRIL

Factory	April Output
Dallas	450
Houston	425
Lubbock	
Amarillo	345
TOTAL	1780

157. What was Lubbock's production in the month of April?

- a. 345
- b. 415
- c. 540
- d. 560

158. Fifty-four students are to be separated into six groups of equal size. How many students are in each group?

- a. 8 students
- b. 9 students
- c. 10 students
- d. 12 students

Use the following table to answer question 159.

STEVE'S BIRD-WATCHING PROJECT

Day	Number of Raptors Seen
Monday	
Tuesday	7
Wednesday	12
Thursday	11
Friday	4
MEAN	8

159. The table above shows the data Steve collected while watching birds for one week. How many raptors did Steve see on Monday?

- a. 6 raptors
- b. 7 raptors
- c. 8 raptors
- d. 10 raptors

Use the following table to answer question 160.

DISTANCE TRAVELED FROM CHICAGO WITH RESPECT TO TIME

Time (hours)	Distance from Chicago (miles)
1	60
2	120
3	180
4	240

160. A train moving at a constant speed leaves Chicago for Los Angeles at time $t = 0$. If Los Angeles is 2,000 miles from Chicago, which of the following equations describes the distance (D) from Los Angeles at any time t ?

- a. $D(t) = 60t - 2000$
- b. $D(t) = 60t$
- c. $D(t) = 2000 - 60t$
- d. $D(t) = 2000 + 60t$

S E C T I O N

2



Fractions

The following 10 sets of fraction problems will provide you with exercises in how to convert fractions and how to do arithmetic problems that involve fractions. (Sections 3 and 4 deal with decimals and percentages, which are also actually fractions, but are called something else for clarity.) In order to understand arithmetic, it is important to practice and become comfortable with fractions and how they work.

You will start off with questions that just deal with numbers. After you've had a chance to practice your basic fraction skills, you can move on to some word problems involving fractions.

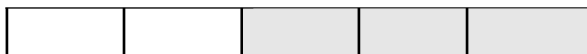
► **Set 11** (Answers begin on page 168.)

161. Name the fraction that indicates the shaded part of the figure below.



- a. $\frac{1}{4}$
- b. $\frac{1}{2}$
- c. $\frac{2}{3}$
- d. $\frac{3}{4}$

162. Name the fraction that indicates the shaded part of the figure below.



- a. $\frac{2}{5}$
- b. $\frac{3}{5}$
- c. $\frac{5}{3}$
- d. $\frac{5}{2}$

163. Which of the following represents the fraction $\frac{24}{30}$ in lowest terms?

- a. $\frac{12}{15}$
- b. $\frac{2}{3}$
- c. $\frac{4}{5}$
- d. $\frac{5}{6}$

164. Express the fraction $\frac{72}{96}$ in lowest terms.

- a. $\frac{2}{3}$
- b. $\frac{3}{4}$
- c. $\frac{7}{8}$
- d. $\frac{7}{9}$

165. $\frac{7}{8} - \frac{3}{8} =$

- a. $\frac{1}{4}$
- b. $\frac{5}{8}$
- c. $\frac{1}{2}$
- d. $\frac{11}{4}$

166. $\frac{1}{6} + \frac{7}{12} + \frac{2}{3} =$

- a. $\frac{5}{12}$
- b. $2\frac{1}{6}$
- c. $1\frac{5}{6}$
- d. $1\frac{5}{12}$

167. $2\frac{1}{4} + 3 + 1\frac{1}{4} =$

- a. $5\frac{1}{4}$
- b. $6\frac{1}{8}$
- c. $6\frac{1}{4}$
- d. $6\frac{1}{2}$

168. $4\frac{7}{10} - 3\frac{1}{10} =$

- a. $\frac{3}{5}$
- b. $1\frac{1}{2}$
- c. $1\frac{3}{5}$
- d. $1\frac{3}{10}$

169. $\frac{1}{3} \times \frac{3}{4} =$

- a. $\frac{1}{4}$
- b. $\frac{3}{7}$
- c. $\frac{1}{3}$
- d. $\frac{1}{12}$

170. $\frac{5}{12} - \frac{3}{8} =$

- a. $\frac{1}{10}$
- b. $\frac{1}{24}$
- c. $\frac{5}{48}$
- d. $\frac{19}{24}$

171. $56\frac{3}{8} - 10\frac{5}{6} =$

- a. $46\frac{1}{7}$
- b. $46\frac{13}{14}$
- c. $45\frac{1}{3}$
- d. $45\frac{13}{24}$

172. $-\frac{3}{10} \div -\frac{1}{5} =$

- a. $1\frac{1}{2}$
- b. $\frac{2}{3}$
- c. $-\frac{3}{50}$
- d. $\frac{3}{50}$

173. $40 \div 2\frac{1}{2} =$

- a. 4
- b. 16
- c. 80
- d. 100

174. $\frac{1}{3} \div \frac{2}{7} =$

- a. $2\frac{4}{5}$
- b. $1\frac{1}{6}$
- c. $2\frac{1}{7}$
- d. $1\frac{1}{5}$

175. $\frac{7}{8} - \frac{3}{5} =$

- a. $\frac{11}{40}$
- b. $1\frac{1}{3}$
- c. $\frac{1}{10}$
- d. $1\frac{19}{40}$

176. $4\frac{3}{5} + -1\frac{2}{5} =$

- a. $3\frac{1}{5}$
- b. 4
- c. $3\frac{1}{2}$
- d. $5\frac{1}{5}$

► **Set 12** (Answers begin on page 169.)

177. $76\frac{1}{2} + 11\frac{5}{6} =$

- a. $87\frac{1}{2}$
- b. $88\frac{1}{3}$
- c. $88\frac{5}{6}$
- d. $89\frac{1}{6}$

178. $20\frac{5}{7} - 15\frac{1}{7} =$

- a. $5\frac{2}{7}$
- b. $5\frac{3}{7}$
- c. $5\frac{4}{7}$
- d. $5\frac{6}{7}$

179. $43\frac{2}{3} + 36\frac{3}{9} =$

- a. 100
- b. 90
- c. 80
- d. 70

180. $\frac{5}{8} - \frac{1}{3} =$

- a. $3\frac{1}{4}$
- b. $\frac{1}{6}$
- c. $3\frac{2}{5}$
- d. $\frac{7}{24}$

181. $\frac{6}{7} + \frac{4}{5} =$

- a. $\frac{25}{44}$
- b. $\frac{35}{49}$
- c. $\frac{14}{33}$
- d. $\frac{58}{35}$

182. $\frac{3}{7} \times \frac{7}{3} =$

- a. $1\frac{1}{3}$
- b. 1
- c. $\frac{1}{7}$
- d. $\frac{1}{21}$

183. $-\frac{1}{4} \div -\frac{1}{8} =$

- a. $-\frac{1}{2}$
- b. $\frac{1}{2}$
- c. 2
- d. -2

184. $3\frac{3}{4} \times \frac{4}{5} =$

- a. $\frac{3}{4}$
- b. 3
- c. $3\frac{3}{4}$
- d. $4\frac{11}{16}$

185. $\frac{5}{8} \div 3 =$

- a. $\frac{5}{24}$
- b. $\frac{3}{8}$
- c. $1\frac{7}{8}$
- d. $\frac{1}{8}$

186. $2\frac{1}{4} \div 2\frac{4}{7} =$

- a. $\frac{9}{14}$
- b. $\frac{7}{8}$
- c. $1\frac{2}{7}$
- d. $5\frac{11}{14}$

187. $\frac{3}{10} \times \frac{4}{5} \times \frac{1}{2} =$

- a. $\frac{3}{4}$
- b. $\frac{12}{25}$
- c. $\frac{13}{27}$
- d. $\frac{3}{25}$

188. $1\frac{1}{2} \div 1\frac{5}{13} =$

- a. $1\frac{3}{10}$
- b. $1\frac{1}{12}$
- c. $2\frac{1}{13}$
- d. $3\frac{9}{10}$

189. $2\frac{1}{3} \times 1\frac{1}{14} \times 1\frac{4}{5} =$

- a. $1\frac{7}{18}$
- b. $2\frac{1}{2}$
- c. $3\frac{6}{7}$
- d. $4\frac{1}{2}$

190. $\frac{2}{5} \times \frac{3}{7} =$

- a. $\frac{6}{35}$
- b. $\frac{14}{15}$
- c. $\frac{5}{12}$
- d. $\frac{29}{35}$

191. $2\frac{1}{4} \div \frac{2}{3} =$

- a. $\frac{8}{27}$
- b. $1\frac{1}{2}$
- c. $3\frac{3}{8}$
- d. $3\frac{1}{2}$

192. $\frac{2}{3} \div \frac{5}{12} =$

- a. $1\frac{3}{5}$
- b. $1\frac{5}{18}$
- c. $1\frac{7}{36}$
- d. $1\frac{5}{6}$

► **Set 13** (Answers begin on page 170.)

193. $4 \times \frac{1}{3} =$

- a. $1\frac{1}{3}$
- b. $1\frac{1}{2}$
- c. $2\frac{1}{4}$
- d. $2\frac{3}{4}$

194. $6 \times \frac{2}{3} =$

- a. $\frac{1}{9}$
- b. $\frac{2}{3}$
- c. $2\frac{2}{3}$
- d. 4

195. $\frac{1}{4} \div 2\frac{4}{7} =$

- a. $\frac{2}{7}$
- b. $\frac{7}{72}$
- c. $1\frac{2}{7}$
- d. $\frac{9}{14}$

196. $2\frac{5}{8} \div \frac{1}{3} =$

- a. $8\frac{1}{3}$
- b. $7\frac{7}{8}$
- c. $5\frac{11}{24}$
- d. $\frac{7}{8}$

197. $1\frac{1}{2} \div 2\frac{1}{4} =$

- a. $\frac{2}{3}$
- b. $1\frac{1}{2}$
- c. $2\frac{3}{8}$
- d. $2\frac{1}{8}$

198. $2\frac{1}{3} \times 5\frac{1}{2} \times \frac{3}{11} =$

- a. $3\frac{1}{2}$
- b. $7\frac{1}{2}$
- c. $10\frac{1}{22}$
- d. $10\frac{1}{6}$

199. $7\frac{3}{5} \div \frac{1}{4} =$

- a. $24\frac{2}{7}$
- b. $27\frac{3}{8}$
- c. $30\frac{2}{5}$
- d. $33\frac{1}{2}$

200. $\frac{3}{4} \times 1\frac{1}{6} =$

- a. $1\frac{1}{7}$
- b. $1\frac{1}{8}$
- c. $\frac{7}{8}$
- d. $2\frac{1}{10}$

201. $-\frac{5}{3} - \frac{1}{3} =$

- a. $\frac{4}{3}$
- b. $-\frac{4}{3}$
- c. 2
- d. -2

202. $\frac{7}{8} \times \frac{1}{4} =$

- a. $4\frac{1}{2}$
- b. $\frac{7}{32}$
- c. $3\frac{1}{8}$
- d. $\frac{2}{7}$

203. $7 \div \frac{3}{8} =$

- a. $18\frac{2}{3}$
- b. $12\frac{3}{8}$
- c. $14\frac{5}{6}$
- d. $10\frac{4}{5}$

204. $6\frac{2}{9} - \frac{1}{6} =$

- a. $6\frac{1}{18}$
- b. $6\frac{5}{27}$
- c. $6\frac{1}{3}$
- d. $5\frac{8}{9}$

205. $9\frac{3}{7} + 4\frac{2}{5} =$

- a. $13\frac{5}{12}$
- b. $13\frac{3}{4}$
- c. $13\frac{29}{35}$
- d. $13\frac{37}{52}$

206. $3\frac{5}{6} \times 4\frac{2}{3} =$

- a. $17\frac{8}{9}$
- b. $12\frac{7}{18}$
- c. $16\frac{2}{3}$
- d. $13\frac{3}{5}$

207. Which of the following is between $\frac{1}{3}$ and $\frac{1}{4}$?

- a. $\frac{1}{5}$
- b. $\frac{2}{3}$
- c. $\frac{2}{5}$
- d. $\frac{2}{7}$

208. Change $\frac{21}{4}$ to a mixed number.

- a. $4\frac{1}{2}$
- b. $5\frac{1}{4}$
- c. $5\frac{1}{2}$
- d. $5\frac{3}{4}$

► **Set 14** (Answers begin on page 170.)

- 209.** Which of the following is the equivalent of $\frac{13}{25}$?
- 0.38
 - 0.4
 - 0.48
 - 0.52
- 210.** Which of the following has the greatest value?
- $\frac{7}{8}$
 - $\frac{3}{4}$
 - $\frac{2}{3}$
 - $\frac{5}{6}$
- 211.** Which of the following has the smallest value?
- $\frac{3}{5}$
 - $\frac{8}{15}$
 - $\frac{17}{30}$
 - $\frac{2}{3}$
- 212.** If each of the following represents the diameter of a circle, which is the smallest diameter?
- $\frac{17}{20}$ inches
 - $\frac{3}{4}$ inches
 - $\frac{5}{6}$ inches
 - $\frac{7}{10}$ inches
- 213.** What is the reciprocal of $3\frac{7}{8}$?
- $\frac{31}{8}$
 - $\frac{8}{31}$
 - $\frac{8}{21}$
 - $-\frac{31}{8}$
- 214.** What is the reciprocal of $3\frac{3}{4}$?
- $\frac{4}{15}$
 - $\frac{15}{4}$
 - $\frac{14}{5}$
 - $\frac{5}{14}$
- 215.** Change $\frac{160}{40}$ to a whole number.
- 16
 - 10
 - 8
 - 4
- 216.** Change this improper fraction to a mixed number: $\frac{31}{3}$.
- 10
 - $10\frac{1}{3}$
 - $10\frac{1}{2}$
 - $11\frac{1}{3}$
- 217.** Change this mixed number to an improper fraction: $5\frac{1}{2}$.
- $\frac{11}{2}$
 - $\frac{5}{1}$
 - $\frac{7}{2}$
 - $\frac{5}{2}$
- 218.** $\frac{3}{5} - \frac{1}{4} =$
- 2
 - $\frac{1}{10}$
 - $\frac{3}{4}$
 - $\frac{7}{20}$
- 219.** Which of the following is an improper fraction?
- $\frac{22}{60}$
 - $\frac{66}{22}$
 - $\frac{90}{100}$
 - $\frac{1000}{2600}$

- 220.** Mario has finished 35 out of 45 of his test questions. Which of the following fractions of the test does he have left?
- $\frac{2}{9}$
 - $\frac{7}{9}$
 - $\frac{4}{5}$
 - $\frac{3}{5}$
- 221.** Joe gave $\frac{1}{2}$ of his sandwich to Ed at lunchtime, and ate $\frac{1}{3}$ of it himself. How much of the sandwich did he have left?
- $\frac{1}{6}$
 - $\frac{3}{5}$
 - $\frac{4}{5}$
 - $\frac{5}{6}$
- 222.** Kevin is buying fabric for new curtains. There are three windows, each 35 inches wide. Kevin needs to buy fabric equal to $2\frac{1}{2}$ times the total width of the windows. How much fabric should he buy?
- $262\frac{1}{2}$ inches
 - $175\frac{1}{3}$ inches
 - $210\frac{3}{4}$ inches
 - $326\frac{1}{4}$ inches
- 223.** Katie and her family ordered a pizza for dinner and ate $\frac{3}{4}$ of it. The next day, Katie ate $\frac{1}{2}$ of what was leftover for lunch. What fraction of the original pizza did Katie eat for lunch?
- $\frac{1}{8}$
 - $\frac{1}{6}$
 - $\frac{1}{4}$
 - $\frac{1}{2}$
- 224.** Molly needs $\frac{5}{8}$ of a cup of diced onion for a recipe. After chopping all the onion she has, Molly has $\frac{3}{5}$ of a cup of chopped onion. How much more chopped onion does she need?
- $\frac{1}{8}$ of a cup
 - $\frac{1}{5}$ of a cup
 - $\frac{1}{40}$ of a cup
 - $\frac{1}{60}$ of a cup

► Set 15 (Answers begin on page 171.)

- 225.** Hans has $5\frac{1}{2}$ pounds of sugar. He wants to make cookies for his son's kindergarten class. The cookie recipe calls for $\frac{2}{3}$ pound of sugar per dozen cookies. How many dozen cookies can he make?
- $6\frac{1}{3}$ dozen cookies
 - $7\frac{1}{5}$ dozen cookies
 - $8\frac{1}{4}$ dozen cookies
 - $9\frac{1}{2}$ dozen cookies
- 226.** John bought 2 pounds of butter to make cookies. If he used $\frac{1}{2}$ of a pound for chocolate chip cookies, $\frac{1}{8}$ of a pound for peanut butter cookies, and $\frac{2}{3}$ of a pound for sugar cookies, what part of the original 2 pounds is left?
- $\frac{4}{13}$
 - $\frac{22}{13}$
 - $\frac{17}{24}$
 - $\frac{31}{24}$
- 227.** Vonda is making a mosaic. Each tiny piece of glass in the artwork is $1\frac{1}{4}$ inch by $1\frac{3}{8}$ inch. What is the area of each piece?
- $1\frac{23}{32}$ square inches
 - $1\frac{21}{22}$ square inches
 - $1\frac{23}{25}$ square inches
 - $1\frac{29}{31}$ square inches
- 228.** Dan purchases $6\frac{1}{2}$ lbs. of potato chips for a party. If there are a total of 8 people at the party, how many pounds of chips does each person get?
- $\frac{13}{16}$ of a pound
 - $1\frac{1}{4}$ pounds
 - 2 pounds
 - $2\frac{1}{4}$ pounds
- 229.** Marilyn has $17\frac{3}{4}$ feet of wallpaper border. Each of the four walls in her bathroom is nine feet long. How much more wallpaper border does Marilyn need?
- $17\frac{3}{4}$ feet
 - $16\frac{1}{2}$ feet
 - $18\frac{1}{4}$ feet
 - $19\frac{1}{2}$ feet
- 230.** A recipe calls for all the liquid ingredients to be mixed together: $2\frac{1}{4}$ cups of water, $4\frac{5}{8}$ cups of chicken stock, and $\frac{1}{2}$ cup of honey. How many cups of liquid are in the recipe?
- $6\frac{7}{8}$ cups
 - $7\frac{1}{4}$ cups
 - $7\frac{3}{8}$ cups
 - $7\frac{3}{4}$ cups
- 231.** A loaf of bread has 35 slices. Ann eats 8 slices, Betty eats 6 slices, Carl eats 5, and Derrick eats 9 slices. What fraction of the loaf is left?
- $\frac{2}{11}$
 - $\frac{1}{9}$
 - $\frac{2}{7}$
 - $\frac{1}{5}$

- 232.** Frances wants to run $2\frac{1}{3}$ miles every day. Today she has gone $\frac{7}{8}$ mile. How much farther does she have to go?
- $1\frac{11}{24}$ miles
 - $1\frac{1}{3}$ miles
 - $1\frac{41}{50}$ miles
 - $1\frac{307}{308}$ miles
- 233.** Ribbon in a craft store costs \$.75 per yard. Vernon needs to buy $7\frac{1}{3}$ yards. How much will it cost?
- \$7.33
 - \$6.95
 - \$5.50
 - \$4.25
- 234.** Linda needs to read 14 pages for her History class, 26 pages for English, 12 pages for Civics, and 28 pages for Biology. She has read $\frac{1}{6}$ of the entire number of pages. How many pages has she read?
- 80 pages
 - $13\frac{1}{3}$ pages
 - $48\frac{1}{2}$ pages
 - 17 pages
- 235.** Ted has to write a $5\frac{1}{2}$ page paper. He's finished $3\frac{1}{3}$ pages. How many pages does he have left to write?
- $1\frac{3}{5}$ pages
 - $1\frac{7}{8}$ pages
 - $2\frac{2}{3}$ pages
 - $2\frac{1}{6}$ pages
- 236.** Maria made \$331.01 last week. She worked $39\frac{1}{2}$ hours. What is her hourly wage?
- \$8.28
 - \$8.33
 - \$8.38
 - \$8.43
- 237.** Virgil ate $\frac{3}{7}$ of a chocolate chip cookie; Aristotle ate $\frac{1}{3}$ of the same cookie. How much of the cookie is left?
- $\frac{1}{3}$ cookie
 - $\frac{3}{7}$ cookie
 - $\frac{7}{10}$ cookie
 - $\frac{5}{21}$ cookie
- 238.** Manuel has worked $6\frac{5}{8}$ hours of his regular 8-hour day. How many more hours must he work?
- $1\frac{1}{2}$ hours
 - $1\frac{3}{8}$ hours
 - $2\frac{1}{4}$ hours
 - $1\frac{1}{4}$ hours
- 239.** Irma has read $\frac{3}{5}$ of the novel assigned for her English class. The novel is 360 pages long. How many pages has she read?
- 216 pages
 - 72 pages
 - 300 pages
 - 98 pages
- 240.** Jerry rode his bike $7\frac{3}{4}$ miles on Monday, $5\frac{1}{5}$ miles on Tuesday, $6\frac{2}{5}$ miles on Wednesday, $7\frac{1}{2}$ miles on Thursday, $5\frac{1}{4}$ miles on Friday, and $6\frac{3}{5}$ miles on Saturday. How many total miles did he bike on those six days?
- 36 miles
 - 38 miles
 - $38\frac{7}{10}$ miles
 - $38\frac{14}{15}$ miles

► **Set 16** (Answers begin on page 172.)

- 241.** Meryl ordered a claw hammer, four drill bits, a work light, a large clamp, two screwdrivers, seven toggle bolts, 16 two-penny nails, three paintbrushes, and a 48-inch level from a mail order house. So far, she has received the hammer, three drill bits, the level, one screwdriver, the clamp, and all the two-penny nails. What fraction of her order has she received?
- $\frac{1}{32}$
 - $\frac{16}{23}$
 - $\frac{23}{36}$
 - $\frac{36}{23}$
- 242.** Lu makes \$7.75 an hour. He worked $38\frac{1}{5}$ hours last week. How much money did he earn?
- \$592.10
 - \$296.05
 - \$775.00
 - \$380.25
- 243.** A lasagna recipe calls for $3\frac{1}{2}$ pounds of noodles. How many pounds of noodles are needed to make $\frac{1}{3}$ of a recipe?
- 1 pound
 - $1\frac{1}{2}$ pounds
 - $\frac{5}{6}$ pound
 - $1\frac{1}{6}$ pounds
- 244.** A lasagna recipe requires $1\frac{1}{2}$ pounds of cheese. Approximately how many lasagnas can be made from a $20\frac{1}{3}$ pound block of cheese?
- $13\frac{1}{2}$ recipes
 - $20\frac{1}{3}$ recipes
 - $10\frac{1}{5}$ recipes
 - $25\frac{1}{4}$ recipes
- 245.** For health reasons, Amir wants to drink eight glasses of water a day. He's already had six glasses. What fraction of eight glasses does Amir have left to drink?
- $\frac{1}{8}$
 - $\frac{1}{6}$
 - $\frac{1}{4}$
 - $\frac{1}{3}$
- 246.** Wendy is writing a test to give to her History class. She wants the test to include 40 multiple-choice questions and 60 short-answer questions. She has written 25 of the multiple-choice questions. What fraction of the total test has she written?
- $\frac{1}{4}$
 - $\frac{5}{8}$
 - $\frac{2}{3}$
 - $\frac{5}{12}$
- 247.** Malcolm's car gets $14\frac{1}{3}$ miles per gallon. It's $58\frac{1}{2}$ miles from his home to work. How many gallons does Malcolm's car use on the way to work?
- $2\frac{9}{10}$ gallons
 - $3\frac{1}{16}$ gallons
 - $4\frac{7}{86}$ gallons
 - $5\frac{3}{8}$ gallons
- 248.** Felicia needs 168 six-inch fabric squares to make a quilt top. She has 150 squares. What fraction of the total does she still need?
- $\frac{25}{28}$
 - $\frac{9}{84}$
 - $\frac{25}{28}$
 - $\frac{3}{28}$

- 249.** Roger wants to paint his living room ceiling red. His ceiling is $14\frac{1}{2}$ feet by $12\frac{1}{3}$ feet. One gallon of paint will cover 90 square feet. How many gallons of paint will he need?
- 1 gallon
 - 2 gallons
 - 3 gallons
 - 4 gallons
- 250.** The Garcias had $\frac{2}{5}$ of last night's meat loaf left over after dinner. Today, Uncle Jorge ate $\frac{1}{4}$ of these leftovers. How much of the original meat loaf is left?
- $\frac{3}{4}$
 - $\frac{3}{10}$
 - $\frac{3}{20}$
 - $\frac{3}{5}$
- 251.** Millie is a night security guard at the Art Museum. Each night, she is required to walk through each gallery once. The Museum contains 52 galleries. This night, Millie has walked through 16 galleries. What fraction of the total galleries has she already visited?
- $\frac{4}{13}$
 - $\frac{1}{16}$
 - $\frac{5}{11}$
 - $\frac{3}{14}$
- 252.** Alan has been ill and worked only $\frac{3}{4}$ of his usual 40 hour week. He makes \$12.35 an hour. How much has he earned this week?
- \$247.00
 - \$308.75
 - \$370.50
 - \$432.25
- 253.** A recipe calls for $\frac{1}{4}$ teaspoon of red pepper. How much red pepper would you need for half a recipe?
- $\frac{1}{10}$ teaspoon
 - $\frac{1}{8}$ teaspoon
 - $\frac{1}{6}$ teaspoon
 - $\frac{1}{2}$ teaspoon
- 254.** A recipe calls for $\frac{1}{4}$ teaspoon of red pepper. How much red pepper would you need for a double recipe?
- $\frac{1}{10}$ teaspoon
 - $\frac{1}{8}$ teaspoon
 - $\frac{1}{6}$ teaspoon
 - $\frac{1}{2}$ teaspoon
- 255.** Juana's lawn is 30 yards by 27 yards. Yesterday, Juana mowed $\frac{2}{3}$ of the lawn. How many square yards are left to be mowed today?
- 270 square yards
 - 540 square yards
 - 810 square yards
 - 1080 square yards
- 256.** A thirty-minute time slot on a television network contains 24 minutes of comedy and 6 minutes of commercials. What fraction of the program time is devoted to commercials?
- $\frac{1}{6}$ of the time
 - $\frac{1}{4}$ of the time
 - $\frac{1}{3}$ of the time
 - $\frac{1}{5}$ of the time

► Set 17 (Answers begin on page 173.)

- 257.** Pete's dog is on a special diet and has lost 15 pounds. If this is $\frac{1}{8}$ of the dog's original weight, what was the original weight?
- 105 pounds
 - 110 pounds
 - 115 pounds
 - 120 pounds
- 258.** In a cashier contest, Ona packed $15\frac{1}{2}$ bags of groceries in 3 minutes. How many bags did she average each minutes?
- $4\frac{1}{2}$ bags per minute
 - 5 bags per minute
 - $5\frac{1}{4}$ bags per minute
 - $5\frac{1}{6}$ bags per minute
- 259.** Cheryl lives $5\frac{1}{3}$ miles from where she works. When traveling to work she walks to a bus stop $\frac{1}{4}$ of the way to catch a bus. How many miles away from her house is the bus stop?
- $5\frac{1}{3}$ miles
 - $4\frac{1}{3}$ miles
 - $2\frac{1}{3}$ miles
 - $1\frac{1}{3}$ miles
- 260.** At birth, Winston weighed $6\frac{1}{2}$ pounds. At one year of age, he weighed $23\frac{1}{8}$ pounds. How much weight, in pounds, did he gain?
- $16\frac{5}{8}$ pounds
 - $16\frac{7}{8}$ pounds
 - $17\frac{1}{6}$ pounds
 - $17\frac{3}{4}$ pounds
- 261.** Marcia wants to make muffins and needs $\frac{3}{4}$ cup of sugar. She discovers, however, that she has only $\frac{2}{3}$ cup of sugar. How much more sugar does she need?
- $\frac{1}{12}$ cup
 - $\frac{1}{8}$ cup
 - $\frac{1}{6}$ cup
 - $\frac{1}{4}$ cup
- 262.** How many inches are there in $3\frac{1}{3}$ yards?
- 126 inches
 - 120 inches
 - 160 inches
 - 168 inches
- 263.** Carlin's Candy Shop opened for business on Saturday with $22\frac{1}{4}$ pounds of fudge. During the day, they sold $17\frac{5}{8}$ pounds of fudge. How many pounds were left?
- $4\frac{1}{2}$ pounds
 - $4\frac{5}{8}$ pounds
 - $4\frac{7}{8}$ pounds
 - $5\frac{3}{8}$ pounds
- 264.** A child's swimming pool contains $20\frac{4}{5}$ gallons of water. If $3\frac{1}{3}$ gallons of water are splashed out of the pool while the children are playing, how many gallons of water are left?
- $16\frac{1}{15}$ gallons
 - $16\frac{3}{5}$ gallons
 - $17\frac{7}{15}$ gallons
 - $17\frac{2}{3}$ gallons

- 265.** During the month of May, $\frac{1}{6}$ of the buses in District A were in the garage for routine maintenance. In addition, $\frac{1}{8}$ of the buses were in for other repairs. If a total of 28 buses were in for maintenance and repairs, how many buses did District A have altogether?
- 80 buses
 - 84 buses
 - 91 buses
 - 96 buses
- 266.** On Monday, a kindergarten class uses $2\frac{1}{4}$ pounds of modeling clay the first hour, $4\frac{5}{8}$ pounds of modeling clay the second hour, and $\frac{1}{2}$ pound of modeling clay the third hour. How many pounds of clay does the class use during the three hours on Monday?
- $6\frac{3}{8}$ pounds
 - $6\frac{7}{8}$ pounds
 - $7\frac{1}{4}$ pounds
 - $7\frac{3}{8}$ pounds
- 267.** Three kittens weigh $2\frac{1}{3}$ pounds, $1\frac{5}{6}$ pounds, and $2\frac{2}{3}$ pounds. What is the total weight of the kittens?
- $6\frac{1}{3}$ pounds
 - $6\frac{5}{6}$ pounds
 - $7\frac{1}{6}$ pounds
 - $7\frac{1}{3}$ pounds
- 268.** If Rachel has worked a total of $26\frac{1}{4}$ hours so far this week, and has to work a total of $37\frac{1}{2}$ hours, how much longer does she have to work?
- $10\frac{1}{4}$ hours
 - $11\frac{1}{4}$ hours
 - $11\frac{3}{4}$ hours
 - $13\frac{1}{2}$ hours
- 269.** On Roy's daily jog, he travels a distance of $\frac{1}{2}$ mile to get to the track and $\frac{1}{2}$ mile to get home from the track. One lap around the track is $\frac{1}{4}$ mile. If Roy jogs 5 laps around the track, what is the total distance that he travels?
- $2\frac{1}{4}$ miles
 - $2\frac{1}{2}$ miles
 - 3 miles
 - $3\frac{1}{4}$ miles
- 270.** Suzy's pie recipe calls for $1\frac{1}{3}$ cups sugar. If she wants to add an additional $\frac{1}{3}$ cup to make the pie sweeter, how much sugar will she need in all?
- $1\frac{1}{9}$ cups
 - $1\frac{1}{6}$ cups
 - $1\frac{2}{9}$ cups
 - $1\frac{2}{3}$ cups
- 271.** Jonah hiked $7\frac{3}{8}$ miles on Friday, $6\frac{3}{10}$ miles on Saturday, and $5\frac{1}{5}$ miles on Sunday. How many miles did he hike in all?
- $18\frac{5}{8}$ miles
 - $18\frac{7}{8}$ miles
 - $19\frac{3}{5}$ miles
 - $20\frac{1}{10}$ miles
- 272.** Miguel owns $16\frac{3}{4}$ acres of land. If he buys another $2\frac{3}{5}$ acres, how many acres of land will he own in all?
- $18\frac{4}{5}$ acres
 - $18\frac{9}{20}$ acres
 - $19\frac{3}{10}$ acres
 - $19\frac{7}{20}$ acres

► Set 18 (Answers begin on page 174.)

- 273.** It takes Paula 25 minutes to wash her car. If she has been washing her car for 15 minutes, what fraction of the job has she already completed?
- $\frac{3}{5}$
 - $\frac{1}{2}$
 - $\frac{4}{15}$
 - $\frac{2}{5}$
- 274.** It takes 3 firefighters $1\frac{2}{5}$ hours to clean their truck. At that same rate, how many hours would it take one firefighter to clean the same truck?
- $2\frac{4}{7}$ hours
 - $3\frac{4}{5}$ hours
 - $4\frac{1}{5}$ hours
 - $4\frac{2}{5}$ hours
- 275.** How many $5\frac{1}{4}$ -ounce glasses can be completely filled from a $33\frac{1}{2}$ -ounce container of juice?
- 4 glasses
 - 5 glasses
 - 6 glasses
 - 7 glasses
- 276.** If one pint is $\frac{1}{8}$ of a gallon, how many pints are there in $3\frac{1}{2}$ gallons of ice cream?
- $\frac{7}{16}$ pints
 - $24\frac{1}{2}$ pints
 - $26\frac{1}{16}$ pints
 - 28 pints
- 277.** Eric's walking speed is $2\frac{1}{2}$ miles per hour. If it takes Eric 6 minutes to walk from his home to the bus stop, how far is the bus stop from his home?
- $\frac{1}{8}$ mile
 - $\frac{1}{4}$ mile
 - $\frac{1}{2}$ mile
 - 1 mile
- 278.** The directions on an exam allow $2\frac{1}{2}$ hours to answer 50 questions. If you want to spend an equal amount of time on each of the 50 questions, about how much time should you allow for each one?
- 45 seconds
 - $1\frac{1}{2}$ minutes
 - 2 minutes
 - 3 minutes
- 279.** Which of these is equivalent to 35°C ?
($F = \frac{9}{5}C + 32$)
- 105°F
 - 95°F
 - 63°F
 - 19°F
- 280.** A firefighter checks the gauge on a cylinder that normally contains 45 cubic feet of air and finds that the cylinder has only 10 cubic feet of air. The gauge indicates that the cylinder is
- $\frac{1}{4}$ full.
 - $\frac{2}{9}$ full.
 - $\frac{1}{3}$ full.
 - $\frac{4}{5}$ full.

- 281.** If the diameter of a metal spool is 3.5 feet, how many times will a 53-foot hose wrap completely around it? ($C = \pi d$; $\pi = \frac{22}{7}$)
- 2 times
 - 3 times
 - 4 times
 - 5 times
- 282.** The high temperature in a certain city was 113°F . At about what temperature Celsius was this temperature? $C = \frac{5}{9}(F - 32)$
- 45°C
 - 45.5°C
 - 51°C
 - 81.5°C
- 283.** Tank A, when full, holds 555 gallons of water. Tank B, when full, holds 680 gallons of water. If Tank A is only $\frac{2}{3}$ full and Tank B is only $\frac{2}{5}$ full, how many more gallons of water are needed to fill both tanks to capacity?
- 319 gallons
 - 593 gallons
 - 642 gallons
 - 658 gallons
- 284.** At a party there are 3 large pizzas. Each pizza has been cut into 9 equal pieces. Eight-ninths of the first pizza have been eaten; $\frac{2}{3}$ of the second pizza have been eaten; $\frac{7}{9}$ of the third pizza have been eaten. What fraction of the 3 pizzas is left?
- $\frac{2}{9}$
 - $\frac{2}{7}$
 - $\frac{1}{3}$
 - $\frac{1}{6}$
- 285.** If it takes four firefighters 1 hour and 45 minutes to perform a particular job, how long would it take one firefighter working at the same rate to perform the same task alone?
- $4\frac{1}{2}$ hours
 - 5 hours
 - 7 hours
 - $7\frac{1}{2}$ hours
- 286.** Joel can change one light bulb in $\frac{5}{6}$ minute. Working at that same rate, how many minutes would it take him to change five light bulbs?
- $4\frac{1}{6}$ minutes
 - $4\frac{1}{3}$ minutes
 - $4\frac{2}{3}$ minutes
 - $5\frac{1}{6}$ minutes
- 287.** Ryan has two bags of jelly beans. One weighs $10\frac{1}{4}$ ounces; the other weighs $9\frac{1}{8}$ ounces. If Ryan puts the two bags together and then divides all of the jelly beans into 5 equal parts to give to his friends, how many ounces will each friend get?
- $3\frac{3}{4}$ ounces
 - $3\frac{7}{8}$ ounces
 - 4 ounces
 - $4\frac{1}{4}$ ounces
- 288.** At a certain school, half the students are female and one-twelfth of the students are from outside the state. What proportion of the students would you expect to be females from outside the state?
- $\frac{1}{12}$
 - $\frac{1}{24}$
 - $\frac{1}{6}$
 - $\frac{1}{3}$

► Set 19 (Answers begin on page 175.)

- 289.** How many minutes are in $7\frac{1}{6}$ hours?
- 258 minutes
 - 430 minutes
 - 2,580 minutes
 - 4,300 minutes
- 290.** One lap on a particular outdoor track measures a quarter of a mile around. To run a total of three and a half miles, how many complete laps must a person run?
- 14 laps
 - 18 laps
 - 7 laps
 - 10 laps
- 291.** During the month of June, Bus #B-461 used the following amounts of oil:
- June 1— $3\frac{1}{2}$ quarts
June 19— $2\frac{3}{4}$ quarts
June 30—4 quarts
- What is the total number of quarts used in June?
- $9\frac{3}{4}$ quarts
 - 10 quarts
 - $10\frac{1}{4}$ quarts
 - $10\frac{1}{2}$ quarts
- 292.** How many ounces are in $9\frac{1}{2}$ pounds?
- 192 ounces
 - 182 ounces
 - 152 ounces
 - 132 ounces
- 293.** Crystal's yearly income is \$25,000, and the cost of her rent for the year is \$7,500. What fraction of her yearly income does she spend on rent?
- $\frac{1}{4}$
 - $\frac{3}{10}$
 - $\frac{2}{5}$
 - $\frac{2}{7}$
- 294.** Julie counts the cars passing her house, and finds that 2 of every 5 cars are foreign. If she counts for an hour, and 60 cars pass, how many of them are likely to be domestic?
- 12 cars
 - 24 cars
 - 30 cars
 - 36 cars
- 295.** A recipe calls for $1\frac{1}{4}$ cups of flour. If Larry wants to make $2\frac{1}{2}$ times the recipe, how much flour does he need?
- $2\frac{3}{4}$ cups
 - $3\frac{1}{8}$ cups
 - $3\frac{1}{4}$ cups
 - $3\frac{5}{8}$ cups
- 296.** An auditorium that holds 350 people currently has 150 seated in it. What part of the auditorium is full?
- $\frac{1}{4}$
 - $\frac{1}{3}$
 - $\frac{3}{7}$
 - $\frac{3}{5}$

- 297.** Third grade student Stephanie Wink goes to the school nurse's office, where her temperature is found to be 98 degrees Fahrenheit. What is her temperature in degrees Celsius? $C = \frac{5}{9}(F - 32)$
- 35.8°C
 - 36.7°C
 - 37.6°C
 - 31.1°C
- 298.** The temperature recorded at 8 A.M. is 30°C. What is the equivalent of this temperature in degrees Fahrenheit? $F = \frac{9}{5}C + 32$
- 59
 - 62
 - 86
 - 95
- 299.** If Tory donates \$210.00 to charitable organizations each year and $\frac{1}{3}$ of that amount goes to the local crisis center, how much of her yearly donation does the crisis center get?
- \$33.00
 - \$45.50
 - \$60.33
 - \$70.00
- 300.** A construction job calls for $2\frac{5}{6}$ tons of sand. Four trucks, each filled with $\frac{3}{4}$ tons of sand, arrive on the job. Is there enough sand, or is there too much sand for the job?
- There is not enough sand; $\frac{1}{6}$ ton more is needed.
 - There is not enough sand; $\frac{1}{3}$ ton more is needed.
 - There is $\frac{1}{3}$ ton more sand than is needed.
 - There is $\frac{1}{6}$ ton more sand than is needed.
- 301.** A safety box has three layers of metal, each with a different width. If one layer is $\frac{1}{8}$ inch thick, a second layer is $\frac{1}{6}$ inch thick, and the total thickness is $\frac{3}{4}$ inch thick, what is the width of the third layer?
- $\frac{5}{12}$ inch
 - $\frac{11}{24}$ inch
 - $\frac{7}{18}$ inch
 - $\frac{1}{2}$ inch
- Answer questions 302 and 303 using the following list of ingredients needed to make 16 brownies.**
- Deluxe Brownies**
- $\frac{2}{3}$ cup butter
 - 5 squares (1 ounce each) unsweetened chocolate
 - $1\frac{1}{2}$ cups sugar
 - 2 teaspoons vanilla
 - 2 eggs
 - 1 cup flour
- 302.** How many brownies can be made if the baker increases the recipe to include 1 cup of butter?
- 12 brownies
 - 16 brownies
 - 24 brownies
 - 28 brownies
- 303.** How much sugar is needed in a recipe that makes 8 brownies?
- $\frac{3}{4}$ cup
 - 3 cups
 - $\frac{2}{3}$ cup
 - $\frac{5}{8}$ cup

304. George cuts his birthday cake into 10 equal pieces. If 6 people eat a piece of George's cake, what fraction of the cake is left?

- a. $\frac{3}{5}$
- b. $\frac{3}{10}$
- c. $\frac{2}{5}$
- d. $\frac{5}{6}$

► Set 20 (Answers begin on page 176.)

- 305.** A certain congressional district has about 490,000 people living in it. The largest city in the area has 98,000 citizens. Which most accurately portrays the portion of the population made up by the city in the district?
- $\frac{1}{5}$
 - $\frac{1}{4}$
 - $\frac{2}{9}$
 - $\frac{3}{4}$
- 306.** A bag of jellybeans contains 8 black beans, 10 green beans, 3 yellow beans, and 9 orange beans. What is the probability of selecting either a yellow or an orange bean?
- $\frac{1}{10}$
 - $\frac{2}{5}$
 - $\frac{4}{15}$
 - $\frac{3}{10}$
- 307.** Each piece of straight track for Ty's electric train set is $6\frac{1}{2}$ inches long. If 5 pieces of this track are laid end to end, how long will the track be?
- $30\frac{1}{2}$ inches
 - 32 inches
 - $32\frac{1}{2}$ inches
 - $32\frac{5}{8}$ inches
- 308.** How many $\frac{1}{4}$ -pound hamburgers can be made from 6 pounds of ground beef?
- 18 hamburgers
 - $20\frac{1}{2}$ hamburgers
 - 24 hamburgers
 - $26\frac{1}{4}$ hamburgers
- 309.** Bart's 8-ounce glass is $\frac{4}{5}$ full of water. How many ounces of water does he have?
- $4\frac{5}{8}$ ounces
 - 5 ounces
 - 6 ounces
 - $6\frac{2}{5}$ ounces
- 310.** Barbara can walk $3\frac{1}{4}$ miles in one hour. At that rate, how many miles will she walk in $1\frac{2}{3}$ hours?
- $4\frac{5}{8}$ miles
 - $4\frac{11}{12}$ miles
 - $5\frac{5}{12}$ miles
 - 6 miles
- 311.** Three friends evenly split $1\frac{1}{8}$ pounds of peanuts. How many pounds will each person get?
- $\frac{1}{4}$ pound
 - $\frac{3}{8}$ pound
 - $\frac{1}{2}$ pound
 - $\frac{5}{8}$ pound
- 312.** Iris lives $2\frac{1}{2}$ miles due east of the Sunnydale Mall and Raoul lives $4\frac{1}{2}$ miles due west of the QuikMart, which is $1\frac{1}{2}$ miles due west of the Sunnydale Mall. How far does Iris live from Raoul?
- 8 miles
 - 8.5 miles
 - 9 miles
 - 9.5 miles

- 313.** Ingrid's kitchen is $9\frac{3}{4}$ feet long and $8\frac{1}{3}$ feet wide. How many square feet of tile does she need to tile the floor?
- $81\frac{1}{4}$ square feet
 - $72\frac{1}{4}$ square feet
 - $71\frac{1}{2}$ square feet
 - $82\frac{1}{2}$ square feet
- 314.** How many inches are in $4\frac{1}{2}$ feet?
- 48 inches
 - 54 inches
 - 66 inches
 - 70 inches
- 315.** During the winter, Lucas missed $7\frac{1}{2}$ days of kindergarten due to colds, while Brunhilda missed only $4\frac{1}{4}$ days. How many fewer days did Brunhilda miss than Lucas?
- $3\frac{1}{4}$ days
 - $3\frac{1}{2}$ days
 - $3\frac{5}{6}$ days
 - 4 days
- 316.** To reach his tree house, Raymond has to climb $9\frac{1}{3}$ feet up a rope ladder, then $8\frac{5}{6}$ feet up the tree-trunk. How far does Raymond have to climb altogether?
- $17\frac{7}{12}$ feet
 - $17\frac{1}{6}$ feet
 - $18\frac{1}{6}$ feet
 - $18\frac{1}{2}$ feet
- 317.** Ralph's newborn triplets weigh $4\frac{3}{8}$ pounds, $3\frac{5}{6}$ pounds, and $4\frac{7}{8}$ pounds. Harvey's newborn twins weigh $7\frac{2}{6}$ pounds and $9\frac{3}{10}$ pounds. Whose babies weigh the most and by how much?
- Ralph's triplets by $3\frac{1}{2}$ pounds
 - Ralph's triplets by $2\frac{1}{4}$ pounds
 - Harvey's twins by $1\frac{2}{3}$ pounds
 - Harvey's twins by $3\frac{11}{20}$ pounds
- 318.** Sofia bought a pound of vegetables and used $\frac{3}{8}$ of it to make a salad. How many ounces of vegetables are left after she makes the salad?
- 4
 - 6
 - 8
 - 10
- 319.** Dani spent \$6,300 on a used car. She paid \$630 as a down payment. What fraction of the original cost was the down payment?
- $\frac{1}{10}$
 - $\frac{1}{18}$
 - $\frac{1}{20}$
 - $\frac{1}{40}$
- 320.** During an 8 hour work-day, Bob spends 2 hours on the phone. What fraction of the day does he spend on the phone?
- $\frac{1}{5}$
 - $\frac{1}{3}$
 - $\frac{1}{4}$
 - $\frac{1}{8}$

S E C T I O N

3



Decimals

These 10 sets of problems will familiarize you with arithmetic operations involving decimals (which are a really special kind of fraction). You use decimals every day, in dealing with money, for example. Units of measurement, such as populations, kilometers, inches, or miles are also often expressed in decimals. In this section you will get practice in working with *mixed decimals*, or numbers that have digits on both sides of a decimal point, and the important tool of *rounding*, the method for estimating decimals.

► Set 21 (Answers begin on page 178.)

- 321.** 56.73647 rounded to the nearest hundredth is equal to
- 100.
 - 57.
 - 56.7.
 - 56.74.
- 322.** Which number sentence is true?
- $0.43 < 0.043$
 - $0.0043 > 0.43$
 - $0.00043 > 0.043$
 - $0.043 > 0.0043$
- 323.** $78.09 + 19.367 =$
- 58.723
 - 87.357
 - 97.457
 - 271.76
- 324.** $3.419 - 0.7 =$
- 34.12
 - 0.2719
 - 2.719
 - 0.3412
- 325.** $2.9 \div 0.8758 =$
- 3.31
 - 0.331
 - 0.302
 - 0.0302
- 326.** $195.6 \div 7.2$, rounded to the nearest hundredth, is equal to
- 271.67.
 - 27.17.
 - 27.16.
 - 2.717.
- 327.** $426 - 7.2 =$
- 354.0
 - 425.28
 - 418.8
 - 41.88
- 328.** $6.35 \times 5 =$
- 31.75
 - 30.75
 - 3.175
 - 317.5
- 329.** $5.9 - 4.166 =$
- 1.844
 - 1.843
 - 1.744
 - 1.734
- 330.** $172 \times 0.56 =$
- 9.632
 - 96.32
 - 963.2
 - 0.9632
- 331.** $0.63 \times 0.42 =$
- 26.46
 - 2.646
 - 0.2646
 - 0.02646
- 332.** What is six and five hundredths written as a decimal?
- 0.065
 - 6.5
 - 6.05
 - 6.005

- 333.** In the following decimal, which digit is in the hundredths place? 0.9402
- a. 9
 - b. 0
 - c. 2
 - d. 4
- 334.** What is 0.716 rounded to the nearest tenth?
- a. 0.7
 - b. 0.8
 - c. 0.72
 - d. 1.00
- 335.** Which of these has a 9 in the thousandths place?
- a. 3.0095
 - b. 3.0905
 - c. 3.9005
 - d. 3.0059
- 336.** $4.5 \div 2.5 =$
- a. 20.0
 - b. 2.0
 - c. 1.8
 - d. 0.2

► Set 22 (Answers begin on page 178.)

337. $0.216 + 9.3 + 72.0 =$

- a. 81.516
- b. 77.516
- c. 16.716
- d. 0.381

338. $0.49 \times 0.07 =$

- a. 34.3
- b. 0.0343
- c. 3.43
- d. 0.343

339. $945.6 \div 24 =$

- a. 3,940
- b. 394
- c. 39.4
- d. 3.946

340. $72.687 + 145.29 =$

- a. 87.216
- b. 217.977
- c. 217.877
- d. 882.16

341. $0.088 + 0.091 =$

- a. 0.017
- b. 0.169
- c. 0.177
- d. 0.179

342. $3.6 - 1.89 =$

- a. 1.47
- b. 1.53
- c. 1.71
- d. 2.42

343. What is another way to write 2.75×100^2 ?

- a. 275
- b. 2,750
- c. 27,500
- d. 270,000

344. $3.16 \div 0.079 =$

- a. 0.025
- b. 2.5
- c. 4.0
- d. 40.0

345. $367.08 \times 0.15 =$

- a. 22.0248
- b. 55.051
- c. 55.062
- d. 540.62

346. What is another way to write 7.25×10^3 ?

- a. 72.5
- b. 725
- c. 7,250
- d. 72,500

347. $(4.1 \times 10^{-2})(3.8 \times 10^4) =$

- a. 1.558×10^{-8}
- b. 15.58×10^{-2}
- c. 1.558×10^2
- d. 1.558×10^3

348. $\frac{6.5 \times 10^{-6}}{3.25 \times 10^{-3}} =$

- a. 2×10^{-9}
- b. 2×10^{-3}
- c. 2×10^2
- d. 2×10^3

349. What is the result of multiplying 11 by 0.032?

- a. 0.032
- b. 0.0352
- c. 0.32
- d. 0.352

350. $0.31 + 0.673 =$

- a. 0.0983
- b. 0.983
- c. 0.967
- d. 9.83

351. Which of the following numbers is NOT between -0.02 and 1.02 ?

- a. -0.15
- b. -0.015
- c. 0
- d. 0.02

► Set 23 (Answers begin on page 179.)

- 352.** Which of the following represents the word form of the decimal 0.007?
- seven tenths
 - seven hundredths
 - seven thousandths
 - seven ten-thousandths
- 353.** Which of the following decimals has the GREATEST value?
- 6.723
 - 6.0723
 - 6.7023
 - 6.7
- 354.** Which of the following decimals has the LEAST value?
- 0.0012
 - 0.0102
 - 0.012
 - 0.12
- 355.** What is 72.0094 rounded to the nearest hundredth?
- 72.009
 - 72.01
 - 72.09
 - 72.1
- 356.** What is the sum of $11.006 + 34 + 0.72$ rounded to the nearest tenth?
- 45.1
 - 45.7
 - 45.73
 - 46
- 357.** $12.9991 + 78 + 0.9866 =$
- 90.9857
 - 90.0957
 - 91.9857
 - 91.9957
- 358.** $2 - 0.42 - 0.1 =$
- 14.8
 - 1.48
 - 1.048
 - 1.0048
- 359.** Yuri and Catherine begin driving at the same time but in opposite directions. If Yuri drives 60 miles per hour, and Catherine drives 70 miles per hour, how long will it be before they are 325.75 miles apart?
- 2 hours
 - 2.25 hours
 - 2.5 hours
 - 2.75 hours
- 360.** A garden store offers \$.75 off all pumpkins after Halloween. If a certain pumpkin is priced at \$3.20 after Halloween, what was the original price?
- \$2.45
 - \$3.75
 - \$3.95
 - \$4.05
- 361.** A bottle of apple juice contains 1.42 liters; a bottle of grape juice contains 1.89 liters. How many total liters of juice are there in the two bottles?
- 0.47 liters
 - 2.31 liters
 - 3.21 liters
 - 3.31 liters

- 362.** Over the last few years, the average number of dogs in the neighborhood has dropped from 17.8 to 14.33. What is the decrease in the number of dogs in the neighborhood?
- 3.47 dogs
 - 2.66 dogs
 - 3.15 dogs
 - 2.75 dogs
- 363.** On Monday, Freida slept 6.45 hours; on Tuesday, 7.32; on Wednesday, 5.1; on Thursday, 6.7; and on Friday she slept 8.9 hours. How much total sleep did she get over the five days?
- 40.34 hours
 - 34.47 hours
 - 36.78 hours
 - 42.67 hours
- 364.** Last week, Felicity had \$67.98 saved from baby-sitting. She made another \$15.75 baby-sitting this week and spent \$27.58 on CDs. How much money does she have now?
- \$71.55
 - \$24.65
 - \$111.31
 - \$56.15
- 365.** Roommates Bob and Ted agreed to wallpaper and carpet the living room and replace the sofa. The wallpaper costs \$103.84, the carpet costs \$598.15, and the new sofa costs \$768.56. Bob agrees to pay for the carpet and wallpaper and Ted agrees to pay for the sofa. How much more money will Ted spend than Bob?
- \$68.56
 - \$76.55
 - \$66.57
 - \$72.19
- 366.** Kitty litter costs \$3.59 for 25 pounds. How much does 100 pounds cost?
- \$14.36
 - \$35.90
 - \$17.95
 - \$10.77
- 367.** A waiter earned a total of \$71 in tips over 4 days. What was the average amount of tip per day?
- \$17.00
 - \$17.70
 - \$17.75
 - \$18.00
- 368.** Six friends agree to evenly split the cost of gasoline on a trip. Each friend paid \$37.27. What was the total cost of gas?
- \$370.27
 - \$223.62
 - \$314.78
 - \$262.78

► Set 24 (Answers begin on page 180.)

- 369.** Samuel paid \$5.96 for 4 pounds of cookies. How much do the cookies cost per pound?
- \$1.96 per pound
 - \$2.33 per pound
 - \$1.49 per pound
 - \$2.15 per pound
- 370.** One inch equals 2.54 centimeters. How many centimeters are there in a foot?
- 30.48 centimeters
 - 32.08 centimeters
 - 31.79 centimeters
 - 29.15 centimeters
- 371.** Melinda and Joaquin can restock an aisle at the supermarket in one hour working together. Melinda can restock an aisle in 1.5 hours working alone, and it takes Joaquin 2 hours to restock an aisle. If they work together for two hours, and then work separately for another two hours, how many aisles will they have completed?
- 5
 - 4.5
 - 4.33
 - 3.5
- 372.** Patrick earns only $\frac{1}{3}$ of what Robin does. If Robin makes \$21.00 per hour, how much does Patrick earn in a typical 8-hour day?
- \$56.00
 - \$112.00
 - \$168.00
 - \$7.00
- 373.** Reva earns \$10 an hour for walking the neighbor's dog. Today she can only walk the dog for 45 minutes. How much will Reva make today?
- \$6.25
 - \$7.50
 - \$7.75
 - \$8.00
- 374.** My greyhound, Zelda, can run 35.25 miles an hour, while my cat, Spot, can run only $\frac{1}{4}$ that fast. How many miles per hour can Spot run?
- 8.25 miles per hour
 - 8.77 miles per hour
 - 8.81 miles per hour
 - 9.11 miles per hour
- 375.** A 600-page book is 1.5 inches thick. What is the thickness of each page?
- 0.0010 inches
 - 0.0030 inches
 - 0.0025 inches
 - 0.0600 inches
- 376.** Michael walks to school. He leaves each morning at 7:32 A.M. and arrives at school fifteen minutes later. If he travels at a steady rate of 4.5 miles per hour, what is the distance between his home and the school? (Distance = rate \times time)
- 1.1 miles
 - 1.125 miles
 - 1.5 miles
 - 2.5 miles

- 377.** For every dollar Kyra saves, her employer contributes a dime to her savings, with a maximum employer contribution of \$10 per month. If Kyra saves \$60 in January, \$130 in March, and \$70 in April, how much will she have in savings at the end of that time?
- \$270
 - \$283
 - \$286
 - \$290
- 378.** Quentin was shopping for a new washing machine. The one he wanted to buy cost \$428.98. The salesperson informed him that the same machine would be on sale the following week for \$399.99. How much money would Quentin save by waiting until the washing machine went on sale?
- \$28.99
 - \$29.01
 - \$39.09
 - \$128.99
- 379.** If a bus weighs 2.5 tons, how many pounds does it weigh? (1 ton = 2,000 pounds)
- 800
 - 4,500
 - 5,000
 - 5,500
- 380.** If Serena burns about 304.15 calories while walking fast on her treadmill for 38.5 minutes, about how many calories does she burn per minute?
- 7.8
 - 7.09
 - 7.9
 - 8.02
- 381.** A truck is carrying 1,000 television sets; each set weighs 21.48 pounds. What is the total weight, in pounds, of the entire load?
- 214.8
 - 2,148
 - 21,480
 - 214,800
- 382.** Luis is mailing two packages. One weighs 12.9 pounds and the other weighs half as much. What is the total weight in pounds of the two packages?
- 6.45
 - 12.8
 - 18.5
 - 19.35
- 383.** If it takes Danielle 22.4 minutes to walk 1.25 miles, how many minutes will it take her to walk one mile?
- 17.92
 - 18
 - 19.9
 - 21.15
- 384.** Mark's temperature at 9:00 a.m. was 97.2° F. At 4:00 p.m., his temperature was 99° F. By how many degrees did his temperature rise?
- 0.8
 - 1.8
 - 2.2
 - 2.8

► Set 25 (Answers begin on page 181.)

- 385.** Jason had \$40.00 in his wallet. He bought gasoline for \$12.90, a pack of gum for \$0.45, and a candy bar for \$0.88. How much money did he have left?
- \$14.23
 - \$25.77
 - \$25.67
 - \$26.77
- 386.** The price of cheddar cheese is \$2.12 per pound. The price of Monterey Jack cheese is \$2.34 per pound. If Harrison buys 1.5 pounds of cheddar and 1 pound of Monterey Jack, how much will he spend in all?
- \$3.18
 - \$4.46
 - \$5.41
 - \$5.52
- 387.** From a 100-foot ball of string, Randy cuts three pieces of the following lengths: 5.8 feet, 3.2 feet, 4.4 feet. How many feet of string are left?
- 66
 - 86.6
 - 87.6
 - 97.6
- 388.** Fifteen-ounce cans of clam chowder sell at 3 for \$2.00. How much does one can cost, rounded to the nearest cent?
- \$0.60
 - \$0.66
 - \$0.67
 - \$0.70
- 389.** For the month of July, Victoria purchased the following amounts of gasoline for her car: 9.4 gallons, 18.9 gallons, and 22.7 gallons. How many gallons did she purchase in all?
- 51
 - 51.9
 - 52
 - 61
- 390.** Manny works Monday through Friday each week. His bus fare to and from work is \$1.10 each way. How much does Manny spend on bus fare each week?
- \$10.10
 - \$11.00
 - \$11.10
 - \$11.20
- 391.** If one centimeter equals 0.39 inches, about how many centimeters are there in 0.75 inches?
- 0.2925
 - 1.923
 - 0.52
 - 1.75
- 392.** 5.133 multiplied by 10^{-6} is equal to
- 0.0005133.
 - 0.00005133.
 - 0.000005133.
 - 0.0000005133.

- 393.** On a business trip, Felicia went out to lunch. The shrimp cocktail cost \$5.95, the blackened swordfish with grilled vegetables cost \$11.70, the cherry cheesecake cost \$4.79, and the coffee was \$1.52. What was Felicia's total bill not including tax and tip?
- \$23.96
 - \$26.93
 - \$29.63
 - \$32.99
- 394.** Hal wants to buy a used car to take to college. The car costs \$4999.95. For graduation, he receives gifts of \$200.00, \$157.75, and \$80.50. His little brother gave him \$1.73 and he saved \$4332.58 from his summer job. How much more money does he need?
- \$272.93
 - \$227.39
 - \$722.93
 - \$772.39
- 395.** A football team must move the ball ten yards in four plays in order to keep possession of the ball. The home team has just run a play in which they gained 2.75 yards. How many yards remain in order to keep possession of the ball?
- 6.50 yards
 - 6.75 yards
 - 7.25 yards
 - 8.25 yards
- 396.** Heather wants to build a deck that is 8.245 feet by 9.2 feet. How many square feet will the deck be? (Area = length \times width)
- 34.9280 square feet
 - 82.4520 square feet
 - 17.4450 square feet
 - 75.8540 square feet
- 397.** Rene's car used 23.92 gallons of fuel on a 517.6 mile trip. How many miles per gallon did the car get, rounded to the nearest hundredth?
- 18.46 gallons
 - 21.64 gallons
 - 26.14 gallons
 - 29.61 gallons
- 398.** Faron ran a 200-meter race in 23.7 seconds. Gene ran it in 22.59 seconds. How many fewer seconds did it take Gene than Faron?
- 2.17 seconds
 - 0.97 seconds
 - 1.01 seconds
 - 1.11 seconds
- 399.** Mabel buys 2.756 pounds of sliced turkey, 3.2 pounds of roast beef, and 5.59 pounds of bologna. Approximately how many total pounds of meat did Mabel buy?
- 11.5 pounds
 - 12.75 pounds
 - 10.03 pounds
 - 13.4 pounds
- 400.** Kathleen types about 41.46 words per minute. At this rate, about how many words will she type in 8 minutes?
- 5.18
 - 33.46
 - 330.88
 - 331.68

► Set 26 (Answers begin on page 181.)

- 401.** Ingrid has 7.5 pounds of candy for trick-or-treaters. She gives a vampire 0.25 pounds, a fairy princess 0.53 pounds, and a horse 1.16 pounds. She eats 0.12 pounds. How much candy is left?
- 5.44 pounds
 - 4.55 pounds
 - 5.3 pounds
 - 4.7 pounds
- 402.** Ophelia drives from home to the grocery, which is 6.2 miles. Then she goes to the video store, which is 3.4 more miles. Next, she goes to the bakery, which is 0.82 more miles. Then she drove the 5.9 miles home. How many miles total did she drive?
- 12.91 miles
 - 13.6 miles
 - 16.32 miles
 - 18.7 miles
- 403.** Ken wants to make slip covers for his dining room chairs. Each chair requires 4.75 yards of fabric. Ken has 20.34 yards of fabric. How many chairs can he cover?
- 3
 - 4
 - 5
 - 6
- 404.** On Monday, Luna had \$792.78 in her checking account. On Tuesday, she deposited her \$1252.60 paycheck. On Wednesday she paid her rent, \$650. On Thursday, she paid her electric, cable, and phone bills, which were \$79.35, \$54.23, \$109.56, respectively. How much money is left in Luna's account?
- \$965.73
 - \$1348.90
 - \$893.14
 - \$1152.24
- 405.** Mya has a rectangular frame with an opening that is 11.25 inches by 8.75 inches. What is the area, rounded to the nearest hundredth, of the opening?
- 20 square inches
 - 92.81 square inches
 - 97.43 square inches
 - 98.44 square inches
- 406.** Michael's favorite cake recipe calls for 0.75 pounds of flour; he has a 5 pound bag. He wants to make several cakes for the school bake sale. How many cakes can he make?
- 5
 - 6
 - 7
 - 8

- 407.** Hannah walks to work every day, sometimes running errands on the way. On Monday she walked 0.75 mile; Tuesday she walked 1.2 miles; Wednesday she walked 1.68 miles; Thursday she walked 0.75 mile; Friday she rode with Earl. On the days she walked, what was the average distance Hannah walked each day?
- 2.78 miles
 - 1.231 miles
 - 0.75 miles
 - 1.095 miles
- 408.** Seven people are at the beach for a clambake. They have dug 12.6 pounds of clams. They each eat the following amounts of clams: 0.34 pounds, 1.6 pounds, 0.7 pounds, 1.265 pounds, 0.83 pounds, 1.43 pounds, 0.49 pounds. How many pounds of clams are left?
- 7.892 pounds
 - 4.56 pounds
 - 5.945 pounds
 - 6.655 pounds
- 409.** A certain professional baseball player makes 2.4 million dollars a year. A certain professional football player makes 1.025 million dollars a year. How much less per year is the football player making than the baseball player?
- 1.375 million dollars
 - 1.15 million dollars
 - 1.46 million dollars
 - 2.46 million dollars
- 410.** A carpet costs \$2.89 per square foot. How much carpet, rounded to the nearest square foot, could be bought with \$76?
- 25 square feet
 - 26 square feet
 - 27 square feet
 - 38 square feet
- 411.** Philip has worked 34.75 hours of his usual 39.5 hour week. How many hours does he have left to work?
- 5.25 hours
 - 4.75 hours
 - 4.00 hours
 - 3.75 hours
- 412.** Gail has to water a 0.25 acre garden Monday, a 1.02 acre garden Tuesday, and a 0.36 acre garden on Wednesday. How many acres total does she have to water in the three days?
- 1.63 acres
 - 1.53 acres
 - 1.38 acres
 - 1.27 acre
- 413.** Lilly is going to re-carpet her living room. The dimensions of the room are 15.6 feet by 27.75 feet. How many square feet of carpet will she need?
- 315.8 square feet
 - 409.5 square feet
 - 329.25 square feet
 - 432.9 square feet

- 414.** A movie is scheduled for two hours. The theater advertisements are 3.8 minutes long. There are two previews; one is 4.6 minutes long and the other is 2.9 minutes. The rest of time is devoted to the feature. How long is the feature film?
- a. 108.7 minutes
 - b. 97.5 minutes
 - c. 118.98 minutes
 - d. 94.321 minutes
- 415.** Tommy is making hats for the kids in the neighborhood. He needs 0.65 yards of fabric for each hat; he has 10 yards of fabric. How many hats can he make?
- a. 13
 - b. 14
 - c. 15
 - d. 16
- 416.** Over the weekend, Maggie watched 11.78 hours of television, Jenny watched 6.9 hours, Chas watched 7 hours, and Manny watched 2.45 hours. How much television did they watch over the weekend?
- a. 26.786 hours
 - b. 28.13 hours
 - c. 30.79 hours
 - d. 32.85 hours

► Set 27 (Answers begin on page 182.)

- 417.** Carol wants to enclose a rectangular area in her backyard for her children's swing set. This section of the yard measures 16.25 feet by 20.25 feet. How many feet of fencing will she need to enclose this section?
- 36.5 feet
 - 52.75 feet
 - 73 feet
 - 329.06 feet
- 418.** In the new television season, an average of 7.9 million people watched one network; an average of 8.6 million people watched another. How many more viewers did the second network average than the first?
- 0.5 million
 - 0.6 million
 - 0.7 million
 - 0.8 million
- 419.** A writer makes \$1.13 per book sold. How much will she make when 100 books have been sold?
- \$11.30
 - \$113.00
 - \$1,130.00
 - \$11,300.00
- 420.** Fred walks 0.75 miles to school; Ramona walks 1.3 miles; Xena walks 2.8 miles; and Paul walks 0.54 miles. What is the total distance the four walk to school?
- 4.13 miles
 - 5.63 miles
 - 4.78 miles
 - 5.39 miles
- 421.** Jane is driving 46.75 miles per hour. How far will she go in 15 minutes?
- 14.78 miles
 - 11.6875 miles
 - 12.543 miles
 - 10.7865 miles
- 422.** After stopping at a rest stop, Jane continues to drive at 46.75 miles per hour. How far will she go in 3.80 hours?
- 177.65 miles
 - 213.46 miles
 - 143.78 miles
 - 222.98 miles
- 423.** Bob notices that the ratio of boys to the total students in his class is 3:4. If there are 28 students in his class, how many of them are boys?
- 7
 - 14
 - 21
 - 24
- 424.** District C spends about \$4,446.00 on diesel fuel each week. If the cost of diesel fuel to the district is about \$1.17 per gallon, about how many gallons of diesel fuel does the district use in one week?
- 3,800
 - 3,810
 - 3,972
 - 5,202
- 425.** If one inch equals 2.54 centimeters, how many inches are there in 20.32 centimeters?
- 7.2
 - 8
 - 9
 - 10.2

- 426.** Kendra earns \$12.50 an hour. When she works more than 8 hours in one day, she earns $1\frac{1}{2}$ times her regular hourly wage. If she earns \$137.50 for one day's work, how many hours did she work that day?
- 8.5
 - 9
 - 10
 - 11
- 427.** If a car travels at a speed of 62 mph for 15 minutes, how far will it travel? (Distance = rate \times time)
- 9.3 miles
 - 15.5 miles
 - 16 miles
 - 24.8 miles
- 428.** If the speed of light is 3.00×10^8 meters per second, how far would a beam of light travel in 2,000 seconds?
- 1.50×10^5 meters
 - 6.00×10^5 meters
 - 1.50×10^{11} meters
 - 6.00×10^{11} meters
- 429.** Which of the following rope lengths is longest? (1 cm = 0.39 inches)
- 1 meter
 - 1 yard
 - 32 inches
 - 85 centimeters
- 430.** If Katie's cat weighs 8.5 pounds, what is the approximate weight of the cat in kilograms? (1 kilogram = about 2.2 pounds)
- 2.9 kilograms
 - 3.9 kilograms
 - 8.5 kilograms
 - 18.7 kilograms
- 431.** If a worker is given a pay increase of \$1.25 per hour, what is the total amount of the pay increase for one 40-hour week?
- \$49.20
 - \$50.00
 - \$50.25
 - \$51.75
- 432.** A teacher purchased a number of supplies to start the new school year. The costs are listed as follows: \$12.98, \$5.68, \$20.64, and \$6.76. What is the total cost?
- \$45.96
 - \$46.06
 - \$46.16
 - \$47.16

► **Set 28** (Answers begin on page 183.)

433. A firefighter determines that the length of hose needed to reach a particular building is 175 feet. If the available hoses are 45 feet long, how many sections of hose, when connected together, will it take to reach the building?

- a. 2
- b. 3
- c. 4
- d. 5

434. Approximately how many liters of water will a 10-gallon container hold?

(1 liter = 1.06 quarts)

- a. 9
- b. 32
- c. 38
- d. 42

435. If one gallon of water weighs 8.35 pounds, a 25-gallon container of water would most nearly weigh

- a. 173 pounds.
- b. 200 pounds.
- c. 209 pounds.
- d. 215 pounds.

436. Roger wants to know if he has enough money to purchase several items. He needs three heads of lettuce, which cost \$.99 each, and two boxes of cereal, which cost \$3.49 each. He uses the expression $(3 \times \$0.99) + (2 \times \$3.49)$ to calculate how much the items will cost. Which of the following expressions could also be used?

- a. $3 \times (\$3.49 + \$.99) - \$3.49$
- b. $3 \times (\$3.49 + \$.99)$
- c. $(2 + 3) \times (\$3.49 + \$.99)$
- d. $(2 \times 3) + (\$3.49 \times \$.99)$

437. If you take recyclables to whichever recycler will pay the most, what is the greatest amount of money you could get for 2,200 pounds of aluminum, 1,400 pounds of cardboard, 3,100 pounds of glass, and 900 pounds of plastic?

Recycler	Aluminum	Cardboard	Glass	Plastic
X	.06/pound	.03/pound	.08/pound	.02/pound
Y	.07/pound	.04/pound	.07/pound	.03/pound

- a. \$409
- b. \$440
- c. \$447
- d. \$485

438. If the average person throws away 3.5 pounds of trash every day, how much trash would the average person throw away in one week?

- a. 24.5 pounds
- b. 31.5 pounds
- c. 40.2 pounds
- d. 240 pounds

439. If production line A can produce 12.5 units in an hour, and production line B can produce 15.25 units in an hour, how long will production line A have to work to produce the same amount of units as line B?

- a. 1 hour
- b. 1.22 hours
- c. 1.50 hours
- d. 1.72 hours

- 440.** Benito earns \$12.50 for each hour that he works. If Benito works 8.5 hours per day, five days a week, how much does he earn in a week?
- \$100.00
 - \$106.25
 - \$406.00
 - \$531.25
- 441.** Des Moines recently received a snow storm that left a total of eight inches of snow. If it snowed at a consistent rate of three inches every two hours, how much snow had fallen in the first five hours of the storm?
- 3 inches
 - 3.3 inches
 - 5 inches
 - 7.5 inches
- 442.** A family eats at Joe's Grill and orders the following items from the menu:
- | | |
|------------------|--------|
| Hamburger | \$2.95 |
| Cheeseburger | \$3.35 |
| Chicken Sandwich | \$3.95 |
| Grilled Cheese | \$1.95 |
- If the family orders 2 hamburgers, 1 cheeseburger, 2 chicken sandwiches, and 1 grilled cheese, what is the total cost of their order?
- \$15.15
 - \$17.10
 - \$18.05
 - \$19.10
- 443.** If a physical education student burns 8.2 calories per minute while riding a bicycle, how many calories will the same student burn if she rides for 35 minutes?
- 246 calories
 - 286 calories
 - 287 calories
 - 387 calories
- 444.** It takes a typing student 0.75 seconds to type one word. At this rate, how many words can the student type in 60 seconds?
- 8.0 words
 - 45.0 words
 - 75.0 words
 - 80.0 words
- 445.** John's Market sells milk for \$2.24 per gallon. Food Supply sells the same milk for \$2.08 per gallon. If Mitzi buys 2 gallons of milk at Food Supply instead of John's, how much will she save?
- \$0.12
 - \$0.14
 - \$0.32
 - \$0.38
- 446.** An office uses 2 dozen pencils and $3\frac{1}{2}$ reams of paper each week. If pencils cost 5 cents each and a ream of paper costs \$7.50, how much does it cost to supply the office for a week?
- \$7.55
 - \$12.20
 - \$26.25
 - \$27.45

- 447.** If a particular woman's resting heartbeat is 72 beats per minute and she is at rest for $6\frac{1}{2}$ hours, about how many times will her heart beat during that period of time?
- a. 4,320
 - b. 4,680
 - c. 28,080
 - d. 43,200
- 448.** Sarah makes 2.5 times more money per hour than Connor does. If Connor earns \$7.20 per hour, how much does Sarah make per hour?
- a. \$9.70
 - b. \$14.40
 - c. \$18.00
 - d. \$180.00

► Set 29 (Answers begin on page 184.)

- 449.** It takes five-year-old Carlos 1.6 minutes to tie the lace on his right shoe and 1.5 minutes to tie the lace on his left shoe. How many minutes does it take Carlos to tie both shoes?
- 2.1
 - 3.0
 - 3.1
 - 4.1
- 450.** Alicia rode her bicycle a total of 25.8 miles in 3 days. On average, how many miles did she ride each day?
- 8.06
 - 8.6
 - 8.75
 - 8.9
- 451.** If one inch equals 2.54 centimeters, how many inches are there in 254 centimeters?
- $\frac{1}{10}$
 - 10
 - 100
 - 1000
- 452.** Erin ran 6.45 miles on Monday, 5.9 miles on Tuesday, and 6.75 miles on Wednesday. What is the total number of miles Erin ran?
- 19.1
 - 19.05
 - 17
 - 13.79
- 453.** Joel's resting heart rate is about 71 beats per minute. If Joel is at rest for 35.2 minutes, about how many times will his heart beat during that period of time?
- 2398.4
 - 2408.4
 - 2490.3
 - 2499.2
- 454.** If one pound of chicken costs \$2.79 a pound, how much does 0.89 pounds of chicken cost, rounded to the nearest cent?
- \$2.40
 - \$2.48
 - \$2.68
 - \$4.72
- 455.** On Wednesday morning, Yoder's Appliance Service had balance of \$2,354.82 in its checking account. If the bookkeeper wrote a total of \$867.59 worth of checks that day, how much was left in the checking account?
- \$1487.23
 - \$1487.33
 - \$1496.23
 - \$1587.33
- 456.** If Nanette cuts a length of ribbon that is 13.5 inches long into 4 equal pieces, how long will each piece be?
- 3.3075
 - 3.375
 - 3.385
 - 3.3805

- 457.** At age six, Zack weighed 40.6 pounds. By age seven, Zack weighed 46.1 pounds. How much weight did he gain in that one year?
- 4.5 pounds
 - 5.5 pounds
 - 5.7 pounds
 - 6.5 pounds
- 458.** While on a three-day vacation, the Wilsons spent the following amounts on motel rooms: \$52.50, \$47.99, \$49.32. What is the total amount they spent?
- \$139.81
 - \$148.81
 - \$148.83
 - \$149.81
- 459.** Jake grew 0.6 inches during his senior year in high school. If he was 68.8 inches tall at the beginning of his senior year, how tall was he at the end of the year?
- 69
 - 69.2
 - 69.4
 - 74.8
- 460.** For a science project, Stacy and Tina are measuring the length of two caterpillars. Stacy's caterpillar is 2.345 centimeters long. Tina's caterpillar is 0.0005 centimeters longer. How long is Tina's caterpillar?
- 2.0345
 - 2.3455
 - 2.0345
 - 2.845
- 461.** About how many quarts of water will a 3.25-liter container hold?
(1 liter = 1.06 quarts)
- 3.066
 - 3.045
 - 3.445
 - 5.2
- 462.** Jessica has basic cable television service at a cost of \$13.95 per month. If she adds the movie channels, it will cost an additional \$5.70 per month. The sports channels cost another \$4.89 per month. If Jessica adds the movie channels and the sports channels, what will her total monthly payment be?
- \$23.54
 - \$23.55
 - \$24.54
 - \$34.54
- 463.** The fares collected for one bus on Route G47 on Monday are as follows: Run 1—\$419.50, Run 2—\$537.00, Run 3—\$390.10, Run 4—\$425.50. What is the total amount collected?
- \$1,661.10
 - \$1,762.20
 - \$1,772.10
 - \$1,881.00
- 464.** Bart and Sam mow lawns at the same rate. If it takes Bart and Sam about 0.67 hours to mow one half-acre lawn together, about how many hours would it take Bart alone to mow 5 half-acre lawns?
- 3.35 hours
 - 4.35 hours
 - 5.75 hours
 - 6.7

► Set 30 (Answers begin on page 184.)

- 465.** The town of Crystal Point collected \$84,493.26 in taxes last year. This year, the town collected \$91,222.30 in taxes. How much more money did the town collect this year?
- \$6,729.04
 - \$6,729.14
 - \$6,739.14
 - \$7,829.04
- 466.** It took Darren 3.75 hours to drive 232.8 miles. What was his average mile-per-hour speed?
- 62.08
 - 62.8
 - 63.459
 - 71.809
- 467.** Marly has budgeted \$100.00 for the week to spend on food. If she buys a beef roast that costs \$12.84 and 4 pounds of shrimp that cost \$3.16 per pound, how much of her weekly food budget will she have left?
- \$74.52
 - \$80.00
 - \$84.00
 - \$86.62
- 468.** Three 15.4-inch pipes are laid end to end. What is the total length of the pipes in feet? (1 foot = 12 inches)
- 3.02
 - 3.2
 - 3.85
 - 4.62
- 469.** If one ounce equals 28.571 grams, 12.1 ounces is equal to how many grams?
- 37.63463
 - 343.5473
 - 345.7091
 - 376.3463
- 470.** Theresa is weighing objects in kilograms. A book weighs 0.923 kilograms; a pencil weighs 0.029 kilograms; an eraser weighs 0.1153 kilograms. What is the total weight of the three objects?
- 0.4353
 - 1.0673
 - 1.4283
 - 10.673
- 471.** The Cougars played three basketball games last week. Monday's game lasted 113.9 minutes; Wednesday's game lasted 106.7 minutes; Friday's game lasted 122 minutes. What is the average time, in minutes, for the three games?
- 77.6
 - 103.2
 - 114.2
 - 115.6
- 472.** Ingrid has two pieces of balsa wood. Piece A is 0.724 centimeters thick. Piece B is 0.0076 centimeters thicker than Piece a. How thick is Piece B?
- 0.7164
 - 0.7316
 - 0.8
 - 0.08

- 473.** Michael has a twenty-dollar bill and a five-dollar bill in his wallet and \$1.29 in change in his pocket. If he buys a half-gallon of ice cream that costs \$4.89, how much money will he have left?
- \$22.48
 - \$22.30
 - \$21.48
 - \$21.40
- 474.** The butcher at Al's Meat Market divided ground beef into 8 packages. If each package weighs 0.75 pounds and he has 0.04 pounds of ground beef left over, how many pounds of ground beef did he start with?
- 5.064
 - 5.64
 - 6.04
 - 6.4
- 475.** It is 19.85 miles from Jacqueline's home to her job. If she works 5 days a week and drives to work, how many miles does Jacqueline drive each week?
- 99.25
 - 188.5
 - 190.85
 - 198.5
- 476.** Phil and Alice went out to dinner and spent a total of \$42.09. If they tipped the waiter \$6.25 and the tip was included in their total bill, how much did their meal alone cost?
- \$35.84
 - \$36.84
 - \$36.74
 - \$48.34
- 477.** Antoine earns \$8.30 an hour for the first 40 hours he works each week. For every hour he works overtime, he earns 1.5 times his regular hourly wage. If Antoine worked 44 hours last week, how much money did he earn?
- \$365.20
 - \$337.50
 - \$381.80
 - \$547.80
- 478.** The highest temperature in Spring Valley on September 1 was 93.6°F. On September 2, the highest temperature was 0.8 degrees higher than on September 1. On September 3, the temperature was 11.6 degrees lower than on September 2. What was the temperature on September 3?
- 74°F
 - 82.2°F
 - 82.8°F
 - 90°F
- 479.** A survey has shown that a family of four can save about \$40 a week if they purchase generic items rather than brand-name ones. How much can a particular family save over 6 months? (1 month = 4.3 weeks)
- 1,032
 - 1,320
 - 1,310
 - 1,300

- 480.** The Benton High School girls' relay team ran the mile in 6.32 minutes in April. By May, they were able to run the same race in 6.099 minutes. By how many minutes had their time improved?
- a. 0.221
 - b. 0.339
 - c. 0.467
 - d. 0.67

S E C T I O N

4



Percentages

The following 10 sets of problems deal with percentages, which, like decimals, are a special kind of fraction. Percentages have many everyday uses, from figuring the tip in a restaurant to understanding complicated interest and inflation rates. This section will give you practice in working with the relationship between percents, decimals, and fractions, and with changing one into another. You will also practice ratios and proportions, which are similar to percentages.

► Set 31 (Answers begin on page 186.)

- 481.** $7\% =$
- 7.0
 - 0.7
 - 0.07
 - 0.007
- 482.** $4\% =$
- 0.04
 - 0.4
 - 4.0
 - 0.004
- 483.** $25\% =$
- 0.025
 - 0.25
 - 2.5
 - 2.05
- 484.** $2.06\% =$
- 2.06
 - 0.206
 - 0.0206
 - 206
- 485.** $300\% =$
- 0.03
 - 0.3
 - 3.0
 - 30.0
- 486.** $0.05 =$
- 0.50%
 - 5.0%
 - 50.0%
 - 500%
- 487.** $6\frac{1}{4}\% =$
- 0.625%
 - 6.25%
 - 62.5%
 - 625%
- 488.** $0.005\% =$
- 0.00005
 - 0.0005
 - 0.005
 - 0.05
- 489.** $\frac{1}{4}\% =$
- 0.0025%
 - 0.025%
 - 0.25%
 - 25.0%
- 490.** $\frac{1}{4} =$
- 25%
 - 0.25%
 - 0.025%
 - 0.0025%
- 491.** 0.97 is equal to
- 97%
 - 9.7%
 - 0.97%
 - 0.097%
- 492.** 10% converted to a fraction =
- $\frac{100}{10}$
 - $\frac{1}{10}$
 - $\frac{10}{1}$
 - $\frac{10}{10}$

493. 350% converted to a mixed number =

- a. $35\frac{1}{2}$
- b. $3\frac{1}{2}$
- c. $0.3\frac{1}{2}$
- d. 0.350

495. 80% of 400 =

- a. 480
- b. 340
- c. 320
- d. 180

494. 24% converted to a fraction =

- a. $\frac{1}{24}$
- b. $\frac{6}{24}$
- c. $\frac{1}{25}$
- d. $\frac{6}{25}$

496. 60% of 390 =

- a. 234
- b. 190
- c. 180
- d. 134

► Set 32 (Answers begin on page 186.)

- 497.** 42% of 997 =
- 990.24
 - 499.44
 - 450.24
 - 418.74
- 498.** 300% of 20 =
- 7
 - 20
 - 30
 - 60
- 499.** 20% of 96 =
- 19.2
 - 1.92
 - 0.92
 - 0.092
- 500.** 26% converted to a decimal =
- 0.0026
 - 0.026
 - 0.26
 - 2.6
- 501.** Which of the following is 14 percent of 232?
- 3.248
 - 32.48
 - 16.57
 - 165.7
- 502.** What percentage of 18,000 is 234?
- 1,300%
 - 130%
 - 13%
 - 1.3%
- 503.** What percentage of 600 is 750?
- 80%
 - 85%
 - 110%
 - 125%
- 504.** What is $7\frac{1}{5}\%$ of 465, rounded to the nearest tenth?
- 32.5
 - 33
 - 33.5
 - 34
- 505.** 62.5% is equal to
- $\frac{1}{16}$.
 - $\frac{5}{8}$.
 - $6\frac{1}{4}$.
 - $6\frac{2}{5}$.
- 506.** Convert $\frac{7}{40}$ to a percentage.
- 0.0175%
 - 0.175%
 - 1.75%
 - 17.5%
- 507.** Approximately how much money is a 20% tip on a restaurant bill of \$16?
- \$0.32
 - \$3.20
 - \$6.40
 - \$12.80
- 508.** Approximately how much money is a 15% tip on a restaurant bill of \$24?
- \$2.40
 - \$3.20
 - \$3.60
 - \$4.80

509. What is 43.4% of 15?

- a. 1.43
- b. 4.91
- c. 6.00
- d. 6.51

510. What is 0.2% of 20?

- a. 4.0
- b. 0.4
- c. 0.04
- d. 0.0044

511. What is 44% of 5?

- a. 0.22
- b. 2.2
- c. 2.02
- d. 0.0022

512. 80% is equivalent to

- a. 0.8 and $\frac{8}{10}$.
- b. 8.0 and $\frac{8}{10}$.
- c. 0.8 and $\frac{10}{8}$.
- d. 0.08 and $\frac{8}{8}$.

► Set 33 (Answers begin on page 187.)

- 513.** 35% of what number is equal to 14?
- 4
 - 40
 - 49
 - 400
- 514.** Which of the following phrases means “percent”?
- “per part”
 - “per 100 parts”
 - “per fraction”
 - “per decimal”
- 515.** Which of the following terms is best described as “a comparison of two numbers?”
- variable
 - coefficient
 - ratio
 - radical
- 516.** Which of the following is equal to 0.13?
- 13
 - $\frac{13}{100}$
 - $\frac{13}{13}$
 - $\frac{100}{13}$
- 517.** Which operation does the fraction bar in a fraction represent?
- addition
 - subtraction
 - multiplication
 - division
- 518.** What percent of 50 is 12?
- 4%
 - 14%
 - 24%
 - 0.4%
- 519.** 33 is 12% of what number?
- 3,300
 - 330
 - 275
 - 99
- 520.** Change $\frac{4}{25}$ to a percent.
- 4%
 - 16%
 - 40%
 - 100%
- 521.** $0.8 =$
- 8%
 - 0.8%
 - 80%
 - 800%
- 522.** $\frac{1}{4} \times 100\% =$
- 25%
 - 0.25%
 - 2%
 - 2.5%
- 523.** Membership dues at Arnold’s Gym are \$53 per month this year, but were \$50 per month last year. What was the percentage increase in the gym’s prices?
- 5.5%
 - 6.0%
 - 6.5%
 - 7.0%

- 524.** Lucille spent 12% of her weekly earnings on DVDs and deposited the rest into her savings account. If she spent \$42 on DVDs, how much did she deposit into her savings account?
- a. \$42
 - b. \$308
 - c. \$318
 - d. \$350
- 525.** Yetta just got a raise of $3\frac{1}{4}\%$. Her original salary was \$30,600. How much does she make now?
- a. \$30,594.50
 - b. \$31,594.50
 - c. \$32,094.50
 - d. \$32,940.50
- 527.** Gloria has finished reading 30% of a 340-page novel. How many pages has she read?
- a. 102
 - b. 103
 - c. 105
 - d. 113
- 528.** Ten students from the 250-student senior class at Jefferson High School have received full college scholarships. What percentage of the senior class received full college scholarships?
- a. 2%
 - b. 4%
 - c. 10%
 - d. 25%

Use the following passage to answer question 526.

Basic cable television service, which includes 16 channels, costs \$15 a month. The initial labor fee to install the service is \$25. A \$65 deposit is required but will be refunded within two years if the customer's bills are paid in full. Other cable services may be added to the basic service: the movie channel service is \$9.40 a month; the news channels are \$7.50 a month; the arts channels are \$5.00 a month; the sports channels are \$4.80 a month.

- 526.** A customer's cable television bill totaled \$20 a month. Using the passage above, what portion of the bill was for basic cable service?
- a. 25%
 - b. 33%
 - c. 50%
 - d. 75%

► Set 34 (Answers begin on page 188.)

- 529.** Kirsten's dinner at a local restaurant cost \$13.85. If she wants to leave the server a tip that equals 20% of the cost of her dinner, how much of a tip should she leave?
- \$2.00
 - \$2.67
 - \$2.77
 - \$3.65
- 530.** This month, attendance at the baseball stadium was 150% of the attendance last month. If attendance this month was 280,000, what was the attendance last month, rounded to the nearest whole number?
- 140,000
 - 176,670
 - 186,667
 - 205,556
- 531.** Edward purchased a house for \$70,000. Five years later, he sold it for an 18% profit. What was his selling price?
- \$82,600
 - \$83,600
 - \$85,500
 - \$88,000
- 532.** The price of gasoline drops from \$1.00 per gallon to \$0.95 per gallon. What is the percent of decrease?
- 2%
 - 3%
 - 4%
 - 5%
- 533.** A certain power company gives a $1\frac{1}{2}\%$ discount if a customer pays the bill at least ten days before the due date. If Inez pays her \$48.50 bill ten days early, how much money will she save, rounded to the nearest cent?
- \$0.49
 - \$0.73
 - \$1.50
 - \$7.28
- 534.** Each year, on average, 24 of the 480 students at a certain high school are members of the science team. What percentage of students is on the science team?
- .05%
 - .5%
 - 5%
 - 15%
- 535.** Marty and Phyllis arrive late for a movie and miss 10% of it. The movie is 90 minutes long. How many minutes did they miss?
- 10 minutes
 - 9 minutes
 - 8 minutes
 - 7 minutes
- 536.** Jeremy ate 3 ounces of a 16-ounce carton of ice cream. What percentage of the carton did he eat?
- 18.75%
 - 17.25%
 - 19.50%
 - 16.75%

- 537.** Wendy's pay is \$423.00; 19 percent of that is subtracted for taxes. How much is her take-home pay?
- \$404.44
 - \$355.46
 - \$350.42
 - \$455.45
- 538.** In the accounting department at a university, 60% of the students are women and 250 of the students are men. How many accounting students are there in all?
- 40
 - 375
 - 675
 - 625
- 539.** A ticket to an evening movie at a theater costs \$7.50. The cost of popcorn at the concession stand is equal to 80% of the cost of a ticket. How much does the popcorn cost?
- \$5.50
 - \$6.00
 - \$6.50
 - \$7.00
- 540.** This week the stock market closed at 8,990 points. Last week it closed at 7,865 points. What was the percentage of increase this week, rounded to the nearest whole number percent?
- 14%
 - 15%
 - 85%
 - 86%
- 541.** Veronique borrowed \$10,000.00 from her Uncle Kevin and agreed to pay him 4.5% interest, compounded yearly. How much interest did she owe the first year?
- \$145.00
 - \$100.00
 - \$400.00
 - \$450.00
- 542.** Rookie police officers have to buy duty shoes at the full price of \$84.50, but officers who have served at least a year get a 15% discount. Officers who have served at least three years get an additional 10% off the discounted price. How much does an officer who has served at least three years have to pay for shoes?
- \$63.78
 - \$64.65
 - \$71.83
 - \$72.05
- 543.** At the city park, 32% of the trees are oaks. If there are 400 trees in the park, how many trees are NOT oaks?
- 128
 - 272
 - 278
 - 312
- 544.** The town of Centerville spends 15% of its annual budget on its public library. If Centerville spent \$3,000 on its public library this year, what was its annual budget this year?
- \$15,000
 - \$20,000
 - \$35,000
 - \$45,000

SET 35 (Answers begin on page 189.)

- 545.** Of the 1,200 videos available for rent at a certain video store, 420 are comedies. What percent of the videos are comedies?
- $28\frac{1}{2}\%$
 - 30%
 - 32%
 - 35%
- 546.** Toby, a Golden Retriever, gained 5.1 pounds this month. If Toby now weighs 65.1 pounds, what is the percent increase in Toby's weight?
- 5.9%
 - 6%
 - 8.5%
 - 9.1%
- 547.** Glenda bought a sofa-sleeper at a 10% off sale and paid the sale price of \$575.00. What was the price, rounded to the nearest cent, of the sofa-sleeper before the sale?
- \$585.00
 - \$587.56
 - \$633.89
 - \$638.89
- 548.** Nathan saves $5\frac{1}{4}\%$ of his weekly salary. If Nathan earns \$380.00 per week, how much does he save each week?
- \$19.95
 - \$20.52
 - \$21.95
 - \$25.20
- 549.** Erin has completed 70% of her homework. If she has been doing homework for 42 minutes, how many more minutes does she have left to work?
- 15
 - 18
 - 20.5
 - 28
- 550.** Terrill cuts a piece of rope into three pieces. One piece is 8 feet long, one piece is 7 feet long, and one piece is 5 feet long. The shortest piece of rope is what percent of the original length before the rope was cut?
- 4%
 - 18.5%
 - 20%
 - 25%
- 551.** Pam's monthly food budget is equal to 40% of her monthly house payment. If her food budget is \$200.00 a month, how much is her house payment each month?
- \$340.00
 - \$400.00
 - \$500.00
 - \$540.00
- 552.** If container A holds 8 gallons of water, and container B holds 12% more than container A, how many gallons of water does container B hold?
- 8.12
 - 8.48
 - 8.96
 - 9

- 553.** Thirty-five cents is what percent of \$1.40?
- 25
 - 40
 - 45
 - 105
- 554.** The White-Bright Toothbrush Company hired 30 new employees. This hiring increased the company's total workforce by 5%. How many employees now work at White-Bright?
- 530
 - 600
 - 605
 - 630
- 555.** Matthew had 200 baseball cards. He sold 5% of the cards on Saturday and 10% of the remaining cards on Sunday. How many cards are left?
- 170
 - 171
 - 175
 - 185
- 556.** Kate spent 45% of the money that was in her wallet. If she spent \$9.50, how much money was in her wallet to begin with? Round to the nearest cent.
- \$4.28
 - \$4.38
 - \$14.49
 - \$21.11
- 557.** Steve earned a $4\frac{3}{4}\%$ pay raise. If his salary was \$27,400 before the raise, how much was his salary after the raise?
- \$27,530.15
 - \$28,601.50
 - \$28,701.50
 - \$29,610.50
- 558.** The temperature in Sun Village reached 100 degrees or more about 15% percent of the past year. About how many days did the temperature in Sun Village climb to 100 or climb to 100 or more? (1 year = 365 days) Round your answer.
- 45
 - 54
 - 55
 - 67
- 559.** A certain radio station plays classical music during 20% of its airtime. If the station is on the air 24 hours a day, how many hours each day is the station NOT playing classical music?
- 8
 - 15.6
 - 18.2
 - 19.2
- 560.** In order to pass a certain exam, candidates must answer 70% of the test questions correctly. If there are 70 questions on the exam, how many questions must be answered correctly in order to pass?
- 49
 - 52
 - 56
 - 60

► Set 36 (Answers begin on page 190.)

- 561.** Of 150 people polled, 105 said they rode the city bus at least 3 times per week. How many people out of 100,000 could be expected to ride the city bus at least 3 times each week?
- 55,000
 - 70,000
 - 72,500
 - 75,000
- 562.** Of 360 students polled, 150 participate in extracurricular activities. Approximately what percent of the students DO NOT participate in extracurricular activities?
- 32%
 - 42%
 - 52%
 - 58%
- 563.** Kate earns \$26,000 a year. If she receives a 4.5% salary increase, how much will she earn?
- \$26,450
 - \$27,170
 - \$27,260
 - \$29,200
- 564.** A sprinkler system installed in a home that is under construction will cost about 1.5% of the total building cost. The same system, installed after the home is built, is about 4% of the total building cost. How much would a homeowner save by installing a sprinkler system in a \$150,000 home while the home is still under construction?
- \$600
 - \$2,250
 - \$3,750
 - \$6,000
- 565.** Out of 100 shoppers polled, 80 said they buy fresh fruit every week. How many shoppers out of 30,000 could be expected to buy fresh fruit every week?
- 2,400
 - 6,000
 - 22,000
 - 24,000
- 566.** The novel that Lynn is reading contains 435 pages. So far, she has read 157 pages. Approximately what percent of the novel has she read?
- 34%
 - 36%
 - 44%
 - 64%
- 567.** While planning for an event, 40% of the members of a committee attended a meeting. If there are a total of 75 members on the committee, how many of the members attended this meeting?
- 25
 - 30
 - 35
 - 40
- 568.** A pump installed on a well can pump at a maximum rate of 100 gallons per minute. If the town requires 15,000 gallons of water in one day, how long would the pump have to continuously run at 75% of its maximum rate to meet the town's need?
- 112.5 minutes
 - 150 minutes
 - 200 minutes
 - 300 minutes

- 569.** A company makes several items, including filing cabinets. One-third of their business consists of filing cabinets, and 60% of their filing cabinets are sold to businesses. What percent of their total business consists of filing cabinets sold to businesses?
- 20%
 - 33%
 - 40%
 - 60%

- 570.** A gram of fat contains 9 calories. An 1,800-calorie diet allows no more than 20% calories from fat. How many grams of fat are allowed in that diet?
- 40 g
 - 90 g
 - 200 g
 - 360 g

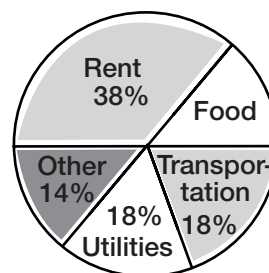
- 571.** Mr. Beard's temperature is 98 degrees Fahrenheit. What is his temperature in degrees Celsius? $C = \frac{5}{9}(F - 32)$
- 35.8
 - 36.7
 - 37.6
 - 31.1

- 572.** After having a meal at a restaurant, Jared is charged 9% of the cost of the meal in sales tax. In addition, he wants to leave 15% of the cost of the meal before tax as a tip for the server. If the meal costs \$24.95 before tax and the tip, what is the total amount he needs to pay for the meal, tax, and tip?
- \$5.99
 - \$28.69
 - \$30.94
 - \$47.41

- 573.** Of the 4,528 students at a college, 1,132 take a language class. What percentage of the students takes a language class?
- 4%
 - 20%
 - 25%
 - 40%

Use the following pie chart to answer questions 574 and 575.

Harold's Monthly Budget



- 574.** What should be the percent label for food?
- 12%
 - 18%
 - 28%
 - 38%
- 575.** If the Harold's monthly income is \$2,450, how much does he spend on rent each month?
- \$686
 - \$735
 - \$882
 - \$931
- 576.** A shirt that regularly costs \$34 is marked down 15%. What is the sale price of the shirt?
- \$19.00
 - \$28.90
 - \$29.50
 - \$33.85

► **Set 37** (Answers begin on page 191.)

577. During exercise, a person's heart rate should be between sixty and ninety percent of the difference between 220 and the person's age. According to this guideline, what should a 30-year-old person's maximum heart rate be during exercise?

- a. 114
- b. 132
- c. 171
- d. 198

578. A class enrollment of 30 students was increased by 20%. What is the new class size?

- a. 36 students
- b. 39 students
- c. 42 students
- d. 50 students

579. A dishwasher on sale for \$279 has an original price of \$350. What is the percent of discount, rounded to the nearest percent?

- a. 20%
- b. 25%
- c. 26%
- d. 71%

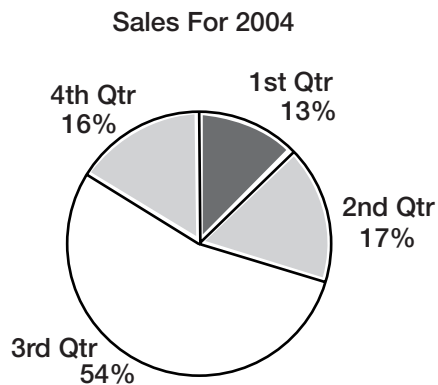
580. For half of all allergy sufferers, a prescription reduces the number of symptoms by 50%. What percentage of all allergy symptoms can be eliminated by this prescription?

- a. 25%
- b. 50%
- c. 75%
- d. 100%

581. There are 171 men and 129 women enrolled in a program. What percentage of this program is made up of women?

- a. 13%
- b. 43%
- c. 57%
- d. 75%

Use the following pie chart to answer question 582.



582. The chart shows quarterly sales for Cool-Air's air-conditioning units. Which of the following combinations contributed 70% to the total?

- a. first and second quarters
- b. second and third quarters
- c. second and fourth quarters
- d. third and fourth quarters

583. In the Valleyview school district last year, 315 students played on a sports team. Of those, 40% were also involved in the music program. How many students on sports teams were NOT involved in the music program?

- a. 60
- b. 126
- c. 189
- d. 216

- 584.** A floor plan is drawn to scale so that one quarter inch represents 2 feet. If a hall on the plan is 4 inches long, how long will the actual hall be when it is built?
- 2 feet
 - 8 feet
 - 16 feet
 - 32 feet
- 585.** The markup on a pair of sneakers is 150%. If the sneakers originally cost \$45, what is the price after the markup?
- \$22.50
 - \$57.50
 - \$67.50
 - \$112.50
- 586.** An insurance policy pays 80% of the first \$20,000 of a certain patient's medical expenses, 60% of the next \$40,000, and 40% of the \$40,000 after that. If the patient's total medical bill is \$92,000, how much will the policy pay?
- \$36,800
 - \$49,600
 - \$52,800
 - \$73,600
- 587.** A pump installed on a well can pump at a maximum rate of 100 gallons per minute. If the pump runs at 50% of its maximum rate for six hours a day, how much water is pumped in one day?
- 3,000 gallons
 - 18,000 gallons
 - 36,000 gallons
 - 72,000 gallons
- 588.** Melissa can grade five of her students' papers in an hour. Joe can grade four of the same papers in an hour. If Melissa works for three hours grading, and Joe works for two hours, what percentage of the 50 students' papers will be graded?
- 44%
 - 46%
 - 52%
 - 54%
- 589.** Dimitri has 40 math problems to do for homework. If he does 40% of the assignment in one hour, how long will it take for Dimitri to complete the whole assignment?
- 1.5 hours
 - 2.0 hours
 - 2.5 hours
 - 3.0 hours
- 590.** The population of Smithtown increases at a rate of 3% annually. If the population is currently 2,500, what will the population be at the same time next year?
- 2,530
 - 2,560
 - 2,575
 - 2,800

- 591.** The Chen family traveled 75 miles to visit relatives. If they traveled 57.8% of the way before they stopped at a gas station, how far was the gas station from their relatives' house? Round your answer to the nearest $\frac{1}{3}$ mile.
- a. $31\frac{2}{3}$ miles
 - b. $32\frac{2}{3}$ miles
 - c. 35 miles
 - d. $38\frac{1}{3}$ miles

- 592.** A recent survey polled 2,500 people about their reading habits. The results are as follows:

Reading Survey

Books per month	Percentage
0	13
1–3	27
4–6	32
>6	28

How many people surveyed had read books in the last month?

- a. 700
- b. 1,800
- c. 1,825
- d. 2,175

► **Set 38** (Answers begin on page 192.)

- 593.** A machine on a production line produces parts that are not acceptable by company standards four percent of the time. If the machine produces 500 parts, how many will be defective?
- 8
 - 10
 - 16
 - 20
- 594.** Thirty percent of the high school is involved in athletics. If 15% of the athletes play football, what percentage of the whole school plays football?
- 4.5%
 - 9.0%
 - 15%
 - 30%
- 595.** Twenty percent of the people at a restaurant selected the dinner special. If 40 people did not select the special, how many people are eating at the restaurant?
- 10
 - 20
 - 40
 - 50
- 596.** An average of 90% is needed on five tests to receive an A in a class. If a student received scores of 95, 85, 88, and 84 on the first four tests, what will the student need on the fifth test to get an A?
- 92
 - 94
 - 96
 - 98

Use the diagram below to answer questions 597 and 598.

Current Fire Statistics

Cause	Fires (% of Total)	Civilian Deaths (% of Total)
Heating equipment	161,500 (27.5%)	770 (16.8%)
Cooking equipment	104,800 (17.8%)	350 (7.7%)
Incendiary, suspicious	65,400 (11.1%)	620 (13.6%)
Electrical equipment	45,700 (7.8%)	440 (9.6%)
Other equipment	43,000 (7.3%)	240 (5.3%)
Smoking materials	39,300 (6.7%)	1,320 (28.9%)
Appliances, air conditioning	36,200 (6.2%)	120 (2.7%)
Exposure and other heat	28,600 (4.8%)	191 (4.2%)
Open flame	27,200 (4.6%)	130 (2.9%)
Child play	26,900 (4.6%)	370 (8.1%)
Natural causes	9,200 (1.6%)	10 (0.2%)

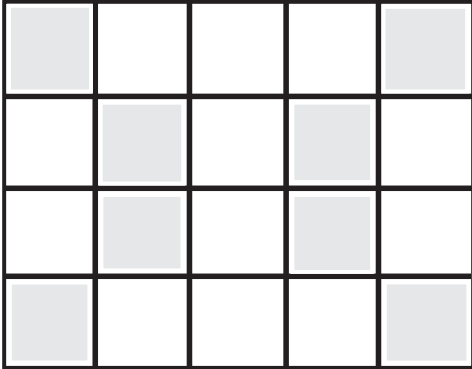
- 597.** Only $\frac{3}{8}$ of the students in Charlie's class bring their lunch to school each day. What percentage of the students brings their lunch?
- 12.5%
 - 24.5%
 - 34.5%
 - 37.5%
- 598.** What is 90% of 90?
- 9
 - 18
 - 81
 - 89

- 599.** The City Bus Department operates 200 bus routes. Of these, $5\frac{1}{2}\%$ are express routes. How many express routes are there?
- 11
 - 15
 - 22
 - 25
- 600.** Twelve is 20% of what number?
- 5
 - 20
 - 60
 - 240
- 601.** A certain baseball player gets a hit about 3 out of every 12 times he is at bat. What percentage of the time he is at bat does he get a hit?
- 25%
 - 32%
 - 35%
 - 40%
- 602.** Herschel has worked 40% of his 8-hour shift at the widget factory. How many hours has he worked?
- 3 hours
 - 3.2 hours
 - 3.4 hours
 - 3.5 hours
- 603.** Eighteen of the 45 guests at a banquet ordered seafood for dinner. What percent of the guests ordered a seafood meal?
- 18%
 - 33%
 - 40%
 - 45%
- 604.** Paolo estimates that his college expenses this year will be \$26,000; however, he wishes to add 15% to that amount in case of emergency. How much should Paolo try to add to his college fund?
- \$1,733
 - \$2,900
 - \$3,000
 - \$3,900
- 605.** Because it was her birthday, Patty spent 325% more than she usually spends for lunch. If she usually spends \$4.75 per day for lunch, how much did she spend today?
- \$9.50
 - \$15.44
 - \$20.19
 - \$32.50
- 606.** Eddie weighed 230 pounds in 2003. Today he weighs 196 pounds. About what percentage of weight has he lost since 2003?
- 15%
 - 24%
 - 30%
 - 34%

- 607.** A discount retail store gives a 5% discount to senior citizens. If a customer who is a senior citizen wants to purchase an item that costs \$45, what is the final cost after the discount is applied?
- a. \$2.25
 - b. \$42.75
 - c. \$47.25
 - d. \$50.00
- 608.** Pahana took a 250-question physics test and got 94% of the answers correct. How many questions did he answer correctly?
- a. 240 questions
 - b. 235 questions
 - c. 230 questions
 - d. 225 questions

► **Set 39** (Answers begin on page 193.)

609. What percent of the figure is shaded?



- a. 20%
- b. 25%
- c. 40%
- d. 50%

610. After taxes are taken out, Tim's net paycheck is \$363.96. If 28% of his pay goes to taxes, what is his gross pay before taxes?

- a. \$101.91
- b. \$1299.86
- c. \$465.87
- d. \$505.50

611. At a clothing store, 8% of the dresses are designer dresses and the rest are not. If there are 300 dresses at the boutique, how many are NOT designer dresses?

- a. 136
- b. 276
- c. 296
- d. 292

612. Ben spends 15% of his weekly budget on transportation. This week he spent \$48 on transportation. What was his weekly budget this week?

- a. \$720
- b. \$520
- c. \$305
- d. \$320

613. There are 26 pies in the county fair pie contest this year. Of these, 4 are peach. About what percent of the pies are peach?

- a. 4%
- b. 9%
- c. 12%
- d. 15%

614. Michelle earned \$4 last week selling baked goods. If she earns \$36 this week, what is the percent of increase over last week's total?

- a. 32%
- b. 36%
- c. 80%
- d. 800%

615. A sweater that originally costs \$34.99 is marked up 25%. How much does the sweater cost after the markup?

- a. \$8.25
- b. \$8.75
- c. \$2.50
- d. \$43.74

- 616.** Martha bought a lawnmower on sale for 35% off and paid \$298.35. What was the price of the lawnmower before it was marked down?
- \$193.93
 - \$333.35
 - \$350.50
 - \$459.00
- 617.** Barbara buys six dolls and saves $3\frac{1}{2}\%$ of the total price by buying in bulk. If each doll originally costs \$300, how much does Barbara save?
- \$10.50
 - \$54.00
 - \$63.00
 - \$75.00
- 618.** Martin, a motel housekeeper, has finished cleaning about 40% of the 32 rooms he's been assigned. About how many more rooms does he have left to clean?
- 29
 - 25
 - 21
 - 19
- 619.** Garth cuts a piece of rope into three pieces. One piece is 5 inches long, one piece is 4 inches long, and one piece is 3 inches long. The longest piece of rope is approximately what percent of the original length before the rope was cut?
- 33%
 - 42%
 - 50%
 - 55%
- 620.** Robert's monthly utility bill is equal to 60% of his monthly rent, which is \$500 per month. How much is Robert's utility bill each month?
- \$560
 - \$440
 - \$300
 - \$200
- 621.** Forty cents is what percent of \$1.30?
- 40%
 - 31%
 - 20%
 - 11%
- 622.** In the high school choir, the ratio of males to females is 3 to 2. What percentage of the choir is female?
- 40%
 - 60%
 - 67%
 - 150%
- 623.** In a city last year, the ratio of rainy days to sunny days was 3 to 4. Approximately what percent of days were sunny last year?
- 43%
 - 57%
 - 75%
 - 133%
- 624.** Toby had a bag of 48 candies. He ate 25% of the candies for dessert one evening and then shared 25% of the remaining candies with his friends. About how many candies are now left?
- 9
 - 12
 - 24
 - 27

► Set 40 (Answers begin on page 194.)

- 625.** Hilga and Jerome leave from different points walking directly towards each other. Hilga walks $2\frac{1}{2}$ miles per hour and Jerome walks 4 miles per hour. If they meet in $2\frac{1}{2}$ hours, how far apart were they?
- 9 miles
 - 13 miles
 - $16\frac{1}{4}$ miles
 - $18\frac{1}{2}$ miles
- 626.** Fifteen percent of 40 beagles offered dry or canned dog food chose dry dog food. How many beagles chose canned food?
- 34
 - 32
 - 8
 - 6
- 627.** Lucy and Ethel dropped one of every eight chocolates from the conveyer belt onto the floor. What percentage of chocolates did they drop on the floor?
- 12.5%
 - 13.2%
 - 14.5%
 - 15.2%
- 628.** Philbert gave the pizza delivery person a tip of \$4.00, which was 20% of his total bill for the pizza he ordered. How much did the pizza cost?
- \$30.00
 - \$25.00
 - \$15.00
 - \$20.00
- 629.** A popular news show broadcasts for an hour. During that time, there are 15 minutes of commercials. What percentage of the hour is devoted to commercials?
- 15%
 - 35%
 - 25%
 - 45%
- 630.** Manuelita had 75 stuffed animals. Her grandmother gave fifteen of them to her. What percentage of the stuffed animals did her grandmother give her?
- 20%
 - 15%
 - 25%
 - 10%
- 631.** At the garage, Xena's bill to have her car repaired was \$320.00. The total charge for labor was \$80.00. What percentage of the bill was for labor?
- 15%
 - 20%
 - 25%
 - 30%
- 632.** Roger has completed 78% of his 200-page thesis. How many pages has he written?
- 150 pages
 - 156 pages
 - 165 pages
 - 160 pages

- 633.** A house is valued at \$185,000, in a community that assesses property at 85% of value. If the tax rate is \$24.85 per thousand dollars assessed, how much is the property tax bill?
- a. \$1,480
 - b. \$1,850
 - c. \$3,907.66
 - d. \$4,597.25
- 634.** The Owens family is buying a \$100,000 house with 5% down payment at closing and a mortgage for \$95,000. They must pay an upfront mortgage insurance premium (MIP) at closing of 2.5% of the mortgage amount. In addition, they must pay miscellaneous other closing costs of \$1,000. How much money will they need at the closing?
- a. \$29,750
 - b. \$8,500
 - c. \$8,375
 - d. \$6,000
- 635.** After paying a commission to his broker of 7% of the sale price, a seller receives \$103,000 for his house. How much did the house sell for?
- a. \$95,790
 - b. \$110,000
 - c. \$110,420
 - d. \$110,753
- 636.** Simon Hersch, a salesperson associated with broker Bob King, lists a house for \$115,000, with 6% commission due at closing, and finds a buyer. Bob King's practice is that 45% of commissions go to his office and the rest to the salesperson. How much will Simon Hersch make on the sale?
- a. \$3,105
 - b. \$3,240
 - c. \$3,795
 - d. \$3,960
- 637.** A storekeeper leases her store building for the following amount: \$1,000 per month rent, $\frac{1}{12}$ of the \$18,000 annual tax bill, and 3% of the gross receipts from her store. If the storekeeper takes in \$75,000 in one month, what will her lease payment be?
- a. \$4,750
 - b. \$3,750
 - c. \$3,250
 - d. \$7,400
- 638.** The appraised value of a property is \$325,000, assessed at 90% of its appraisal. If the tax rate for the year is \$2.90 per thousand of assessment, how much are the taxes for the first half of the year?
- a. \$471.25
 - b. \$424.13
 - c. \$942.50
 - d. \$848.25

639. The seller accepts an offer to purchase a house for \$395,000. After paying a brokerage fee that is 5.5% of the sale price, other settlement fees totaling 4% of the sale price, and paying off a loan of \$300,000, what are the seller's net proceeds?

- a. \$57,475
- b. \$73,275
- c. \$58,344
- d. \$373,275

640. In constructing her financial report, Noel Carpenter estimates that her real estate holdings have appreciated by 18% since purchase. If the original value was \$585,000, what would her balance sheet show now?

- a. \$690,300
- b. \$585,000
- c. \$479,700
- d. \$526,500

S E C T I O N

5



Algebra

Basic algebra problems, such as those in the following 11 sets, ask you to solve equations in which one element, or more than one, is unknown and generally indicated by a letter of the alphabet (often either x or y). In doing the following problems, you will get practice in isolating numbers on one side of the equation and unknowns on the other, thus finding the replacement for the unknown. You'll also practice expressing a problem in algebraic form, particularly when you get to the word problems. Other skills you will practice include working with exponents and roots, factoring, and dealing with polynomial expressions.

► Set 41 (Answers begin on page 196.)

- 641.** Which of the following is a translation of the statement $4x + 5 = 21$?
- 5 more than 4 times a number is 21
 - 4 more than 5 times a number is 21
 - 5 less than 4 times a number is 21
 - 9 times a number is 21
- 642.** If $2x = 20$, then x is
- 5.
 - 10.
 - 20.
 - 40.
- 643.** If $8n + 25 = 65$, then n is
- 5.
 - 10.
 - 40.
 - 90.
- 644.** The sum of a number and its double is 69. What is the number?
- 46.6
 - 34.5
 - 23
 - 20
- 645.** Twelve less than 4 times a number is 20. What is the number?
- 2
 - 4
 - 6
 - 8
- 646.** A certain number when added to 50% of itself is 27. What is the number?
- 7
 - 9
 - 11
 - 18
- 647.** One-sixth of a certain number is four more than one-twelfth the number. Find the number.
- 6
 - 18
 - 36
 - 48
- 648.** Six less than $\frac{1}{9}$ of 45 is
- 1.
 - 2.
 - 1.
 - 3.
- 649.** Twelve times one-half of a number is thirty-six. What is the number?
- 3
 - 6
 - 8
 - 18
- 650.** If $3n + 4n = 42$, then n is
- 4.
 - 6.
 - 7.
 - 21.

- 651.** When both seven and three are taken away from a number the result is 31. What is the number?
- a. 20
 - b. 36
 - c. 41
 - d. 55
- 652.** Thirty-five is what percent of 90?
- a. 0.25%
 - b. 0.38%
 - c. 25%
 - d. 39%
- 653.** Six less than three times a number is four more than twice the number. Find the number.
- a. 44
 - b. 2
 - c. 1
 - d. 10
- 654.** The product of 16 and one-half a number is 136. Find the number.
- a. 84
 - b. 16
 - c. 76
 - d. 17
- 655.** Twelve more than 30 percent of a number is one-half the number. Find the number.
- a. 4
 - b. 18
 - c. 60
 - d. 72
- 656.** Two times a number is the result when 7 times a number is taken away from 99. Find the number.
- a. 85
 - b. 11
 - c. 46
 - d. 9

► Set 42 (Answers begin on page 196.)

- 657.** Forty-five together with nine-fifths of a number is twice the number. What is the number?
- 23.4
 - 162
 - 26
 - 225
- 658.** The statement $x + y = y + x$ is an example of what number property?
- Commutative Property of Addition
 - Associative Property of Addition
 - Identity Property of Addition
 - Inverse Property of Addition
- 659.** What is the value of the expression $ab - 3c$ when $a = -4$, $b = 5$ and $c = -3$?
- 29
 - 26
 - 11
 - 20
- 660.** Nineteen more than a certain number is 63. What is the number?
- 14
 - 44
 - 58
 - 82
- 661.** A number is three times larger when 10 is added to it. What is the number?
- 33
 - 7
 - 13
 - 5
- 662.** Which value of x will make this number sentence false? $x \geq 8$
- 7
 - 8
 - 9
 - 100
- 663.** In the equation $4p - 10 - 2p = 16$, what is p equal to?
- 2
 - 6
 - 13
 - 26
- 664.** Fifty plus three times a number is 74. What is the number?
- 2
 - 4
 - 6
 - 8
- 665.** The product of two and four more than three times a number is 20. What is the number?
- 2
 - 16
 - 44
 - 87
- 666.** To solve for an unknown in an equation, you must always
- add it in.
 - subtract it from.
 - isolate it on one side.
 - eliminate the inequality.

- 667.** What is the value of y when $x = 3$ and $y = 5 + 4x$?
- 6
 - 9
 - 12
 - 17
- 668.** What is the value of the expression $\frac{xy + yz}{xy}$ when $x = 1$, $y = 3$ and $z = 6$?
- 3
 - 7
 - 12
 - 21
- 669.** Which of the following is an example of the Associative Property of Multiplication?
- $a(b + c) = ab + ac$
 - $ab = ba$
 - $a(bc) = (ab)c$
 - $a \times 1 = a$
- 670.** What is the greatest common factor of the following monomials? $3x^2$, $12x$, $6x^3$
- 12
 - $3x$
 - $6x$
 - $3x^2$
- 671.** Which value of x will make this number sentence true? $x + 25 \leq 13$
- 13
 - 11
 - 12
 - 38
- 672.** $\frac{x}{4} + \frac{3x}{4} =$
- $\frac{1}{2}x$
 - $\frac{x^3}{4}$
 - 1
 - x

► Set 43 (Answers begin on page 197.)

- 673.** Which of the following lists three consecutive even integers whose sum is 30?
- 9,10,11
 - 8,10,12
 - 9,11,13
 - 10,12,14
- 674.** Which of the following represents the factors of the trinomial $x^2 + 6x + 9$?
- $x(x + 9)$
 - $(x + 6)(x + 9)$
 - $(x + 3)(x + 6)$
 - $(x + 3)2$
- 675.** If $\frac{2x}{16} = \frac{12}{48}$, what is x ?
- 2
 - 3
 - 4
 - 5
- 676.** Which value of x will make the following inequality true? $12x - 1 < 35$
- 2
 - 3
 - 4
 - 5
- 677.** Which of the following is a simplification of $(x^2 + 4x + 4) \div (x + 2)$?
- $x - 2$
 - $x + 4$
 - $x^2 + 3x + 2$
 - $x + 2$
- 678.** Which of the following is equivalent to $x^2 + 3x$?
- $x(x + 3)$
 - $2(x + 3)$
 - $(x + 3)^2$
 - $(x + 1)(x + 3)$
- 679.** When twenty-three is added to a number ninety-nine is the result. What is the number?
- 67
 - 76
 - 108
 - 122
- 680.** Which of the following is equivalent to $4n^2(5np + p^2)$?
- $20n^2p + p^2$
 - $20n^3p + p^2$
 - $20n^3p + 4p^2$
 - $20n^3p + 4n^2p^2$
- 681.** Simplify the expression: $\frac{x^2 + 2x - 15}{x + 5}$.
- $x + 5$
 - $x + 3$
 - $x - 5$
 - $x - 3$
- 682.** Which of the following is equivalent to $2y^2$?
- $2(y + y)$
 - $2y(y)$
 - $y^2 + 2$
 - $y + y + y + y$
- 683.** $x(3x^2 + y) =$
- $4x^2 + xy$
 - $4x^2 + x + y$
 - $3x^3 + 2xy$
 - $3x^3 + xy$

- 684.** Which of the following is equivalent to the product of the expressions $(3x^2y)$ and $(2xy^2)$?
- a. $5x^2y^2$
 - b. $5x^3y^3$
 - c. $6x^2y^2$
 - d. $6x^3y^3$
- 685.** An equation of the form $\frac{a}{b} = \frac{c}{d}$ is
- a. an inequality
 - b. a variable
 - c. a proportion
 - d. a monomial
- 686.** Which of the following expressions best represent the sum of two numbers, a and b , divided by a third number, c ?
- a. $a + b \div c$
 - b. $(a + b) \div c$
 - c. $a \div (b + c)$
 - d. $a \div b + c$
- 687.** If $\frac{x}{2} + \frac{x}{6} = 4$, what is x ?
- a. $\frac{1}{24}$
 - b. $\frac{1}{6}$
 - c. 3
 - d. 6
- 688.** If $\frac{2}{5} = \frac{x}{45}$, then x is
- a. 9.
 - b. 12.
 - c. 18.
 - d. 90.

► Set 44 (Answers begin on page 198.)**689.** Solve for x in the following equation:

$$\frac{1}{3}x + 3 = 8$$

- a. 33
- b. 15
- c. 11
- d. 3

690. Solve the following equation for x : $2x - 7 = 4$

- a. $\frac{3}{2}$
- b. $\frac{3}{2}$
- c. $\frac{11}{2}$
- d. 22

691. What is the value of y when $x = 8$ and

$$y = (x^2 \div 4) - 2?$$

- a. 8
- b. 14
- c. 16
- d. 18

692. If $\frac{1}{16} = \frac{x}{54}$, what is x ?

- a. 3.375
- b. 3.5
- c. 4
- d. 4.5

693. Solve for x in the following equation:

$$1.5x - 7 = 12.5$$

- a. 29.25
- b. 19.5
- c. 13
- d. 5.5

694. Which of the following is the largest possible solution to the following inequality:

$$\frac{1}{3}x - 3 \leq 5$$

- a. $\frac{2}{3}$
- b. $\frac{8}{3}$
- c. 6
- d. 24

695. Which of the following linear equations has a slope of -2 and a y -intercept of 3?

- a. $y = 2x + 3$
- b. $y = 3x - 2$
- c. $y = -2x + 3$
- d. $y = \frac{1}{2}x - 3$

696. Evaluate the following expression if $a = 3$, $b = 4$, and $c = -2$: $(ab - ac) \div abc$.

- a. $\frac{7}{8}$
- b. $\frac{3}{4}$
- c. $\frac{1}{4}$
- d. $\frac{1}{4}$

697. If $(\frac{x}{5} + \frac{x}{10} = 4)$, what is x ?

- a. 4
- b. 20
- c. 40
- d. 80

698. A line passes through the points $(0,-1)$ and $(2,3)$. What is the equation for the line?

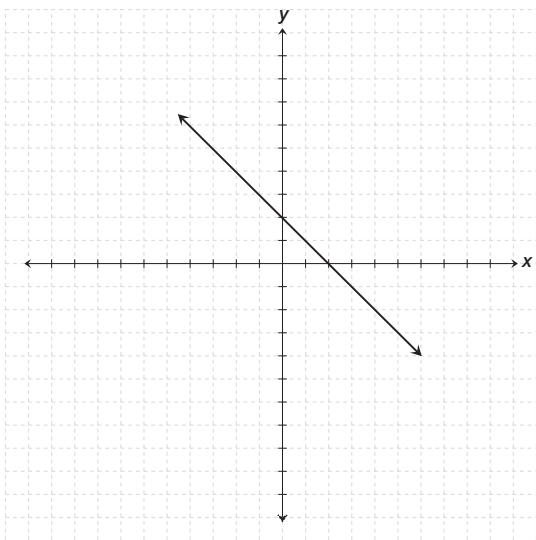
- a. $y = \frac{1}{2}x - 1$
- b. $y = \frac{1}{2}x + 1$
- c. $y = 2x - 1$
- d. $y = 2x + 1$

- 699.** When the product of three and a number is taken away from the sum of that number and six, the result is zero. What is the number?
- 3
 - 7
 - 9
 - 14
- 700.** What is the slope of the linear equation $3y - x = 9$?
- $\frac{1}{3}$
 - 3
 - 3
 - 9
- 701.** The tens digit is four times the ones digit in a certain number. If the sum of the digits is 10, what is the number?
- 93
 - 82
 - 41
 - 28
- 702.** Which expression best describes the sum of three numbers multiplied by the sum of their reciprocals?
- $(a + b + c)\left(\frac{1}{a} + \frac{1}{b} + \frac{1}{c}\right)$
 - $(a)\left(\frac{1}{a}\right) + (b)\left(\frac{1}{b}\right) + (c)\left(\frac{1}{c}\right)$
 - $(a + b + c) \div \left(\frac{1}{a}\right)\left(\frac{1}{b}\right)\left(\frac{1}{c}\right)$
 - $(a)(b)(c) + \left(\frac{1}{a}\right)\left(\frac{1}{b}\right)\left(\frac{1}{c}\right)$
- 703.** Find the sum of $6x + 5y$ and $3x - 5y$.
- $9x + 10y$
 - $9x - 10y$
 - $10y$
 - $9x$
- 704.** 88 is the result when one-half of the sum of 24 and a number is all taken away from three times a number. What is the number?
- 16
 - 40
 - 56
 - 112

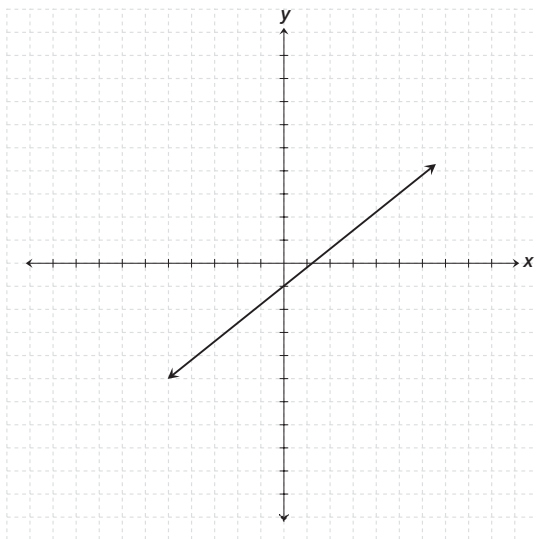
► **Set 45** (Answers begin on page 199.)

705. Which of the following lines have positive slope?

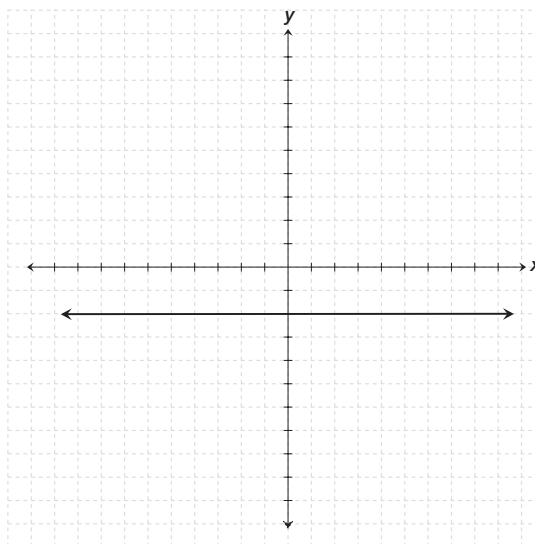
a.



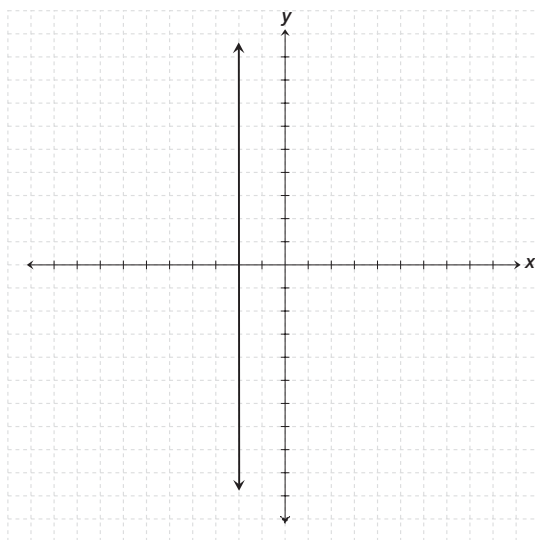
b.



c.

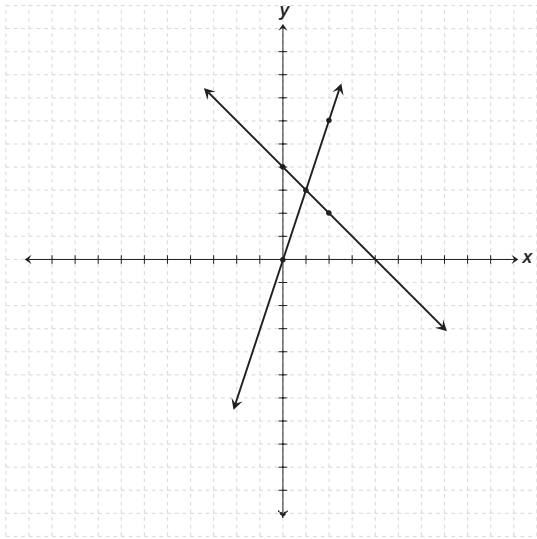


d.



706. Generic oatmeal costs $\frac{2}{3}$ the price of the leading name brand. If the generic brand is \$1.50, how much does the name brand cost?

- a. \$1.00
- b. \$1.75
- c. \$2.00
- d. \$2.25

- 707.** A traveling circus can sell 250 admission tickets for \$8 each. But if the tickets cost \$6 each the circus can sell 400 tickets. How much larger are ticket sales when they cost \$6 each than when they cost \$8 each?
- \$160
 - \$400
 - \$500
 - \$1700
- 708.** \$48 in tips is to be divided among three restaurant waiters. Twila gets three times more than Jenny and Betty receives 4 times as much as Jenny. How much does Betty receive?
- \$18
 - \$16
 - \$24
 - \$6
- 709.** How many solutions are there to the following system of equations?
- 
- 0
 - 1
 - 2
 - infinite
- 710.** A family of three ate dinner at a restaurant, with a total bill of \$48. If the mother's meal cost $\frac{5}{4}$ as much as the father's, and the child's meal was $\frac{3}{4}$ that of the father's, how much was the father's meal?
- \$12
 - \$14
 - \$16
 - \$20
- 711.** Six pounds of a dried fruit mixture which costs \$3 per pound and $1\frac{1}{2}$ pounds of nuts costing \$7 per pound are mixed together. What is the cost per pound of this mixture?
- \$1.33
 - \$3.80
 - \$5.25
 - \$8.75
- 712.** A helicopter flies over a river at 6:02 A.M. and arrives at a heliport 20 miles away at 6:17 A.M. How many miles per hour was the helicopter traveling?
- 120 mph
 - 300 mph
 - 30 mph
 - 80 mph
- 713.** Two saline solutions are mixed. Twelve liters of 5% solution are mixed with 4 liters of 4% solution. What percent saline is the final solution?
- 4.25%
 - 4.5%
 - 4.75%
 - 5%

- 714.** D'Andre rides the first half of a bike race in two hours. If his partner Adam rides the return trip 5 miles per hour less, and it takes him three hours, how fast was D'Andre traveling?
- 10 mph
 - 15 mph
 - 20 mph
 - 25 mph
- 715.** Lee can catch 10 fish in an hour and Charles can catch five fish in two hours. How long will Charles have to fish in order to catch the same number of fish that Lee would catch in two hours?
- 2 hours
 - 4 hours
 - 6 hours
 - 8 hours
- 716.** A grain elevator operator wants to mix two batches of corn with a resultant mix of 54 pounds per bushel. If he uses 20 bushels of 56 pounds per bushel corn, which of the following expressions gives the amount of 50 pounds per bushel corn needed?
- $56x + 50x = 2x \times 54$
 - $20 \times 56 + 50x = (x + 20) \times 54$
 - $20 \times 56 + 50x = 2x \times 54$
 - $56x + 50x = (x + 20) \times 54$
- 717.** Jared and Linda are both salespeople at a certain electronics store. If they made 36 sales one day, and Linda sold three less than twice Jared's sales total, how many units did Jared sell?
- 19
 - 15
 - 12
 - 13
- 718.** It will take John 4 days to string a certain fence. If Mary could string the same fence in 3 days, how long will it take them if they work together?
- $3\frac{1}{2}$ days
 - 3 days
 - $2\frac{2}{7}$ days
 - $1\frac{5}{7}$ days
- 719.** A recipe serves four people and calls for $1\frac{1}{2}$ cups of broth. If you want to serve six people, how much broth do you need?
- 2 cups
 - $2\frac{1}{4}$ cups
 - $2\frac{1}{3}$ cups
 - $2\frac{1}{2}$ cups
- 720.** If $x - 1$ represents an odd integer, which of the following represents the next larger odd integer?
- $x - 3$
 - x
 - $x + 1$
 - $x + 2$

► **Set 46** (Answers begin on page 201.)

721. Which of the following is equivalent to

$$(x-3)(x+7)?$$

- a. $x^2 - 3x - 21$
- b. $x^2 - 4x - 21$
- c. $x^2 + 4x - 21$
- d. $x^2 - 21$

722. Karl is four times as old as Pam, who is one-third as old as Jackie. If Jackie is 18, what is the sum of their ages?

- a. 64
- b. 54
- c. 48
- d. 24

723. Solve for x in terms of r and s : $s = 2x - r$

- a. $x = s + r - 2$
- b. $x = 2s - r$
- c. $x = \frac{s+r}{2}$
- d. $x = \frac{2}{s+r}$

724. Three coolers of water per game are needed for a baseball team of 25 players. If the roster is expanded to 40 players, how many coolers are needed?

- a. 4
- b. 5
- c. 6
- d. 7

725. A pancake recipe calls for $1\frac{1}{2}$ cups of flour in order to make 14 pancakes. If $2\frac{1}{4}$ cups of flour are used, how many pancakes can be made?

- a. 18
- b. 21
- c. 24
- d. 27

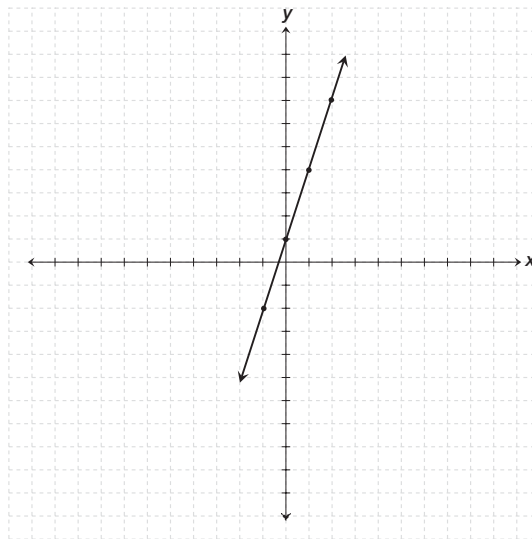
726. The perimeter of a triangle is 25 inches. If side a is twice side b , which is $\frac{1}{2}$ side c , what is the length of side b ?

- a. 5
- b. 8
- c. 10
- d. 15

727. How many gallons of a solution that is 75% antifreeze must be mixed with 4 gallons of a 30% solution to obtain a mixture that is 50% antifreeze?

- a. 2 gallons
- b. 3 gallons
- c. 3.2 gallons
- d. 4 gallons

728. Choose the equation that represents the graph in the figure below.



- a. $y = 3x + 1$
- b. $y = -3x - 1$
- c. $y = 3x - 1$
- d. $y = \frac{1}{3}x + 1$

- 729.** A shopper can spend no more than \$2 per pound on fruit and wants 7 pounds of bananas at a cost of 50 cents per pound. How many pounds of raspberries can he buy if raspberries cost \$4 per pound?
- 5.25 pounds
 - 0.5 pounds
 - 5.75 pounds
 - 2 pounds
- 730.** A television costs \$400 to purchase. Renting the same television requires making a \$50 non-refundable deposit plus monthly payments of \$25. After how many months will the cost to rent the television equal the cost to purchase it?
- 8 months
 - 14 months
 - 16 months
 - 24 months
- 731.** Eric and Margaret make \$1,460 together one week. Eric makes \$20 per hour, and Margaret makes \$25 per hour. If Eric worked 10 hours more than Margaret one week, how many hours did Margaret work?
- 25
 - 28
 - 33
 - 38
- 732.** Multiply the binomials: $(x - 2)(2x + 5)$.
- $2x^2 + x - 10$
 - $2x^2 + 9x - 10$
 - $2x^2 + x + 10$
 - $2x^2 - 9x - 10$
- 733.** How much simple interest is earned on \$767 if it is deposited in a bank account paying an annual interest rate of $7\frac{1}{8}$ percent interest for nine months? (*Interest = Principal \times Rate \times Time, or $I = PRT$*)
- \$20.56
 - \$64.13
 - \$40.99
 - \$491.83
- 734.** A neighbor has three dogs. Fluffy is half the age of Muffy, who is one-third as old as Spot, who is half the neighbor's age, which is 24. How old is Fluffy?
- 2 years
 - 4 years
 - 6 years
 - 12 years
- 735.** A piggy bank contains \$8.20 in coins. If there are an equal number of quarters, nickels, dimes, and pennies, how many of each denomination are there?
- 10
 - 20
 - 30
 - 40
- 736.** Simplify: $4(5y^3)^3$.
- $9y^6$
 - $20y^6$
 - $20y^9$
 - $500y^9$

► **Set 47** (Answers begin on page 202.)

- 737.** If Samantha deposits \$385 today into a savings account paying 4.85% simple interest annually, how much interest will accrue in one year?

(Interest = Principal \times Rate \times Time, or

$$I = PRT)$$

- a. \$1.86
 b. \$18.67
 c. \$186.73
 d. \$1867.245
- 738.** Veronica took a trip to the lake. If she drove steadily for 5 hours traveling 220 miles, what was her average speed for the trip?
- a. 44 mph
 b. 55 mph
 c. 60 mph
 d. 66 mph

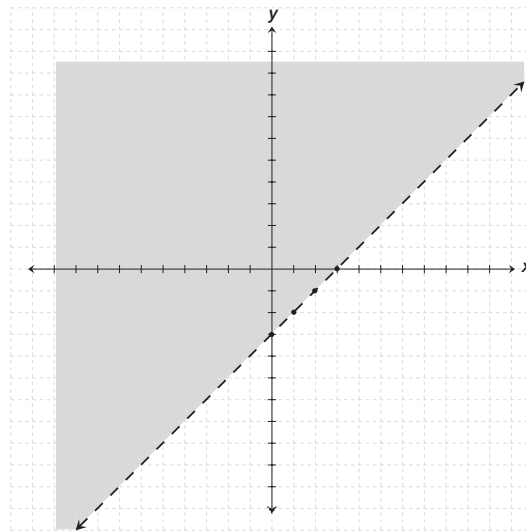
- 739.** Factor the expression completely: $x^2 - 9$.

- a. $x(x - 9)$
 b. $(x - 9)(x - 1)$
 c. $(x - 3)(x - 3)$
 d. $(x - 3)(x + 3)$

- 740.** Factor the expression completely: $x^2 - 2x - 35$.

- a. $(x - 5)(x - 7)$
 b. $(x - 5)(x + 7)$
 c. $(x + 5)(x - 7)$
 d. $(x - 2)(x - 35)$

- 741.** Match the inequality with the graph.



- a. $y < x - 3$
 b. $y > x - 3$
 c. $y \geq x - 3$
 d. $y \leq x - 3$

- 742.** Which of the following points is the solution to the system of equations?

$$y = -x + 10$$

$$y = x - 2$$

- a. (2,10)
 b. (2,0)
 c. (3,6)
 d. (6,4)

- 743.** If jogging for one mile uses 150 calories and brisk walking for one mile uses 100 calories, a jogger has to go how many times as far as a walker to use the same number of calories?

- a. $\frac{1}{2}$
 b. $\frac{2}{3}$
 c. $\frac{3}{2}$
 d. 2

- 744.** How much water must be added to 1 liter of a 5% saline solution to get a 2% saline solution?
- 1 L
 - 1.5 L
 - 2 L
 - 2.5 L
- 745.** Joan will be twice Tom's age in 3 years when Tom will be 40. How many years old is Joan now?
- 20
 - 80
 - 77
 - 37
- 746.** Multiply: $\frac{3xy^2}{4y} \cdot \frac{y^3}{9x}$
- $\frac{3x}{4y}$
 - $\frac{3x^2}{4y}$
 - $\frac{xy^2}{4}$
 - $\frac{xy^2}{12}$
- 747.** Water is coming into a tank three times as fast as it is going out. After one hour, the tank contains 11,400 gallons of water. How fast is the water coming in?
- 3,800 gallons/hour
 - 5,700 gallons/hour
 - 11,400 gallons/hour
 - 17,100 gallons/hour
- 748.** Ron is half as old as Sam, who is three times as old as Ted. The sum of their ages is 55. How old is Ron?
- 5
 - 8
 - 10
 - 15
- 749.** A man fishing on a riverbank sees a boat pass by. The man estimates the boat is traveling 20 mph. If his estimate is correct, how many minutes will it be before he sees the boat disappear around a bend in the river $\frac{1}{2}$ mile away?
- 14 minutes
 - 1.4 minutes
 - 2.4 minutes
 - 1.5 minutes
- 750.** After three days, some hikers discover that they have used $\frac{2}{5}$ of their supplies. At this rate, how many more days can they go forward before they have to turn around?
- 0.75 days
 - 1.5 days
 - 3.75 days
 - 4.5 days
- 751.** Solve for all values of x in the equation:
 $x^2 - 25 = 0$.
- 5
 - 0,5
 - 5
 - 5,-5
- 752.** Dr. Drake charges \$36.00 for an office visit, which is $\frac{3}{4}$ of what Dr. Jean charges. How much does Dr. Jean charge?
- \$48.00
 - \$27.00
 - \$38.00
 - \$57.00

► Set 48 (Answers begin on page 203.)

- 753.** Divide: $\frac{6a^2b}{2c} \div \frac{ab^2}{4c^4}$
- $\frac{24ac}{b}$
 - $\frac{12ac^3}{b}$
 - $\frac{24ac^3}{b}$
 - $12abc^3$
- 754.** Five oranges, when removed from a basket containing three more than seven times as many oranges, leaves how many in the basket?
- 21
 - 28
 - 33
 - 38
- 755.** How many ounces of candy costing \$1 per ounce must be mixed with 6 ounces of candy costing 70 cents per ounce to yield a mixture costing 80 cents per ounce?
- $\frac{6}{7}$ ounce
 - 3 ounces
 - 9 ounces
 - $20\frac{7}{10}$ ounces
- 756.** Dave can wash and wax a car in 4 hours. Mark can do the same job in 3 hours. If both work together how long will it take to wash and wax the car?
- 1.7 hours
 - 2.3 hours
 - 3 hours
 - 3.3 hours
- 757.** How long will it take Sheri to walk to a store five miles away if she walks at a steady pace of 3 miles per hour?
- 0.60 hours
 - 1.67 hours
 - 3.33 hours
 - 15 hours
- 758.** Jeff was 10 minutes early for class. Dee came in four minutes after Mae, who was half as early as Jeff. How many minutes early was Dee?
- 1 minute
 - 2 minutes
 - 2.5 minutes
 - 6 minutes
- 759.** Jan loaned Ralph \$45 expecting him to repay \$50 in one month. What is the amount of annual simple interest on this loan? (R = the annual rate of simple interest. $Interest = Principal \times Rate \times Time$, or $I = PRT$.)
- 5%
 - 33%
 - 60%
 - 133%
- 760.** Twelve people entered a room. Three more than two-thirds of these people then left. How many people remain in the room?
- 0
 - 1
 - 2
 - 7

- 761.** A 24-inch-tall picture is 20% as tall as the ceiling is high. How high is the ceiling?
- 4.8 feet
 - 10 feet
 - 12 feet
 - 120 feet
- 762.** Belinda is building a garden shed. When she helped her neighbor build an identical shed it took them both 22 hours to complete the job. If it would have taken her neighbor, working alone, 38 hours to build the shed, how long will it take Belinda, working alone, to build her shed?
- 33.75 hours
 - 41.00 hours
 - 41.25 hours
 - 52.25 hours
- 763.** If nine candles are blown out on a birthday cake containing seven times as many candles altogether, how many candles are there in all?
- 2
 - 16
 - 63
 - 72
- 764.** Simplify the radical: $\sqrt{\frac{81x^2}{y^2}}$.
- $\frac{9x}{y}$
 - $9x$
 - $9xy$
 - $\frac{9x^2}{y}$
- 765.** Which of the following linear equations has a negative slope?
- $6 = y - x$
 - $y = 4x - 5$
 - $-5x + y = 1$
 - $6y + x = 7$
- 766.** Rosa finds the average of her three most recent golf scores by using the following expression, where a , b , and c are the three scores: $\frac{a+b+c}{3} \times 100$. Which of the following would also determine the average of her scores?
- $(\frac{a}{3} + \frac{b}{3} + \frac{c}{3}) \times 100$
 - $\frac{\frac{a+b+c}{3}}{100}$
 - $\frac{(a+b+c) \times 3}{100}$
 - $\frac{a \times b \times c}{3} + 100$
- 767.** Simplify the radical completely: $\sqrt{64x^5y^8}$.
- $8x^2y^4\sqrt{x}$
 - $8x^4y^8\sqrt{x}$
 - $64x^2y^4$
 - $8x^5y^8$
- 768.** While driving home from work, Sally runs over a nail causing a tire to start leaking. She estimates that her tire is leaking 1 pound per square inch (psi) every 20 seconds. Assuming that her tire leaks at a constant rate and her initial tire pressure was 36 psi, how long will it take her tire to completely deflate?
- 1.8 minutes
 - 3.6 minutes
 - 12 minutes
 - 18 minutes

► Set 49 (Answers begin on page 204.)

- 769.** Mark needs to work five-sixths of a year to pay off his car loan. If Mark begins working on March 1st, at the end of what month will he first be able to pay off his loan?
- June
 - August
 - October
 - December
- 770.** Solve the equation for b : $\sqrt{b-4} = 5$
- 1
 - 9
 - 21
 - 29
- 771.** Find the sum: $\frac{2w}{z} + \frac{5w}{z}$.
- $\frac{7w}{2z}$
 - $\frac{7w}{z^2}$
 - $\frac{7w}{z}$
 - $7w$
- 772.** Some birds are sitting in an oak tree. Ten more birds land. More birds arrive until there are a total of four times as many birds as the oak tree had after the ten landed. A nearby maple tree has sixteen fewer than twelve times as many birds as the oak tree had after the ten landed. If both trees now have the same number of birds, how many birds were originally in the oak tree before the first 10 landed?
- 4
 - 7
 - 16
 - 24
- 773.** A jar of coins totaling \$4.58 contains 13 quarters and 5 nickels. There are twice as many pennies as there are dimes. How many dimes are there?
- 5
 - 9
 - 18
 - 36
- 774.** If a function is defined as $f(x) = 5x^2 - 3$, what is the value of $f(-2)$?
- 13
 - 7
 - 23
 - 17
- 775.** A hiker walks from his car to a distant lake and back again. He walks on smooth terrain for 2 hours until he reaches a 5-mile-long, rocky trail. His pace along the 5-mile-long trail is 2 mph. If he walks steadily with no stops, how long will it take the hiker to complete the entire trip from his car to the lake and back again?
- 4.5 hours
 - 9 hours
 - 12 hours
 - 16 hours

776. The total pressure of a mix of gases in a container is equal to the sum of the partial pressures of each of the gases in the mixture. A mixture contains nitrogen, oxygen, and argon, and the pressure of nitrogen is twice the pressure of oxygen, which is three times the pressure of argon. If the partial pressure of nitrogen is 4 pounds per square inch (psi), what is the total pressure?

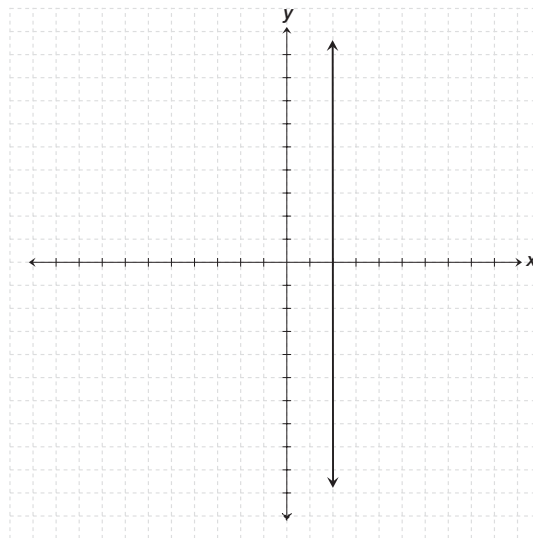
- a. 24 psi
- b. 16 psi
- c. $14\frac{2}{3}$ psi
- d. $6\frac{2}{3}$ psi

777. Suppose the amount of radiation that could be received from a microwave oven varies inversely as the square of the distance from it. How many feet away must you stand to reduce your potential radiation exposure to $\frac{1}{16}$ the amount you could receive standing 1 foot away?

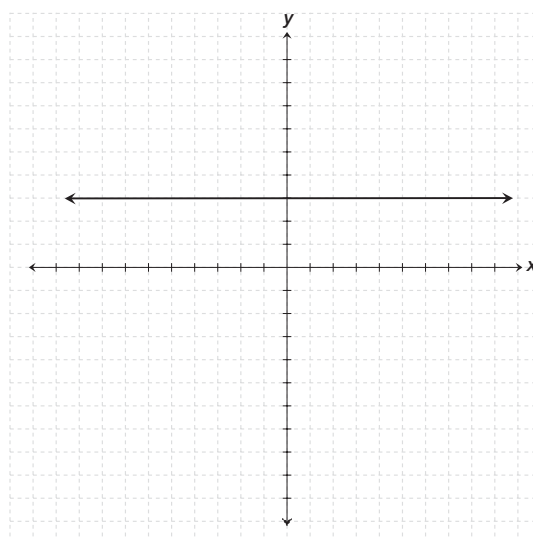
- a. 16 feet
- b. 4 feet
- c. 32 feet
- d. 8 feet

778. Which of the following linear equations has undefined slope?

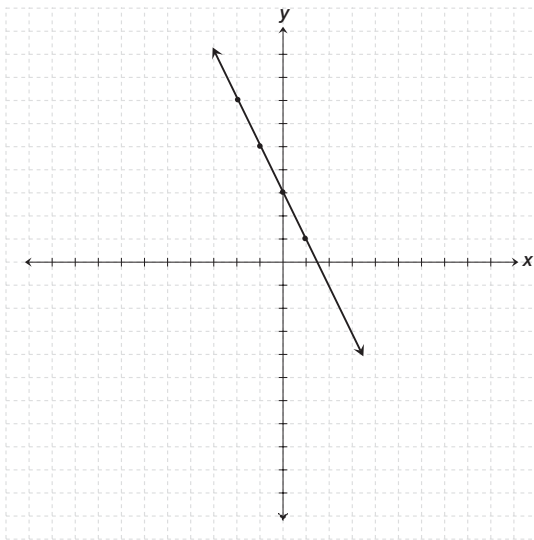
a.



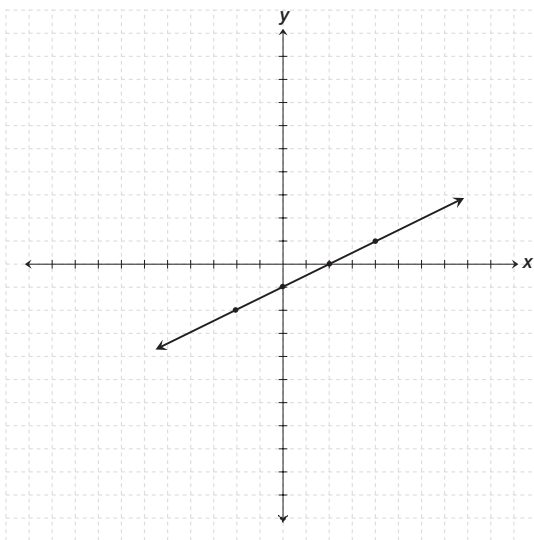
b.



c.



d.



779. Solve the equation for a : $\sqrt{2a + 6} - 4 = 6$

- a. 2
- b. 17
- c. 23
- d. 47

780. If Willie must pay an employment agency his first month's salary as a placement fee, how much of his \$28,000 first year's salary will Willie end up with?

- a. \$2,333
- b. \$3,360
- c. \$24,343
- d. \$25,667

781. Jack went hiking in bad weather wearing a backpack filled with 60 pounds of supplies. A couple of miles into his hike, he became tired and discarded supplies equal to $\frac{1}{3}$ of the 60 pounds. A few miles later it started to snow, and he discarded another $\frac{2}{5}$ of the original 60 pounds. How much did Jack discard altogether during his hike?

- a. 5 pounds
- b. 10 pounds
- c. 20 pounds
- d. 44 pounds

782. If a school buys three computers at a , b , and c dollars each, and the school gets a discount of 90%, which expression would determine the average price paid by the school?

- a. $\frac{0.9 \times (a + b + c)}{3}$
- b. $\frac{(a + b + c)}{0.9}$
- c. $(a + b + c) \times 0.9$
- d. $\frac{(a + b + c)}{3}$

- 783.** Three apples and twice as many oranges add up to one-half the number of cherries in a fruit basket. How many cherries are there?
- a. 11
 - b. 18
 - c. 21
 - d. 24
- 784.** Rudy forgot to replace his gas cap the last time he filled up his car with gas. The gas is evaporating out of his 14-gallon tank at a constant rate of $\frac{1}{3}$ gallon per day. How much gas does Rudy lose in 1 week?
- a. 2 gallons
 - b. $2\frac{1}{3}$ gallons
 - c. $4\frac{2}{3}$ gallons
 - d. 6 gallons

► Set 50 (Answers begin on page 206.)

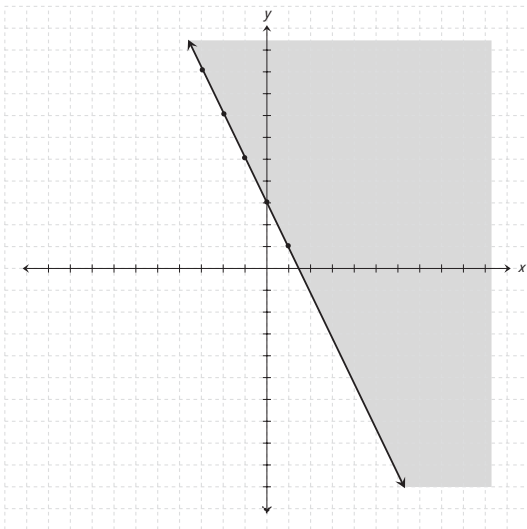
- 785.** Which ratio best expresses the following: five hours is what percent of a day?
- $\frac{5}{100} = \frac{x}{24}$
 - $\frac{5}{24} = \frac{24}{x}$
 - $\frac{5}{24} = \frac{x}{100}$
 - $\frac{x}{100} = \frac{24}{5}$
- 786.** White flour and whole wheat flour are mixed together in a ratio of 5 parts white flour to 1 part whole wheat flour. How many pounds of white flour are in 48 pounds of this mixture?
- 8 pounds
 - 9.6 pounds
 - 40 pounds
 - 42 pounds
- 787.** Timmy can sell 20 glasses of lemonade for 10 cents per glass. If he raises the price to 25 cents per glass, Timmy estimates he can sell 7 glasses. If so, how much more money will Timmy make by charging 25 cents instead of 10 cents per glass?
- \$0.25
 - \$0
 - \$0.10
 - \$0.50
- 788.** Bill lives five miles away from school. Tammy lives $\frac{1}{2}$ as far away from school. Joe's distance from school is half way between Bill and Tammy's. How far away from school does Joe live?
- 1.25 miles
 - 3.75 miles
 - 6.25 miles
 - 7.5 miles
- 789.** Pamela's annual salary is six times as much as Adrienne's, who earns five times more than Beverly, who earns \$4,000. If Valerie earns one-half as much as Pam, what is Valerie's annual salary?
- \$25,000
 - \$60,000
 - \$90,000
 - \$110,000
- 790.** Yolanda and Gertrude are sisters. When one-fourth of Gertrude's age is taken away from Yolanda's age, the result is twice Gertrude's age. If Yolanda is 9, how old is Gertrude?
- 2.25 years old
 - 4 years old
 - 4.5 years old
 - 18 years old
- 791.** How many pounds of chocolates which cost \$5.95 per pound must be mixed with 3 pounds of caramels costing \$2.95 per pound to obtain a mixture that costs \$3.95 per pound?
- 1.5 pounds
 - 3 pounds
 - 4.5 pounds
 - 8 pounds
- 792.** Kathy charges \$7.50 per hour to mow a lawn. Sharon charges 1.5 times as much to do the same job. How much does Sharon charge to mow a lawn?
- \$5.00 per hour
 - \$11.25 per hour
 - \$10.00 per hour
 - \$9.00 per hour

- 793.** Laura saves at three times the rate Hazel does. If it takes Laura $1\frac{1}{2}$ years to save \$1,000, how long will it take Hazel to save this amount?
- 1 year
 - 3.5 years
 - 4.5 years
 - 6 years
- 794.** Find the difference: $\frac{9}{2a} - \frac{3w}{6a^3}$
- $\frac{9a^2 - w}{2a^3}$
 - $\frac{9 - 3w}{6a^3}$
 - $\frac{9a^2 - w}{6a^3}$
 - $\frac{27a^2 - w}{2a^3}$
- 795.** If a function is defined as $g(x) = x^2 - 4x + 1$, what is the value of $g(1)$?
- 3
 - 2
 - 1
 - 1
- 796.** Fire departments commonly use the following formula to find out how far from a wall to place the base of a ladder: (Length of ladder \div 5 feet) + 2 feet = distance from the wall. Using this formula, if the base of a ladder is placed 10 feet from a wall, how tall is the ladder?
- 40 feet
 - 48 feet
 - 72 feet
 - 100 feet
- 797.** William has one-third as many toys as Tammy who has four times more toys than Edgar, who has 6. How many toys does Jane have if she has 5 more than William?
- 4 toys
 - 13 toys
 - 8 toys
 - 9 toys
- 798.** Susan and Janice are sign painters. Susan can paint a sign in 6 hours while Janice can paint the same sign in 5 hours. If both worked together, how long would it take them to paint this sign?
- 2.53 hours
 - 2.73 hours
 - 3.00 hours
 - 3.23 hours

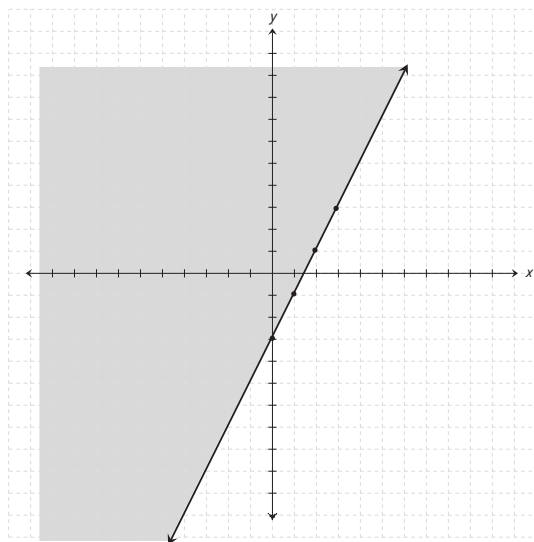
799. Match the graph with the inequality:

$$5y \geq 10x - 15.$$

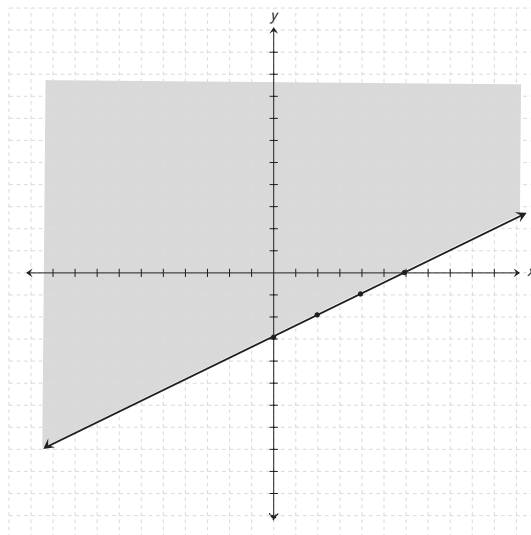
a.



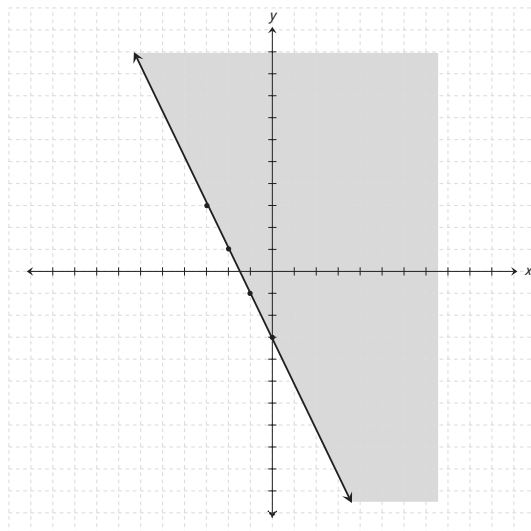
b.



c.



d.



800. Solve the following system of equations algebraically by substitution:

$$y + 2x = 3$$

$$x = 3y + 5$$

- a. (2,-1)
- b. (2,0)
- c. (-1,-2)
- d. (2,-2)

► **Set 51** (Answers begin on page 207.)

801. Which of the following systems contains two parallel lines?

- a. $x = 5$
 $y = 5$
- b. $y = -x$
 $y = x - 1$
- c. $x - y = 7$
 $2 - y = -x$
- d. $y = 3x + 4$
 $2x + 4 = y$

802. How much simple interest is earned on \$300 deposited for 30 months in a savings account paying $7\frac{3}{4}\%$ simple interest annually? (*Interest = Principal \times Rate \times Time, or $I = PRT$.)*

- a. \$5.81
- b. \$19.76
- c. \$23.25
- d. \$58.13

803. Jason is six times as old as Kate. In two years, Jason will be twice as old as Kate is then. How old is Jason now?

- a. 6 months old
- b. 3 years old
- c. 6 years old
- d. 9 years old

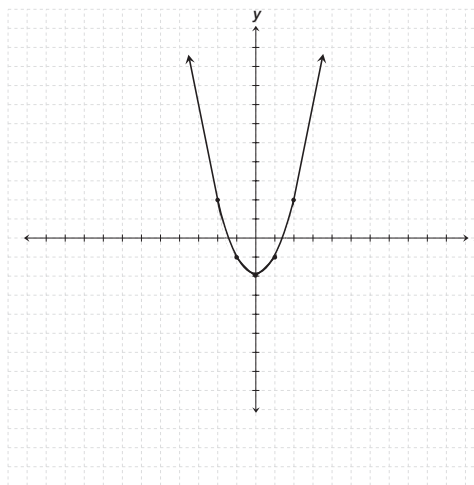
804. Mike types three times as fast as Nick. Together they type 24 pages per hour. If Nick learns to type as fast as Mike, how much will they be able to type per hour?

- a. 18 pages
- b. 30 pages
- c. 36 pages
- d. 40 pages

805. 13 percent of a certain school's students are A students, 15 percent are C students, and 20 percent make mostly Ds. If 16 percent of the students are B students, what percent are failing?

- a. 25%
- b. 36%
- c. 48%
- d. 64%

806. Which equation is represented by the graph below?



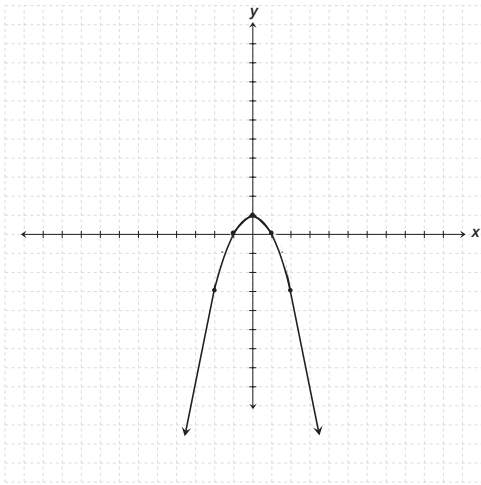
- a. $y = x^2 - 4$
- b. $y = x^2 - 2$
- c. $y = x^2$
- d. $y = x^2 + 4$

807. A four-pound mixture of raisins and nuts is $\frac{2}{3}$ raisins. How many pounds of nuts are there?

- a. 1.3 pounds
- b. 1.6 pounds
- c. 2.4 pounds
- d. 2.6 pounds

- 808.** When estimating distances from aerial photographs, the formula is $(A \times l) \div f = D$, where A is the altitude, l is the measured length on the photograph, f is the focal length of the camera, and D is the actual distance. If the focal length is 6 inches, the measured length across a lake on a photograph is 3 inches, and the lake is 3000 feet across, at what altitude was the photograph taken?
- 1500 feet
 - 3000 feet
 - 4500 feet
 - 6000 feet
- 809.** Solve for x : $\frac{2}{x-5} + \frac{3}{x+3} = \frac{11}{x^2-2x-15}$.
- 3
 - 4
 - 6
 - 11
- 810.** A new telephone directory with 596 pages has 114 less than twice as many pages as last year's edition. How many pages were in last year's directory?
- 298 pages
 - 355 pages
 - 412 pages
 - 482 pages
- 811.** A vacationing family travels 300 miles on their first day. The second day they travel only $\frac{2}{3}$ as far. But on the third day they are able to travel $\frac{3}{4}$ as many miles as the first two days combined. How many miles have they traveled altogether?
- 375 miles
 - 875 miles
 - 525 miles
 - 500 miles
- 812.** A rain barrel contained 4 gallons of water just before a thunderstorm. It rained steadily for 8 hours, filling the barrel at a rate of 6 gallons per day. How many gallons of water did the barrel have after the thunderstorm?
- 4 gallons
 - 6 gallons
 - 7 gallons
 - 9 gallons
- 813.** Find three consecutive odd integers whose sum is 117.
- 39,39,39
 - 38,39,40
 - 37,39,41
 - 39,41,43
- 814.** Three species of songbirds live in a certain plot of trees, totaling 120 birds. If species A has 3 times as many birds as species B , which has half as many birds as C , how many birds are belong to species C ?
- 20
 - 30
 - 40
 - 60
- 815.** The base of a rectangle is seven times the height. If the perimeter is 32 meters, what is the area?
- 28 m^2
 - 24 m^2
 - 16 m^2
 - 14 m^2

- 816.** Which equation is represented by the graph below?



- a. $y = -x^2 - 1$
- b. $y = -x^2$
- c. $y = -x^2 + 1$
- d. $y = x^2 + 1$

S E C T I O N

6



Geometry

The 12 sets of basic geometry problems in this section involve lines, angles, triangles, rectangles, squares, and circles. For example, you may be asked to find the area or perimeter of a shape, the length of a line, or the circumference of a circle. In addition, the word problems will illustrate how closely geometry is related to the real world and to everyday life.

► **Set 52** (Answers begin on page 209.)

817. Each of the following figures has exactly two pairs of parallel sides EXCEPT a

- a. parallelogram.
- b. rhombus.
- c. trapezoid.
- d. square.

818. How many faces does a cube have?

- a. 4 faces
- b. 6 faces
- c. 8 faces
- d. 12 faces

819. A polygon is a plane figure composed of connected lines. How many connected lines must there be to make a polygon?

- a. 3 or more
- b. 4 or more
- c. 5 or more
- d. 6 or more

820. An acute angle is

- a. 180 degrees.
- b. greater than 90 degrees.
- c. 90 degrees.
- d. less than 90 degrees.

821. A straight angle is

- a. exactly 180 degrees.
- b. between 90 and 180 degrees.
- c. 90 degrees.
- d. less than 90 degrees.

822. A right angle is

- a. 180 degrees.
- b. greater than 90 degrees.
- c. exactly 90 degrees.
- d. less than 90 degrees.

823. Which of the following statements is true?

- a. Parallel lines intersect at right angles.
- b. Parallel lines never intersect.
- c. Perpendicular lines never intersect.
- d. Intersecting lines have two points in common.

824. A triangle has two congruent sides, and the measure of one angle is 40 degrees. Which of the following types of triangles is it?

- a. isosceles
- b. equilateral
- c. right
- d. scalene

825. A triangle has one 30-degree angle and one 60-degree angle. Which of the following types of triangles is it?

- a. isosceles
- b. equilateral
- c. right
- d. scalene

826. A triangle has angles of 71 degrees and 62 degrees. Which of the following best describes the triangle?

- a. acute scalene
- b. obtuse scalene
- c. acute isosceles
- d. obtuse isosceles

- 827.** In which of the following are the diagonals of the figure always congruent and perpendicular?
- isosceles trapezoid
 - square
 - isosceles triangle
 - rhombus
- 828.** In a triangle, angle A is 70 degrees and angle B is 30 degrees. What is the measure of angle C ?
- 90 degrees
 - 70 degrees
 - 80 degrees
 - 100 degrees
- 829.** Which of the following could describe a quadrilateral with two pairs of parallel sides and two interior angles that measure 65 degrees?
- square
 - triangle
 - rectangle
 - rhombus
- 830.** If pentagon $ABCDE$ is similar to pentagon $FGHIJ$, and $AB = 10$, $CD = 5$, and $FG = 30$, what is IH ?
- $\frac{5}{3}$
 - 5
 - 15
 - 30
- 831.** What is the greatest area possible enclosed by a quadrilateral with a perimeter of 24 feet?
- 6 square feet
 - 24 square feet
 - 36 square feet
 - 48 square feet
- 832.** What is the difference in area between a square with a base of 4 feet and a circle with a diameter of 4 feet?
- $16 - 2\pi$ square feet
 - $16 - 4\pi$ square feet
 - $8\pi - 16$ square feet
 - $16\pi - 16$ square feet

► **Set 53** (Answers begin on page 209.)

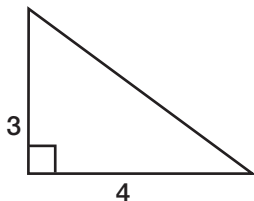
833. What is the difference in perimeter between a square with a base of 4 feet and a circle with a diameter of 4 feet?

- a. $8 - 2\pi$ square feet
- b. $16 - 2\pi$ square feet
- c. $16 - 4\pi$ square feet
- d. $16 - 8\pi$ square feet

834. A rectangle's topmost side is 3 times that of the leftmost side. If the leftmost side is A inches long, what is the area of the rectangle?

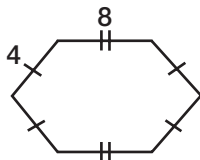
- a. $3A$
- b. $6A$
- c. $3A^2$
- d. $6A^2$

835. What is the perimeter of the triangle shown below?



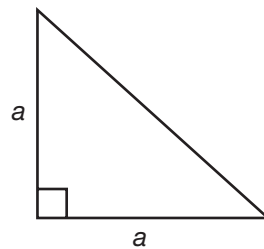
- a. 12 units
- b. 9 units
- c. 8 units
- d. 7 units

836. What is the perimeter of the polygon shown below?



- a. 12
- b. 16
- c. 24
- d. 32

837. What is the perimeter of the following figure?



- a. $a^2 \div 2$
- b. $2a + 2a^2$
- c. $2a + \sqrt{2a^2}$
- d. $4a$

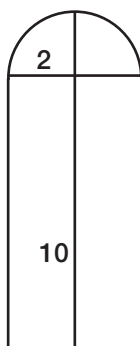
838. The perimeter of a rectangle is 148 feet. Its two longest sides add up to 86 feet. What is the length of each of its two shortest sides?

- a. 31 feet
- b. 42 feet
- c. 62 feet
- d. 72 feet

839. How many feet of ribbon will a theatrical company need to tie off a performance area that is 34 feet long and 20 feet wide?

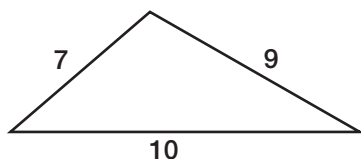
- a. 54
- b. 68
- c. 88
- d. 108

- 840.** What is the outer perimeter of the doorway shown below?



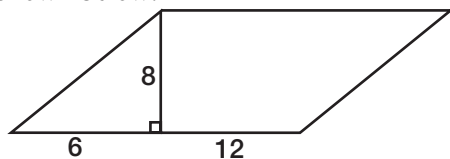
- a. 12
- b. 24
- c. $20 + 2\pi$
- d. $24 + 2\pi$

- 841.** What is the perimeter of the triangle below?



- a. 90
- b. 70
- c. 26
- d. 19

- 842.** What is the perimeter of the parallelogram shown below?



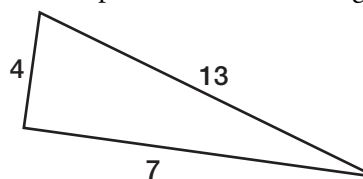
- a. 26
- b. 32
- c. 48
- d. 56

- 843.** What is the perimeter of the shaded area, if the shape is a quarter circle with a radius of 8?



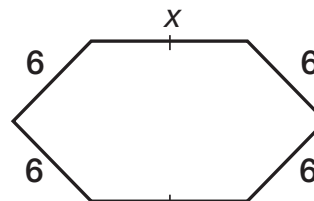
- a. 2π
- b. 4π
- c. $2\pi + 16$
- d. $4\pi + 16$

- 844.** What is the perimeter of the triangle below?



- a. 11
- b. 13
- c. 24
- d. 28

- 845.** What is the length of the side labeled x of the polygon shown below if the perimeter is 40 inches?



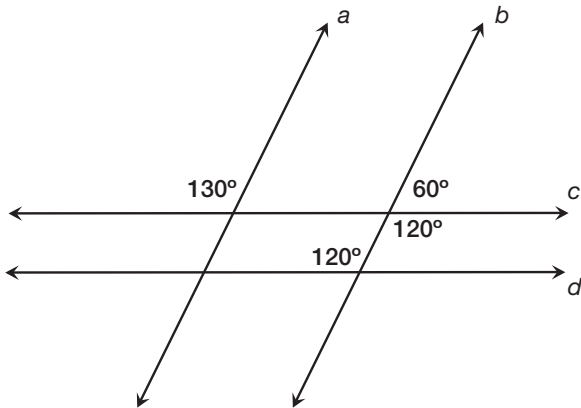
- a. 6 inches
- b. 8 inches
- c. 10 inches
- d. 16 inches

846. What is the perimeter of the rectangle below?



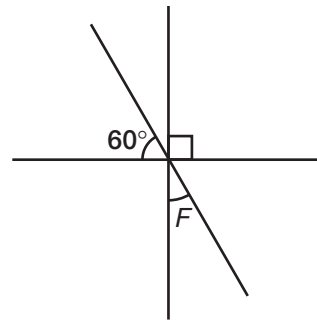
- a. 13
- b. 22
- c. 26
- d. 36

847. What lines must be parallel in the following diagram?



- a. *a* and *b*
- b. *a* and *d*
- c. *b* and *c*
- d. *c* and *d*

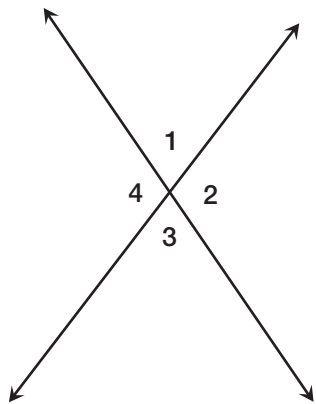
848. What is the measure of angle *F* in the following diagram?



- a. 15 degrees
- b. 45 degrees
- c. 30 degrees
- d. 90 degrees

► **Set 54** (Answers begin on page 210.)

849. In the figure below, which of the following pairs of angles must be congruent?

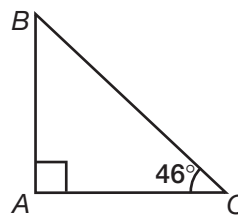


- a. 1 and 2
- b. 1 and 3
- c. 3 and 4
- d. 1 and 4

850. Which of the following lengths could form the sides of a triangle?

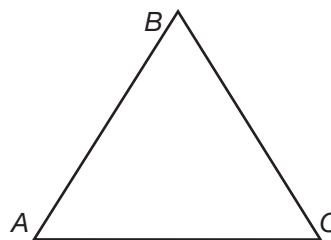
- a. 1, 2, 3
- b. 2, 2, 5
- c. 2, 3, 6
- d. 2, 3, 2

851. Which side of the right triangle shown below is the shortest, if angle ACB is 46° ?



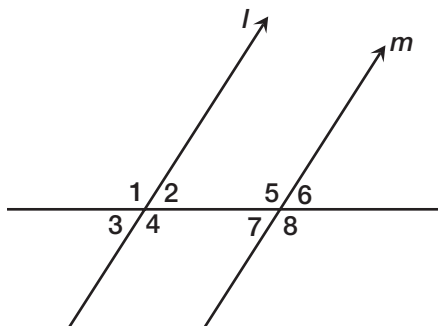
- a. AB
- b. AC
- c. BC
- d. All sides are equal

852. Which side of the triangle shown below is the shortest, if angles BAC and ABC are 60 degrees?



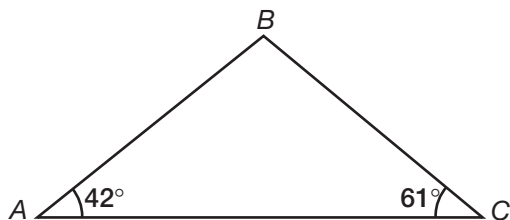
- a. AB
- b. AC
- c. BC
- d. All sides are equal

853. Which of the angles in the figure must be congruent if lines l and m are parallel?



- a. 1 and 2
- b. 1 and 8
- c. 2 and 8
- d. 4 and 7

854. What is the measure of angle ABC ?

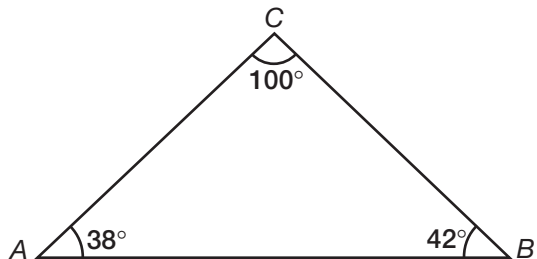


- a. 42 degrees
- b. 61 degrees
- c. 77 degrees
- d. 103 degrees

855. Plattville is 80 miles west and 60 miles north of Quincy. How long is a direct route from Plattville to Quincy?

- a. 100 miles
- b. 110 miles
- c. 120 miles
- d. 140 miles

856. Which is the longest side of the triangle shown below? (Note: not drawn to scale.)



- a. AB
- b. AC
- c. BC
- d. AC and BC

857. An angle has twice the measure of its complement. What is its measure?

- a. 120 degrees
- b. 60 degrees
- c. 45 degrees
- d. 30 degrees

858. What is the complement of a 34-degree angle?

- a. 34 degrees
- b. 56 degrees
- c. 66 degrees
- d. 146 degrees

859. What is the supplement of a 75-degree angle?

- a. 15 degrees
- b. 25 degrees
- c. 105 degrees
- d. 115 degrees

860. Three times an angle is equal to two times its complement. What is the angle?

- a. 180 degrees
- b. 120 degrees
- c. 36 degrees
- d. 30 degrees

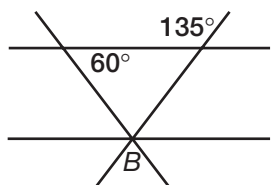
861. The supplement of an angle is equal to three times the complement. What is the angle?

- a. 90 degrees
- b. 60 degrees
- c. 45 degrees
- d. 30 degrees

862. Which of these angle measures form a right triangle?

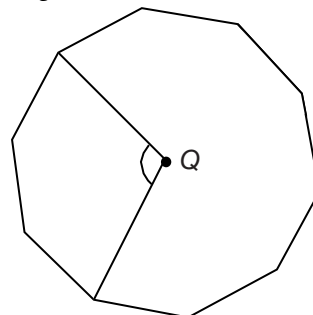
- a. 40 degrees, 40 degrees, 100 degrees
- b. 20 degrees, 30 degrees, 130 degrees
- c. 40 degrees, 40 degrees, 40 degrees
- d. 40 degrees, 50 degrees, 90 degrees

863. What is the measure of angle B in the diagram below?



- a. 45 degrees
- b. 60 degrees
- c. 75 degrees
- d. 130 degrees

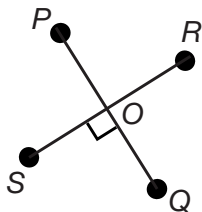
864. If the figure below is a regular decagon with a center at Q, what is the measure of the indicated angle?



- a. 45 degrees
- b. 80 degrees
- c. 90 degrees
- d. 108 degrees

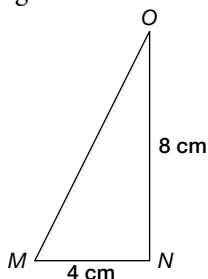
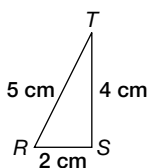
► **Set 55** (Answers begin on page 211.)

865. In the figure below, angle POS measures 90 degrees. What is the measure of angle ROQ ?



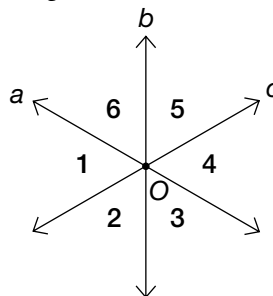
- a. 30 degrees
- b. 45 degrees
- c. 90 degrees
- d. 180 degrees

866. Triangles RST and MNO are similar. What is the length of line segment MO ?



- a. 5 cm
- b. 10 cm
- c. 20 cm
- d. 32 cm

867. In the diagram, lines a , b and c intersect at point O . Which of the following are NOT adjacent angles?

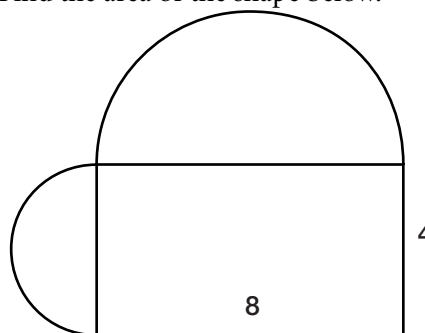


- a. $\angle 1$ and $\angle 6$
- b. $\angle 1$ and $\angle 4$
- c. $\angle 4$ and $\angle 5$
- d. $\angle 2$ and $\angle 3$

868. One side of a square bandage is 4 inches long. What is the perimeter of the bandage?

- a. 4 inches
- b. 8 inches
- c. 12 inches
- d. 16 inches

869. Find the area of the shape below.



- a. $12 + 10\pi$ square units
- b. $32 + 10\pi$ square units
- c. $32 + 12\pi$ square units
- d. $12 + 12\pi$ square units

870. A triangle has sides that are consecutive even integers. The perimeter of the triangle is 24 inches. What is the length of the shortest side?

- a. 10 inches
- b. 8 inches
- c. 6 inches
- d. 4 inches

871. If the area of a circle is 16π square inches, what is the perimeter?

- a. 2π inches
- b. 4π inches
- c. 8π inches
- d. 16π inches

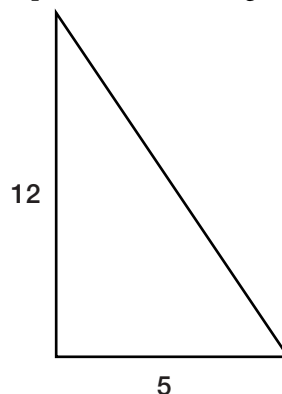
872. What is the length of one side of a square rug whose perimeter is 60 feet?

- a. 14.5 feet
- b. 15 feet
- c. 15.5 feet
- d. 16 feet

873. What is the perimeter of a pentagon with three sides of 3 inches, and the remaining sides 5 inches long?

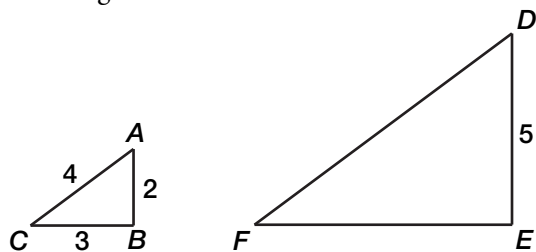
- a. 19 inches
- b. 9 inches
- c. 14 inches
- d. 12 inches

874. What is the perimeter of the figure shown?



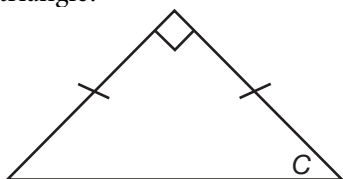
- a. 17
- b. 20
- c. 30
- d. 40

875. If the two triangles in the diagram are similar, with $\angle A$ equal to $\angle D$, what is the perimeter of triangle DEF ?



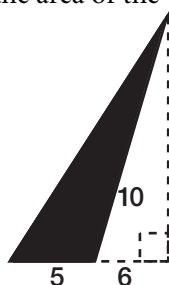
- a. 12
- b. 21
- c. 22.5
- d. 24.75

876. What is the measure of angle C in the following triangle?



- a. 90 degrees
- b. 45 degrees
- c. 25 degrees
- d. cannot be determined

877. What is the area of the shaded triangle below?

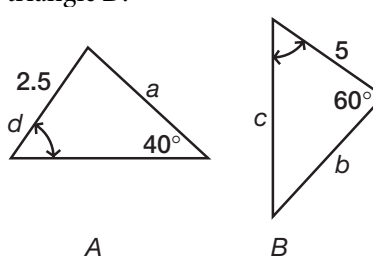


- a. 20 square units
- b. 25 square units
- c. 44 square units
- d. 46 square units

878. What is the measure of an interior angle of a regular hexagon?

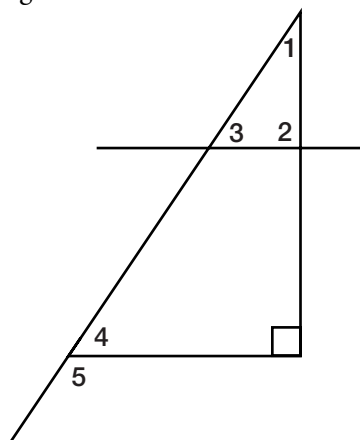
- a. 60 degrees
- b. 80 degrees
- c. 120 degrees
- d. 180 degrees

879. Which side is the longest if triangle A is similar to triangle B ?



- a. a
- b. b
- c. c
- d. d

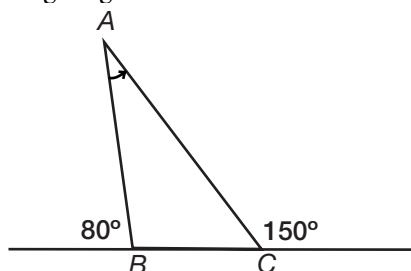
880. In the diagram below, if angle 1 is 30° and angle 2 is a right angle, what is the measure of angle 5?



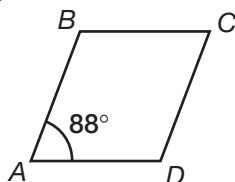
- a. 30°
- b. 60°
- c. 120°
- d. 140°

► **Set 56** (Answers begin on page 212.)

- 881.** What is the measure of angle A in the following diagram?



- a. 40°
 - b. 50°
 - c. 60°
 - d. 70°
- 882.** What is the measure of angle ABC if $ABCD$ is a parallelogram, and the measure of angle BAD is 88 degrees?



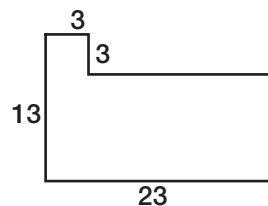
- a. 88 degrees
 - b. 90 degrees
 - c. 92 degrees
 - d. 102 degrees
- 883.** One base angle of an isosceles triangle is 70 degrees. What is the vertex angle?
- a. 130 degrees
 - b. 90 degrees
 - c. 70 degrees
 - d. 40 degrees

- 884.** A circular fan is encased in a square guard. If one side of the guard is 12 inches, at what blade circumference will the fan just hit the guard?
- a. 6 inches
 - b. 12 inches
 - c. 6π inches
 - d. 12π inches

- 885.** If the circumference of a circle is half the area, what is the radius of the circle?
- a. $\frac{1}{2}$
 - b. 2
 - c. 4
 - d. 8

- 886.** What is the circumference of a circle with a diameter of 5 inches?
- a. 2.5π inches
 - b. 5π inches
 - c. 6.25π inches
 - d. 25π inches

- 887.** What is the area of the following diagram?

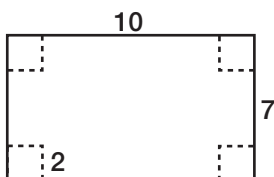


- a. 239
- b. 259
- c. 299
- d. 306

- 888.** What is the perimeter of the following rectangle?



- a. 7
 - b. 10
 - c. 14
 - d. 70
- 889.** What is the volume of a pyramid that has a rectangular base 5 feet by 3 feet and a height of 8 feet? Use $V = \frac{1}{3}(\text{base})(\text{height})$.
- a. 16 cubic feet
 - b. 30 cubic feet
 - c. 40 cubic feet
 - d. 80 cubic feet
- 890.** Georgio is making a box. He starts with a 10-by-7 rectangle, then cuts 2-by-2 squares out of each corner. To finish, he folds each side up to make the box. What is the box's volume?



- a. 36
 - b. 70
 - c. 72
 - d. 140
- 891.** In order to protect her new car, Maria needs to build a new garage. The concrete floor needs to be 64.125 square feet and is $9\frac{1}{2}$ feet long. How wide does it need to be?
- a. 7.25 feet
 - b. 5.5 feet
 - c. 6.75 feet
 - d. 8.25 feet

- 892.** All of the rooms on the top floor of a government building are rectangular, with 8-foot ceilings. One room is 9 feet wide by 11 feet long. What is the combined area of the four walls, including doors and windows?

- a. 99 square feet
 - b. 160 square feet
 - c. 320 square feet
 - d. 72 square feet
- 893.** A rectangular tumbling mat for a gym class is 5 feet wide and 7 feet long. What is the area of the mat?
- a. 12 square feet
 - b. 22 square feet
 - c. 24 square feet
 - d. 35 square feet

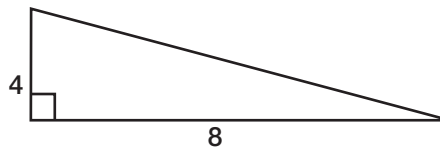
- 894.** A farmer is building a rectangular pen on the side of his barn, which is 100 feet long. He has 300 feet of fence and is using the side of the barn as the fourth side of the fence. What will be the area of the pen?

- a. 10,000 square feet
- b. 20,000 square feet
- c. 30,000 square feet
- d. 90,000 square feet

895. Louise wants to wallpaper a room. It has one window that measures 3 feet by 4 feet, and one door that measures 3 feet by 7 feet. The room is 12 feet by 12 feet, and is 10 feet tall. If only the walls are to be covered, and rolls of wallpaper are 100 square feet, what is the minimum number of rolls that she will need?

- a. 4 rolls
- b. 5 rolls
- c. 6 rolls
- d. 7 rolls

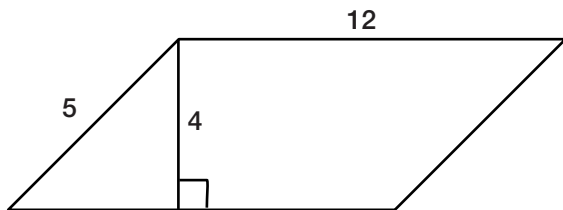
896. What is the area of the triangle shown below?



- a. 6
- b. 12
- c. 16
- d. 32

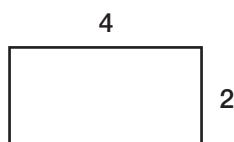
► **Set 57** (Answers begin on page 213.)

897. Find the area of the parallelogram below.



- a. 48 square units
- b. 68 square units
- c. 72 square units
- d. 240 square units

898. What is the area of the rectangle?



- a. 6 square units
- b. 8 square units
- c. 12 square units
- d. 16 square units

899. A hospital waiting room is 8 feet wide and 10 feet long. What is the area of the waiting room?

- a. 18 square feet
- b. 40 square feet
- c. 60 square feet
- d. 80 square feet

900. The length of a rectangle is equal to 4 inches more than twice the width. Three times the length plus two times the width is equal to 28 inches. What is the area of the rectangle?

- a. 8 square inches
- b. 16 square inches
- c. 24 square inches
- d. 28 square inches

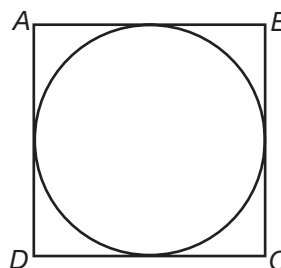
901. A rectangular box has a square base with an area of 9 square feet. If the volume of the box is 36 cubic feet, what is the length of the longest object that can fit in the box?

- a. 3 feet
- b. 5 feet
- c. 5.8 feet
- d. 17 feet

902. Dennis Sorensen is buying land on which he plans to build a cabin. He wants 200 feet in road frontage and a lot 500 feet deep. If the asking price is \$9,000 an acre for the land, approximately how much will Dennis pay for his lot?

- a. \$10,000
- b. \$20,700
- c. \$22,956
- d. \$24,104

903. In the following diagram, a circle of area 100π square inches is inscribed in a square. What is the length of side AB ?

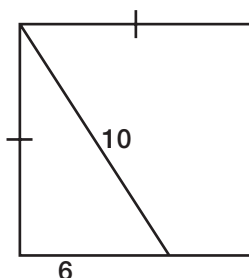


- a. 10 inches
- b. 20 inches
- c. 100 inches
- d. 400 inches

904. Gilda is making a quilt. She wants a quilt that is 30 square feet. She has collected fabric squares that are 6 inches by 6 inches. How many squares will she need?

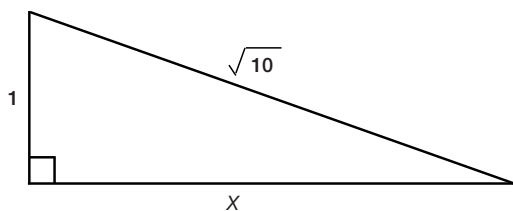
- a. 60 squares
- b. 90 squares
- c. 100 squares
- d. 120 squares

905. What is the area of the following rectangle?



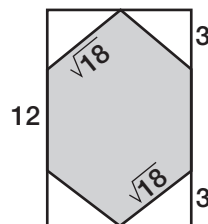
- a. 30
- b. 60
- c. 64
- d. 150

906. What is the value of X in the figure below?



- a. 3
- b. 4
- c. 5
- d. 9

907. What is the area of the shaded figure inside the rectangle?



- a. 18
- b. 54
- c. 60
- d. 72

908. Ahmed has a canvas frame that is 25 inches long and 18 inches wide. He buys a canvas that is 3 inches longer on each side. What is the area of the canvas?

- a. 450 square inches
- b. 744 square inches
- c. 588 square inches
- d. 872 square inches

909. Kristen has a 4-foot leash for her dog. She tied the leash to a stake in the ground so her dog would have some room to wander while she was working in the yard. What is the approximate area that her dog can roam while tied to the stake?

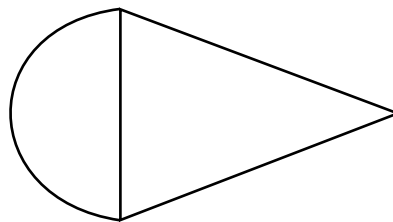
- a. 13 square feet
- b. 16 square feet
- c. 25 square feet
- d. 50 square feet

- 910.** Zelda's book fell on the floor and landed with its spine up in an isosceles triangle. The height of the book triangle is $7\frac{1}{2}$ inches and the base is $5\frac{1}{2}$ inches. What is the area of the triangle formed by the tossed book?
- a. 41.25 square inches
 - b. 20.6 square inches
 - c. 32.5 square inches
 - d. 36.75 square inches
- 911.** How many 12-inch square tiles are needed to tile the floor in a room that is 10 feet by 15 feet?
- a. 150
 - b. 300
 - c. 144
 - d. 1800
- 912.** Herbie's backyard swimming pool is round, with an area of 113 feet. What is the diameter of the pool?
- a. 9 feet
 - b. 10 feet
 - c. 11 feet
 - d. 12 feet

► **Set 58** (Answers begin on page 214.)

- 913.** A two-story house is 20 feet high. The sides of the house are 28 feet long; the front and back are each 16 feet long. A gallon of paint will cover 440 square feet. How many gallons are needed to paint the whole house?
- 3 gallons
 - 4 gallons
 - 5 gallons
 - 6 gallons
- 914.** Jo Ann has a square sandbox; each side is 6 feet long. What is the area of the sandbox?
- 12 square feet
 - 24 square feet
 - 36 square feet
 - 48 square feet
- 915.** A Persian rug is 6.5 feet by 8 feet. What is the area of the rug?
- 48 square feet
 - 52 square feet
 - 29 square feet
 - 14.5 square feet
- 916.** The kitchen in Dexter's old house contains a circular stone inset with a radius of 3 feet in the middle of the floor. The room is square; each wall is 11.5 feet long. Dexter wants to re-tile the kitchen, all except for the stone inset. What is the approximate square footage of the area Dexter needs to buy tiles for?
- 76 square feet
 - 28 square feet
 - 132 square feet
 - 104 square feet
- 917.** What is the area of a triangle that has a base of 25 meters and a height of 102 meters?
- 272 square meters
 - 637.5 square meters
 - 1275 square meters
 - 2550 square meters
- 918.** Kari is running for student council. The rules restrict the candidates to four 2-foot by 3-foot posters. Kari has dozens of 4-inch by 6-inch pictures that she would like to cover the posters with. What is the maximum number of pictures she will be able to use on the 4 posters?
- 144 pictures
 - 130 pictures
 - 125 pictures
 - 111 pictures
- 919.** Eli has a picture that is 25 inches by 19 inches and a frame that is 30 inches by 22 inches. He will make up the difference with a mat that will fit between the picture and the frame. What is the area of the mat he will need?
- 660 square inches
 - 475 square inches
 - 250 square inches
 - 185 square inches
- 920.** Rose must replace a sail on her boat. The triangular sail is 30 feet high and 20 feet at the base. What is the area of the sail?
- 600 square feet
 - 500 square feet
 - 400 square feet
 - 300 square feet

- 921.** Larry needs 45 square yards of fabric for curtains on two windows. If the fabric is 54 inches wide, how many yards should he buy?
- 10 yards
 - 15 yards
 - 20 yards
 - 30 yards
- 922.** The ceiling in a rectangular room is 8 feet high. The room is 15 feet by 12 feet. Bernie wants to paint the long walls Moss and the short walls Daffodil. The paint can only be purchased in gallon cans, and each gallon will cover 200 square feet. How many cans of each color will Bernie need?
- 2 cans of Moss and 1 can of Daffodil
 - 1 can of Moss and 2 cans of Daffodil
 - 2 cans of Moss and 2 cans of Daffodil
 - 1 can of Moss and 1 can of Daffodil
- 923.** In Midvale, property taxes for residential areas are \$2.53 per square foot. Wendy's house is 30 feet wide and 50 feet long. How much is her tax bill?
- \$3,957
 - \$7,953
 - \$7,539
 - \$3,795
- 924.** A rectangular school hallway is to be tiled with 6-inch-square tiles. The hallway is 72 feet long and 10 feet wide. Lockers along both walls narrow the hallway by 1 foot on each side. How many tiles are needed to cover the hallway floor?
- 16
 - 20
 - 2,304
 - 2,880
- 925.** A parking lot is 50 feet by 100 feet. What is its area, in square feet?
- 150
 - 500
 - 2,500
 - 5,000
- 926.** A waiter folds a napkin in half to form a 5-inch square. What is the area, in square inches, of the unfolded napkin?
- 25
 - 30
 - 50
 - 60
- 927.** Shoshanna has a lamp placed in the center of her yard. The lamp shines a radius of 10 feet on her yard, which is 20 feet on each side. How much of the yard, in square feet, is NOT lit by the lamp?
- 400π
 - 100π
 - $40 - 10\pi$
 - $400 - 100\pi$
- 928.** In the diagram, a half-circle is laid adjacent to a triangle. What is the total area of the shape, if the radius of the half-circle is 3 and the height of the triangle is 4?



- $6(\pi + 4)$
- $6\pi + 12$
- $6\pi + 24$
- $\frac{9\pi}{2} + 12$

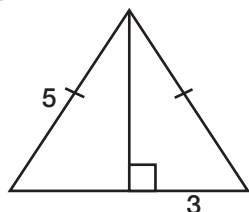
► **Set 59** (Answers begin on page 215.)

- 929.** Juana is building a mall with 20 stores, each 20 by 35 feet. The mall has one hallway with dimensions of 100 by 20 feet. What is the mall's square footage?
- 18,000
 - 16,000
 - 6,000
 - 2,000
- 930.** Tamika is restoring an antique storage chest that is in the shape of a rectangular prism. She is painting the outside only of the trunk. The trunk is 4 feet long, 18 inches wide, and 2 feet tall. There is a brass ornament on the outside of the trunk that takes up an area of 1 square foot that will not get painted. How much paint does she need, in square feet, to cover the outside of the trunk?
- 33 square feet
 - 34 square feet
 - 143 square feet
 - 231 square feet
- 931.** A rotating sprinkler sprays water 10 feet as it rotates in a circle. How much grass will the sprinkler water?
- 20π square feet
 - 100π square feet
 - 200π square feet
 - 400π square feet
- 932.** Anya has a circular swimming pool with a circumference of 18π feet. She wants to put in a safety rope that spans the widest part of the pool. How long should the rope be?
- 9 feet
 - 18 feet
 - 20 feet
 - 36 feet
- 933.** Emily is wallpapering a circular room with a 10-foot radius and a height of 8 feet. Ignoring the doors and windows, how much wallpaper will she need?
- 252π square feet
 - 70π square feet
 - 100π square feet
 - 160π square feet
- 934.** A rectangular area has one side that measures 15 inches and another side one-third as long. What is the area of the rectangle?
- 37.5 square inches
 - 40 square inches
 - 55 square inches
 - 75 square inches
- 935.** The base of a triangle is twice the height of the triangle. If the area is 16 square inches, what is the height?
- 4 inches
 - 8 inches
 - 12 inches
 - 16 inches

936. What is the length of a rectangular room which has an area of 132 square feet and has a width of 12 feet?

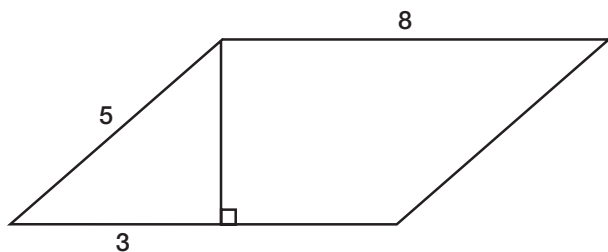
- a. 10
- b. 11
- c. 12
- d. 13

937. What is the area of the following isosceles triangle?



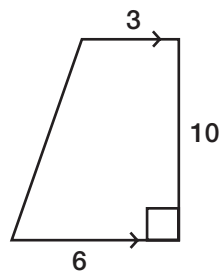
- a. 12 square units
- b. 15 square units
- c. 6 square units
- d. 24 square units

938. What is the area of the parallelogram below?



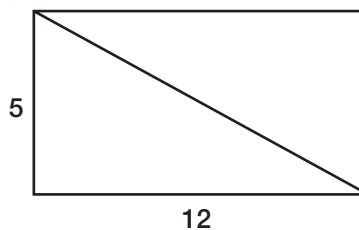
- a. 15
- b. 24
- c. 32
- d. 40

939. What is the area of the following figure?



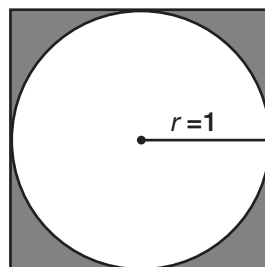
- a. 30 square units
- b. 45 square units
- c. 60 square units
- d. 90 square units

940. What is the measure of the diagonal of the rectangle below?



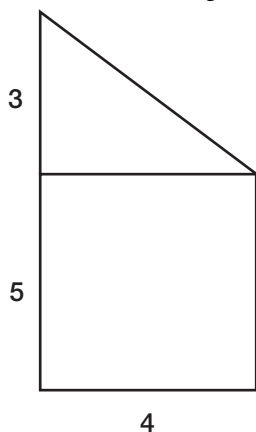
- a. 8.5
- b. 12
- c. 13
- d. 17

941. Find the area of the shaded portion in the figure below.



- a. π
- b. $\pi - 1$
- c. $2 - \pi$
- d. $4 - \pi$

942. What is the area of the figure shown below?



- a. 22
- b. 26
- c. 30
- d. 32

943. What is the difference in area between a square with a base of 4 inches, a slant of 6 inches, and a height of 4 inches; and a parallelogram with a base of 4 inches, a slant of 6 inches, and a height of 4 inches?

- a. 0 square inches
- b. 2 square inches
- c. 4 square inches
- d. 8 square inches

944. The radius of a circle is 13. What is the approximate area of the circle?

- a. 81.64
- b. 530.66
- c. 1,666.27
- d. 169

► **Set 60** (Answers begin on page 216.)

- 945.** Horses are racing on a circular track with a perimeter of 360 feet. Two cameras are in the center of the track. Camera A is following Horse A and Camera B is following Horse B. If the angle between the two cameras is 40 degrees, how far apart are the 2 horses?
- 80π feet
 - 40π feet
 - 40 feet
 - 90 feet
- 946.** Lily is replacing all the plumbing in her house. The pipe she is using has a diameter of 2.5 inches. What is the circumference of the end of the pipe?
- 7.85 inches
 - 15.7 inches
 - 5 inches
 - 6.28 inches
- 947.** A horse is tied to a post with a twenty-foot rope. What is the longest path that the horse can walk?
- 20 feet
 - 40 feet
 - 20π feet
 - 40π feet
- 948.** Rick is making a glass cover for the top of a round end table. The diameter of the table is 36 inches. What will be the approximate area of the glass cover for the tabletop?
- 1017.36 square inches
 - 4071.50 square inches
 - 113.10 square inches
 - 1296 square inches
- 949.** Reina is using silk to decorate the lids of round tin boxes. She will cut the silk in circles and use fabric glue to attach them. The lids have a radius of $4\frac{1}{2}$ inches. What should be the approximate circumference of the fabric circles?
- $14\frac{1}{4}$ inches
 - $18\frac{1}{2}$ inches
 - $24\frac{1}{2}$ inches
 - $28\frac{1}{4}$ inches
- 950.** In order to fell a tree, lumberjacks drive a spike through the center. If the circumference of a tree is 43.96 feet, what is the minimum length needed to go completely through the tree, passing through the center?
- 7 feet
 - 14 feet
 - 21 feet
 - 28 feet
- 951.** Farmer Harris finds a crop circle in the north forty acres, where he believes an alien spacecraft landed. A reporter from the Daily News measures the circle and finds that its radius is 25 feet. What is the circumference of the crop circle?
- 78.5 feet
 - 157 feet
 - 208 feet
 - 357.5 feet
- 952.** Jessie wants to buy a round dining table the same size as her circular rag rug. The circumference of the rug is 18.84 feet. What should be the diameter of the table she buys?
- 6 feet
 - 18 feet
 - 3.14 feet
 - 7 feet

- 953.** A pie pan has an area of 78.5 square inches. What is the radius of the pan?
- 10 inches
 - 7 inches
 - 5 inches
 - 3 inches
- 954.** Ana is making cookies. She rolls out the dough to a rectangle that is 18 inches by 12 inches. Her circular cookie cutter has a circumference of 9.42 inches. Assuming she reuses the dough scraps and all the cookies are the same weight, approximately how many cookies can Ana cut out of the dough?
- 31 cookies
 - 14 cookies
 - 12 cookies
 - 10 cookies
- 955.** Skyler's bike wheel has a diameter of 27 inches. He rides his bike until the wheel turns 100 times. How far did he ride?
- $1,500\pi$ inches
 - $2,700\pi$ inches
 - $3,200\pi$ inches
 - $4,800\pi$ inches
- 956.** A three-sided corner lot contains one side that is 50 feet long, one that is 120 feet long, and one that is 150 feet long. What is the perimeter of the lot?
- 320 feet
 - 6000 feet
 - 640 feet
 - 7500 feet
- 957.** While walking through the junkyard, Sasha and Gian found a stop sign. Each of the sides is 12 inches long. What is the perimeter of the stop sign?
- 72 inches
 - 144 inches
 - 96 inches
 - 720 inches
- 958.** Bridget wants to hang a garland of silk flowers all around the ceiling of a square room. Each side of the room is 9 feet long; the garlands are only available in 15-foot lengths. How many garlands will she need to buy?
- 2 garlands
 - 3 garlands
 - 4 garlands
 - 5 garlands
- 959.** Hannah is buying wallpaper for a square room in which the perimeter of the floor is 52 feet. How long is each side?
- 12 feet
 - 14 feet
 - 13 feet
 - 15 feet
- 960.** Michelle painted a 8-foot by 10-foot canvas floor cloth with a blue border 8 inches wide. What is the perimeter of the unpainted section?
- $30\frac{2}{3}$ feet
 - $15\frac{1}{3}$ feet
 - $35\frac{1}{3}$ feet
 - $20\frac{2}{3}$ feet

► **Set 61** (Answers begin on page 217.)

961. The bride's table at a big wedding is 3 feet wide and 48 feet long. How many yards of mauve ribbon will be needed to go around the perimeter of the table?

- a. 102 yards
- b. 51 yards
- c. 34 yards
- d. 26 yards

962. Minako has a fish pond shaped like an equilateral triangle, which is 20 feet on a side. She wants to fill the pond, which is 10 feet deep, with water. How much water will she need?

- a. $100\sqrt{5}$ cubic feet
- b. $100\sqrt{3}$ cubic feet
- c. 1,000 cubic feet
- d. $1,000\sqrt{3}$ cubic feet

963. Juan takes a compass reading and finds that he is 32 degrees north of east. If he was facing the exact opposite direction, what would his compass reading be?

- a. 32 degrees north of west
- b. 58 degrees west of south
- c. 58 degrees north of east
- d. 32 degrees south of east

964. Renee is putting a stairway in her house. If she wants the stairway to make an angle of 20 degrees to the ceiling, what obtuse angle should the stairway make to the floor?

- a. 30 degrees
- b. 40 degrees
- c. 110 degrees
- d. 160 degrees

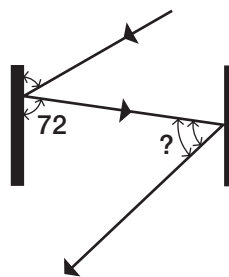
965. When building a house, the builder should make certain that the walls meet at a 90-degree angle. This is called

- a. a straight angle.
- b. an acute angle.
- c. an obtuse angle.
- d. a right angle.

966. Zelda cuts a pizza in half in a straight line. She then cuts a line from the center to the edge, creating a 35-degree angle. What is the supplement of that angle?

- a. 55 degrees
- b. 145 degrees
- c. 35 degrees
- d. 70 degrees

967. In a pinball machine, a ball bounces off a bumper at an angle of 72 degrees and then bounces off another bumper that is parallel to the first. If the angles that the ball comes to and leaves the first bumper from are equal, what is the angle that the ball bounces off the second bumper?



- a. 36 degrees
- b. 48 degrees
- c. 72 degrees
- d. 90 degrees

- 968.** To wash the windows on the second floor of his house, Alan leaned a ladder against the house, creating a 54-degree acute angle with the ground. What is the measure of the angle the ladder made with the house?
- a. 36 degrees
 - b. 126 degrees
 - c. 81 degrees
 - d. 306 degrees
- 969.** A ramp in a parking garage makes a 5-degree incline with the ground floor. If the height that the ramp rises is 10 feet, approximately how long is the ramp?
- a. 50.5 feet
 - b. 87.2 feet
 - c. 97.2 feet
 - d. 114.7 feet
- 970.** Which of the following statements best describes the vertex of an angle?
- a. The longest side of an angle.
 - b. The imaginary third side of an angle.
 - c. The point where the two rays of an angle meet.
 - d. The formula for finding the degrees in an angle.
- 971.** A chicken is standing at the side of a straight section of road. On the same side, a cow is standing 60 feet down the road; on the other side of the road and directly across from the chicken, a bowl of corn sits. The corn is 80 feet from the cow. About how far will the chicken have to go to cross the road to eat the corn?
- a. 45 feet
 - b. 49 feet
 - c. 53 feet
 - d. 61 feet
- 972.** Two ships leave from a port. Ship A sails west for 300 miles, and Ship B sails north for 400 miles. How far apart are the ships after their trips?
- a. 300 miles
 - b. 400 miles
 - c. 500 miles
 - d. 900 miles
- 973.** What is the measure of the arc of a circle intercepted by a central angle that measures 64 degrees?
- a. 32 degrees
 - b. 64 degrees
 - c. 128 degrees
 - d. 360 degrees

- 974.** Rachel has a round coffee table that has 6 equal triangle-shaped inlays. The smallest angle of each triangle meets in the center of the table; each triangle touches the edge of the triangle on either side. Three intersecting lines, therefore, create the six identical triangles. What is the angle of each of the points in the center of the table?
- a. 120 degrees
 - b. 90 degrees
 - c. 75 degrees
 - d. 60 degrees
- 975.** The most ergonomically correct angle between the keyboard and the screen of a laptop computer is 100 degrees. This is called
- a. an acute angle.
 - b. a complimentary angle.
 - c. an obtuse angle.
 - d. a right angle.
- 976.** When Ivan swam across a river, the current carried him 20 feet downstream. If the total distance that he swam was 40 feet, how wide is the river to the nearest foot?
- a. 30 feet
 - b. 32 feet
 - c. 35 feet
 - d. 50 feet

► Set 62 (Answers begin on page 218.)

- 977.** Lara is standing next to a tree with a shadow of 40 feet. If Lara is 5.5 feet tall with a shadow of 10 feet, what is the height of the tree?
- 10 feet
 - 11 feet
 - 20 feet
 - 22 feet
- 978.** Stefan is leaning a ladder against his house so that the top of the ladder makes a 75-degree angle with the house wall. What is the measure of the acute angle where the ladder meets the level ground?
- 15 degrees
 - 25 degrees
 - 45 degrees
 - 165 degrees
- 979.** Greta is building a path in her yard. She wants the path to bisect her garden, on the side that is 36 feet long. How far from the end of Greta's garden will the path cross it?
- 12 feet
 - 18 feet
 - 20 feet
 - 72 feet
- 980.** Mario the bike messenger picks up a package at Print Quick, delivers it to Bob's office 22 blocks away, waits for Bob to approve the package, and then hops on his bike and returns the package to Print Quick. If one block is 90 yards, how many yards will Mario bike in total?
- 44
 - 180
 - 1,980
 - 3,960
- 981.** Dennis is building a brick wall that will measure 10 feet by 16 feet. If the bricks he is using are 3 inches wide and 5 inches long, how many bricks will it take to build the wall?
- 128
 - 160
 - 1,536
 - 23,040
- 982.** A power line stretches down a 400-foot country road. A pole is to be put at each end of the road, and 1 in the midpoint of the wire. How far apart is the center pole from the left-most pole?
- 100 feet
 - 200 feet
 - 300 feet
 - 400 feet

- 983.** Justin walks to school in a straight line; the distance is 7 blocks. The first block is 97 feet long; the second and third blocks are 90 feet long; the fourth, fifth, and sixth blocks are 110 feet long. The seventh block is congruent to the second block. How far does Justin walk?
- 770 feet
 - 717 feet
 - 704 feet
 - 697 feet
- 984.** Main Street and Broadway are parallel to each other; First Avenue and Second Avenue are also parallel to one another and, in addition, are both perpendicular to Main and Broadway. North Boulevard transverses Main Street. What other street(s) Should North Boulevard cross if it continues throughout the entire city?
- Broadway
 - Broadway and First Avenue
 - First Avenue and Second Avenue
 - Broadway, First Avenue, and Second Avenue
- 985.** Betty Lou, Norma Jean, Margery, and Dave want to share a brownie evenly and only cut the brownie twice. Margery cuts one line down the middle and hands the knife to Dave. What kind of line should Dave cut through the middle of the first line?
- a parallel line
 - a transversal line
 - a perpendicular line
 - a skewed line
- 986.** Oddly, the town of Abra lies half in one state and half in another. To make it even more confusing, the straight line that divides the states runs along Sandusky Street. What is the relationship of the houses at 612 Sandusky, 720 Sandusky, and 814 Sandusky?
- The houses are congruent.
 - The houses are collinear.
 - The houses are segmented.
 - The houses are equilateral.
- 987.** What is the sum of the measures of the exterior angles of a regular pentagon?
- 72 degrees
 - 108 degrees
 - 360 degrees
 - 540 degrees
- 988.** The city requires all pools to be in fenced in yards. Rick's yard is 60 feet by 125 feet. How much fencing does he need to fence in the yard for the pool, excluding a four-foot gate at the sidewalk?
- 181 feet
 - 366 feet
 - 370 feet
 - 7,496 feet
- 989.** If two sides of a triangle measure 5 and 7, between what two numbers must the length of the third side be?
- 2 and 5
 - 2 and 12
 - 5 and 7
 - The third side can be any length.

- 990.** A container filled with water is 10 by 10 by 15 inches. Portia fills her glass with 60 cubic inches of water from the container. How much water is left in the container?
- a. 1,500 cubic inches
 - b. 1,440 cubic inches
 - c. 1,000 cubic inches
 - d. 60 cubic inches
- 991.** A steel box has a base length of 12 inches and a width of 5 inches. If the box is 10 inches tall, what is the total volume of the box?
- a. 480 cubic inches
 - b. 540 cubic inches
 - c. 600 cubic inches
 - d. 720 cubic inches
- 992.** A water tank is in the shape of a right circular cylinder. The base has a radius of 6 feet. If the height of the tank is 20 feet, what is the approximate volume of the water tank?
- a. 377 cubic feet
 - b. 720 cubic feet
 - c. 754 cubic feet
 - d. 2,261 cubic feet

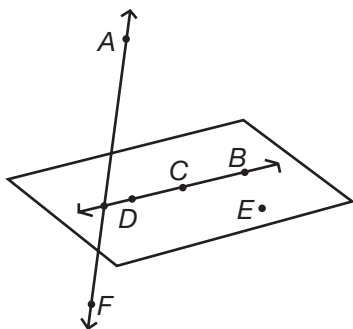
► **Set 63** (Answers begin on page 219.)

- 993.** A builder has 27 cubic feet of concrete to pave a sidewalk whose length is 6 times its width. The concrete must be poured 6 inches deep. How long is the sidewalk?
- 9 feet
 - 12 feet
 - 15 feet
 - 18 feet
- 994.** Anne has two containers for water: A rectangular plastic box with a base of 16 square inches, and a cylindrical container with a radius of 2 inches and a height of 11 inches. If the rectangular box is filled with water 9 inches from the bottom, and Anne pours the water into the cylinder without spilling, which of the following will be true?
- The cylinder will overflow.
 - The cylinder will be exactly full.
 - The cylinder will be filled to an approximate level of 10 inches.
 - The cylinder will be filled to an approximate level of 8 inches.
- 995.** A cereal box is filled with Snappie cereal at the Snappie production facility. When the box arrives at the supermarket, the cereal has settled and takes up a volume of 144 cubic inches. There is an empty space in the box of 32 cubic inches. If the base of the box is 2 by 8 inches, how tall is the box?
- 5 inches
 - 11 inches
 - 12 inches
 - 15 inches

- 996.** Sunjeev has a briefcase with dimensions of 2 by $1\frac{1}{2}$ by $\frac{1}{2}$ feet. He wishes to place several notebooks, each 8 by 9 by 1 inch, into the briefcase. What is the largest number of notebooks the briefcase will hold?
- 42
 - 36
 - 20
 - 15
- 997.** One cubic foot of copper is to be made into wire with a $\frac{1}{2}$ inch radius. If all of the copper is used to produce the wire, how long will the wire be, in inches?
- 2,000
 - $\frac{4,000}{\pi}$
 - $\frac{6,912}{\pi}$
 - $\frac{48,000}{\pi}$
- 998.** Daoming wants to know the height of a telephone pole. He measures his shadow, which is 3 feet long, and the pole's shadow, which is 10 feet long. Daoming's height is 6 feet. How tall is the pole?
- 40 feet
 - 30 feet
 - 20 feet
 - 10 feet

- 999.** Which type of transformation can change the size of an object?
- reflection
 - dilation
 - translation
 - rotation

- 1000.** Which 3 points are both collinear and coplanar?



- A, B, C
- A, C, D
- B, C, D
- D, E, A

- 1001.** A pole which casts a 15-foot-long shadow stands near an 8-foot-high stop sign. If the shadow cast by the sign is 3 feet long, how high is the pole?
- 40 feet
 - 30 feet
 - 24 feet
 - 45 feet



Answers

► Section 1— Miscellaneous Math

Set 1 (Page 2)

1. **d.** The correct answer to this basic addition problem is 10.
2. **a.** The correct answer to this basic subtraction problem is 7.
3. **b.** The correct answer to this basic division problem is 4.
4. **d.** The correct answer to this basic multiplication problem is 9.
5. **a.** The correct answer is 37; this is another basic subtraction problem. A mistaken answer is likely due to an error in computation.
6. **c.** The correct answer to this basic addition problem is 69. Again, a mistaken answer is likely due to an error in computation.
7. **b.** The correct answer is 41.
8. **a.** The correct answer is 45.
9. **d.** The correct answer is 21.
10. **c.** The correct answer is 36,597.
11. **b.** In this case (but not in all cases, as you will see in some problems below), perform the operations in the order presented, from left to right: $72 + 98 = 170$; then, $170 - 17 = 153$.

- 12. d.** Again, do this problem in the order presented; first subtract, then add; 353 is the correct answer.
- 13. c.** First add, then subtract. In multi-step problems, be careful not to rush just because the operations are simple. The correct answer is 560.
- 14. b.** First add, then subtract. The correct answer is 6,680. When doing problems involving several digits, it's easy to make mistakes. Be sure to read carefully, no matter how simple the problem seems.
- 15. a.** First subtract, then add. The correct answer is 5,507.
- 16. c.** The bars on either side of 7 indicate "the absolute value of 7." The *absolute value* of a number is the distance that number is away from zero on a number line. The absolute value of 7 is 7.
- Set 2** (Page 4)
- 17. d.** Perform the operations within the parentheses first: $25 + 17 = 42$; $64 - 49 = 15$. Then go on to multiply those answers as indicated by the two side-by-side parentheses: $42 \times 15 = 630$.
- 18. b.** The correct answer is 7.
- 19. a.** The correct answer to this multiplication problem is 14,600. An incorrect answer is likely an error in computation, particularly in not carrying digits to the next place.
- 20. b.** The correct answer to this multiplication problem is 32,500. A quick way to multiply whole numbers that contain zeros is to multiply the non-zero numbers together (in this case $65 \times 5 = 325$) and then put the two zeros back in (32,500).
- 21. a.** The correct answer is 9,092.
- 22. d.** $43,254 \div 8$ is equal to 5,406.75; rounded to the nearest whole number, this is equal to 5,407.
- 23. d.** The bars on either side of -9 indicate "the absolute value of -9 ." The *absolute value* of a number is the distance that number is away from zero on a number line. The absolute value of -9 is 9 because it is 9 units away from zero. Since absolute value is a distance, it is always positive.
- 24. c.** The correct answer is 256,595. When multiplying three-digit numbers, you have to be especially careful to align numbers.
- 25. a.** 15 is the correct answer. An incorrect answer may represent an error in place value.
- 26. c.** The correct answer is 12,407. If you got answer **a**, you disregarded the zero in 62,035.
- 27. c.** The answer when the two numbers are divided is approximately 100.03, which is closest to 100. The question can also be evaluated using compatible numbers, such as $6,300 \div 63$; and the solution here is also 100.
- 28. a.** The correct answer is 205,335.
- 29. a.** Perform the operations in parentheses first: $84 - 5 = 79$ from the first set and $3 \times 54 = 162$ from the second set. The expression is now $12(79) - 162$. Multiply 12 times 79 to get 948, and then subtract; $948 - 162 = 786$.
- 30. c.** Perform the operation in parentheses first: $2 + 4 = 6$. (Even though this part is addition, you do it first because it is in parentheses.) Now multiply: $6 \times 8 = 48$. If you picked choice **b**, you probably multiplied the numbers in parentheses, rather than adding them.

31. c. Perform the operation in parentheses first: $14 \times 7 = 98$, and then add 12 to get the answer, which is 110.

32. a. First multiply, then add. The correct answer is 1,467.

Set 3 (Page 6)

33. c. First multiply, then subtract. The correct answer is 65,011.

34. d. Divide first, then add. The correct answer is 101.

35. a. In spite of the sequence presented, in this problem you must divide first: $204 \div 2 = 102$. Now subtract 102 from 604: $604 - 102 = 502$. The correct answer is 502. When an expression involves more than one operation, you need to follow the correct order of operations: 1) Operations in Parentheses; 2) Exponents; 3) Multiplication and Division in order from left to right; 4) Addition and Subtraction in order from left to right. A good device for remembering this order is saying: Please Excuse My Dear Aunt Sally.

36. d. Do the operation in parentheses first: $202 \div 2 = 101$; then subtract the answer from 604: $604 - 101 = 503$.

37. d. Multiply twice. The correct answer is 6,660.

38. a. It is a good idea to develop the habit of always performing operations in parentheses first, even though in this case it doesn't matter because all the operations are multiplication. Multiply $9 \times 4 = 36$, then multiply again: $36 \times 12 = 432$.

39. d. Use the place value of each of the non-zero numbers. The 4 is in the ten thousands place so it is equal to 40,000, the 5 is in the hundreds place so it is equal to 500, and the 3 is in the

ones place so it is equal to 3; $40,000 + 500 + 3 = 40,503$.

40. c. 112 is divisible by both 7 and 8 because each can divide into 112 without a remainder; $112 \div 7 = 16$ and $112 \div 8 = 14$. Choice **a** is only divisible by 7, choice **b** is not divisible by either, and choice **d** is only divisible by 8.

41. b. A prime number is a whole number whose only factors are 1 and itself. Two, three and seven are all prime numbers. The prime factors of a number are the prime numbers that multiply to equal that number. 2 times 3 times 7 is equal to 42.

42. a. 46 goes into 184 four times. The other choices cannot be divided evenly into 184.

43. c. Subtract the pounds first, then the ounces.

44. d. You must "borrow" 60 minutes from the 3 hours in order to be able to subtract.

45. c. Add the four numbers together to get 260, then divide by 4 to get 65.

46. a. If you got a different answer, you probably made an error in your division.

47. b. Add the feet first, then the inches: 2 feet + 4 feet = 6 feet; 4 inches + 8 inches = 12 inches. Convert 12 inches into 1 foot to get the correct answer 6 feet + 1 foot = 7 feet.

48. c. Add the hours first, then the minutes: 1 hour + 3 hours = 4 hours. 20 minutes + 30 minutes = 50 minutes. Combine: 4 hours 50 minutes.

Set 4 (Page 8)

49. a. 157 is rounded to 200 and 817 is rounded to 800; $200 \times 800 = 160,000$.

50. c. When *adding* negative numbers, follow this rule: If both numbers have **different signs**, subtract the smaller number from the larger.

The answer has the sign of the larger number. Therefore, the above equation becomes: $12 - (\text{not } +) 4 = 8$. Since the larger number, 12, has a negative sign, the answer has a negative sign, so the answer is -8 .

- 51. c.** When multiplying integers (the set of whole numbers and their opposites), begin by multiplying the numbers together; $5 \times 7 = 35$. Then if there is an *even* number of negatives in the problem, the answer is positive. If there are an *odd* number of negatives, the answer is negative. In this question, there are two negative signs, so the solution is 35.
- 52. d.** When *adding* negative numbers, if both numbers have the **same sign**, begin by simply adding. If the sign of both numbers is negative, the answer is negative.
- 53. b.** You are adding numbers that have **different signs**; therefore, subtract the smaller from the larger: $10 - 6 = 4$. Now give the answer the same sign as the larger number, which in this case is a negative number, so the answer is -4 .
- 54. a.** When adding two numbers that are the **same**, if the two numbers have **opposite** signs, the answer is zero.
- 55. c.** The meaning of 6^3 is *6 to the power of 3*, or 6 used as a factor 3 times; $6 \times 6 \times 6 = 6^3$.
- 56. d.** In this problem, 2 is the base and 5 is the exponent. *Two raised to the power of 5* means use 2 as a factor five times; $2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 2 = 32$.
- 57. d.** A composite number is a whole number greater than one that has other factors besides 1 and itself; in other words, it is not prime. Each of the answer choices are prime numbers except 91, which has factors of 1, 7, 13, and 91.

- 58. d.** 17^2 means 17 squared and is equivalent to 17×17 , which equals 289.
- 59. b.** To solve this division problem, *subtract* the exponents only: $5 - 2 = 3$, so the answer is 10^3 .
- 60. c.** -4^2 means the opposite of the result of 4 raised to the second power. Think of it as -1×4^2 . As in order of operations, evaluate the exponent first and then multiply; $-1 \times 16 = -16$.
- 61. d.** -5^3 means the opposite of the result of 5 raised to the third power. Think of it as -1×5^3 . As in order of operations, evaluate the exponent first and then multiply; $-1 \times (5 \times 5 \times 5) = -1 \times 125 = -125$.
- 62. a.** Since there are parentheses, the base in this question is -11 ; $(-11)^2$ means -11×-11 which is equal to 121. Because there is an even number of negatives, the answer is positive.
- 63. b.** To find the square root of a number, ask yourself, "What number times itself equals 36?" Six times itself, or 6^2 equals 36. Therefore, the square root of 36 is 6.
- 64. a.** Square roots can be multiplied and divided, but they cannot be added or subtracted.

Set 5 (Page 10)

- 65. c.** The square root of 64 is 8.
- 66. d.** The symbol "!" means *factorial*, which is the product of that number and every positive whole number less than it; $5! = 5 \times 4 \times 3 \times 2 \times 1 = 120$.
- 67. b.** Divide the total number of hot dogs (400) by the amount in each package (8), to get the number of packages; $400 \div 8 = 50$.
- 68. d.** Begin by adding: 12 ounces + 10 ounces = 22 ounces. Since this is not an answer choice, convert to pounds. There are 16 ounces in a

- pound, so 22 ounces is equal to 1 pound and 6 ounces.
- 69. b.** Change the hours to minutes: 1 hour 40 minutes = 100 minutes; 1 hour 50 minutes = 110 minutes. Now add: 100 minutes + 110 minutes = 210 minutes. Now change back to hours and minutes: 210 minutes \div 60 = 3.5 hours.
- 70. d.** Multiply the number of members (35) by the average number of bars per person (6); $35 \times 6 = 210$.
- 71. a.** To answer this question, subtract each amount of purchase from the \$58 she started with; $\$58 - \$18 = \$40$ and then $\$40 - \$6 = \$34$. She has \$34 left.
- 72. b.** Add the amount of miles for each day together for a total of 696 miles; 696 rounded to the nearest ten or nearest hundred is 700.
- 73. c.** To find their total score, add their individual scores together: $189 + 120 + 120 + 95 = 524$. Don't forget to add 120 twice for both Charles and Max.
- 74. c.** You must subtract the reading at the beginning of the week from the reading at the end of the week: $21,053 - 20,907$ is 146.
- 75. c.** The values added together total \$618. If you chose answer a, you forgot that the value of the handbag (\$150) must also be included in the total.
- 76. b.** This is a basic addition problem: 108 pounds + 27 pounds = 135 pounds.
- 77. c.** The total value is \$5,525. It is important to remember to include all three telephone sets (\$375 total), both computers (\$2,600 total), and both monitors (\$1,900 total) in the total value.
- 78. b.** Add the value of the 3 sweaters ($3 \times 68 = 204$), the computer game after the rebate ($75 - 10 = 65$) and one bracelet (43); $204 + 65 + 43 = \$312$.
- 79. a.** This is a two-step subtraction problem. First you must find out how many miles the truck has traveled since its last maintenance. To do this subtract: $22,003 - 12,398 = 9,605$. Now subtract 9,605 from 13,000 to find out how many more miles the truck can travel before it must have another maintenance: $13,000 - 9,605 = 3,395$.
- 80. d.** This is a problem of multiplication. The easiest way to solve this problem is to temporarily take away the five zeros, then multiply: $365 \times 12 = 4,380$. Now add back the five zeros for a total of 438,000,000. (If you selected answer choice a, you mistakenly divided when you should have multiplied.)

Set 6 (Page 13)

- 81. c.** First ask how many inches are in one foot; the answer is 12 inches. Now multiply: $12 \times 4 = 48$ inches.
- 82. c.** This is a basic division problem: $46 \div 2 = 23$. Rajeeve is 23 years old.
- 83. a.** This is a two-step division problem: 2,052 miles \div 6 days = 342 miles per day; 342 miles per day \div 2 stops = 171 miles between stops.
- 84. b.** Shoshanna's three best (that is, lowest) times are 54, 54, and 57, which add up to 165. Now divide to find the average of these times: $165 \div 3 = 55$. If you got the wrong answer, you may have added all of Shoshanna's times, rather than just her best three. Even when the problem seems simple and you're in a hurry, be sure to read carefully.

- 85. d.** To find the average, divide the total number of miles, 3,450, by 6 days: $3,450 \text{ miles} \div 6 \text{ days} = 575 \text{ miles per day}$.
- 86. c.** First find the total hours worked by all six nurses; $8 + 10 + 9 + 8 + 7 + 12 = 54$. Then find the average by dividing the total hours by the number of nurses; $54 \div 6 = 9$.
- 87. d.** Take the total number of miles and find the average by dividing: $448 \text{ miles} \div 16 \text{ gallons} = 28 \text{ miles per gallon}$.
- 88. d.** $827,036 \text{ bytes free} + 542,159 \text{ bytes freed when the document was deleted} = 1,369,195 \text{ bytes}$; $1,369,195 \text{ bytes} - 489,986 \text{ bytes put into the new file} = 879,209 \text{ bytes left free}$.
- 89. c.** The solution to the problem entails several operations: First, multiply \$80 per month by 7 months = \$560. Next, multiply \$20 per month by the remaining 5 months = \$100. Now find the average for the entire year. Add the two amounts: $\$560 + \$100 = \$660$. Now divide: $\$660 \div 12 \text{ months in a year} = \55 .
- 90. c.** This is a two-step problem. First, add the three numbers: $22 + 25 + 19 = 66$. Now divide the sum by 3 to find the average: $66 \div 3 = 22$.
- 91. c.** First, convert feet to inches: $3 \text{ feet} = 3 \times 12 \text{ inches} = 36 \text{ inches}$. Now add 4 inches: $36 \text{ inches} + 4 \text{ inches} = 40 \text{ inches}$. Then do the final operation: $40 \text{ inches} \div 5 = 8 \text{ inches}$.
- 92. c.** Multiply 16×5 to find out how many gallons all five sprinklers will release in one minute. Then multiply the result (80 gallons per minute) by the number of minutes (10) to get the entire amount released: $80 \times 10 = 800 \text{ gallons}$.
- 93. b.** The median value is the middle value in the list when the numbers are arranged in ascending or descending order. In ascending order this list becomes 8, 8, 9, 10, 12, 13, 17. The middle number in this list is 10.
- 94. d.** It will take one worker about twice as long to complete the task, so you must multiply the original hours and minutes times 2: $2 \text{ hours } 40 \text{ minutes} \times 2 = 4 \text{ hours } 80 \text{ minutes}$, which is equal to 5 hours 20 minutes.
- 95. b.** Two candy bars require 2 quarters; one package of peanuts requires 3 quarters; one can of cola requires 2 quarters—for a total of 7 quarters.
- 96. b.** If it is 11:46 A.M., in 14 minutes it will be noon. In 15 minutes, then, it will be 12:01 P.M..
- Set 7** (Page 15)
- 97. a.** To arrive at the answer quickly, begin by rounding off the numbers, and you will see that choice **a** is less than 600 pounds, whereas choices **b**, **c**, and **d** are all over 600 pounds.
- 98. b.** Take the number of classroom hours and divide by the number of courses: $48 \div 3 = 16 \text{ hours per course}$. Now multiply the number of hours taught for one course by the pay per hour: $16 \times \$35 = \560 .
- 99. b.** Carmella worked 15 hours per week for 8 weeks: $15 \times 8 = 120$. In addition, she worked 15 hours for Mariah for one week, so: $120 + 15 = 135$.
- 100. c.** Divide the amount of cod by the number of crates: $400 \div 20 = 20$.
- 101. c.** Take apart the statement and translate each part. The word “Twice” tells you to multiply the quantity by two. In the second part of the statement, the word *sum* is a key word for addition. So “the sum of six and four” is translated to $6 + 4$. Putting the statement together becomes $2(6 + 4)$.

- 102. b.** The average is the sum divided by the number of observations: $(11 + 4 + 0 + 5 + 4 + 6) \div 6 = 5$.
- 103. a.** The labor fee (\$25) plus the deposit (\$65) plus the basic service (\$15) equals \$105. The difference between the total bill, \$112.50, and \$105 is \$7.50, the cost of the news channels.
- 104. c.** 3 tons = 6,000 pounds; 6,000 pounds \times 16 ounces per pound = 96,000 ounces that can be carried by the truck. The total weight of each daily ration is: 12 ounces + 18 ounces + 18 ounces = 48 ounces per soldier per day; 96,000 \div 48 = 2,000; 2,000 \div 10 days = 200 soldiers supplied.
- 105. c.** Between 8:14 and 9:00, 46 minutes elapse, and between 9:00 and 9:12, 12 minutes elapse, so this is a simple addition problem: $46 + 12 = 58$.
- 106. d.** Begin by multiplying to find out how many forms one clerk can process in a day: 26 forms \times 8 hours = 208 forms per day per clerk. Now find the number of clerks needed by dividing: $5,600 \div 208 = 26.9$. Since you can't hire 0.9 of a clerk, you have to hire 27 clerks for the day.
- 107. c.** The Counting Principle shows the number of ways an event can occur and tells you to take the total choices for each item and multiply them together; $3 \times 5 \times 2 = 30$.
- 108. a.** This answer is in the correct order and is "translated" correctly: Rachel had (=) 3 apples and ate (-) 1.
- 109. c.** This is a multiplication problem: 84,720 troops \times 4 square yards of cloth equals 338,880 square yards of cloth required. (If you chose answer a, you mistakenly divided.)
- 110. c.** From 5:16 P.M. to 7:16 A.M. the next day is 14 hours. An additional 42 minutes occurs between 7:16 A.M. and 7:58 A.M.; $(58 - 16 = 42)$.
- 111. c.** The bars on either side of -14 indicate the absolute value of -14. The absolute value of a number is its distance away from zero on a number line, and in this case, is 14. Therefore $14 + -5 = 9$. Since the signs are different, subtract and keep the sign of the larger number.
- 112. d.** According to the table, a pound in weight makes a difference of \$.64, or \$.04 per ounce over 4 pounds. Fruit that weighs 4 pounds 8 ounces will cost $8 \times .04$ or \$.32 more than fruit that costs 4 pounds. Therefore, the cost is $\$1.10 + 0.32 = \1.42 .

Set 8 (Page 18)

- 113. b.** To find the answer, begin by adding the cost of the two sale puppies: $\$15 + \$15 = \$30$. Now subtract this amount from the total cost: $\$70 - \$30 = \$40$ paid for the third puppy.
- 114. c.** January is approximately \$38,000; February is approximately 41,000, and April is approximately 26,000. These added together give a total of 105,000.
- 115. d.** Because Linda only pays with a check if an item costs more than \$30, the item Linda purchased with a check in this problem must have cost more than \$30. If an item costs more than \$30, then it must cost more than \$25 (choice d), as well.
- 116. d.** This series actually has two alternating sets of numbers. The first number is doubled, giving the third number. The second number has 4 subtracted from it, giving the fourth number. Therefore, the blank space will be 12 doubled, or 24.

- 117. d.** Figure the amounts by setting up the following equations: First, $S = \$3 + \$23 = \$26$. Now, $B = (\$1 \times 5) + (\$2 \times 2)$ or $\$5 + \$4 = \$9$. $MR = \$1 \times 2 = \2 ; and $D = \$4 \times 1 = \4 . Now, add: $\$9 + \$2 + \$4 = \15 . Now subtract: $\$26 - \$15 = \$11$.
- 118. b.** The total value of the supplies and instruments is found by adding the cost of each item; $1,200 + (2 \times 350) + (3 \times 55) + 235 + 125 + 75 = 1200 + 700 + 165 + 235 + 125 + 75$. The total is \$2500.
- 119. c.** Follow the order of operations and evaluate the exponent first. Since any nonzero number raised to the zero power is equal to 1, then $4^0 = 1$. Now multiply $5(1) = 5$ to get the simplified value.
- 120. a.** It is easiest to use trial and error to arrive at the solution to this problem. Begin with choice **a**: After the first hour, the number would be 20, after the second hour 40, after the third hour 80, after the fourth hour 160, and after the fifth hour 320. Fortunately, in this case, you need go no further. The other answer choices do not have the same outcome.
- 121. a.** The unreduced ratio is 8000:5,000,000; reduced, the ratio is 8:5000. Now divide: $5000 \div 8 = 625$, for a ratio of 1:625.
- 122. c.** This is a three-step problem involving multiplication, subtraction, and addition. First find out how many fewer minutes George jogged this week than usual: $5 \text{ hours} \times 60 \text{ minutes} = 300 \text{ minutes} - 40 \text{ minutes missed} = 260 \text{ minutes jogged}$. Now add back the number of minutes George was able to make up: $260 \text{ minutes} + 20 + 13 \text{ minutes} = 293 \text{ minutes}$. Now subtract again: $300 \text{ minutes} - 293 = 7 \text{ minutes jogging time lost}$.
- 123. a.** Since 4 and 6 are factors of 24 and 4 is a perfect square, $\sqrt{24} = \sqrt{4} \times \sqrt{6} = 2 \times \sqrt{6}$ or $2\sqrt{6}$.
- 124. d.** Irrational numbers are non-repeating, non-terminating decimals. They also cannot be written in fraction form without approximating. Choice **d** has a pattern but the same exact pattern does not repeat each time, making it irrational. Choice **a** is a repeating decimal, choice **b** is a fraction, and choice **c** is a terminating decimal so they are rational, not irrational.
- 125. d.** First, write the problem in columns:
- | | |
|----------------|------------------|
| 6 feet | 5 inches |
| <u>-5 feet</u> | <u>11 inches</u> |
- Now subtract, beginning with the right-most column. Since you cannot subtract 11 inches from 5 inches, you must borrow one foot from the 6 in the top left column, then convert it to inches and add: $1 \text{ foot} = 12 \text{ inches}$; $12 \text{ inches} + 5 \text{ inches} = 17 \text{ inches}$. The problem then becomes:
- | | |
|----------------|------------------|
| 5 feet | 17 inches |
| <u>-5 feet</u> | <u>11 inches</u> |
| | 6 inches |
- So the answer is choice **d**, 6 inches.
- 126. c.** This is a problem of addition. You may simplify the terms: $M = F + 10$, then substitute: $M = 16 + 10$, or 26.
- 127. c.** $76 \div 19 = 4$; the other division operations will not end in whole numbers.
- 128. a.** The mode of a set of numbers is the number that appears the most. Four appears in this set three times. Since it appears more often than any other number in the list, 4 is the mode.

Set 9 (Page 21)

- 129. a.** Subtract the months first, then the years. Remember that it is best to write the problem in columns and subtract the right-most column (months) first, then the left-most column (years): 8 months – 7 months = 1 month; 2 years – 1 year = 1 year. So, Brook is 1 year 1 month older than Emilio.
- 130. b.** First, simplify the problem: $K = 5 \times 17 = 85$, so Kara made 85 cents; $R = 7 \times 14 = 98$, so Rani made 98 cents, so Rani made the most money; $R - K = 98 - 85 = 13$. Therefore, Rani made 13 cents more than Kara.
- 131. a.** The train's speed can be found using the formula $distance = rate \times time$. From this we get the formula $rate = \frac{distance}{time}$, since we are looking for the speed. By substituting, $rate = \frac{300}{6}$ which simplifies to 50. The speed is 50 miles per hour.
- 132. b.** First, divide to determine the number of 20-minute segments there are in an hour: $60 \div 20 = 3$. Now multiply that number by the number of times Rita can circle the block: $3 \times 5 = 15$.
- 133. a.** The symbol $>$ means "greater than," and the symbol $<$ means "less than." The only sentence that is correct is choice **a**: 4 feet is greater than 3 feet. The other choices are untrue.
- 134. c.** A prime number is a number that has exactly two factors, 1 and itself. Each of the number choices has more than two factors except 11, whose only factors are 1 and 11.
- 135. d.** If Salwa (S) is ten years older than Roland (R), then S is equal to $R + 10$. Therefore, the equation is $S = R + 10$.
- 136. d.** If four students are lining up, then there are four choices of students for the first spot in line, three choices for the second, two choices for the third and one choice for the fourth spot. The Counting Principle tells you to take the possible choices and multiply them together; $4 \times 3 \times 2 \times 1 = 24$. This type of situation is also called a permutation, because the order matters.
- 137. c.** First, simplify the problem: $L = \$5 + \$4 + \$6 = \15 ; $R = \$14$. Lucinda spent the most by \$1. Don't forget that only the popcorn was shared; the other items must be multiplied by 2.
- 138. c.** First, convert tons to pounds; 1 ton = 2,000 pounds; 36 tons (per year) = 72,000 pounds (per year); 1 year = 12 months, so the average number of pounds of mosquitos the colony of bats can consume in a month is: $72,000 \div 12$, or 6,000 pounds.
- 139. a.** In this question, 10 is the base and 4 is the exponent; 10^4 means 10 is used as a factor four times, or $10 \times 10 \times 10 \times 10$.
- 140. c.** This is a three-step problem involving multiplication and division. First, change yards to feet: $240 \text{ yards} \times 3 \text{ feet in a yard} = 720 \text{ feet}$. Now find the number of square feet in the parcel: $121 \text{ feet} \times 740 \text{ feet} = 87,120 \text{ square feet}$. Now find the number of acres: $87,120 \text{ square feet} \div 43,560 \text{ square feet in an acre} = 2 \text{ acres}$.
- 141. a.** This is a multiplication problem. A quarter section contains 160 acres, so you must multiply: $160 \times \$1,850 = \$296,000$.
- 142. c.** This is a subtraction problem. First, simplify the problem by dropping the word "million." The problem then becomes $P = 3,666$ and $M = 36$. So $P - M = 3,666 - 36 = 3,630$. Now add the word "million" back and the answer becomes 3,630 million.
- 143. b.** $860 \text{ feet} \times 560 \text{ feet} \div 43,560 \text{ square feet per acre} = 11.05 \text{ acres}$.

144. b. $30 \text{ men} \times 42 \text{ square feet} = 1,260 \text{ square feet}$ of space; $1,260 \text{ square feet} \div 35 \text{ men} = 36 \text{ square feet}$; $42 - 36 = 6$, so each man will have 6 less square feet of space.

Set 10 (Page 23)

- 145. d.** First find the number of degrees that the temperature will increase; $57 - 53 = 4$ degrees. Since the temperature increases 1 degree every 2 hours, $4 \text{ degrees} \times 2 \text{ hours} = 8 \text{ hours}$. Add 8 hours to 5 A.M. It will be one o'clock in the afternoon.
- 146. b.** In a fractional exponent, the numerator (number on top) is the power, and the denominator (number on the bottom) is the root. Since 2 is the denominator, take the square root of 16. Since $4 \times 4 = 16$, 4 is the square root of 16. Then the numerator (power) is 1, so $4^1 = 4$.
- 147. c.** The median of a group of numbers is found by arranging the numbers in ascending or descending order, and then finding the number in the middle of the set. First arrange the numbers in order: 12 14 14 16 20 22. Since there is an even number of numbers in the list, find the average of the two numbers that share the middle. In this case the numbers in the middle are 14 and 16, and the average between them is 15.
- 148. b.** When performing addition or subtraction with roots, the terms can only be combined if the radicands (numbers under the square root symbols) are the same. In this case, the radicands are both 2. Subtract the whole numbers in front of the square roots and keep the $\sqrt{2}$. $16 - 4 = 12$ so the final answer is $12\sqrt{2}$.
- 149. a.** To reduce a square root, find any factors that are also perfect squares. In this case, $4 \times 5 = 20$ and 4 is a perfect square. Since $\sqrt{4} = 2$, then $\sqrt{20} = \sqrt{4} \times \sqrt{5} = 2\sqrt{5}$.
- 150. c.** In order for a number to be divisible by 6, it must be able to be divided by six without a remainder. A shortcut to check divisibility by 6 is to see if the number is divisible by both 2 and 3. Since the 546 is even (ends in 6), the number is divisible by 2. Since the sum of the digits is $5 + 4 + 6 = 15$ and 15 is divisible by 3, 546 is also divisible by 3. Since 546 is divisible by both 2 and 3, it is also divisible by 6.
- 151. c.** Take the words in order and substitute the letters and numbers. Patricia has (P =), four times ($4 \times$), the number of marbles Sean has (S). The statement becomes $P = 4 \times S$ which is equal to $P = 4S$.
- 152. c.** The correct answer is 10,447. It helps, if you are in a place where you can do so, to read the answer aloud; that way, you will likely catch any mistake. When writing numbers with 4 or more digits, begin at the right and separate the digits into groups of threes with commas.
- 153. c.** 10,043,703 is the correct answer. The millions place is the third group of numbers from the right. If any group of digits *except the first* has less than 3 digits, you must add a zero at the beginning of that group.
- 154. c.** This is a several-step problem. First figure out how many *dozen* eggs John's chickens produce per day: $480 \div 12 = 40$ dozen eggs per day. Now figure out how much money John makes on eggs per day: $\$2.00 \times 40 = \80 per day. Finally, figure out how much money John makes per week: $\$80 \times 7 = \560 per week. The most common mistake for this problem is to

forget to do the last step. It is important to read each problem carefully, so you won't skip a step.

- 155. d.** When evaluating a negative exponent, take the reciprocal of the base evaluated with a positive exponent. In other words, since $5^2 = 25$, then 5^{-2} equals the reciprocal of 25, or $\frac{1}{25}$.
- 156. b.** The vertical bars on either side of the expression tell you to find the *absolute value* of $4 - 15$. To complete the question, subtract $4 - 15$ to get -11 . Then find the absolute value (the distance the number is away from zero on a number line) of -11 , which is 11.
- 157. d.** The production for Lubbock is equal to the total minus the other productions: $1780 - 450 - 425 - 345 = 560$.
- 158. b.** 54 divided by 6 is 9.
- 159. a.** The mean is equal to the sum of values divided by the number of values. Therefore, $8 \text{ raptors per day} \times 5 \text{ days} = 40 \text{ raptors}$. The sum of the other six days is 34 raptors; $40 \text{ raptors} - 34 \text{ raptors} = 6 \text{ raptors}$.
- 160. c.** The speed of the train, obtained from the table, is 60 miles per hour. Therefore, the distance from Chicago would be equal to $60t$. However, as the train moves on, the distance decreases from Los Angeles, so there must be a function of $-60t$ in the equation. At time $t = 0$, the distance is 2000 miles, so the function is $2000 - 60t$.

► Section 2—Fractions

Set 11 (Page 26)

- 161. b.** Two of the four sections are shaded, so $\frac{2}{4}$ of the figure is shaded. Reducing, the answer is $\frac{1}{2}$.
- 162. b.** Since there are three sections shaded out of a total of five sections, the part shaded is $\frac{3}{5}$.
- 163. c.** To express a fraction in lowest terms, find the greatest common factor of the numerator and denominator and divide each by this factor. The greatest common factor of 24 and 30 is 6; 24 divided by 6 is 4 and 30 divided by 6 is 5. The fraction then simplifies to $\frac{4}{5}$.
- 164. b.** To reduce a fraction to lowest terms, find the greatest common factor of the numerator and denominator and divide each by this factor. The greatest common factor of 72 and 96 is 24; 72 divided by 24 is 3 and 96 divided by 24 is 4. The fraction simplifies to $\frac{3}{4}$. Although there are other common factors of the two numbers, dividing by the greatest common factor will reduce the fraction in one step.
- 165. c.** In order to subtract or add fractions, a common denominator is necessary. Since the fractions being subtracted already have a common denominator of 8, then just subtract the numerators and keep the denominator; $7 - 3 = 4$, so the solution is $\frac{4}{8}$ which simplifies to $\frac{1}{2}$.
- 166. d.** First, find the least common denominator—that is, convert all three fractions to twelfths, then add: $\frac{2}{12} + \frac{7}{12} + \frac{8}{12} = \frac{17}{12}$. Now reduce: $1\frac{5}{12}$.
- 167. d.** To add mixed numbers, make sure that the fractions have a common denominator. Then add the numerators of the fractions and keep the denominator; $\frac{1}{4} + \frac{1}{4} = \frac{2}{4}$ which simplifies to $\frac{1}{2}$. Now, add the whole numbers; $2 + 3 + 1 =$
6. Combine these results to reach a final solution of $6\frac{1}{2}$.
- 168. c.** Since the fractions within the mixed numbers already have a common denominator, subtract the numerators and keep the denominator; $\frac{7}{10} - \frac{1}{10} = \frac{6}{10}$ which reduces to $\frac{3}{5}$. Now subtract the whole numbers; $4 - 3 = 1$. Combine these results to reach a final answer of $1\frac{3}{5}$.
- 169. a.** One way to multiply fractions is to multiply across the numerators to find the numerator of the answer and then multiply across the denominators to find the denominator of the answer. In this case, $1 \times 3 = 3$ in the numerator and $3 \times 4 = 12$ in the denominator. This results in the fraction $\frac{3}{12}$, which reduces to $\frac{1}{4}$. Another way to multiply fractions is to look for common factors to cross-cancel out (remember that there must be a number from the numerator and a number from the denominator in order to cross-cancel) and then multiply across. In this problem, the 3 from the denominator of the first fraction can be cancelled with the 3 from the numerator of the second fraction. Each cancels out and becomes a factor of 1. Multiplying across here also gives a solution of $\frac{1}{4}$.
- 170. b.** Before subtracting, you must convert both fractions to twenty-fourths: $\frac{10}{24} - \frac{9}{24} = \frac{1}{24}$.
- 171. d.** First, find the common denominator, which is 24; $\frac{3}{8} = \frac{9}{24}$; $\frac{5}{6} = \frac{20}{24}$. Then convert the mixed numbers to improper fractions and subtract: $\frac{1353}{24} - \frac{260}{24} = \frac{1093}{24}$. Now change back to a mixed number: $45\frac{13}{24}$.
- 172. a.** Remember that two negatives make a positive, so this rules out choice c. Multiply $\frac{3}{10} \times \frac{5}{1}$ since multiplying by the reciprocal is the same

as dividing by a fraction. The result is $\frac{15}{10}$ which reduces to $\frac{3}{2} = 1\frac{1}{2}$.

- 173. b.** First change any whole numbers or mixed numbers to improper fractions; 40 becomes $\frac{40}{1}$ and $2\frac{1}{2}$ becomes $\frac{5}{2}$. To divide fractions, multiply by the reciprocal of the number being divided by. Therefore, the expression becomes $\frac{40}{1} \times \frac{2}{5}$. By cross canceling common factors, this becomes $\frac{8}{1} \times \frac{2}{1}$ which is equal to $\frac{16}{1}$ or 16.
- 174. b.** The correct answer is $1\frac{1}{6}$.
- 175. a.** Again, in order to subtract the fractions, you must first find the least common denominator, which in this case is 40. The equation is then $\frac{35}{40} - \frac{24}{40} = \frac{11}{40}$.
- 176. a.** Because you are adding numbers that do not have the same sign, subtract the fraction with the smaller absolute value from the fraction with the larger absolute value to find the result. There is already a common denominator of 5, so first subtract the fractional parts: $\frac{3}{5} - \frac{2}{5} = \frac{1}{5}$. Next, subtract the whole numbers: $4 - 1 = 3$. Therefore the solution is $3\frac{1}{5}$.

Set 12 (Page 28)

- 177. b.** To answer the problem you must first convert $\frac{1}{2}$ to $\frac{3}{6}$, then add. The correct answer is $88\frac{1}{3}$.
- 178. c.** This is a basic subtraction problem. Common errors include **d**, misreading the subtraction sign and adding the fractions instead; or **a**, subtracting the numerators but adding the denominators.
- 179. c.** First, find the least common denominator of the fractions, which is 9, then add the fractions: $\frac{6}{9} + \frac{3}{9} = \frac{9}{9}$ or 1. Now add the whole numbers: $43 + 36 = 79$. Now add the results of the two equations: $1 + 79 = 80$.
- 180. d.** The lowest common denominator is 24; $\frac{15}{24} - \frac{8}{24} = \frac{7}{24}$.
- 181. d.** The correct answer is $\frac{58}{35}$. (Unlike the other choices, this could be changed to a mixed number if desired.)
- 182. b.** $\frac{3}{7}$ and $\frac{7}{3}$ are reciprocals. The product of reciprocals is always 1.
- 183. c.** Because two negatives equal a positive, answers **a** and **d** can be easily ruled out. Answer **b** is the result of multiplying rather than dividing.
- 184. b.** One common error, dividing the fractions instead of multiplying, is found in answer **d**.
- 185. a.** The first step is to convert the number 3 to a fraction, making it $\frac{3}{1}$; $\frac{5}{8} \div \frac{3}{1}$ is accomplished by inverting the second fraction, making it $\frac{1}{3}$, and multiplying: $\frac{5}{8} \times \frac{1}{3} = \frac{5}{24}$.
- 186. b.** First, change the mixed numbers to improper fractions. (That is, for each fraction multiply the whole number by the denominator of the fraction, then add the numerator: $2 \times 4 + 1 = 9$, so the fraction becomes $\frac{9}{4}$; $2 \times 7 + 4 = 18$, so the fraction becomes $\frac{18}{7}$. The equation then becomes $\frac{9}{4} \div \frac{18}{7}$. Now invert the second fraction and multiply the numerators and the denominators: $\frac{9}{4} \times \frac{7}{18} = \frac{63}{72}$. Reducing, the answer becomes $\frac{7}{8}$. (If you performed a multiplication operation instead of a division one, you got wrong answer **d**.)
- 187. d.** You can cancel before multiplying, or simply multiply all the numerators and all the denominators to get $\frac{12}{100}$. Then reduce to get $\frac{3}{25}$.
- 188. b.** Convert the fractions to mixed numbers: $1\frac{1}{2} = \frac{3}{2}$, and $1\frac{5}{13} = \frac{18}{13}$. Now invert the second fraction and multiply: $\frac{3}{2} \times \frac{13}{18} = \frac{39}{36}$ or $1\frac{3}{36}$. Now reduce: $1\frac{1}{12}$. (A common error is shown in **c**, multiplying fractions instead of dividing.)

- 189. d.** Properly converting the mixed numbers into improper fractions is the first step in finding the answer. Thus $\frac{7}{3} \times \frac{15}{14} \times \frac{9}{5} = \frac{945}{210} = 4\frac{1}{2}$.
- 190. a.** To multiply fractions, you must multiply the numerators to reach the numerator of the answer ($2 \times 3 = 6$) and multiply the denominators to reach the denominator of the answer ($5 \times 7 = 35$). So the correct answer is $\frac{6}{35}$.
- 191. c.** First, change $2\frac{1}{4}$ to an improper fraction: $2\frac{1}{4} = \frac{9}{4}$. Next, in order to divide by $\frac{2}{3}$, invert that fraction to $\frac{3}{2}$ and multiply: $\frac{9}{4} \times \frac{3}{2} = \frac{27}{8} = \frac{(24+3)}{8} = \frac{24}{8} + \frac{3}{8} = 3\frac{3}{8}$.
- 192. a.** For the answer, divide $\frac{2}{3}$ by $\frac{5}{12}$, which is the same as $\frac{2}{3} \times \frac{12}{5} = \frac{24}{15} = 1\frac{3}{5}$.
- Set 13 (Page 30)**
- 193. a.** To multiply a whole number by a fraction, first change the whole number to a fraction (that is, place it over 1). Then multiply the fractions: $\frac{4}{1} \times \frac{1}{3} = \frac{4}{3}$ or $1\frac{1}{3}$.
- 194. d.** The correct answer is 4.
- 195. b.** If you multiplied instead of dividing, you got answer d.
- 196. b.** This is a basic division of fractions problem. First, convert the mixed number to a fraction: $\frac{21}{8} \div \frac{1}{3}$; $\frac{21}{8} \times \frac{3}{1} = \frac{63}{8}$, or $7\frac{7}{8}$.
- 197. a.** First, change each mixed number to an improper fraction; $1\frac{1}{2} = \frac{3}{2}$ and $2\frac{1}{4} = \frac{9}{4}$. The problem becomes $\frac{3}{2} \div \frac{9}{4}$. To divide fractions, multiply by the reciprocal of the number being divided by; $\frac{3}{2} \times \frac{4}{9} = \frac{12}{18} = \frac{2}{3}$.
- 198. a.** First, change each of the mixed numbers to improper fractions. The expression becomes $\frac{7}{3} \times \frac{11}{2} \times \frac{3}{11}$. Cross-cancel the factors of 3 and 11. Multiply across to get $\frac{7}{2}$, which is equal to $3\frac{1}{2}$.
- 199. c.** The correct answer is $30\frac{2}{5}$.
- 200. c.** First, change the mixed number to an improper fraction; $1\frac{1}{6} = \frac{7}{6}$. Now multiply and reduce; $\frac{3}{4} \times \frac{7}{6} = \frac{21}{24} = \frac{7}{8}$.
- 201. d.** The first step in solving this problem is to subtract to get $-\frac{6}{3}$. This reduces to -2 .
- 202. b.** The correct answer is $\frac{7}{32}$.
- 203. a.** The correct answer is $18\frac{2}{3}$.
- 204. a.** The least common denominator for the two fractions is 18. Ignore the whole number 6 for a moment, and simply subtract the fractions: $\frac{4}{18} - \frac{3}{18} = \frac{1}{18}$. Now put back the 6 for the correct answer: $6\frac{1}{18}$. (If you got answer c, you subtracted both the numerators and the denominators.)
- 205. c.** The correct answer is $13\frac{29}{35}$.
- 206. a.** The correct answer is $17\frac{8}{9}$.
- 207. d.** Find the answer by changing the fractions to decimals: $\frac{1}{3} = 0.333$; $\frac{1}{4} = 0.25$; $\frac{2}{7} = 0.286$. 0.286, or $\frac{2}{7}$, is between the other two.
- 208. b.** Divide the numerator by the denominator and this number becomes the whole number of the mixed number. The remainder, if any, becomes the numerator of the fraction of the mixed number. So, $21 \div 4 = 5$, remainder 1. Therefore, the mixed number is $5\frac{1}{4}$.
- Set 14 (Page 32)**
- 209. d.** Divide the numerator of the fraction, or top number, by the denominator of the fraction, or bottom number: So $\frac{13}{25}$ becomes $13 \div 25$, or 0.52, or $\frac{52}{100}$.
- 210. a.** To solve this problem, you must first convert all the fractions to the lowest common denominator, which is 24; $\frac{7}{8} = \frac{21}{24}$, $\frac{3}{4} = \frac{18}{24}$, $\frac{2}{3} = \frac{16}{24}$, $\frac{5}{6} = \frac{20}{24}$. The fraction with the largest numerator, which is $\frac{21}{24}$, has the greatest value.

- 211. b.** Convert each fraction to the common denominator of 30; $\frac{3}{5} = \frac{18}{30}$; $\frac{8}{15} = \frac{16}{30}$; $\frac{17}{30}$ already has a denominator of 30; $\frac{2}{3} = \frac{20}{30}$. The fraction with the smallest numerator is $\frac{16}{30}$, which is equivalent to $\frac{8}{15}$.
- 212. d.** To solve the problem, one must first find the common denominator, in this instance 60. Then the fractions must be converted: $\frac{17}{20} = \frac{51}{60}$ (for choice a); $\frac{3}{4} = \frac{45}{60}$ (for choice b); $\frac{5}{6} = \frac{50}{60}$ (for choice c); and $\frac{7}{10} = \frac{42}{60}$ (for the correct choice, d).
- 213. b.** Convert the mixed number $3\frac{7}{8}$ to the improper fraction $\frac{31}{8}$ and then invert.
- 214. a.** Change the mixed number to an improper fraction: $3\frac{3}{4} = \frac{15}{4}$. Now invert: $\frac{4}{15}$.
- 215. d.** Divide the top number by the bottom number; $160 \div 40 = 4$.
- 216. b.** Divide the numerator by the denominator and this number becomes the whole number of the mixed number. The remainder, if any, becomes the numerator of the fraction of the mixed number. So, $31 \div 3 = 10$ remainder 1. Therefore, the mixed number is $10\frac{1}{3}$.
- 217. a.** Multiply the whole number by the fraction's denominator; $5 \times 2 = 10$. Add the fraction's numerator to the answer: $1 + 10 = 11$. Now place that answer over the fraction's denominator: $\frac{11}{2}$.
- 218. d.** The first step is to convert each fraction to the least common denominator, which is 20. The problem becomes $\frac{12}{20} - \frac{5}{20}$. Subtract to get $\frac{7}{20}$.
- 219. b.** In an improper fraction the top number is greater than the bottom number.
- 220. a.** Mario has finished $\frac{35}{45}$ of his test, which reduces to $\frac{7}{9}$, so he has $\frac{2}{9}$ of the test to go.
- 221. a.** First find the least common denominator of the two fractions, which is 6. Then add the fractions of the sandwich Joe got rid of: $\frac{3}{6}$ (which he gave to Ed) + $\frac{2}{6}$ (which he ate) = $\frac{5}{6}$. Now subtract the fraction from one whole sandwich ($1 = \frac{6}{6}$): $\frac{6}{6} - \frac{5}{6} = \frac{1}{6}$.
- 222. a.** The total width of the three windows is 105 inches; $105 \times 2\frac{1}{2} = \frac{105}{1} \times \frac{5}{2} = \frac{525}{2} = 262\frac{1}{2}$.
- 223. a.** Since Katie and her family ate $\frac{3}{4}$ of the pizza for dinner, $\frac{1}{4}$ of it is leftover. Katie ate $\frac{1}{2}$ of $\frac{1}{4}$ for lunch the next day; $\frac{1}{2} \times \frac{1}{4} = \frac{1}{8}$.
- 224. c.** To subtract fractions, first convert to a common denominator, in this case, $\frac{25}{40} - \frac{24}{40} = \frac{1}{40}$.
- Set 15** (Page 34)
- 225. c.** To find out how many dozen cookies Hans can make, divide $5\frac{1}{2}$ by $\frac{2}{3}$. First, convert $5\frac{1}{2}$ to $\frac{11}{2}$, then multiply by $\frac{3}{2}$, which is the same as dividing by $\frac{2}{3}$; $\frac{11}{2} \times \frac{3}{2} = \frac{33}{4}$, or $8\frac{1}{4}$ dozen.
- 226. c.** Add the fractions and subtract the total from 2. The least common denominator is 24 so the fractions become $\frac{12}{24} + \frac{3}{24} + \frac{16}{24}$ which adds to $\frac{31}{24}$. Two pounds is equal to $\frac{48}{24}$, so $\frac{48}{24} - \frac{31}{24} = \frac{17}{24}$.
- 227. a.** To multiply mixed numbers, convert to improper fractions, or $\frac{5}{4} \times \frac{11}{8} = \frac{55}{32}$, or $1\frac{23}{32}$ square inches.
- 228. a.** Divide $6\frac{1}{2}$ lbs. by 8 people; $6\frac{1}{2} \div 8$ equals $\frac{13}{2} \div \frac{8}{1}$. To divide fractions, multiply by the reciprocal of the fraction being divided by; $\frac{13}{2} \times \frac{1}{8} = \frac{13}{16}$.
- 229. c.** It is 36 linear feet around the perimeter of the room (9×4); $36 - 17\frac{3}{4} = \frac{73}{4}$ or $18\frac{1}{4}$.
- 230. c.** Mixed numbers must be converted to fractions, and you must use the least common denominator of 8; $\frac{18}{8} + \frac{37}{8} + \frac{4}{8} = \frac{59}{8}$, which is $7\frac{3}{8}$ after it is reduced.

- 231. d.** Since 28 of the 35 slices have been eaten, there are $35 - 28 = 7$ slices left. This means $\frac{7}{35}$, or $\frac{1}{5}$ of the loaf is left.
- 232. a.** The common denominator is 24; $\frac{56}{24} - \frac{21}{24} = \frac{35}{24}$ or $1\frac{11}{24}$.
- 233. c.** Convert both the cost and the length to fractions; $\frac{3}{4} \times \frac{22}{3} = \frac{66}{12}$ or $5\frac{1}{2}$, which is \$5.50.
- 234. b.** The total number of pages assigned is 80; $\frac{1}{6} \times 80 = \frac{80}{6}$ or $13\frac{1}{3}$.
- 235. d.** To subtract, convert to improper fractions, find a common denominator and subtract the numerators; $\frac{11}{2} - \frac{10}{3} = \frac{33}{6} - \frac{20}{6} = \frac{13}{6}$ or $2\frac{1}{6}$.
- 236. c.** To find the hourly wage, divide the total salary by the number of hours worked, or 331.01 divided by $39\frac{1}{2}$, converted to a decimal, which is 39.5, which equals 8.38.
- 237. d.** First, find how much of the cookie was eaten by adding the two fractions. After converting to the least common denominator the amount eaten is $\frac{9}{21} + \frac{7}{21} = \frac{16}{21}$. This means $\frac{5}{21}$ of the cookie is left.
- 238. b.** When subtracting mixed fractions, subtract the fractions first. Since 8 contains no fractions, convert to $7\frac{8}{8}$, then subtract, in this case, $\frac{8}{8} - \frac{5}{8} = \frac{3}{8}$. Then subtract the whole numbers, in this case $7 - 6 = 1$ (remember, 8 was converted to $7\frac{8}{8}$). Add the results, or $1\frac{3}{8}$.
- 239. a.** $\frac{3}{5}$ of 360 is figured as $\frac{3}{5} \times \frac{360}{1} = \frac{1080}{5}$ or 216.
- 240. c.** The least common denominator of the fractions is 20. When added together, the fraction part of each mixed number adds to $\frac{54}{20} = 2\frac{14}{20}$ which reduces to $2\frac{7}{10}$. The sum of the whole numbers is 36; $2\frac{7}{10} + 36 = 38\frac{7}{10}$.
- Set 16** (Page 36)
- 241. c.** The total number of items ordered is 36; the total received is 23. Therefore, Meryl has received 23 of 36 items or $\frac{23}{36}$; $\frac{23}{36}$ cannot be reduced.
- 242. b.** To multiply fractions, convert to improper fractions; $7.75 = 7\frac{3}{4} = \frac{31}{4}$; $38\frac{1}{5} = \frac{191}{5}$. So, $\frac{31}{4} \times \frac{191}{5} = \frac{5921}{20}$ or \$296.05.
- 243. d.** $\frac{1}{3}$ of $3\frac{1}{2}$ is expressed as $\frac{1}{3} \times 3\frac{1}{2}$, or $\frac{1}{3} \times \frac{7}{2} = \frac{7}{6}$ or $1\frac{1}{6}$.
- 244. a.** To divide $20\frac{1}{3}$ by $1\frac{1}{2}$, first convert to improper fractions, or $\frac{61}{3}$ divided by $\frac{3}{2}$. To divide, invert the second fraction and multiply; $\frac{61}{3} \times \frac{2}{3} = \frac{122}{9} = 13.55$ or approximately $13\frac{1}{2}$ recipes.
- 245. c.** There are two glasses out of eight left to drink, or $\frac{2}{8}$, which reduces to $\frac{1}{4}$.
- 246. a.** There will be 100 questions on the test. Wendy has completed 25 of 100, or $\frac{1}{4}$ of the test.
- 247. c.** To figure the necessary number of gallons, divide the number of miles by the miles per gallon or $\frac{117}{2}$ divided by $\frac{43}{3} = \frac{351}{86}$ or $4\frac{7}{86}$.
- 248. d.** Felicia still needs 18 squares, or $\frac{18}{168}$, which can be reduced to $\frac{3}{28}$.
- 249. b.** $14\frac{1}{2} \times 12\frac{1}{3}$, or $\frac{29}{2} \times \frac{37}{3} = \frac{1073}{6}$ or 178.83 square feet. Two gallons of paint will cover 180 square feet.
- 250. b.** The amount of meat loaf left is $\frac{2}{5} - (\frac{2}{5})(\frac{1}{4}) = \frac{2}{5} - \frac{2}{20}$. After finding the least common denominator this becomes $\frac{8}{20} - \frac{2}{20} = \frac{6}{20}$, which reduces to $\frac{3}{10}$.
- 251. a.** Millie has completed $\frac{16}{52}$ galleries, or $\frac{4}{13}$, of the total galleries.
- 252. c.** First, convert \$12.35 to a fraction ($12\frac{35}{100}$), then convert to an improper fraction ($\frac{1235}{100}$) and reduce to $\frac{247}{20}$; $\frac{3}{4}$ of the work week is 30 hours. To multiply a whole number by a fraction, convert the whole number to a fraction, $\frac{30}{1}$; $\frac{247}{20} \times \frac{30}{1} = \frac{7410}{20}$ or $370\frac{1}{2}$ or \$370.50.

- 253. b.** $\frac{1}{2}$ of $\frac{1}{4}$ is expressed as $\frac{1}{2} \times \frac{1}{4}$ or $\frac{1}{8}$.
- 254. d.** $\frac{1}{4} \times 2$ is expressed as $\frac{1}{4} \times \frac{2}{1} = \frac{2}{4}$, or $\frac{1}{2}$ teaspoon.
- 255. a.** The total area of the lawn is 810 square yards (30×27). There is $\frac{1}{3}$ of the yard left to mow; $\frac{1}{3} \times \frac{810}{1} = \frac{810}{3}$ or 270.
- 256. d.** The fraction of program time devoted to commercials is $\frac{6}{30}$, or $\frac{1}{5}$.
- Set 17** (Page 38)
- 257. d.** Let x = the original weight. If $\frac{1}{8}$ of the original weight is equal to 15 pounds, then $\frac{1}{8} \times x = 15$. Multiply both sides by 8 to get $x = 120$ pounds.
- 258. d.** To determine the number of bags each minute, divide the total bags by the total minutes, or $15\frac{1}{2}$ divided by 3, or $\frac{31}{2}$ divided by $\frac{3}{1}$, or $\frac{31}{2}$ times $\frac{1}{3}$, which is equal to $\frac{31}{6}$ or $5\frac{1}{6}$ bags per minute.
- 259. d.** To determine $\frac{1}{4}$ of $5\frac{1}{3}$, multiply $\frac{1}{4}$ and $5\frac{1}{3}$. Change the mixed number to an improper fraction; $\frac{1}{4} \times \frac{16}{3} = \frac{16}{12} = \frac{4}{3} = 1\frac{1}{3}$.
- 260. a.** This is a subtraction of mixed numbers problem. The common denominator is 8. Convert $\frac{1}{2}$ to $\frac{4}{8}$. Because $\frac{4}{8}$ is larger than $\frac{1}{8}$, you must borrow from the whole number 23. Then, subtract. $22\frac{9}{8} - 6\frac{4}{8} = 16\frac{5}{8}$.
- 261. a.** This is a subtraction problem. First, find the lowest common denominator, which is 12; $\frac{3}{4} = \frac{9}{12}$ and $\frac{2}{3} = \frac{8}{12}$. Then subtract: $\frac{9}{12} - \frac{8}{12} = \frac{1}{12}$.
- 262. b.** To solve this problem, you must first convert yards to inches. There are 36 inches in a yard; $36 \times 3\frac{1}{3} = \frac{36}{1} \times \frac{10}{3} = \frac{360}{3} = 120$.
- 263. b.** This is a subtraction of fractions problem. The common denominator is 8. Convert $22\frac{1}{4}$ to $22\frac{2}{8}$. Because $\frac{5}{8}$ is larger than $\frac{2}{8}$, you must borrow. Then, subtract: $21\frac{10}{8} - 17\frac{5}{8} = 4\frac{5}{8}$.
- 264. c.** This is a simple subtraction problem with mixed numbers. First, find the lowest common denominator, which is 15; $\frac{4}{5} = \frac{12}{15}$ and $\frac{1}{3} = \frac{5}{15}$. Then, subtract; $20\frac{12}{15} - 3\frac{5}{15} = 17\frac{7}{15}$.
- 265. d.** First you must add the two fractions to determine what fraction of the total number of buses was in for maintenance and repair. The common denominator for $\frac{1}{6}$ and $\frac{1}{8}$ is 24, so $\frac{1}{6} + \frac{1}{8} = \frac{4}{24} + \frac{3}{24}$, or $\frac{7}{24}$. Next, divide 28 by $\frac{7}{24}$; $28 \div \frac{7}{24} = \frac{28}{1} \times \frac{24}{7} = \frac{672}{7} = 96$.
- 266. d.** Mixed numbers must be converted to fractions, and you must use the least common denominator of 8: $\frac{18}{8} + \frac{37}{8} + \frac{4}{8} = \frac{59}{8}$, which is $7\frac{3}{8}$ after it is changed to a mixed number.
- 267. b.** This is a problem involving addition of mixed numbers. First, find the common denominator, which is 6. Convert the fractions and add: $\frac{2}{6} + \frac{5}{6} + \frac{4}{6} = \frac{11}{6}$. Next, reduce the fraction: $\frac{11}{6} = 1\frac{5}{6}$. Finally, add the whole numbers and the mixed number: $2 + 1 + 2 + 1\frac{5}{6} = 6\frac{5}{6}$.
- 268. b.** Solve this problem with the following equation: $37\frac{1}{2}$ hours $- 26\frac{1}{4}$ hours $= 11\frac{1}{4}$ hours.
- 269. a.** Solve this problem with the following equations: $\frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{2} + (5 \times \frac{1}{4}) = 1 + 1\frac{1}{4} = 2\frac{1}{4}$ miles.
- 270. d.** This is an addition of fractions problem. Add the top numbers of the fractions: $\frac{1}{3} + \frac{1}{3} = \frac{2}{3}$. Then add the whole number: $1 + \frac{2}{3} = 1\frac{2}{3}$.
- 271. b.** This is an addition problem with mixed numbers. First, add the fractions by finding the lowest common denominator; in this case, it is 40; $\frac{15}{40} + \frac{12}{40} + \frac{8}{40} = \frac{35}{40}$. Next, reduce the fraction: $\frac{35}{40} = \frac{7}{8}$. Then add the whole numbers: $7 + 6 + 5 = 18$. Finally, add the results: $18 + \frac{7}{8} = 18\frac{7}{8}$.
- 272. d.** This is an addition problem. To add mixed numbers, first add the fractions: To do this, find the lowest common denominator; in this case, it is 20. $\frac{3}{4} = \frac{15}{20}$ and $\frac{3}{5} = \frac{12}{20}$. Now add: $\frac{15}{20} +$

$\frac{12}{20} = \frac{27}{20}$. Next, reduce: $\frac{27}{20} = 1\frac{7}{20}$. Finally, add the whole numbers to get the result: $16 + 2 + 1\frac{7}{20} = 19\frac{7}{20}$.

Set 18 (Page 40)

- 273. a.** In this problem you must find the fraction. Paula has completed 15 of the 25 minutes, or $\frac{15}{25}$. Reduce the fraction: $\frac{15}{25} = \frac{3}{5}$.
- 274. c.** This is a multiplication problem. To multiply a whole number by a mixed number, first convert the mixed number to a fraction: $1\frac{2}{5} = \frac{7}{5}$. Then, multiply: $\frac{7}{5} \times \frac{3}{1} = \frac{21}{5}$. Now reduce; $\frac{21}{5} = 4\frac{1}{5}$.
- 275. c.** This is a division problem with mixed numbers. First, convert the mixed numbers to fractions: $33\frac{1}{2} = \frac{67}{2}$ and $5\frac{1}{4} = \frac{21}{4}$. Next, invert the second fraction and multiply: $\frac{67}{2} \times \frac{4}{21} = \frac{134}{21}$. Reduce to a mixed number: $\frac{134}{21} = 6\frac{8}{21}$. With this result, you know that only 6 glasses can be completely filled.
- 276. d.** This is a division problem. First, change the mixed number to a fraction: $3\frac{1}{2} = \frac{7}{2}$. Next, invert $\frac{1}{8}$ and multiply: $\frac{7}{2} \times \frac{8}{1} = 28$.
- 277. b.** This is a multiplication of fractions problem. Six minutes is $\frac{6}{60}$ of an hour, which is reduced to $\frac{1}{10}$; $2\frac{1}{2} = \frac{5}{2}$. Next, multiply: $\frac{1}{10} \times \frac{5}{2} = \frac{1}{4}$.
- 278. d.** First convert the $2\frac{1}{2}$ hours to minutes by multiplying $2\frac{1}{2} \times 60$ to get 150 minutes. Then divide the answer by 50, the number of questions: $150 \div 50 = 3$.
- 279. b.** Use 35 for C; $F = (\frac{9}{5} \times 35) + 32$. Therefore $F = 63 + 32$, or 95.
- 280. b.** Because the answer is a fraction, the best way to solve the problem is to convert the known to a fraction: $\frac{10}{45}$ of the cylinder is full. By dividing both the numerator and the denominator by 5, you can reduce the fraction to $\frac{2}{9}$.
- 281. c.** Solving this problem requires determining the circumference of the spool by multiplying $\frac{22}{7}$ by $3\frac{1}{2} (\frac{7}{2})$. Divide the total (11) into 53. The answer is 4.8, so the hose will completely wrap only 4 times.
- 282. a.** Convert Fahrenheit temperature to Celsius temperature using the given formula. Use $F = 113$; $C = \frac{5}{9}(113 - 32) = \frac{5}{9}(81) = 45$.
- 283. b.** To solve this problem, find the number of gallons of water missing from each tank ($\frac{1}{3}$ from Tank A, $\frac{3}{5}$ from Tank B), and then multiply by the number of gallons each tank holds when full (555 for Tank A; 680 for Tank B): $\frac{1}{3} \times 555 = 185$ for Tank A; $\frac{3}{5} \times 680 = 408$ for Tank B. Now add the number of gallons missing from both tanks to get the number of gallons needed to fill them: $185 + 408 = 593$.
- 284. a.** This is a multi-step problem. First, determine how many pieces of pizza have been eaten. Eight pieces ($\frac{8}{9}$) of the first pizza have been eaten; 6 pieces ($\frac{6}{9}$) of the second pizza have been eaten; 7 pieces ($\frac{7}{9}$) of the third pizza have been eaten. Next, add the eaten pieces; $8 + 6 + 7 = 21$. Since there are 27 pieces of pizza in all, 6 pieces are left, or $\frac{6}{27}$. Reduce the fraction; $\frac{6}{27} = \frac{2}{9}$.
- 285. c.** To solve the problem you have to first convert the total time to minutes (for the correct choice, **c**, this is 105 minutes), then multiply by 4 (420 minutes), then convert the answer back to hours by dividing by 60 minutes to arrive at the final answer (7 hours). Or you can multiply $1\frac{3}{4}$ hours by 4 to arrive at the same answer.

- 286. a.** In this problem, you must multiply a fraction by a whole number; $\frac{5}{6} \times \frac{5}{1} = \frac{25}{6}$. Convert to a mixed number; $\frac{25}{6} = 4\frac{1}{6}$.
- 287. b.** This is a two-step problem involving both addition and division. First add the two mixed numbers to find out how many ounces of jelly beans there are in all: $10\frac{1}{4} + 9\frac{1}{8} = 19\frac{3}{8}$. Convert the result to a fraction: $19\frac{3}{8} = \frac{155}{8}$. Next, to divide by 5, invert the whole number and multiply: $\frac{155}{8} \times \frac{1}{5} = \frac{31}{8}$. Convert to a mixed number; $\frac{31}{8} = 3\frac{7}{8}$.
- 288. b.** If half the students are female, then you would expect half of the out-of-state students to be female. One half of $\frac{1}{12}$ equals $\frac{1}{2} \times \frac{1}{12}$, or $\frac{1}{24}$.
- Set 19** (Page 42)
- 289. b.** There are 60 minutes in an hour. Multiply $60 \times 7\frac{1}{6}$ by multiplying $60 \times 7 = 420$ and $60 \times \frac{1}{6} = 10$. Then add $420 + 10$ to get 430 minutes.
- 290. a.** To solve this problem, you must convert $3\frac{1}{2}$ to $\frac{7}{2}$ and then divide $\frac{7}{2}$ by $\frac{1}{4}$. The answer, $\frac{28}{2}$, is then reduced to the number 14.
- 291. c.** The simplest way to add these three numbers is to first add the whole numbers, then add the fractions: $3 + 2 + 4 = 9$. Then, $\frac{1}{2} + \frac{3}{4} = \frac{2}{4} + \frac{3}{4} = \frac{5}{4}$, or $1\frac{1}{4}$. Then, $9 + 1\frac{1}{4} = 10\frac{1}{4}$.
- 292. c.** This is a multiplication problem involving a whole number and a mixed number. There are 16 ounces in a pound so you must multiply $16 \times 9\frac{1}{2}$. First, change the whole number and the mixed number to fractions: $\frac{16}{1} \times \frac{19}{2} = \frac{304}{2}$. Converting: $\frac{304}{2} = 152$ ounces.
- 293. b.** In this problem you must find the fraction: $\frac{7,500}{25,000}$. Next, reduce the fraction. The easiest way to reduce is to first eliminate zeros in the numerator and the denominator: $\frac{7,500}{25,000} = \frac{75}{250}$. Then, further reduce the fraction; $\frac{75}{250} = \frac{3}{10}$.
- 294. d.** If 2 of 5 cars are foreign, 3 of 5 are domestic; $\frac{3}{5} \times 60$ cars = 36 cars.
- 295. b.** $2\frac{1}{2}$ is equal to 2.5; $1\frac{1}{4}$ is equal to 1.25; 2.5×1.25 is equal to 3.125 or $3\frac{1}{8}$.
- 296. c.** If 150 of the 350 seats are filled, then $\frac{150}{350}$ represents the part of the auditorium that is full. Divide each by the greatest common factor of 50 to reduce to $\frac{3}{7}$.
- 297. b.** Use the formula beginning with the operation in parentheses: 98 minus 32 equals 66. Then multiply 66 by $\frac{5}{9}$, first multiplying 66 by 5 to get 330; $330 \div 9 = 36.67$, which is rounded up to 36.7.
- 298. c.** Substitute $C = 30$ into the formula provided; $F = \frac{9}{5}(30) + 32$; $F = 54 + 32$; $F = 86$.
- 299. d.** This is a multiplication of fractions problem: $\frac{1}{3} \times \frac{210}{1} = 70$.
- 300. d.** This is a two-step problem involving multiplication and simple subtraction. First, determine the amount of sand contained in the 4 trucks; $\frac{3}{4} \times \frac{4}{1} = \frac{12}{4}$. Reduce: $\frac{12}{4} = 3$. Then, subtract; $3 - 2\frac{5}{6} = \frac{1}{6}$. There is $\frac{1}{6}$ ton more than is needed.
- 301. b.** To solve the problem, you must first find the common denominator, in this instance, 24. Then the fractions must be converted: $\frac{1}{8} = \frac{3}{24}$; $\frac{1}{6} = \frac{4}{24}$; $\frac{3}{4} = \frac{18}{24}$. Add the values for first and second layers together: $\frac{3}{24} + \frac{4}{24} = \frac{7}{24}$, then subtract the sum from the total thickness ($\frac{18}{24}$): $\frac{18}{24} - \frac{7}{24} = \frac{11}{24}$.
- 302. c.** The recipe for 16 brownies calls for $\frac{2}{3}$ cup butter. An additional $\frac{1}{3}$ cup would make 8 more brownies, for a total of 24 brownies.

- 303. a.** The recipe is for 16 brownies. Half of that, 8, would reduce the ingredients by half. Half of $1\frac{1}{2}$ cups of sugar is $\frac{3}{4}$ cup.
- 304. c.** In this problem you must find the fraction. $\frac{6}{10}$ of the cake has been eaten, so $\frac{4}{10}$ of the cake is left. Now reduce the fraction: $\frac{4}{10} = \frac{2}{5}$.

Set 20 (Page 45)

- 305. a.** Rounding to close numbers helps. This is approximately $100,000 \div 500,000 = 0.20$ or $\frac{1}{5}$.
- 306. b.** Yellow beans + orange beans = 12. There are 30 total beans; $\frac{12}{30}$ is reduced to $\frac{2}{5}$.
- 307. c.** In this problem you must multiply a mixed number by a whole number. First, rewrite the whole number as a fraction; $5 = \frac{5}{1}$. Then rewrite the mixed number as a fraction: $6\frac{1}{2} = \frac{13}{2}$. Then multiply: $\frac{5}{1} \times \frac{13}{2} = \frac{65}{2}$. Finally, convert to a mixed number; $\frac{65}{2} = 32\frac{1}{2}$.
- 308. c.** This is a division of fractions problem. First, change the whole number to a fraction: $6 = \frac{6}{1}$. Then invert the second fraction and multiply: $\frac{6}{1} \times \frac{4}{1} = 24$.
- 309. d.** In this problem you must multiply a fraction by a whole number. First, rewrite the whole number as a fraction: $8 = \frac{8}{1}$. Next, multiply: $\frac{8}{1} \times \frac{4}{5} = \frac{32}{5}$. Finally, convert to a mixed number: $\frac{32}{5} = 6\frac{2}{5}$.
- 310. c.** This is a multiplication with mixed numbers problem. First, change both mixed numbers to fractions: $3\frac{1}{4} = \frac{13}{4}$; $1\frac{2}{3} = \frac{5}{3}$. Next, multiply the fractions: $\frac{13}{4} \times \frac{5}{3} = \frac{65}{12}$. Finally, change the result to a mixed number: $\frac{65}{12} = 5\frac{5}{12}$.
- 311. b.** This is a division problem. First, change the mixed number to a fraction: $1\frac{1}{8} = \frac{9}{8}$. Invert the whole number 3 and multiply: $\frac{9}{8} \times \frac{1}{3} = \frac{3}{8}$.
- 312. b.** This is a basic addition problem. First, change the fractions to decimals. Then, you might think of the problem this way: For Iris to get to Raoul's house, she must go 2.5 miles west to the Sunnydale Mall, then on west 1.5 miles to the QuikMart, and then on 4.5 miles to Raoul's house. So: $2.5 + 1.5 + 4.5 = 8.5$ miles.
- 313. a.** To find the area of the floor in square feet, multiply the length by the width, or $9\frac{3}{4} \times 8\frac{1}{3}$. To multiply mixed numbers, first convert to improper fractions, or $\frac{39}{4} \times \frac{25}{3} = \frac{975}{12}$ or $81\frac{1}{4}$.
- 314. b.** There are 12 inches in a foot. Change the mixed number to a decimal: 4.5. Now multiply: $4.5 \times 12 = 54$.
- 315. a.** First, change the mixed numbers to decimals: $7\frac{1}{2} = 7.5$ and $4\frac{1}{4} = 4.25$. Now subtract: $7.5 - 4.25 = 3.25$. Now change the decimal back to a fraction: $3.25 = 3\frac{1}{4}$.
- 316. c.** First, find the least common denominator of the fractions, which is 6. Then add: $9\frac{2}{6} + 8\frac{5}{6} = 17\frac{7}{6}$, or $18\frac{1}{6}$.
- 317. d.** First add the weight of Ralph's triplets: $4\frac{3}{8} + 3\frac{5}{6} + 4\frac{7}{8}$, or (after finding the least common denominator) $4\frac{9}{24} + 3\frac{20}{24} + 4\frac{21}{24} = 11\frac{50}{24}$, or $13\frac{2}{24}$, or $13\frac{1}{12}$. Now find the weight of Harvey's twins: $7\frac{2}{6} + 9\frac{3}{10}$, or (after finding the least common denominator) $7\frac{10}{30} + 9\frac{9}{30} = 16\frac{19}{30}$. Now subtract: $16\frac{19}{30} - 13\frac{1}{12} = 16\frac{38}{60} - 13\frac{5}{60} = 3\frac{33}{60} = 3\frac{11}{20}$. So Harvey's twins outweigh Ralph's triplets by $3\frac{11}{20}$. (No further reduction of the fraction is possible.)
- 318. d.** If she uses $\frac{3}{8}$ of a pound, then $\frac{5}{8}$ of a pound are left. The question asks for the number of ounces left, so convert one pound to 16 ounces. Then find $\frac{5}{8}$ of 16 ounces by multiplying; $\frac{5}{8} \times 16 = 10$ ounces.

319. a. To find the fraction, compare the down payment with the total cost of the car; $\frac{630}{6300}$ reduces to $\frac{1}{10}$.

320. c. Change the information into a fraction: $\frac{2}{8}$.
Now, reduce the fraction: $\frac{1}{4}$.

► Section 3—Decimals

Set 21 (Page 48)

- 321. d.** The hundredth is the second digit to the right of the decimal point. Because the third decimal is 6, the second is rounded up to 4.
- 322. d.** The farther to the right the non-zero digits are, the smaller the number. Forty three thousandths is greater than 43 ten-thousandths.
- 323. c.** Common errors include **a**, subtracting instead of adding; or **d**, not lining up the decimal points correctly.
- 324. c.** If you line up the decimal points properly, you don't even have to do the subtraction to see that none of the other answers is even close to the correct value.
- 325. a.** To evaluate this type of division problem, you need to move each decimal point four spaces to the right and then bring that point straight up into the dividend, or answer. If you got choice **c**, you divided 0.8758 by 2.9.
- 326. b.** $195.6 \div 7.2$ yields a repeating decimal, 27.166666..., which, rounded up to the nearest hundredth, is 27.17.
- 327. c.** The other answers were subtracted without aligning the decimal points.
- 328. a.** The correct answer is 31.75. Not lining up the decimal points when multiplying is the most common error in this type of problem.
- 329. d.** This is a basic subtraction problem with decimals. The correct answer is 1.734.
- 330. b.** The correct answer has only two decimal places: 96.32.
- 331. c.** Since there are two decimal places in each number you are multiplying, you need a total of four decimal places in the answer, 0.2646.

- 332. c.** This is a mixed decimal. The whole number, 6, is to the left of the decimal point. The hundredths place is the second digit to the right of the decimal point.
- 333. d.** The hundredths place is two digits to the right of the decimal point. The 9 is in the tenths place; the 0 is in the thousandths place; the 2 is in the ten-thousandths place.
- 334. a.** 0.7 is the correct answer. Choice **b** is rounded up instead of down; choice **c** is rounded to the nearest hundredths place; and choice **d** is rounded to the nearest whole number.
- 335. a.** In **b**, the 9 is in the hundredths place. In **c**, it is in the tenths place; in **d**, the ten-thousandths place.
- 336. c.** The correct answer is 1.8.

Set 22 (Page 50)

- 337. a.** You have to be careful to align the decimal points.
- 338. b.** You need four digits to the right of the decimal point.
- 339. c.** It is important to keep the decimal values straight. Divide as usual, and then bring the decimal point straight up into the answer in order to get 39.4.
- 340. b.** Think of 145.29 as 145.290, and then line up the decimal points and add the numbers.
- 341. d.** You can rule out **a** and **c** because the 7 in the thousandths place indicates subtraction rather than addition. You would get answer **b** only if you added 8 and 9 incorrectly.
- 342. c.** This is a simple subtraction problem, as long as the decimals are lined up correctly.
- 343. c.** The solution to this problem lies in knowing that 100^2 is equal to 100×100 , or 10,000.

Next, you must multiply $10,000 \times 2.75$ to arrive at 27,500.

- 344. d.** This is a simple division problem with decimals.
- 345. c.** This is a simple multiplication problem with decimals.
- 346. c.** 10 times 10 times 10 is 1,000. 1,000 times 7.25 is 7,250.
- 347. d.** To multiply two numbers expressed in scientific notation, multiply the nonexponential terms (4.1 and 3.8) in the usual way. Then the exponential terms (10^{-2} and 10^4) are multiplied by adding their exponents.
So $(4.1 \times 10^{-2})(3.8 \times 10^4) = (4.1 \times 3.8)(10^{-2} \times 10^4) = (15.58)(10^{-2+4}) = (15.58)(10^2) = 15.58 \times 10^2$. In order to express this result in scientific notation, you must move the decimal point one place to the left and add one to the exponent, resulting in 1.558×10^3 .
- 348. b.** To divide two numbers in scientific notation, you must divide the nonexponential terms (6.5 and 3.25) in the usual way, then divide the exponential terms (10^{-6} and 10^{-3}) by subtracting the exponent of the bottom term from the exponent of the top term, so that you get $\frac{(6.5 \times 10^{-6})}{(3.25 \times 10^{-3})} = \frac{6.5}{3.25} \times \frac{10^{-6}}{10^{-3}} = 2 \times 10^{-6-(-3)} = 2 \times 10^{-6+3} = 2 \times 10^{-3}$.
- 349. d.** To find the answer do the following equation: $11 \times 0.032 = 0.352$.
- 350. b.** The last digit has to be a 3, which rules out c. You can rule out a and d because of their place value.
- 351. a.** -0.15 is less than -0.02 , the smallest number in the range.

Set 23 (Page 52)

- 352. c.** The seven is three places to the right of the decimal, which is the thousandths place.
- 353. a.** Choice b can easily be ruled out because the 0 in the tenths place is less than the 7 in all the other choices. Choices c and d can be ruled out because the digits in the hundredths place are less than 2.
- 354. a.** Because there are zeros in both the tenths and hundredths places the other choices are all greater than choice a.
- 355. b.** The second zero to the right of the decimal point is in the hundredths place. Because the next digit, 9, is greater than 5 round up from 0 to 1.
- 356. b.** First arrange the numbers in a column so that the decimal points are aligned. Then add. The sum 45.726 is then rounded to 45.7 because the 2 in the hundredths place is less than 5.
- 357. c.** The correct answer is 91.9857.
- 358. b.** The correct answer is 1.48.
- 359. c.** The equation to be used is $(70T + 60T) = 325.75$, or $130T = 325.75$; $T = 2.5$.
- 360. c.** Since \$3.20 is the sale price, add \$.75 to \$3.20 to find the original price. Line up the decimal points and the result is \$3.95.
- 361. d.** To find the total, add the known amounts together; $1.42 + 1.89 = 3.31$ liters.
- 362. a.** To subtract, write the first number as 17.80 and subtract 14.33. The answer is 3.47.
- 363. b.** Add the numbers together to find the total of 34.47.
- 364. d.** Add \$15.75 to \$67.98 and then subtract \$27.58. The answer is \$56.15.

- 365. c.** First, add the cost of the wallpaper and carpet, which is \$701.99. Subtract that from \$768.56. The difference is \$66.57.
- 366. a.** 100 pounds is four times 25 pounds, so the cost is \$3.59 times 4, or \$14.36.
- 367. c.** Divide \$71 by 4 to get \$17.75.
- 368. b.** \$37.27 multiplied by six equals \$223.62.
- Set 24** (Page 54)
- 369. c.** 5.96 divided by 4 equals 1.49.
- 370. a.** There are twelve inches in a foot; 2.54 multiplied by 12 is 30.48.
- 371. c.** In the first two hours, they are working together at the rate of 1 aisle per hour for a total of two aisles. In the next two hours, they work separately. Melinda works for two hours at 1.5 hours per aisle; $2 \div 1.5 = 1.33$ aisles. Joaquin works for two hours at two hours per aisle. This is one aisle. The total is 4.33 aisles.
- 372. a.** Calculate what Robin makes in an 8-hour day and then divide by 3, since Patrick makes $\frac{1}{3}$ of Robin's earnings; $21.00 \times 8 = \$168$; $\$168 \div 3 = \56.00 .
- 373. b.** 45 minutes is equal to $\frac{3}{4}$ of an hour, so Reva will only make $\frac{3}{4}$ of her usual fee. Change $\frac{3}{4}$ to a decimal: 0.75. Now multiply: $10 \times 0.75 = 7.5$. Reva will make \$7.50 today.
- 374. c.** Change the fraction to a decimal: 0.25 (which is $\frac{1}{4}$ as fast or 25% of Zelda's time). Now multiply: $35.25 \times 0.25 = 8.8125$, which can be rounded to 8.81.
- 375. c.** This problem is done by dividing: $1.5 \div 600 = 0.0025$ inches.
- 376. b.** Since the time given is in minutes, convert to hours. There are 60 minutes in an hour so $\frac{15}{60} = 0.25$ hours. Use the formula $Distance = rate \times time$, where the rate is 4.5 miles per

hour and the time is 0.25 hours. $Distance = (4.5)(0.25) = 1.125$ miles. The fact that Michael leaves at 7:32 A.M. is irrelevant to this question.

- 377. b.** Kyra saves $\$60 + \$130 + \$70$ which equals \$260. In January, her employer contributes $\$60 \times 0.1 = \6 , and in April, her employer contributes $\$70 \times 0.1 = \7 . In March, her employer contributes only \$10 (**not** \$13), because \$10 is the maximum employer contribution. The total in savings then is $\$260 + \$6 + \$7 + \$10 = \$283$. (If you chose option **c**, you forgot that the employer's contribution was a *maximum* of \$10.)
- 378. a.** This is a subtraction problem. Align the decimals and subtract; $428.99 - 399.99 = 28.99$.
- 379. c.** This is a multiplication problem with decimals; $2.5 \times 2,000 = 5,000$.
- 380. c.** This is a division problem: $304.15 \div 38.5$. Because there is one decimal point in 38.5, move the decimal point one place in both numbers. $\frac{3041.5}{385} = 7.9$.
- 381. c.** This is a multiplication problem. To quickly multiply a number by 1,000, move the decimal point three digits to the right—one digit for each zero. In this situation, because there are only two decimal places, add a zero.
- 382. d.** This is a division problem. Divide 12.9 by 2 to get 6.45, then add both numbers; $12.90 + 6.45 = 19.35$.
- 383. a.** This is a division problem. Because there are two decimal points in 1.25, move the decimal point two places in both numbers; $\frac{2240}{125} = 17.92$.

- 384. b.** This is a simple subtraction problem. Be sure to align the decimal points; $99.0 - 97.2 = 1.8$.

Set 25 (Page 56)

- 385. b.** Both addition and subtraction are required to solve this problem. First add the amounts of the three purchases together: $12.90 + 0.45 + 0.88 = 14.23$. Next, subtract this amount from 40.00; $40.00 - 14.23 = 25.77$.
- 386. d.** This problem requires both multiplication and addition. First, multiply 2.12 by 1.5 to find the price of the cheddar cheese: $2.12 \times 1.5 = 3.18$. Then add; $2.12 + 2.34 = 5.52$.
- 387. b.** This problem requires both addition and subtraction. First, add the three lengths of string: $5.8 + 3.2 + 4.4 = 13.4$. Then subtract the answer from 100, making sure to align the decimal points: $100.0 - 13.4 = 86.6$.
- 388. c.** This is a simple division problem; $\frac{2.00}{3} = 0.666$. Because 6 is higher than 5, round up to 7.
- 389. a.** This is a simple addition problem. Line up the decimals in a column so that the decimal points are aligned; $9.4 + 18.9 + 22.7 = 51$.
- 390. b.** This is a multiplication problem with decimals. Manny spends \$1.10 each way and makes 10 trips each week: $1.10 \times 10 = 11.00$.
- 391. b.** Divide 0.75 by 0.39 to get approximately 1.923 centimeters.
- 392. c.** $5.133 \times 10^{-6} = 5.133 \times 0.000001 = 0.000005133$. This is the same as simply moving the decimal point to the left 6 places.
- 393. a.** Add the four numbers. The answer is \$23.96.
- 394. b.** Add all of the money gifts as well as what Hal earned. The total is \$4772.56. Subtract this number from the cost of the car. The remainder is \$227.39.
- 395. c.** Subtract 2.75 from 10 by adding a decimal and zeros to the 10; $10.00 - 2.75 = 7.25$. Don't forget to line up the decimals.
- 396. d.** Remember to ignore the decimals when multiplying $8245 \times 92 = 758540$. Then, total the number of decimal points in the two numbers you multiplied (four) and place the decimal point four places from the right in the answer: 75.8540.
- 397. b.** Divide 517.6 by 23.92. Don't forget to move both decimals two spaces to the right (add a zero to 517.6), move the decimal up directly and divide. The answer is 21.6387. Round up to 21.64.
- 398. d.** To find the difference, subtract 22.59 from 23.7. To keep the decimal placement clear, remember to add a 0 to 23.7.
- 399. a.** Add the three amounts, adding zeros where necessary. The total is 11.546, rounded down to 11.5 pounds.
- 400. d.** This is a multiplication problem. Multiply the approximate words per minute times the number of minutes; $41.46 \times 8 = 331.68$.

Set 26 (Page 58)

- 401. a.** Add all the candy Ingrid distributed or consumed and subtract that number from 7.5. The result is 5.44 pounds.
- 402. c.** Add all the distances together. The sum is 16.32.
- 403. b.** 20.34 divided by $4.75 = 4.282$. Ken can cover four chairs.
- 404. d.** The total balance before expenditures is \$2045.38. The total expenditure is \$893.14. Subtracted, the total is \$1152.24.

- 405. d.** Multiply the length by the width to get 98.4375. Since the hundredths place is two places to the right of the decimal, the rounded answer is 98.44 square inches.
- 406. b.** Five pounds of flour divided by .75 equals 6.6666. . . . Michael can make 6 cakes.
- 407. d.** Add all the distances and divide by the number of days she walked; $4.38 \div 4 = 1.095$.
- 408. c.** Add the eaten amounts and subtract from the total; $12.600 - 6.655 = 5.945$ pounds of clams are left. (If you chose option **d**, you forgot the last step of the problem.)
- 409. a.** Subtract $2.4 - 1.025$, being careful to line up the decimal points. The answer is 1.375 million dollars.
- 410. b.** Divide 76 by 2.89. This equals about 26.29 square feet, which rounds to 26 square feet.
- 411. b.** Subtract the hours actually worked from the hours usually worked; the number of hours is 4.75.
- 412. a.** Add the three amounts together. The total is 1.63 acres.
- 413. d.** To find the area, multiply the length by the width. The area is 432.9 square feet.
- 414. a.** The total of ads and previews is 11.3 minutes. Two hours is 120 minutes; $120 - 11.3 = 108.7$.
- 415. c.** 10 yards divided by .65 equals 15.384615 (repeating). Tommy can make 15 hats.
- 416. b.** Add the four amounts. The total is 28.13 hours.
- Set 27** (Page 61)
- 417. c.** The distance around this section is the perimeter of the rectangle. This is found by adding the two known dimensions and multiplying by 2, since there are two pairs of sides that are the same; $2(16.25 + 20.25) = 2(36.5) = 73$ feet.
- 418. c.** 8.6 million minus 7.9 million equals 0.7 million.
- 419. b.** \$1.13 multiplied by 100 equals \$113.00. Remember, a shortcut for multiplying fractions by 10, 100, 1000, etc. is to simply move the decimal to the right one space for each zero.
- 420. d.** The four distances added together equal 5.39 miles.
- 421. b.** Fifteen minutes is $\frac{1}{4}$, or .25, of an hour; .25 of 46.75 is $.25 \times 46.75 = 11.6875$.
- 422. a.** Multiply 46.75 by 3.80, which equals 177.65.
- 423. c.** The ratio of boys to total students is 3:4, or $\frac{3}{4}$, which is equal to 0.75; $0.75 \times 28 = 21$.
- 424. a.** This is a division problem with decimals; $4446 \div 1.17 = 3800$.
- 425. b.** You must divide two decimals: $20.32 \div 2.54$. First, move each number over two decimal places: $2032 \div 254 = 8$
- 426. c.** This is a four-step problem. First, determine how much she earns in one 8-hour day: $8 \times \$12.50 = \100 . Next, subtract \$100 from \$137 to find how much overtime she earned: $\$137.50 - \$100 = \$37.50$. Next, to find out how much her hourly overtime pay is, multiply 1.5×12.50 , which is 18.75. To find out how many overtime hours she worked, divide: $37.50 \div 18.75 = 2$. Add these two hours to her regular 8 hours for a total of 10 hours.
- 427. b.** Solving this problem requires converting 15 minutes to 0.25 hour, which is the time, then using the formula: $62 \text{ mph} \times 0.25 \text{ hour} = 15.5$ miles.

- 428. d.** Distance traveled is equal to velocity (or speed) multiplied by time. Therefore, $3.00 \times (10^8) \frac{\text{meters}}{\text{second}} \times 2000 \text{ seconds} = 6.00 \times 10^{11}$ meters.
- 429. a.** First it is necessary to convert centimeters to inches. To do this for choice **a**, multiply 100 cm (1 meter) by 0.39 inches, yielding 39 inches. For choice **b**, 1 yard is 36 inches. For choice **d**, multiply 85 cm by 0.39 inches, yielding 33.15 inches. Choice **a**, 39 inches, is the longest.
- 430. b.** To solve this problem, divide the number of pounds in the weight of the cat (8.5) by the number of pounds in a kilogram (2.2); 8.5 divided by 2.2 equals approximately 3.9 kilograms.
- 431. b.** This is a multiplication problem. $\$1.25$ times 40 is $\$50.00$.
- 432. b.** To find the total cost, add the four amounts together. Be sure to line up the decimal points. The total is $\$46.06$.
- Set 28** (Page 63)
- 433. c.** The answer is arrived at by first dividing 175 by 45 . Since the answer is 3.89 , not a whole number, the firefighter needs 4 sections of hose. Three sections of hose would be too short.
- 434. c.** First convert 10 gallons into quarts. Since there are 4 quarts in a gallon, there are 40 quarts in 10 gallons. Now divide 40 quarts by 1.06 , since 1 liter is equal to 1.06 quarts. Forty divided by 1.06 is approximately equal to 37.74 , or about 38 liters.
- 435. c.** To solve the problem, take the weight of one gallon of water (8.35) and multiply it by the number of gallons (25): $8.35 \times 25 = 208.7$. Now round to the nearest unit, which is 209 .
- 436. a.** Because there are three at $\$0.99$ and 2 at $\$3.49$, the sum of the two numbers minus $\$3.49$ will give the cost.
- 437. d.** $2200(0.07)$ equals $\$154$. $1400(0.04)$ equals $\$56$. $3100(0.08)$ equals $\$248$. $900(0.03)$ equals $\$27$. Therefore, $\$154 + \$56 + \$248 + \$27 = \$485$.
- 438. a.** To solve the problem, multiply 3.5 pounds by 7 , the number of days in one week.
- 439. b.** The solution is simply the ratio of the rates of work, which is $15.25:12.5$, or $\frac{15.25}{12.5}$ or 1.22 . (To check your work multiply: $12.5 \text{ units} \times 1.22 \text{ hours} = 15.25$.)
- 440. d.** $\$12.50$ per hour $\times 8.5$ hours per day $\times 5$ days per week is $\$531.25$.
- 441. d.** 3 inches every 2 hours = 1.5 inches per hour $\times 5$ hours = 7.5 inches.
- 442. d.** This can be most quickly and easily solved by estimating; that is, by rounding the numbers to the nearest ten cents: 2 hamburgers at $\$3 = \6 ; $\$6 + 1$ cheeseburger at $\$3.40 = \9.40 . 2 chicken sandwiches at $\$4 = \8 . Then: $\$8 + 1$ grilled cheese at $\$2 = \10 . $\$9.40 + \$10 = \$19.40$. Therefore, the nearest and most reasonable answer would be **d** or $\$19.10$.
- 443. c.** This is a simple multiplication problem, which is solved by multiplying 35 times 8.2 for a total of 287 .
- 444. d.** This problem is solved by dividing 60 (the time) by 0.75 (the rate), which gives 80 words.
- 445. c.** To find the answer, solve this equation: $(\$2.24 - \$2.08) \times 2 = \$0.32$.
- 446. d.** First find the total price of the pencils: 24 pencils $\times \$0.05 = \1.20 . Then find the total price of the paper: 3.5 reams $\times \$7.50$ per ream

= \$26.25. Next, add the two totals together:
 $\$1.20 + 26.25 = \27.45 .

- 447. c.** This is a two-step multiplication problem. To find out how many heartbeats there would be in one hour, you must multiply 72 by 60 minutes, and then multiply this result, 4,320, by 6.5 hours.
- 448. c.** Multiply \$7.20 by 2.5 to get \$18.00. Be sure to move the decimal to the left the correct number of spaces in your answer.

Set 29 (Page 66)

- 449. c.** This is a simple addition problem. Add 1.6 and 1.5, keeping the decimal points aligned:
 $1.6 + 1.5 = 3.1$
- 450. b.** This is a division problem: $25.8 \div 3 = 8.6$. Move the decimal point straight up into the quotient.
- 451. c.** You arrive at this answer by knowing that 254 is one hundred times 2.54. To multiply by 100, move the decimal point two digits to the right.
- 452. a.** This is an addition problem. Add the three numbers together, making sure the decimal points are aligned.
- 453. d.** This is a multiplication problem; $35.2 \times 71 = 2499.2$. There is only one decimal point, so you will count off only one place from the right.
- 454. b.** This is a multiplication problem. First multiply 279 by 89. Then, because there are four decimal places, count off four places from the right. Your answer should be 2,4831. Because the 3 in the thousandths place is less than 5, round to 2.48.
- 455. a.** This is a basic subtraction problem. Line up the decimals and subtract: $2354.82 - 867.59 = 1487.23$.
- 456. b.** This is a division problem: $13.5 \div 4 = 3.375$. Move the decimal straight up into the quotient.
- 457. b.** This is a simple subtraction problem. Line up the decimals and subtract; $46.1 - 40.6 = 5.5$.
- 458. d.** This is an addition problem. To add these three decimals, line them up in a column so that their decimal points are aligned; $52.50 + 47.99 + 49.32 = 149.81$. Move the decimal point directly down into the answer.
- 459. c.** This is a basic addition problem. Be sure to align the decimal points before you add $68.8 + 0.6 = 69.4$.
- 460. b.** This is an addition problem. Arrange the numbers in a column so that the decimal points are aligned; $2.345 + 0.0005 = 2.3455$.
- 461. c.** This is a multiplication problem. Multiply 3.25 times 1.06. Be sure to count 4 decimal places from the right; $3.25 \times 1.06 = 3.445$.
- 462. c.** This is an addition problem. Arrange the three numbers in a column so that the decimal points are aligned: $13.95 + 5.70 + 4.89 = 24.54$.
- 463. c.** This is an addition problem with decimals. Add the four numbers together to arrive at the answer, which is \$1,772.10.
- 464. d.** This is a two-step multiplication problem. First, find out how long it would take for both Bart and Sam to do the job; $0.67 \times 5 = 3.35$. Then, multiply your answer by 2 because it will take Bart twice as long to complete the job alone; $3.35 \times 2 = 6.7$

Set 30 (Page 68)

- 465. a.** This is a simple subtraction problem. Align the decimal points and subtract: $91,222.30 - 84,493.26 = 6,729.04$.

- 466. a.** This is a division problem. Because there are two decimal digits 3.75, move the decimal point two places to the right in both numbers. This means you must tack a zero on to the end of 2328. Then divide: $23,280 \div 375 = 62.08$.
- 467. a.** This is a three-step problem that involves multiplication, addition, and subtraction. First, to determine the cost of the shrimp, multiply 3.16 by 4; $3.16 \times 4 = 12.64$. Then add the price of both the shrimp and the beef: $12.64 + 12.84 = 25.48$. Finally, subtract to find out how much money is left: $100.00 - 25.48 = 74.52$.
- 468. c.** This is a two-step problem involving multiplication and division. First, determine the length of the pipes in inches by multiplying: $15.4 \times 3 = 46.2$. Next, divide to determine the length in feet; $46.2 \div 12 = 3.85$. Because there are no decimal points in 12, you can move the decimal point in 46.2 straight up into the quotient.
- 469. c.** This is a multiplication problem. Be sure to count four decimal places from the right in your answer: $28.571 \times 12.1 = 345.7091$.
- 470. b.** This is an addition problem. Arrange the three numbers in a column and be sure that the decimal points are aligned. Add: $0.923 + 0.029 + 0.1153 = 1.0673$.
- 471. c.** This is a two-step problem involving both addition and division. First, arrange the three numbers in a column, keeping the decimal points aligned. Add: $113.9 + 106.7 + 122 = 342.6$. Next, divide your answer by 3: $342.6 \div 3 = 114.2$.
- 472. b.** This is an addition problem. Be sure the decimal points are aligned before you add; $0.724 + 0.0076 = 0.7316$.
- 473. d.** This problem involves two steps: addition and subtraction. Add to determine the amount of money Michael has: $20.00 + 5.00 + 1.29 = 26.29$. Then, subtract the amount of the ice cream: $26.89 - 4.89 = 21.40$.
- 474. c.** This is a two-step problem. First, multiply to determine how many pounds of beef were contained in the 8 packages; $0.75 \times 8 = 6$. Then add; $6 + 0.04 = 6.04$.
- 475. d.** This is a two-step multiplication problem. First multiply; $5 \times 2 = 10$, which is the number of trips Jacqueline drives to get to work and back. Then multiply 19.85 by 10 by simply moving the decimal one place to the right.
- 476. a.** This is a simple subtraction problem; $42.09 - 6.25 = 35.84$.
- 477. c.** This is a three-step problem. First, multiply to determine the amount Antoine earned for the first 40 hours he worked; $40 \times 8.3 = 332$. Next, multiply to determine his hourly wage for his overtime hours: $1.5 \times 4 = 49.8$. Finally, add the two amounts; $332 + 49.8 = 381.8$.
- 478. c.** This is a two-step problem involving both addition and subtraction. First add; $93.6 + 0.8 = 94.4$. Then, subtract; $94.4 - 11.6 = 82.8$.
- 479. a.** This is a two-step multiplication problem. First, multiply to find out how many weeks there are in 6 months: $6 \times 4.3 = 25.8$. Then, multiply to find out how much is saved: $\$40 \times 25.8 = \$1,032$.
- 480. a.** This is a subtraction problem. Be sure to align the decimal points; $6.32 - 6.099 = 0.221$.

► Section 4—Percentages

Set 31 (Page 72)

- 481. c.** Since each of the answer choices are decimals, convert 7% to decimal form. To change a percent to a decimal, divide the number by 100 and remove the percent sign. Another way to do this is to move the decimal point two place values to the left. Therefore, 7% becomes 0.07.
- 482. a.** The percent sign has been dropped and the decimal moved two places to the left.
- 483. b.** The percent sign has been dropped and the decimal point moved two places to the left.
- 484. c.** The percent sign has been dropped and the decimal point moved two places to the left.
- 485. c.** The word *percent* means “per hundred” so a percent is a number compared to 100. To do this, place the percent over 100; 300% becomes which reduces to 3, or 3.0.
- 486. b.** Since each of the answer choices are in the form of a percent, convert 0.05 to a percent. To change a decimal to a percent, multiply by 100. In other words, move the decimal two places to the right; 0.05 becomes 5.0%.
- 487. b.** Convert the mixed number to a decimal: 6.25%.
- 488. a.** The decimal point has been moved two places to the left.
- 489. c.** Change the fraction to a decimal—keep the percent sign where it is; $\frac{1}{4}\% = 0.25\%$.
- 490. a.** Change the fraction to a decimal, then the decimal to a percent: $\frac{1}{4} = 0.25 = 25\%$. (To change a decimal to a percent, move the decimal point two places to the right and add the percent sign.)

- 491. a.** Convert from a decimal to a percentage by multiplying by 1 in the form of $\frac{100}{100}$. Thus $0.97 \times \frac{100}{100} = \frac{97}{100}$ or 97%.
- 492. b.** $10\% = \frac{10}{100}$ (that is, 10 per 100), or $\frac{1}{10}$.
- 493. b.** First, change the percentage to a decimal by placing $\frac{350}{100}$, then convert to a mixed number by dividing: $350 \div 100 = 3.5$ or $3\frac{1}{2}$.
- 494. d.** $24\% = \frac{24}{100}$; reduced this is $\frac{6}{25}$.
- 495. c.** Change the percent to a decimal to get 0.80, then multiply: $400 \times 0.80 = 320$.
- 496. a.** Change the percent to a decimal to get 0.60, then multiply: $390 \times 0.60 = 234$.

Set 32 (Page 74)

- 497. d.** The correct answer is 418.74.
- 498. d.** Convert the percent to a decimal, so that it becomes 3.0. Now multiply: $20 \times 3.0 = 60$.
- 499. a.** The correct answer is 19.2.
- 500. c.** 26% is equal to $\frac{26}{100}$. Changed to a decimal, the value is: $26 \div 100 = 0.26$. Or simply drop the percent sign and move the decimal over two places to the left.
- 501. b.** Convert the percentage to a decimal: $232 \times 0.14 = 32.48$.
- 502. d.** A percentage is a portion of 100 where $x\% = \frac{x}{100}$. So the equation is $\frac{x}{100} = \frac{234}{18,000}$. Cross-multiply: $18,000x = 234 \times 100$. Simplify: $x = \frac{23,400}{18,000}$. Thus, $x = 1.3\%$.
- 503. d.** Since a percentage is a portion of 100 where $x\% = \frac{x}{100}$, the equation is $\frac{x}{100} = \frac{750}{600}$. Cross-multiply: $600x = 750 \times 100$. Simplify: $x = \frac{75,000}{600}$ or $x = 125$.

- 504. c.** To solve the problem, first change the percent to a decimal: $.072 \times 465 = 33.48$, rounded to the nearest tenth is 33.5.
- 505. b.** $62.5\% = \frac{62.5}{100}$. You should multiply both the numerator and denominator by 10 to move the decimal point, resulting in $\frac{625}{1000}$ and then factor both the numerator and denominator to find out how far you can reduce the fraction; $\frac{625}{1000} = \frac{(5)(5)(5)(5)}{(5)(5)(5)(8)}$. If you cancel the three 5s that are in both the numerator and denominator, you will get $\frac{5}{8}$.
- 506. d.** Begin by converting $\frac{7}{40}$ into a decimal: $\frac{7}{40} = 0.1750$. Next multiply by 1 in the form of $\frac{100}{100}$ to convert from decimal form to percent form: $(0.1750)(\frac{100}{100}) = \frac{17.50}{100}$ or 17.50%.
- 507. b.** A quick way to figure a 20% tip is to calculate 10% of the total, and then double that amount; 10% of \$16.00 is \$1.60; \$1.60 multiplied by 2 is \$3.20. Another method is to multiply $0.20 \times \$16 = \3.20 to get the solution.
- 508. c.** A quick way to figure a 15% tip is to calculate 10% of the total, and then add half that amount to the 10%. In this case, 10% of \$24 is \$2.40, and half of \$2.40 is \$1.20; $\$2.40 + \$1.20 = \$3.60$. Another method is to multiply $0.15 \times \$24 = \3.60 to get the solution.
- 509. d.** Move the decimal point over two spaces to the left, then multiply: $0.434 \times 15 = 6.51$.
- 510. c.** Move the decimal point two spaces to the left, then multiply: $0.002 \times 20 = 0.04$.
- 511. b.** Move the decimal point two spaces to the left, then multiply: $0.44 \times 5 = 2.2$.
- 512. a.** To change a percent to a decimal, move the decimal point two places to the left, which yields 0.80 or 0.8 (the zero can be dropped as it is on the right side of the decimal point). 0.8 is the same as $\frac{8}{10}$.
- Set 33** (Page 76)
- 513. b.** Change the percent to a decimal: 0.35; then, to find the answer, divide: $14 \div 0.35 = 40$.
- 514. b.** The root *cent* means 100 (think of the word “century”), so the word *percent* literally means *per 100 parts*. Thus 25% means 25 out of 100, which can also be expressed as a ratio: 25:100.
- 515. c.** A ratio is a comparison of two numbers.
- 516. b.** 0.13 is equal to $\frac{13}{100}$.
- 517. d.** The fraction bar represents the operation of division. To evaluate a fraction, always divide the top number (numerator) by the bottom number (denominator).
- 518. c.** The equation to use is $\frac{x}{100} = \frac{12}{50}$. Cross-multiply to get: $50x = (12)(100)$, or $x = \frac{1200}{50}$. So $x = 24$ which means 12 is 24% of 50.
- 519. c.** The formula here is $\frac{12}{100} = \frac{33}{x}$. The solution is $100 \times 33 = 12x$; $100 \times 33 = 3,300$; $3300 \div 12 = 275$.
- 520. b.** The fraction $\frac{4}{25}$ means 25 divided into 4, or 0.16. Change the decimal to a percent by moving the decimal point two spaces to the right and adding the percent sign to get 16%.
- 521. c.** It is easy to mistake 0.8 for 8%, so you must remember: To get a percent, you must move the decimal point *two* spaces to the right. Since there is nothing on the right of 0.8, you must add a zero, then tack on the percent sign: 80%.
- 522. a.** Remember that $\frac{1}{4} = 1 \div 4$ or 0.25; and 100% = 1. Therefore, $1 \times 0.25 = 0.25 = 25\%$.
- 523. b.** There has been an increase in price of \$3; $\$3 \div \$50 = 0.06$. This is an increase of 0.06, or 6%.
- 524. b.** First ask the question: “\$42 is 12% of what number?” Change the percent to a decimal and divide \$42 by 0.12. This is equal to \$350, which represents the total weekly earnings.

Now subtract the amount she spent on DVD's from \$350; $\$350 - \$42 = \$308$. She deposited \$308 into her savings account.

- 525. b.** First, change the percent to a decimal: $3\frac{1}{4}\% = 3.25\% = 0.0325$. Now multiply: $30,600 \times 0.0325 = 994.5$. Finally, add: $\$30,600 + 994.50 = \$31,594.50$ for Yetta's current salary.
- 526. d.** The basic cable service fee of \$15 is 75 percent of \$20.
- 527. a.** This is a multiplication problem involving a percent. Because 30% is equivalent to the decimal 0.3, simply multiply the whole number by the decimal: $0.3 \times 340 = 102$.
- 528. b.** The problem asks what percent of 250 is 10? Since $x\% = \frac{x}{100}$, the equation is $\frac{x}{100} = \frac{10}{250}$. Cross-multiply: $250x = (10)(100)$. Simplify: $x = \frac{1000}{250}$ or $x = 4$. Thus 4% of the senior class received full scholarships.

Set 34 (Page 78)

- 529. c.** This is a multiplication problem. Change 20% to a decimal and multiply; $13.85 \times 0.2 = 2.77$.
- 530. c.** This percent problem involves finding the whole when the percent is given; 280,000 is 150% of last month's attendance. Convert 150% to a decimal; $150\% = 1.5$; $280,000 = 1.5 \times \text{LMA}$. Next, divide: $280,000 \div 1.5 = 186,666.6666\dots$ Round up to the nearest whole number: 186,667.
- 531. a.** This is a two-step problem. First, find the amount of profit. Convert the percent to a decimal and multiply. $70,000 \times 0.18 = 12,600$. Next, add the result to the original price; $70,000 + 12,600 = 82,600$.
- 532. d.** To find the percent of decrease, first calculate the amount of the decrease; $1.00 - 0.95 =$
- 0.05 . Set up the formula to solve for percent. Since $x\% = \frac{x}{100}$, the equation is $\frac{x}{100} = \frac{0.05}{1.00}$. Cross-multiply: $(1.00)(x) = (0.05)(100)$. Simplify: $x = 5$. There is a 5% decrease.
- 533. b.** To solve this problem, convert the percent to a decimal; $1\frac{1}{2}\% = 0.015$. Then multiply; $48.50 \times 0.015 = 0.7275$. Round up to 0.73.
- 534. c.** Let $x =$ the percent that 24 is of 480, and set up the proportion $\frac{24}{480} = \frac{x}{100}$. Cross-multiply to get $480x = 2,400$. Divide both sides of the equation by 480 to get $x = 5$. Therefore, 24 is 5% of 480.
- 535. b.** Set up the problem this way: $\frac{x}{90} = \frac{10}{100}$. If you're getting good at percentages, you may just see the answer, but if you don't, cross-multiply: $10 \times 90 = 100x$. Solve: $x = 9$.
- 536. a.** The equation is $\frac{3}{16} = \frac{x}{100}$. Cross-multiply: $3 \times 100 = 16x$. Solve for x by dividing by 16: $x = 18.75$.
- 537. c.** To figure 19% of \$423, use the equation $\frac{x}{423} = \frac{19}{100}$. Cross-multiply: $100x = 423 \times 19$. Solving for x gives you 80.37. Subtract that answer from \$423 to get \$342.63.
- 538. d.** First, find the percentage of men by subtracting 60% from 100%, which is 40%. Then, set up a proportion showing 40% out of 100% is equal to 250 men out of x total students; $\frac{250}{x} = \frac{40}{100}$. Cross-multiply to get $40x = 25,000$. Divide both sides of the equation by 40 to get $x = 625$ total students.
- 539. b.** To find 80% of \$7.50, change 80% to decimal form and multiply; $0.80 \times 7.50 = \$6.00$.
- 540. a.** Let $x =$ the percent of increase, and use the proportion $\frac{\text{difference}}{\text{original amount}} = \frac{x}{100}$. The difference is found by subtracting $8,990 - 7,865$ which is equal to 1125. The proportion then becomes $\frac{1125}{7865} = \frac{x}{100}$. Cross-multiply to get $7,865x =$

112,500. Divide each side of the equation by 7,865 to get $x \approx 14.30\%$, which rounds to 14%.

541. d. $10,000 \times 4.5 = 100x$. $x = 450.00$.

542. b. You can't just take 25% off the original price, because the 10% discount after three years of service is taken off the price that has already been reduced by 15%. Figure the problem in two steps: after the 15% discount the price is \$71.83. Ninety percent of that—subtracting 10%—is \$64.65.

543. b. This is a two-step problem. First, determine what percent of the trees are **not** oaks by subtracting; $100\% - 32\% = 68\%$. Change 68% to a decimal and multiply; $0.68 \times 400 = 272$.

544. b. In this problem, you must find the whole when a percent is given; $3,000 = 15\%$ of Annual Budget. Change to a decimal; $3,000 = 0.15 \times AB$. Solve the equation; $3,000 = 0.15 \times 20,000$.

Set 35 (Page 80)

545. d. To find what percent one number is of another, first write out an equation. Since $x\% = \frac{x}{100}$ the equation is: $\frac{x}{100} = \frac{420}{1200}$. Cross-multiply: $1200x = (420)(100)$. Simplify: $x = \frac{42,000}{1200}$. Thus $x = 35$, which means 35% of the videos are comedies.

546. c. To find the percent change, first determine the original weight; $65.1 - 5.1 = 60$. Recalling that $x\% = \frac{x}{100}$, the equation becomes $\frac{x}{100} = \frac{5.1}{60}$. Cross-multiply: $60x = (5.1)(100)$. Simplify: $x = \frac{510}{60}$. Thus, $x = 8.5$ which means Toby's weight gain was 8.5%.

547. d. In this problem, you must first determine that, because 575 is the 10%-off price, it is also 90% of the original price. So, 575 is 90% of what number? First, change 90% to a decimal: 0.90. Then: $\frac{575}{0.90} = 575 \div 0.90 = 638.888$. Now round up to \$638.89.

548. a. To solve this problem, change the percent to a decimal and multiply; $0.0525 \times 380 = 19.95$.

549. b. Let x = the total number of minutes it will take Erin to complete her homework. Since it took her 42 minutes to complete 70% of her homework, set up the proportion $\frac{42}{x} = \frac{70}{100}$. Cross-multiply to get $70x = 4,200$. Divide each side of the equation by 70 to get $x = 60$. Since it will take her 60 minutes to complete her homework and she has worked 42 minutes, it will take her $60 - 42 = 18$ minutes to finish.

550. d. To determine the percent, first determine the original length of the rope; $8 + 7 + 5 = 20$. Then set up an equation. Knowing that $x\% = \frac{x}{100}$, the equation is: $\frac{x}{100} = \frac{5}{20}$. Cross-multiply: $20x = (5)(100)$. Simplify: $x = \frac{500}{20}$. Thus $x = 25$, which means the shortest piece is 25% of the original rope length.

551. c. To find the whole when the percent is given, first set up an equation; $200 = 40\%$ of the house payment. Convert the percent to a decimal; $200 = 0.4 \times HP$. Solve; $200 = 0.4 \times 500$.

552. c. Container B holds 12% more than container A. Convert the percent to a decimal and set up the equation; $B = .12 \times 8 + 8$. Solve; $B = .96 + 8$; $B = 8.96$.

553. a. Simply set up the equation in the manner in which the problem is written. Since $x\% = \frac{x}{100}$, the equation is $\frac{x}{100} = \frac{.35}{1.40}$. Cross-multiply: $1.40x = (.35)(100)$. Simplify: $x = \frac{35}{1.40}$. Thus $x = 25$, which means thirty-five cents is 25% of \$1.40.

554. d. This is a two-step problem. First, you must determine the number of employees before the new hiring; $30 = 5\%$ of the Original Work Force. Change the percent to a decimal; $30 = 0.05 \times OWF$. Solve: $30 = 0.05 \times 600$. Six hundred represents the number of employees

before the new hiring. To find the total workforce now, simply add; $600 + 30 = 630$.

555. b. This is a two-step problem involving multiplication and addition. First, determine how many cards were sold on Saturday; $0.05 \times 200 = 10$. That leaves 190 cards. Then, find out how many cards were sold on Sunday; $0.10 \times 190 = 19$. Next, add the cards that were sold. $10 + 19 = 29$. Finally, subtract from the original number; $200 - 29 = 171$.

556. d. To find the number when percent is given, change the percent to a decimal then set up the equation; $9.50 = 0.45 \times \text{money in wallet}$. Solve: $9.5 = 0.45 \times x$. Therefore, $\frac{9.5}{0.45} = x$, so $x = \$21.11$

557. c. This problem requires both multiplication and addition. First, to determine the amount of the raise, change the percent to a decimal and multiply. $0.0475 \times 27,400 = 1,301.5$. Then, add this amount to the original salary; $1,301.50 + 27,400 = 28,701.50$.

558. c. To find the number of days, multiply; $365 \times 0.15 = 54.75$. Round up to 55.

559. d. First, determine the percent that the station is NOT playing classical music. Subtract from 100%; $100 - 20 = 80$. Eighty percent of the time the station does NOT play classical music. Then change the percent to a decimal and multiply; $0.8 \times 24 = 19.2$.

560. a. First change 70% to a decimal, which is 0.7. Then multiply; $70 \times 0.7 = 49$.

Set 36 (Page 82)

561. b. To find the percentage of people who said they rode at least 3 times a week, divide 105 by 150: $105 \div 150 = 0.7$, which is 70%. $0.7 \times 100,000 = 70,000$.

562. d. First, calculate the number of students that do not participate in extracurricular activities;

$360 - 150 = 210$ students. Next, find the percent 210 is of 360 by setting up the proportion $\frac{210}{360} = \frac{x}{100}$. Cross-multiply to get $360x = 21,000$. Divide each side of the equation by 360 to get $x \approx 58.33$, which rounds to 58%.

563. b. There are three steps involved in solving this problem. First, convert 4.5% to a decimal: 0.045. Multiply that by \$26,000 to find out how much the salary increases. Finally, add the result (\$1,170) to the original salary of \$26,000 to find out the new salary, \$27,170.

564. c. First you must subtract the percentage of the installation cost during construction (1.5%) from the percentage of the installation cost after construction (4%). To do this, begin by converting the percentages into decimals: $4\% = 0.04$; $1.5\% = 0.015$. Now subtract: $0.04 - 0.015 = 0.025$. This is the percentage of the total cost which the homeowner will save. Multiply this by the total cost of the home to find the dollar amount: $0.025 \times \$150,000 = \$3,750$.

565. d. Eighty out of 100 is 80%. Eighty percent of 30,000 is 24,000.

566. b. Since Lynn has read 157 out of 435 pages, set up the proportion $\frac{157}{435} = \frac{x}{100}$ to find the percent. Cross-multiply to get $435x = 15,700$. Divide each side of the equation by 435 to get $x \approx 36.09$, which rounds to 36%.

567. b. Find 40% of 75 by multiplying 0.40×75 , which is equal to 30.

568. c. First, find 75% of the pump's maximum rate which is $(.75)(100) = 75$ gallons per minute. Next, find the time required using the equation $\text{Rate} \times \text{Time} = \text{Amount pumped}$; $75T = 15,000$; $T = \frac{15,000}{75}$; $T = 200$ minutes.

569. a. $\frac{1}{3} \times 0.60 = 0.20 = 20\%$

570. a. 20% of 1,800 calories can be calories from fat. 20% of 1,800 equals $(0.2)(1,800)$, or 360

calories from fat are allowed. Since there are 9 calories in each gram of fat, you should divide 360 by 9 to find that 40 grams of fat are allowed.

- 571. b.** Use the formula beginning with the operation in parentheses: $98 - 32 = 66$. After that, multiply 66 by $\frac{5}{9}$, first multiplying 66 by 5 to get 330. 330 divided by 9 = 36.66, which is rounded up to 36.7.
- 572. c.** Add $9\% + 15\%$ to get 24%, since they are both calculated from the cost of the meal. Then find 24% of \$24.95 by multiplying $.24 \times 24.95 = 5.988$, which rounds to \$5.99. Add $\$24.95 + \$5.99 = \$30.94$.
- 573. c.** Divide 1,132 by 4,528 to get 0.25. Change the decimal to a percent by multiplying by 100. The solution is 25%.
- 574. a.** Add each of the known sectors and subtract the sum from 100% to get 12%.
- 575. d.** Since the rent sector is labeled 38%, find 38% of \$2,450; $0.38 \times 2,450 = \$931$.
- 576. b.** Find 15% of \$34 and subtract from the original price; $0.15 \times 34 = 5.10$; $\$34.00 - \$5.10 = \$28.90$.
- Set 37** (Page 84)
- 577. c.** The difference between 220 and this person's age = $220 - 30$, or 190. The maximum heart rate is 90% of this, or $(0.9)(190) = 171$.
- 578. a.** Find 20% of 30 and add it to the current class size of 30; $0.20 \times 30 = 6$; $30 + 6 = 36$.
- 579. a.** To find the percent of discount, divide the amount of savings by the original price and multiply by 100. The amount of savings is $\$350 - \279 which is equal to \$71. Divide 71 by 350 to get 0.202. Multiply by 100 and round for a result of 20%.
- 580. a.** The prescription is 50% effective for half (or 50%) of the symptoms, so it eliminates $(0.50)(0.50) = 0.25$ which is equal to 25% of all symptoms.
- 581. b.** Since there are 171 men and 129 women, there are $171 + 129 = 300$ people enrolled in the program. The percent of women can be found by dividing 129 by 300, which is equal to 0.43 and then multiplying by 100 to change the decimal to a percent; $0.43 \times 100 = 43\%$.
- 582. d.** The 3rd and 4th quarters are 54% and 16% respectively. This adds to 70%.
- 583. c.** If 40% of those students are involved in the music program, then $100\% - 40\% = 60\%$ are NOT involved in the music program. Find 60% of 315; $0.60 \times 315 = 189$.
- 584. d.** Four inches is equal to 16 quarter inches, which is equal to $(16)(2 \text{ feet}) = 32 \text{ feet}$. You could also set up the problem as a proportion, so that $\frac{(\frac{1}{4})}{2 \text{ feet}} = \frac{4}{x}$. Cross-multiplying, you would get $(\frac{1}{4})x = 8$. Multiplying through by 4, you would get $x = 32$.
- 585. d.** To find 150% of \$45, change the percent to a decimal and multiply; $1.50 \times 45 = 67.50$. Since this is the markup of the price, add \$67.50 to \$45 to find the new price of \$112.50.
- 586. c.** You must break the 92,000 into the amounts mentioned in the policy: $92,000 = 20,000 + 40,000 + 32,000$. The amount the policy will pay is $(0.8)(20,000) + (0.6)(40,000) + (0.4)(32,000)$. This is $16,000 + 24,000 + 12,800$, which equals \$52,800.
- 587. b.** First, find 50% of 100 gallons per minute which is $(.50)(100) = 50$ gallons per minute. Next, convert the units of time from minutes to hours. $50 \text{ gallons per minute} \times 60 \text{ minutes} = 3,000 \text{ gallons per}$

hour. Now, use the formula Amount pumped = Rate \times Time and plug in the numbers.
Amount pumped = $(3,000)(6) = 18,000$ gallons.

- 588. b.** The number of papers graded is arrived at by multiplying the rate for each grader by the time spent by each grader. Melissa grades 5 papers an hour for 3 hours, or 15 papers; Joe grades 4 papers an hour for 2 hours, or 8 papers, so together they grade 23 papers. Because there are 50 papers, the percentage graded is $\frac{23}{50}$ which is equal to 46%.
- 589. c.** In one hour Dimitri can do 40% of 40 problems = $(.40)(40) = 16$ problems; 16 problems is to 40 problems as 1 hour is to x hours: $\frac{16}{40} = \frac{1}{x}$. Cross-multiplying: $16x = 40$. Simplify: $x = \frac{40}{16} = 2.5$ hrs.
- 590. c.** First find out how much the population will increase by multiplying $2,500 \times 0.03 = 75$. Then, add this amount to the current population to get the answer, or $2,500 + 75 = 2,575$.
- 591. a.** If the gas station is 57.8% of the way to the Chen's relative's house, it is $(.578)(75) = 43.35$ miles from the Chen's house. To solve, subtract this distance from the total distance, $75 - 43.35 = 31.65$ miles. The gas station is about $31\frac{2}{3}$ miles from the Chen's relative's house.
- 592. d.** 13% had not read books; therefore, 87% had; 87% is equal to 0.87; $0.87 \times 2,500 = 2,175$ people.

Set 38 (Page 87)

- 593. d.** Change the percent to a decimal: $4\% = 0.04$. Now multiply: $500 \times 0.04 = 20$.
- 594. a.** Multiply the percentages by one another ($30\% = 0.30$; $15\% = 0.15$.); $0.30 \times 0.15 = 0.045$ or 4.5%.
- 595. d.** If 20% are eating the special, 80% are not. This means 40 people represent 80% of the number of people eating at the restaurant. So $.80x = 40$ or $x = \frac{40}{.80}$. Thus $x = 50$ people.
- 596. d.** An average of 90% is needed of a total of 500 points: $500 \times 0.90 = 450$, so 450 points are needed. Add all the other test scores together: $95 + 85 + 88 + 84 = 352$. Now subtract that total from the total needed, in order to see what score the student must make to reach 90%: $450 - 352 = 98$.
- 597. d.** Change the fraction to a decimal by dividing the numerator of 3 by the denominator of 8; $3 \div 8 = .375$. Convert the decimal to a percent by multiplying by 100; $.375 = 37.5\%$.
- 598. c.** Find 90% of 90 by multiplying 0.90×90 . The solution is 81.
- 599. a.** The easiest way to solve this problem is to convert $5\frac{1}{2}\%$ to a decimal; 0.055. Then multiply; $200 \times 0.055 = 11$.
- 600. c.** Set up the proportion $\frac{\text{part}}{\text{whole}} = \frac{\%}{100}$ and substitute 12 for the part and 20 as the percent. The proportion becomes $\frac{12}{x} = \frac{20}{100}$. Cross-multiply to get $20x = 1,200$. Divide each side of the equation by 20 to get $x = 60$.
- 601. a.** A ratio is given: 3 out of 12. Divide to find the decimal equivalent: 3 divided by 12 = 0.25. Convert to percent form by multiplying by 1 in the form of $\frac{100}{100}$: $(0.25)(\frac{100}{100}) = \frac{25}{100}$ or 25%.
- 602. b.** This is a multiplication problem involving a percent; 40% is equal to 0.4, so you must multiply the whole number by the decimal: $0.4 \times 8 = 3.2$.
- 603. c.** Divide 18 by 45 to get 0.4. Change the decimal to a percent by multiplying by 100; $0.4 = 40\%$.

- 604. d.** First, change 15% to a decimal and multiply: $0.15 \times \$26,000 = \$3,900$.
- 605. c.** This percent problem asks that you find the whole when only a percent is known. Convert 325% to a decimal; $325\% = 3.25$. Now multiply the amount Patty usually spends by the percentage of increase: $\$4.75 \times 3.25 = \15.44 . Since Patty spent \$15.44 more than she usually spends, you must add the amount she usually spends to the amount of increase: $\$4.75 + \$15.44 = \$20.19$.
- 606. a.** Subtract 196 from 230 to find the number of pounds he has lost; $230 - 196 = 34$. Then divide 34 by the original weight of 230, and change the decimal to a percent; $34 \div 230 \approx .148 \approx 14.8\%$, or about 15%.
- 607. b.** Calculate 5% of \$45 by changing the percent to a decimal and multiplying; $0.05 \times 45 = 2.25$. Since the customer is getting a discount, subtract $\$45.00 - \2.25 to get a final price of \$42.75.
- 608. b.** Convert 94% to a decimal to get 0.94, then multiply: $250 \times 0.94 = 235$.
- Set 39** (Page 90)
- 609. c.** Since there are 8 equal sections shaded out of a total of 20, $8 \div 20 = 0.4$ which is equal to 40%.
- 610. d.** Subtract 28% from 100% to get 72%, which is the percent that represents Tim's check after taxes are taken out. Since \$363.96 is equal to 72% of his gross pay, set up and solve the proportion $\frac{363.96}{x} = \frac{72}{100}$. Cross-multiply to get $72x = 36,396$. Divide each side of the equal sign by 72 to get $x = \$505.50$.
- 611. b.** In this two-step problem you must first determine what percent of the dresses are NOT designer dresses by subtracting; $100\% - 8\% = 92\%$. Now change 92% to a decimal and multiply; $0.92 \times 300 = 276$.
- 612. d.** In this problem, you need to find the whole when the percent is given. Since \$48 is equal to 15% of the weekly budget, set up the proportion $\frac{48}{x} = \frac{15}{100}$. Cross-multiply to get $15x = 4800$. Divide each side of the equation by 15 to get $x = \$320$.
- 613. d.** To find what percent one number is of another, first write out an equation. Since $x\% = \frac{x}{100}$ the equation is $\frac{x}{100} = \frac{4}{26}$. Cross-multiply to get: $26x = (4)(100)$, or $x = \frac{400}{26}$, which makes $x = 15.4$. So approximately 15% of the pies are peach. (Check your answer: $26 \times 0.15 = 3.9$; round up to 4.)
- 614. d.** The difference in the two weeks is $\$36 - \$4 = \$32$. To find the percent of increase, compare the difference to the original amount by setting up the proportion $\frac{32}{4} = \frac{x}{100}$. Cross-multiply to get $4x = 3200$. Divide each side of the equation by 4 to get 800%.
- 615. d.** To find the amount of markup, find 25% of \$34.99 by multiplying; $0.25 \times 34.99 = \$8.75$. Then, the original price plus the markup equals \$43.74.
- 616. d.** Since Martha saved 35%, she paid \$298.35, which was 65% of the original price. Set up the proportion $\frac{298.35}{x} = \frac{65}{100}$. Cross-multiply to get $65x = 29,835$. Divide each side of the equation by 65 to get $x = \$459$.
- 617. c.** To solve this problem, first multiply the cost of 1 doll by 6, so Barbara buys 6 dolls originally valued at \$1,800. Now change the percent to a decimal ($3.5\% = 0.035$); $\$1,800 \times 0.035 = \63 , for the amount Barbara saves.

- 618. d.** First, find out how many rooms Martin has already cleaned. Change the percent to a decimal: $40\% = 0.4$. (Remember zeros to the right of the digit that follows the decimal point do not change the value.) Now take $32 \times 0.4 = 12.8$, which you can round up to 13. Now, subtract: $32 \text{ rooms} - 13 \text{ rooms already cleaned} = 19 \text{ rooms left to clean}$. Alternatively, you know that if Martin has cleaned 40% of the 32 rooms, he still has 60% left to go: $32 \times 0.6 = 19.2$ or about 19 rooms.
- 619. b.** The original length of the rope before it was cut is $5 + 4 + 3 = 12$ inches. The longest piece is 5 inches. Five out of 12 becomes $\frac{5}{12} = 0.416 \approx 42\%$.
- 620. c.** First, change the percent to a decimal and then multiply; $60\% = 0.60$. The problem becomes $0.60 \times 500 = \$300$.
- 621. b.** Simply set up the equation in the manner in which the problem is written. Since $x\% = \frac{x}{100}$, the equation is $\frac{x}{100} = \frac{0.40}{1.30}$. Cross-multiply: $1.30x = (.40)(100)$. Simplify: $x = \frac{40}{1.30}$. Thus $x = 30.7$, which means that forty cents is about 31% of \$1.30.
- 622. a.** Since the ratio of males to females is 3 to 2, for every 3 males there are 2 females. Therefore, there are 2 females out of every 5 people ($2 + 3 = 5$). Change the ratio to a fraction and then divide to get a decimal; $\frac{2}{5} = 0.4$. Multiply by 100 to change to a percent; $0.4 \times 100 = 40\%$.
- 623. b.** Since the ratio of rainy days to sunny days is 3 to 4, for every 3 rainy days there are 4 sunny days. Therefore, there are 4 sunny days out of every 7 days ($3 + 4$). Change the ratio to a fraction and then divide to get a decimal; $\frac{4}{7} \approx 0.57$. Multiply by 100 to change to a percent; $0.57 \times 100 = 57\%$.
- 624. d.** First, determine how many candies Toby ate for dessert: $0.25 \times 48 = 12$. That leaves $48 - 12 = 36$ candies for Toby to share with his friends. Next, determine how many candies Toby and his friends shared: $0.25 \times 36 = 9$. That leaves $36 - 9 = 27$ candies.
- Set 40** (Page 92)
- 625. c.** Hilga and Jerome's initial distance apart equals the sum of the distance each travels in 2.5 hours. Hilga travels a distance of $(2.5)(2.5) = 6.25$ miles, while Jerome travels $(4)(2.5) = 10$ miles. This means that they were $6.25 + 10 = 16.25$ miles apart.
- 626. a.** 15% of 40 is $0.15 \times 40 = 6$. Six is the number who chose dry dog food. Therefore, $40 - 6 = 34$ is the number who chose canned dog food.
- 627. a.** To figure what percentage 1 is of 8, the formula is $\frac{1}{8} = \frac{x}{100}$. Cross-multiply: $100 = 8x$. Divide both sides by 8 to get $x = 12.5$.
- 628. d.** To figure the total, the formula is $\frac{4}{x} = \frac{20}{100}$. Cross-multiply: $4 \times 100 = 20x$ or $400 = 20x$, or $x = 20$.
- 629. c.** To figure what percentage 15 is of 60 (minutes in an hour), the formula is $\frac{15}{60} = \frac{x}{100}$; $15 \times 100 = 60x$. Divide both sides by 60 to get $x = 25\%$.
- 630. a.** $15 \times 100 = 75x$; $x = 20$.
- 631. c.** $80 \times 100 = 320x$; $x = 25$.
- 632. b.** $200 \times 78 = 100x$; $x = 156$.
- 633. c.** First, you must change the percent to a decimal: $85\% = 0.85$. Now find the amount at which the property is assessed: $\$185,000 \times 0.85 = \$157,250$. Next, divide to find the number of thousands: $\$157,250 \div 1000 = 157.25$. Finally, find the tax: $\$24.85 \times 157.25 = \$3,907.66$.

- 634. c.** First, convert the percents to decimals: $5\% = 0.05$; $2.5\% = 0.025$. Now find the Owens's *down payment* by multiplying: $\$100,000$ (the original cost) $\times 0.05 = \$5,000$. Next, find the *MIP* by multiplying: $\$95,000$ (the mortgage amount) $\times 0.025 = \$2,375$. Finally, add: $\$5,000$ (down payment) $+ \$2,375$ (MIP) $+ \$1,000$ (other closing costs) $= \$8,375$.
- 635. d.** The seller's $\$103,000$ represents only 93% of the sale price ($100\% - 7\%$). The broker's commission is NOT 7% of $\$103,000$, but rather 7% of the whole sale price. The question is: $\$103,000$ is 93% of what figure? So, let $x = \frac{103,000}{93} = 110,752.68$, rounded to $\$110,753$.
- 636. c.** First, change the percents to decimals. Next, find the total commission: $\$115,000 \times 0.06 = \$6,900$. Finally, find salesperson Simon Hersch's cut, which is 55% of the total price (45% having gone to broker Bob King): $\$6,900 \times 0.55 = \$3,795$.
- 637. a.** First, find $\frac{1}{12}$ of the tax bill: $\$18,000 \div 12 = 1,500$. Now find 3% of the gross receipts: $\$75,000 \times 0.03 = 2250$. Now add: $\$1,000$ (rent) $+ \$1,500$ (percent of annual tax bill) $+ \$2,250$ (percent of gross receipts) $= \$4,750$.
- 638. b.** First find the amount of assessment: $\$325,000 \times 0.90 = \$292,500$. Now find the number of thousands: $\$292,500 \div 1000 = 292.5$. Next, find the tax rate for a whole year: $292.5 \times \$2.90 = 848.25$. Now find the tax rate for half of the year: $\$848.25 \div 2 = \424.13 .
- 639. a.** First find the amount that the seller must pay out: $\$395,000 \times .055 = \$21,725$ (brokerage fee), plus $\$395,000 \times 0.04 = \$15,800$ (settlement fees), plus the $\$300,000$ loan. Now subtract these from the gross proceeds of $\$395,000 - \$21,725 - \$15,800 - \$300,000 = \$57,475$ net proceeds.
- 640. a.** The property today is valued at 118% of purchase price: $\$585,000 \times 1.18 = \$690,300$.

► Section 5—Algebra

Set 41 (Page 96)

- 641. a.** The expression $4x$, means *4 times x*. The addition sign in front of the 5 indicates the phrase *5 more than a quantity*. The equal sign before 21 can be expressed as the word *is*. Therefore, the statement becomes *5 more than 4 times x is 21*.
- 642. b.** Solve for x by dividing both sides of the equation by 2; $\frac{2x}{2} = \frac{20}{2}$. The equation becomes $x = 10$.
- 643. a.** The problem is solved by first determining that $8n = 40$, then dividing 40 by 8 to get the answer, which is 5.
- 644. c.** If the number is represented by n , its double is $2n$. Therefore, $n + 2n = 69$; $3n = 69$; $n = 23$.
- 645. d.** Solve this problem with the following equation: $4x - 12 = 20$; therefore, $4x = 32$, so $x = 8$.
- 646. d.** Let x = the unknown number. We have $x + 0.50x = 27$ or $1.50x = 27$. Simplify: $x = \frac{27}{1.5}$. Therefore $x = 18$.
- 647. d.** Let x = the number sought. One-sixth of a certain number becomes $(\frac{1}{6})x$, four more than one-twelfth the number becomes $(4 + (\frac{1}{12})x)$. Combining terms: $(\frac{1}{6})x = 4 + (\frac{1}{12})x$. Multiply both sides of the equation by 12 to get $x = 48$.
- 648. a.** Let x = the number sought. We have: $(\frac{1}{9})(45) - 6$. Multiply first and then subtract to get $5 - 6 = -1$.
- 649. b.** Let x = the number sought. Twelve times one-half of a number becomes $(12)(\frac{1}{2})x$. Thus we have: $(12)(\frac{1}{2})x = 36$ or $6x = 36$ and $x = 6$.
- 650. b.** First combine like terms on the left side of the equal sign; $3n + 4n = 42$ becomes $7n = 42$.

Divide both sides of the equation by 7; $\frac{7n}{7} = \frac{42}{7}$. Therefore, $n = 6$.

- 651. c.** Let x = the number sought. Seven and three both taken away from a number means $x - (7 + 3)$, and we have $x - (7 + 3) = 31$ or $x = 31 + 10$. Thus $x = 41$.
- 652. d.** Let x = the unknown percentage. Restate the problem as $35 = 90x$ or $x = \frac{35}{90}$. Thus, $x = 0.388 \approx 39010$
- 653. d.** Let x = the number sought. Solve this by breaking up the problem into parts: Six less than three times a number = $3x - 6$, four more than twice the number = $2x + 4$. Combining terms: $3x - 6 = 2x + 4$. Simplifying: $3x - 2x = 6 + 4$, or $x = 10$.
- 654. d.** Let x = the number sought. The word “product” tells us to multiply 16 by one-half x , or $(16)(.5x)$, which we set equal to 136. Therefore, $(16)(.5x) = 136$, which reduces to $8x = 136$, resulting in $x = 17$.
- 655. c.** Let x = the number sought. Begin by breaking up the problem into smaller pieces: 12 more = $12 +$, 30 percent of a number = $0.30x$, and one-half the number = $0.50x$. Next, combine the terms, $12 + 0.30x = 0.50x$, and simplify, $0.20x = 12$. Thus $x = 60$.
- 656. b.** Let x = the number sought. Begin by breaking up the problem into smaller pieces: two times a number = $2x$, seven times a number = $7x$, seven times a number is taken away from $99 = 99 - 7x$. Next, combine the terms, $2x = 99 - 7x$, and simplify, $9x = 99$. Thus, $x = 11$.

Set 42 (Page 98)

- 657. d.** Let x = the number sought. Forty-five together with is $45 +$, nine-fifths of a number is $\frac{9}{5}x$, twice the number is $2x$. Combining

terms: $45 + \frac{9}{5}x = 2x$. Simplifying: $45 = 2x - \frac{9}{5}x$ which becomes $45 = 0.2x$. Thus $x = 225$.

- 658. a.** The property in the statement shows that the sum of the numbers is the same even if the order is changed. This is an example of the Commutative Property of Addition.
- 659. c.** First substitute the values for each letter; $ab - 3c$ becomes $(-4)(5) - 3(-3)$. Follow the order of operations by multiplying first; $-20 - (-9)$. Since subtracting is the same as adding the opposite, the expression becomes $-20 + 9$, which equals -11 .
- 660. b.** Let $x =$ the number sought; 19 more than a certain number is 63 means: $x + 19 = 63$ or $x = 63 - 19$. Thus $x = 44$.
- 661. d.** Let $x =$ the number sought. Begin the solution process by breaking up the problem into smaller parts: a number 3 times larger = $3x$, 10 added to the number = $x + 10$. Combining terms we have: $3x = x + 10$. Simplifying: $2x = 10$, or $x = 5$.
- 662. a.** The symbol \geq means "greater than or equal to." Therefore, any number equal to 8 or larger will satisfy the number sentence. The only number less than 8 is 7, which is choice **a**.
- 663. c.** First combine like terms on the left side of the equation to get $2p - 10 = 16$. Add 10 to both sides of the equation; $2p = 26$. Divide both sides of the equation by 2; $p = 13$.
- 664. d.** The equation is simply $50 + 3x = 74$; $3x = 24$; $x = 8$.
- 665. a.** Let $x =$ the number sought. Four more than three times a number means: $(3x + 4)$, so the expression becomes: $(2)(3x + 4) = 20$. Simplifying: $6x + 8 = 20$ or $6x = 12$. Thus $x = 2$.
- 666. c.** One of the most vital steps in solving for an unknown in any algebra problem is to isolate the unknown on one side of the equation.
- 667. d.** Substitute 3 for x in the expression 5 plus $4x$ to determine that y equals 17.
- 668. b.** Substitute the values of each letter and simplify. The expression becomes $\frac{(1)(3) + (3)(6)}{(1)(3)}$ which simplifies to $\frac{3 + 18}{3}$ after performing multiplication. Add $3 + 18$ in the numerator to get $\frac{21}{3}$, which simplifies to 7.
- 669. c.** The Associative Property of Multiplication shows that even though the grouping of the numbers changes, the result is the same. Choice **c** changes the grouping of the numbers by placing different variables within the parentheses, while both sides of the equation remain equal.
- 670. b.** To find the greatest common factor of $3x^2$, $12x$, and $6x^3$ first start with the coefficients, or numbers in front of the variables. The largest number that divides into 3, 6, and 12 without a remainder is 3. With the variables, the smallest exponent on x is 1, so x^1 , or x , is the largest variable factor. Therefore, the greatest common factor of all three terms is $3x$.
- 671. a.** Since the solution to the problem $x + 25 = 13$ is -12 , choices **b**, **c**, and **d** are all too large to be correct.
- 672. d.** The first step in solving this problem is to add the fractions to get the sum of $\frac{4x}{4}$. This fraction reduces to x .

Set 43 (Page 100)

- 673. b.** Because the integers must be even, the equation $n + (n + 2) + (n + 4) = 30$ is used. This gives $3n + 6 = 30$; $3n = 24$; $n = 8$. Therefore, 8 is the first number in the series. Option **a**,

(9,10,11) would work, but the numbers aren't even integers.

- 674. d.** The factors of a trinomial are often in the form $(x + a)(x + b)$ where a and b represent numbers whose sum is the coefficient in the middle term of the trinomial and whose product is the last term in the trinomial. In this case, the sum is 6 and the product is 9. The two numbers that satisfy this are 3 and 3. Therefore, express the factors as the two binomials by replacing a and b with 3 and 3;
 $(x + 3)(x + 3) = (x + 3)^2$.
- 675. a.** Cross-multiplying: $(2x)(48) = (16)(12)$; $96x = 192$. Thus $x = 2$.
- 676. a.** To solve the inequality $12x - 1 < 35$, first solve the equation $12x - 1 = 35$. In this case the solution is $x = 3$. Replace the equal sign with the *less than* symbol ($<$); $x < 3$. Since values of x *less than* 3 satisfy this inequality, 2 is the only answer choice that would make the inequality true.
- 677. d.** $(x^2 + 4x + 4)$ factors into $(x + 2)(x + 2)$. Therefore, one of the $(x + 2)$ terms can be canceled with the denominator. This leaves $(x + 2)$.
- 678. a.** $x(x + 3) = x(x) + (3x) = x^2 + 3x$.
- 679. b.** Let x = the number sought. The statement twenty-three added to a number means $x + 23$, ninety-nine is the result is the same as saying = 99. Therefore, we have: $x + 23 = 99$ or $x = 99 - 23$. Thus $x = 76$.
- 680. d.** Multiply using the distributive property, being sure to add the exponents of like bases; $4n^2(5np + p^2)$ becomes $4n^2 \times 5np + 4n^2 \times p^2$. This simplifies to $20n^3p + 4n^2p^2$.
- 681. d.** Factor the numerator of the fraction to two binomials: $(x + 5)(x - 3)$. Cancel the common

factors of $x + 5$ from the numerator and denominator. The result is $x - 3$.

- 682. b.** Since $y \times y = y^2$, then $2y(y)$ is equal to $2y^2$.
- 683. d.** x times x^2 is x^3 ; x times y is xy , so the solution to the problem is $3x^3 + xy$.
- 684. d.** The key word *product* tells you to multiply. Therefore multiply the coefficients of 2 and 3, and multiply the variables by adding the exponents of like bases. Keep in mind that $x = x^1$; $(3x^2y) \times (2xy^2)$ becomes $3 \times 2 \times x^2 \times x \times y \times y^2$. This simplifies to $6x^3y^3$.
- 685. c.** This equation is a proportion, expressing the equivalence of two ratios.
- 686. b.** Break the statement down into smaller parts. The first part, *the sum of two numbers, a and b*, can be translated $(a + b)$. This part needs to be in parentheses to ensure that the correct order of operations is executed. The second part, *divided by a third number, c*, takes the first part and divides it by c . This now becomes $(a + b) \div c$.
- 687. d.** To solve this problem, you must first find the common denominator, which is 6. The equation then becomes $\frac{3x}{6} + \frac{x}{6} = 4$; then, $\frac{4x}{6} = 4$; and then $4x = 24$, so $x = 6$.
- 688. c.** Since 45 is 9 times larger than 5 in the denominators, then convert to an equivalent fraction by multiplying 2 times 9 to get the resulting numerator; $2 \times 9 = 18$, so $x = 18$. Another way to solve this problem is to cross-multiply to get $5x = 90$. Divide both sides of the equation by 5 to get $x = 18$.

Set 44 (Page 102)

- 689. b.** In order to solve the equation, all numbers need to be on one side and all x values on the other. Therefore, $\frac{1}{3}x = 5$; $x = 15$.

- 690. c.** Seven is added to both sides of the equation, leaving $2x = 11$. Eleven is divided by 2 to give $\frac{11}{2}$.
- 691. b.** Eight is substituted for x ; $8^2 = 8 \times 8 = 64$; $\frac{64}{4} = 16$; $16 - 2 = 14$.
- 692. a.** $x = \frac{1}{16} \times 54$, which is equivalent to $54 \div 16$, which is 3.375.
- 693. c.** Seven is added to both sides of the equation, giving $1.5x = 19.5$; $19.5 \div 1.5 = 13$.
- 694. d.** All are possible solutions to the inequality; however, the largest solution will occur when $\frac{1}{3}x - 3 = 5$. Therefore, $\frac{1}{3}x = 8$; $x = 24$.
- 695. c.** A linear equation in the form $y = mx + b$ has a slope of m and a y -intercept of b . In this case you are looking for an equation where $m = -2$ and $b = 3$. The equation is $y = -2x + 3$.
- 696. b.** The simplest way to solve this problem is to cancel the a term that occurs in both the numerator and denominator. This leaves $\frac{(b-c)}{bc}$. This is $\frac{(4-(-2))}{4(-2)}$, which simplifies to $-\frac{3}{4}$.
- 697. c.** First, find the least common denominator and multiply each term on both sides of the equation by this number. The least common denominator in this case is 10. When 10 is multiplied by each term, the equation simplifies to $2x - x = 40$, which becomes $x = 40$.
- 698. c.** Slope is equal to the change in y values \div the change in x values. Therefore, $\frac{(3-(-1))}{(2-0)} = \frac{4}{2} = 2$. The intercept is found by putting 0 in for x in the equation $y = 2x + b$; $-1 = 2(0) + b$; $b = -1$. Therefore, the equation is $y = 2x - 1$.
- 699. a.** Let $x =$ the number sought. Working in reverse order we have: the sum of that number and six becomes $(x + 6)$, the product of three and a number becomes $3x$. Combining terms: $(x + 6) - 3x = 0$. Simplifying: $2x = 6$ or $x = 3$.
- 700. a.** To find the slope of a linear equation, write the equation in the form $y = mx + b$ where m represents the slope and b represents the y -intercept. To change $3y - x = 9$ to $y = mx + b$ form, first add x to both sides of the equation; $3y - x + x = x + 9$; $3y = x + 9$. Then divide both sides by 3; $\frac{3y}{3} = \frac{x}{3} + \frac{9}{3}$ which simplifies to $y = \frac{1}{3}x + 3$. (Remember that $\frac{x}{3} = \frac{1}{3}x$.) The number in front of x is $\frac{1}{3}$, and this represents m , or the slope of the line.
- 701. b.** Two equations are used: $T = 4O$, and $T + O = 10$. This gives $5O = 10$, and $O = 2$. Therefore, $T = 8$. The number is 82.
- 702. a.** The sum of three numbers means $(a + b + c)$, the sum of their reciprocals means $(\frac{1}{a} + \frac{1}{b} + \frac{1}{c})$. Combining terms: $(a + b + c)(\frac{1}{a} + \frac{1}{b} + \frac{1}{c})$. Thus, choice **a** is the correct answer.
- 703. d.** Add like terms: $6x + 3x = 9x$; $5y - 5y = 0$.
- 704. b.** Let $x =$ the number sought. Begin by breaking the problem into parts: *88 is the result* becomes $= 88$. *One-half of the sum of 24 and a number* becomes $0.5(24 + x)$. *Three times a number* becomes $3x$. Combining terms: $3x - 0.5(24 + x) = 88$. Simplifying: $3x - 12 - 0.5x = 88$ which reduces to $2.5x = 100$. Thus $x = 40$.

Set 45 (Page 104)

- 705. b.** A straight line that has positive slope slants up to the right. Choice **a** has negative slope and slants up to the left. Choice **c** is a horizontal line and has slope of zero. Choice **d** is a vertical line and has no slope or undefined slope.
- 706. d.** Let G stand for the generic oatmeal and N for the name brand: $G = \frac{2}{3}N$; $G = \$1.50$; $\$1.50 \div \frac{2}{3} = \2.25 .
- 707. b.** We want to know $D =$ difference in total revenue. Let $A =$ total revenue at \$6 each, and

B = total revenue at \$8 each. Therefore: $D = A - B$. We are given $A = 6 \times 400 = 2,400$ and $B = 8 \times 250 = 2,000$. Substituting: $D = 2,400 - 2,000$. Thus $D = 400$ dollars.

- 708. c.** We are asked to find B = dollar amount of tips Betty is to receive. We know from the information given that: $T + J + B = 48$, $T = 3J$, and $B = 4J$. The latter can be rearranged into the more useful: $J = B \div 4$. Substituting: $3J + J + B = 48$. This becomes: $3(B \div 4) + (B \div 4) + B = 48$. Simplifying: $(3 + 1)(B \div 4) + B = 48$ which further simplifies to: $4(B \div 4) + B = 48$, or $2B = 48$. Thus, $B = \$24$.
- 709. b.** Since the lines intersect at one point, there is one solution to this system of equations. They cross at the point $(1,3)$.
- 710. c.** The total bill is the sum of the three people's meals. We are solving for the father's meal. The mother's meal is $\frac{5}{4}F$, and the child's meal is $\frac{3}{4}F$. Therefore, $F + \frac{5}{4}F + \frac{3}{4}F = 48$. This simplifies to $3F = 48$; $F = \$16$.
- 711. b.** We are solving for x = the cost per pound of the final mixture. We know that the total cost of the final mixture equals the total cost of the dried fruit plus the total cost of the nuts, or $C = F + N$. In terms of x : C is the cost per pound times the number of pounds in the mixture, or $C = 7.5x$. Substituting: $7.5x = 3(6) + 7(1.5)$. Simplifying: $7.5x = 18 + 10.5$ or $x = \frac{28.5}{7.5}$. Thus $x = \$3.80$ per pound.
- 712. d.** We want to know R = helicopter's speed in mph. To solve this problem recall that: *Rate* \times *Time* = *Distance*. It is given that $T = 6:17 - 6:02 = 15$ minutes = 0.25 hour and $D = 20$ miles. Substituting: $R \times 0.25 = 20$. Simplifying: $R = 20 \div 0.25$. Thus $R = 80$ mph.
- 713. c.** $12 \times 5\% + 4 \times 4\% = x$ times 16; $x = 4.75\%$.
- 714. b.** Let D'Andres's rate = x . D'Andre's rate multiplied by his travel time equals the distance he travels; this equals Adam's rate multiplied by his travel time; $2x = D = 3(x - 5)$. Therefore, $2x = 3x - 15$ or $x = 15$ mph.
- 715. d.** The equation to describe this situation is $\frac{10 \text{ fish}}{\text{hour}}(2 \text{ hours}) = \frac{2.5 \text{ fish}}{\text{hour}}t$; $20 = 2.5t$; $t = 8$ hrs.
- 716. b.** Solve this problem by finding the weight of each portion. The sum of the weights of the initial corn is equal to the weight of the final mixture. Therefore, $(20 \text{ bushels})\frac{56 \text{ pounds}}{\text{bushel}} + (x \text{ bushels})\frac{50 \text{ pounds}}{\text{bushel}} = [(20 + x) \text{ bushels}]\frac{54 \text{ pounds}}{\text{bushel}}$. Thus $20 \times 56 + 50x = (x + 20) \times 54$.
- 717. d.** The total sales equal the sum of Linda and Jared's sales or: $L + J = 36$. Since Linda sold three less than twice Jared's total, $L = 2J - 3$. The equation $(2J - 3) + J = 36$ models this situation. This gives $3J = 39$; $J = 13$.
- 718. d.** The amount done in one day must be found for each person. John strings $\frac{1}{4}$ of a fence in a day, and Mary strings $\frac{1}{3}$ of a fence in a day: $\frac{1}{4} + \frac{1}{3} = \frac{1}{x}$; multiplying both sides by $12x$ yields $3x + 4x = 12$; $x = \frac{12}{7} = 1\frac{5}{7}$ days.
- 719. b.** $1\frac{1}{2}$ cups equals $\frac{3}{2}$ cups. The ratio is 6 people to 4 people, which is equal to the ratio of $\frac{3}{2}$. By cross-multiplying, we get $6(\frac{3}{2})$ equals $4x$, or 9 equals $4x$. Dividing both sides by 4, we get $\frac{9}{4}$, or $2\frac{1}{4}$ cups.
- 720. c.** Since odd integers, like 3, 5 and 7, are two numbers apart, add 2 to the expression; $x - 1 + 2$ simplifies to $x + 1$.

Set 46 (Page 107)

- 721. c.** Multiply the two binomials using the distributive property so that each term from the first set of parentheses gets multiplied by each term of the second set of parentheses; $(x - 3)(x + 7) = x \cdot x + x \cdot 7 - 3 \cdot x - 3 \cdot 7$. Simplify the multiplication next; $x^2 + 7x - 3x - 21$. Combine like terms; $x^2 + 4x - 21$.
- 722. c.** Karl is four times as old as Pam means $K = 4P$, Pam is one-third as old as Jackie means $P = \frac{1}{3}J$. We are given $J = 18$. Working backwards we have: $P = \frac{1}{3}(18) = 6$; $K = 4(6) = 24$. The sum of their ages = $K + P + J = 24 + 6 + 18 = 48$.
- 723. c.** In order to solve for x , get x alone on one side of the equation. First, add r to both sides of the equation; $s + r = 2x - r + r$. The equation becomes $s + r = 2x$. Then divide each side of the equation by 2; $\frac{s+r}{2} = \frac{2x}{2}$. Cancel the 2's on the right side of the equation to get a result of $\frac{s+r}{2} = x$, which is equivalent to answer choice **c**.
- 724. b.** To solve this problem set up the proportion 3 is to 25 as x is to 40: $\frac{3}{25} = \frac{x}{40}$. Cross-multiplying: $(3)(40) = 25(x)$. Solving for x gives 4.8, but since coolers must be whole numbers, this number is rounded up to 5.
- 725. b.** A ratio is set up: $\frac{1.5}{14} = \frac{2.25}{x}$. Solving for x gives 21 pancakes.
- 726. a.** Two equations are used: $A + B + C = 25$, and $A = C = 2B$. This gives $5B = 25$, and $B = 5$.
- 727. c.** The problem is to find x = number of gallons of 75% antifreeze. We know the final mixture is equal to the sum of the two solutions or $M = A + B$. In terms of x , $M = 0.50(x + 4)$, $A = 0.75x$, and $B = 0.30(4)$. Substituting, $0.50(x + 4) = 0.75x + 1.20$. Simplifying, $0.50x + 2 =$
- $0.75x + 1.2$ which reduces to $0.25x = 0.80$. Thus $x = 3.2$ gallons.
- 728. a.** To move from one point to another on the line, you need to move up 3 units and over 1 to the right. Therefore the line has a slope of 3. The line crosses the y -axis at +1 so the y -intercept is 1. Using the slope-intercept form of the equation ($y = mx + b$, where m = the slope and b = the y -intercept), the equation becomes $y = 3x + 1$.
- 729. a.** The problem is to find x = number of pounds of raspberries. We know that total fruit purchased equals the sum of bananas and raspberries, or $F = B + R$. In terms of x , $F = 2(x + 7)$, $B = 7(0.50)$, and $R = 4x$. Substituting, $2(x + 7) = 3.5 + 4x$. Simplifying, $2x + 14 = 3.5 + 4x$, which reduces to $2x = 10.5$. Thus $x = 5.25$ pounds.
- 730. b.** The problem is to find x = number of rental months needed to make the costs equal. This occurs when purchase cost equals rental cost, or $P = R$. We are given $P = 400$ and $R = 50 + 25x$. Substituting, $400 = 50 + 25x$ which reduces to $25x = 350$. Thus $x = 14$ months.
- 731. b.** Two equations are used: $E = M + 10$, and $20E + 25M = 1460$. This gives $20M + 200 + 25M = 1460$; $45M = 1260$; $M = 28$.
- 732. a.** Multiply using the distributive property and then simplify: $(x - 2)(2x + 5) = x \cdot 2x + x \cdot 5 - 2 \cdot 2x - 2 \cdot 5 = 2x^2 + 5x - 4x - 10$. Combine like terms; $2x^2 + x - 10$.
- 733. c.** The unknown I = the amount of interest earned. To solve this problem it is necessary to use the formula given: *Interest = Principal \times Rate \times Time* ($I = PRT$). First, change the percent to a decimal: $7\frac{1}{8} = 0.7125$. Next note that nine months = $\frac{9}{12}$ or $\frac{3}{4}$ or 75% (0.75) of a year.

Substituting, we have $I =$
 $(\$767)(0.07125)(0.75)$. Thus $I = \$40.99$.

- 734. a.** We are asked to find $F =$ Fluffy's age. Begin the solution by breaking the problem into parts: Fluffy is half the age of Muffy becomes $F = \frac{1}{2}M$, Muffy is one-third as old as Spot becomes $M = \frac{1}{3}S$, and Spot is half the neighbor's age becomes $S = \frac{1}{2}N$. We know the neighbor's age is 24 or $N = 24$. Substituting and working backwards through the problem: $S = \frac{1}{2}(24) = 12$, $M = \frac{1}{3}(12) = 4$, $F = \frac{1}{2}(4)$. Thus $F = 2$. Fluffy is two years old.

- 735. b.** Let $x =$ the unknown quantity of each denomination. We know that all the coins total \$8.20 and each denomination is multiplied by the same number, x . Therefore $0.25x + 0.10x + 0.05x + 0.01x = 8.20$. This reduces to $(0.25 + 0.10 + 0.05 + 0.01)x = 8.20$, or $0.41x = 8.20$. Thus $x = 20$ coins in each denomination.

- 736. d.** Evaluate the exponent first; $(5y^3)^3 = 5^3y^3 \times 3 = 125y^9$. Then multiply the result by 4 to get $500y^9$.

Set 47 (Page 109)

- 737. b.** Let $x =$ the amount of interest Samantha earns in one year. Substituting: $I = (385)(.0485)(1)$. Thus $I = \$18.67$.
- 738. a.** Let $R =$ Veronica's average speed. Recall that for uniform motion $Distance = Rate \times Time$ or $D = RT$. Substituting: $220 = R(5)$ or $R = \frac{220}{5}$. Thus $R = 44$ mph.
- 739. d.** This is an example of the difference between two perfect squares. The factorization is the product of the sum and difference of the square roots of each term. The square root of x^2 is x and the square root of 9 is 3. The factors are $(x - 3)(x + 3)$.

- 740. c.** To factor this trinomial, find two numbers whose product is -35 and whose sum is -2 . These two numbers are -7 and $+5$. Set up the factors as two binomials in parentheses;
 $(x - 7)(x + 5)$.

- 741. b.** Each of the answer choices have the same slope and y -intercept so you need to look at the symbol used in the inequality. Since the line drawn is dashed and shaded above the line, the symbol used must be the greater than symbol, or $>$. This is used in choice **b**.

- 742. d.** By adding the two equations vertically, you end up with $2y = 8$, so y must equal 4. Substitute 4 in for y in either original equation to get $x = 6$. Therefore, the point of intersection where the two lines are equal is $(6, 4)$.

- 743. b.** $150x = (100)(1)$, where x is the part of a mile a jogger has to go to burn the calories a walker burns in 1 mile. If you divide both sides of this equation by 150, you get $x = \frac{100}{150} = \frac{[2(50)]}{[3(50)]}$. Canceling the 50s, you get $\frac{2}{3}$. This means that a jogger has to jog only $\frac{2}{3}$ of a mile to burn the same number of calories a walker burns in a mile of brisk walking.

- 744. b.** 5% of 1 liter = $(0.05)(1) = (0.02)x$, where x is the total amount of water in the resulting 2% solution. Solving for x , you get 2.5. Subtracting the 1 liter of water already present in the 5% solution, you will find that 1.5 ($= 2.5 - 1$) liters need to be added.

- 745. c.** The problem is to find $J =$ Joan's present age in years. Begin by breaking the problem up into smaller parts: Joan will be twice Tom's age in 3 years becomes $J + 3 = 2T$; Tom will be 40 becomes $T = 40$. Substituting: $J + 3 = 2(40)$. Simplifying: $J = 80 - 3$, or $J = 77$ years old.

- 746. d.** Cancel out the common factors of 3, x and y between numerators and denominators and then multiply across. The result is $\frac{xy^2}{12}$.
- 747. d.** $3W$ equals water coming in, W equals water going out; $3W$ minus W equals 11,400, which implies that W is equal to 5,700 and $3W$ is equal to 17,100.
- 748. d.** Let T equal Ted's age; S equal Sam's age, which is $3T$; R equal Ron's age, which is $\frac{S}{2}$, or $\frac{3T}{2}$. The sum of the ages is 55, which is $\frac{3T}{2}$ plus $3T$ plus T , which is equal to $\frac{3T}{2}$ plus $\frac{6T}{2}$ plus $\frac{2T}{2}$, which is equal to $\frac{(3T+6T+2T)}{2}$, or $\frac{11T}{2}$. Now multiply both sides of 55 equals $\frac{11T}{2}$ by 2 to get 110 equals $11T$. Divide through by 11 to get 10 equals T . That is Ted's age, so Sam is $3T$, or $3(10)$, or 30 years old, and Ron is $\frac{3T}{2}$, which is $\frac{3(10)}{2}$, or $\frac{30}{2}$, or 15 years old.
- 749. d.** We are asked to find x = minutes until the boat disappears. Recall that $Distance = Rate \times Time$ or $D = RT$ or $T = \frac{D}{R}$. We are given $D = 0.5$ mile and $R = 20$ mph. Substituting: $T = \frac{0.5}{20} = 0.025$ hour. Convert the units of time by establishing the ratio .025 hours is to 1 hour as x minutes is to 60 minutes or $\frac{.025}{1} = \frac{x}{60}$. Cross-multiplying: $(.025)(60) = (1)(x)$ which simplifies to $x = 1.5$ minutes.
- 750. a.** First you find out how long the entire hike can be, based on the rate at which the hikers are using their supplies; $\frac{2}{3} = \frac{1}{x}$, where 1 is the total amount of supplies and x is the number of days for the whole hike. Cross-multiplying, you get $\frac{2x}{3} = 3$, so that $x = \frac{(3)(5)}{2}$, or $7\frac{1}{2}$ days for the length of the entire hike. This means that the hikers could go forward for 3.75 days altogether before they would have to turn around. They have already hiked for 3 days; 3.75 minus 3 equals 0.75 for the amount of time they can now go forward before having to turn around.
- 751. d.** Factor the left side of the equation and set each factor equal to zero: $x^2 - 25 = (x - 5)(x + 5)$; $x - 5 = 0$ or $x + 5 = 0$. Therefore, $x = 5$ or -5 .
- 752. a.** You know the ratio of Drake's charge to Jean's charge is 3 to 4, or $\frac{3}{4}$. To find what Jean charges, you must use the equation $\frac{3}{4} = \frac{36}{x}$, or $3x = 4(36)$; $4(36) = 144$, which is then divided by 3 to arrive at $x = 48$.

Set 48 (Page 111)

- 753. b.** Take the reciprocal of the fraction being divided by, change the operation to multiplication, and cancel common factors between the numerators and denominators; $\frac{6a^2b}{2c} \div \frac{ab^2}{4c^4}$ becomes $\frac{6a^2b}{2c} \times \frac{4c^4}{ab^2} = \frac{12ac^3}{b}$.
- 754. c.** Let x = the number of oranges left in the basket. Three more than seven times as many oranges as five is: $7(5) + 3 = 38$. Removing five leaves $x = 38 - 5 = 33$ oranges.
- 755. b.** The problem is to find x = number of ounces of candy costing \$1 (or 100 cents) per ounce. The total cost of the mixture equals the sum of the cost for each type of candy or: $M = A + B$, where $A = 100x$, $B = 70(6)$, and $M = 80(6 + x)$. Substituting: $80(6 + x) = 100x + 420$. Simplifying: $480 + 80x = 100x + 420$, which becomes $480 - 420 = 100x - 80x$, or $20x = 60$. Thus, $x = 2$ ounces.
- 756. a.** Let x = the number of hours to wash and wax the car if both work together. In 1 hour Dave can do $\frac{1}{4}$ of the job, while Mark can do $\frac{1}{3}$ of the job. In terms of x this means: $\frac{1}{4}x + \frac{1}{3}x = 1$ (where 1 represents 100% of the job). Simplifying: $(\frac{1}{4} + \frac{1}{3})x = 1$ or $(\frac{3}{12} + \frac{4}{12})x = 1$. Thus $\frac{7}{12}x = 1$ or $x = \frac{12}{7} = 1.7$ hours.

- 757. b.** Let T = the time it takes Sheri to walk to the store. Since she walks at a uniform rate we can use the formula $Distance = Rate \times Time$ or $D = RT$. Substituting: $5 = 3T$ or $T = \frac{5}{3}$. Thus $T = 1.67$ hours.
- 758. a.** Let D = the time Dee arrived before class. Choosing to represent time before class as a negative number we have: Jeff arrived 10 minutes early means $J = -10$, Dee came in 4 minutes after Mae means $D = M + 4$, Mae, who was half as early as Jeff means $M = \frac{1}{2}J$. Substituting: $M = -5$, so $D = -5 + 4 = -1$. Thus $D = 1$ minute before class time.
- 759. d.** Substituting: $5 = (45)R(\frac{1}{12})$ or $5 = (45)R(.0833)$. Thus $R = 1.33 = 133\%$.
- 760. b.** Let x = the number of people remaining in the room. We have: $x = 12 - (\frac{2}{3}(12) + 3)$ or $x = 12 - (8 + 3) = 12 - 11$. Thus $x = 1$ person.
- 761. b.** Let x = the height of the ceiling. After converting 24 inches = 2 feet, we have $2 = 0.20x$ or $x = 10$ feet.
- 762. d.** Let x = the number of hours it takes Belinda to complete the job. In 1 hour the neighbor can do $\frac{1}{38}$ of the job, while Belinda can do $\frac{1}{x}$ of the job. Working together it takes 22 hours to complete 100% of the job or: $\frac{1}{38}(22) + \frac{1}{x}(22) = 1$ (where 1 represents 100% of the job). Simplifying: $\frac{22}{38} + \frac{22}{x} = 1$ or $\frac{22}{x} = 1 - \frac{22}{38}$, which reduces to $\frac{22}{x} = \frac{16}{38}$. Cross-multiplying: $16x = (22)(38)$ or $x = 52.25$ hours.
- 763. c.** Let x = the number sought. If there are seven times as many candles as nine, there must be $x = 7 \times 9 = 63$ candles.
- 764. a.** Take the square root of each of the values under the radical; $\sqrt{81} = 9$; $\sqrt{x^2} = x$; $\sqrt{y^2} = y$. Therefore, the radical becomes $\sqrt{\frac{81x^2}{y^2}} = \frac{9x}{y}$.
- 765. d.** Equations in the form $y = mx + b$ have slope of m . If each answer choice is transformed to this form, choice **d** has a negative slope: $6y + x = 7$ becomes $y = -\frac{1}{6}x + \frac{7}{6}$.
- 766. a.** This is the same as the equation provided; each score is divided by three.
- 767. a.** To simplify the radical, first find the square root of 64, which is 8. Then divide each exponent on the variables by 2 to find the square root of the variables. If the exponent is odd, the remainder stays inside the radical; $\sqrt{x^5} = x^2\sqrt{x}$ and $\sqrt{y^8} = y^4$. Thus, the result is $8x^2y^4\sqrt{x}$.
- 768. c.** We are trying to find T = number of minutes it will take the tire to completely deflate. The formula to use is $Pressure = Rate \times Time$, or $P = RT$. In terms of T this becomes $T = \frac{P}{R}$. We are given $P = 36$ psi, $R = 3 \frac{\text{psi}}{\text{per minute}}$, therefore $T = \frac{36}{3}$. Thus $T = 12$ minutes.

Set 49 (Page 113)

- 769. d.** Let x = the number of months needed to pay off the loan. First convert five-sixths of a year to x months by establishing the ratio: 5 is to 6 as x is to 12 or: $\frac{5}{6} = \frac{x}{12}$. Cross-multiplying: $(5)(12) = 6x$ or $x = 10$ months. Counting 10 months forward we arrive at the answer, the end of December.
- 770. d.** Square each side of the equal sign to eliminate the radical; $(\sqrt{b-4})^2 = 5^2$ becomes $b - 4 = 25$. Add 4 to both sides of the equation; $b = 29$.
- 771. c.** Since there is a common denominator, add the numerators and keep the denominator; $\frac{7w}{z}$.
- 772. b.** We are trying to find x = the number of birds originally in the oak tree. Ten more birds landed means there are now $x + 10$ birds, a

total of four times as many birds means the oak tree now has $4(x + 10)$ birds. In the maple tree: 16 less than 12 times as many birds as the oak tree had to begin with means there are $12x - 16$ birds in it. Setting the two equations equal we have: $4(x + 10) = 12x - 16$. Simplifying: $4x + 40 = 12x - 16$ or $8x = 56$. Thus $x = 7$ birds.

- 773. b.** We are looking for $D =$ the number of dimes in the jar. Twice as many pennies as dimes means there are $P = 2D$ number of pennies. The total dollar amount of coins in the jar is $T = 0.25Q + 0.10D + .05D + .01P$. Substituting: $4.58 = 0.25(13) + 0.10(D) + .05(5) + .01(2D)$. Simplifying: $4.58 = 3.25 + 0.10D + 0.25 + .02D$ which reduces to $0.12D = 1.08$. Thus $D = 9$ dimes.
- 774. d.** Substitute -2 for x in the function and evaluate; $5(-2)^2 - 3 = 5(4) - 3 = 20 - 3 = 17$.
- 775. b.** We are looking for $x =$ the hiker's total trip time in hours, which will be twice the time it takes to get from his car to the lake. We are told that he travels 2 hours over smooth terrain. The time to walk the rocky trail is found by using the Distance formula ($Distance = Rate \times Time$) and rearranging to solve: $T = \frac{D}{R}$. Substituting, we get: $T = \frac{5}{2} = 2.5$ hours. Therefore $x = 2(2 + 2.5) = 9$ hours.
- 776. d.** Total pressure is equal to $P = O + N + A$. We are given: $N = 4$, $O = \frac{1}{2}N = 2$, and $A = \frac{1}{3}O = \frac{2}{3}$; so $P = 2 + 4 + \frac{2}{3}$; $P = 6\frac{2}{3}$ psi.
- 777. b.** We are seeking $D =$ number of feet away from the microwave where the amount of radiation is $\frac{1}{16}$ the initial amount. We are given: radiation varies inversely as the square of the distance or: $R = 1 \div D^2$. When $D = 1$, $R = 1$, so we are looking for D when $R = \frac{1}{16}$. Substituting: $\frac{1}{16} = 1 \div D^2$. Cross-multiplying: $(1)(D^2) = (1)(16)$. Simplifying: $D^2 = 16$, or $D = 4$ feet.
- 778. a.** Choice **a** is a vertical line, where the change in x is zero. Vertical lines have undefined slope.
- 779. d.** First, add 4 to both sides of the equation; $\sqrt{2a + 6} - 4 + 4 = 6 + 4$. The equation simplifies to $\sqrt{2a + 6} = 10$. Square each side to eliminate the radical sign. $(\sqrt{2a + 6})^2 = 10^2$. The equation becomes $2a + 6 = 100$. Subtract 6 from each side of the equal sign and simplify; $2a + 6 - 6 = 100 - 6$. $2a = 94$. Divide each side by 2; $\frac{2a}{2} = \frac{94}{2}$. Therefore, $a = 47$.
- 780. d.** Let $F =$ the Final amount of money Willie will receive, which is his Salary less the Placement fee or $F = S - P$. We are given $S = \$28,000$ and $P = \frac{1}{12}S$. Substituting: $F = 28,000 - \frac{1}{12}(28,000)$ or $F = 28,000 - 2,333$. Thus $F = \$25,667$.
- 781. d.** The problem asks you to add $\frac{1}{3}$ of 60 and $\frac{2}{5}$ of 60. Let $x =$ the number sought. We have: $x = \frac{1}{3}(60) + \frac{2}{5}(60)$ or $x = 20 + 24$. Thus $x = 44$.
- 782. a.** The 90% discount is over all three items; therefore the total price is $(a + b + c) \times 0.9$. The average is the total price divided by the number of computers: $\frac{0.9 \times (a + b + c)}{3}$.
- 783. b.** Let $C =$ the number of cherries. It is given that 3 apples and 6 oranges equals $\frac{1}{2}C$ or $9 = \frac{1}{2}C$. Therefore $C = 2(9) = 18$.
- 784. b.** Let $L =$ the number of gallons of gas lost, which is equal to the Rate of loss times the Time over which it occurs or $L = RT$. Substituting: $L = (7)(\frac{1}{3}) = 2\frac{1}{3}$ gallons. Notice that the 14-gallon tank size is irrelevant information in this problem.

Set 50 (Page 117)

- 785. c.** The problem can be restated as: 5 hours is to 24 hours as $x\%$ is to 100%. This is the same as: $\frac{5}{24} = \frac{x}{100}$.
- 786. c.** Let x = the number of pounds of white flour. The problem can be restated more usefully as: 5 parts is to 6 parts as x pounds is to 48 pounds or $\frac{5}{6} = \frac{x}{48}$. Cross-multiplying: $(5)(48) = 6x$ or $x = \frac{240}{6}$. Thus $x = 40$.
- 787. a.** Let x = the extra amount Timmy will earn by charging 25 cents instead of 10 cents per glass, which must be the difference in his total sales at each price. Therefore x = Sales at 0.25 per glass – Sales at 0.10 per glass. Substituting: $x = 0.25(7) - 0.10(20) = 1.75 - 2.00$. Thus $x = -.25$. Timmy will lose money if he raises his price to 25 cents per glass.
- 788. b.** Let J = the number of miles away from school that Joe lives. We are given $B = 5$ and $T = \frac{1}{2}B = 2.5$. The distance between Bill and Tammy's house is $(5 - 2.5)$. Since Joe lives half way between them we have: $J = T + \frac{1}{2}(5 - 2.5)$. Substituting: $J = 2.5 + \frac{1}{2}(2.5)$. Thus $J = 3.75$ miles.
- 789. b.** Let V = Valerie's annual salary. We know: Pamela's earnings are six times Adrienne's or $P = 6A$, Adrienne earns five times more than Beverly or $A = 5B$, and Beverly earns \$4,000 or $B = 4,000$. Working backwards we have: $A = 5(4,000) = 20,000$, $P = 6(20,000) = 120,000$. Finally, we are told that Valerie earns $\frac{1}{2}$ as much as Pamela or $V = \frac{1}{2}P$ so $V = \frac{1}{2}(120,000)$. Thus $V = \$60,000$.
- 790. b.** Let G = Gertrude's age. One-fourth Gertrude's age taken away from Yolanda's becomes $Y - \frac{1}{4}G$, twice Gertrude's age becomes $2G$. Combining terms: $Y - \frac{1}{4}G = 2G$ which simplifies to $Y = (2 + \frac{1}{4})G$ or $Y = 2.25G$. Substituting: $9 = 2.25G$ or $G = 4$. Gertrude is 4 years old.
- 791. a.** Let x = the number of pounds of chocolate to be mixed. We know the mixture's total cost is the cost of the chocolates plus the cost of the caramels or $M = A + B$. In terms of x : $M = 3.95(x + 3)$, $A = 5.95x$, while $B = 2.95(3)$. Combining terms: $3.95(x + 3) = 5.95x + 2.95(3)$. Simplifying: $3.95x + 11.85 = 5.95x + 8.85$ or $11.85 - 8.85 = (5.95 - 3.95)x$ which becomes $2x = 3$. Thus $x = 1.5$ pounds.
- 792. b.** We want to find S = the rate Sharon charges to mow a lawn in dollars per hour. We are given Kathy's rate, which is $K = 7.50$, and we are told that $S = 1.5K$. Substituting: $S = 1.5(7.50)$. Thus $S = \$11.25$ per hour.
- 793. c.** The problem is to find H = years Hazel will take to save \$1000. We are told Laura saves three times faster than Hazel, a ratio of 3:1. Therefore, $3L = H$. We are given $L = 1.5$ years. Substituting: $3(1.5) = H$ or $H = 4.5$ years.
- 794. a.** First, get the common denominator of $6a^3$ by multiplying the first fraction by $3a^2$ in the numerator and denominator. The problem becomes $\frac{27a^2}{6a^3} - \frac{3w}{6a^3}$. Combine over the same denominator and cancel any common factors; $\frac{27a^2 - 3w}{6a^3} = \frac{3(9a^2 - w)}{6a^3} = \frac{9a^2 - w}{2a^3}$.
- 795. b.** Substitute 1 for x in the function: $x^2 - 4x + 1 = (1)^2 - 4(1) + 1 = 1 - 4 + 1 = -3 + 1 = -2$.
- 796. a.** Since the distance from the wall is known, the formula would be: $\frac{x}{5} + 2 = 10$. To find x , start by subtracting the 2, giving 8; then: $\frac{x}{5} = 8$, and $8 \times 5 = 40$; therefore, $x = 40$.
- 797. b.** The problem is to find J = the number of Jane's toys. It is given that $J = W + 5$, $W = \frac{1}{3}T$, $T = 4E$, and $E = 6$. Substituting: $T = 4(6) = 24$, $W = \frac{1}{3}(24) = 8$, and $J = 8 + 5$. Thus $J = 13$ toys.

- 798. b.** Let x = the number of hours to paint the sign if both worked together. In 1 hour Susan can do $\frac{1}{6}$ of the job while Janice can do $\frac{1}{5}$ of the job. In terms of x this becomes: $\frac{1}{6}x + \frac{1}{5}x = 1$ (where 1 represents 100% of the job). Solving for x we have: $(\frac{1}{6} + \frac{1}{5})x = 1$ or $(\frac{5}{30} + \frac{6}{30})x = 1$. Simplifying: $\frac{11}{30}x = 1$ or $x = \frac{30}{11}$. Thus $x = 2.73$ hours.
- 799. b.** First, get the inequality into slope-intercept form by dividing both sides by 5. The inequality becomes $y \geq 2x - 3$. The slope of the line is 2 and the y -intercept is -3 . In addition, the line should be a solid line and shaded above the line. This is true for choice **b**.
- 800. a.** Substitute the second equation for x in the first equation to get $y + 2(3y + 5) = 3$. Use the distributive property and combine like terms; $y + 6y + 10 = 3$; $7y + 10 = 3$. Subtract 10 from both sides of the equation; $7y + 10 - 10 = 3 - 10$; $7y = -7$. Divide each side of the equal sign by 7 to get $y = -1$. Substitute -1 for y in either original equation to get $x = 2$. The solution is $(2, -1)$.
- Set 51** (Page 120)
- 801. c.** If two linear equations have the same slope, they are parallel. When the equations in answer choice **c** are transformed to slope-intercept form, they become $y = x - 7$ and $y = x + 2$. The coefficient of x in both cases is 1; therefore they have the same slope and are parallel.
- 802. d.** Let I = the amount of interest earned. Substituting: $I = (300)(7\frac{3}{4}\%)(\frac{30}{12})$. Simplifying: $I = (300)(.0775)(2.5)$. Thus $I = \$58.13$.
- 803. b.** We must write the problem as an equation: $J = 6K$ and $J + 2 = 2(K + 2)$, so $6K + 2 = 2K + 4$, which means $K = \frac{1}{2}$; $J = 6K$, or 3.
- 804. c.** $M = 3N$; $3N + N = 24$, which implies that $N = 6$ and $M = 3N$, which is 18. If Nick catches up to Mike's typing speed, then both M and N will equal 18, and then the combined rate will be $18 + 18 = 36$ pages per hour.
- 805. b.** Let x = the percent of students who are failing. The percentages must add up to 100. Therefore $13\% + 15\% + 20\% + 16\% + x = 100\%$, or $x = 100 - 64$. So $x = 36\%$.
- 806. b.** The figure is a parabola in the form $y = x^2$ that crosses the y -axis at $(0, -2)$. Therefore, the equation is $y = x^2 - 2$.
- 807. a.** If the mixture is $\frac{2}{3}$ raisins it must be $\frac{1}{3}$ nuts or: $4(\frac{1}{3}) = 1.3$ pounds.
- 808. d.** To solve: rearrange, convert units to feet, then plug in the values; $A = (f \text{ times } D) \div 1 = (0.5 \times 3000) \div 0.25$; $A = 6000$ feet.
- 809. b.** The denominator $x^2 - 2x - 15$ factors to $(x - 5)(x + 3)$. Multiply each side of the equation by the least common denominator of $(x - 5)(x + 3)$, canceling common factors. This results in the equation $2(x + 3) + 3(x - 5) = 11$. Use the distributive property and combine like terms; $2x + 6 + 3x - 15 = 11$; $5x - 9 = 11$. Add 9 to both sides of the equal sign; $5x = 20$. Divide both sides of the equation by 5 to get $x = 4$.
- 810. b.** Let x = the number of pages in last year's directory; 114 less than twice as many pages as last year's means $2x - 114$, so the equation becomes: $2x - 114 = 596$ or $2x = 710$. Thus $x = 355$ pages.
- 811. b.** The problem is to find M = total number of miles traveled. We are given: $D1 = 300$ miles;

$D_2 = \frac{2}{3}(D_1)$; $D_3 = \frac{3}{4}(D_1 + D_2)$. We know that $M = D_1 + D_2 + D_3$. Substituting: $M = 300 + \frac{2}{3}(300) + \frac{3}{4}[300 + \frac{2}{3}(300)]$. Simplifying: $M = 300 + 200 + 375$. Thus $M = 875$ miles.

- 812. b.** We are seeking F = the number of gallons of water in the barrel after the thunderstorm. This Final amount of water equals the Initial amount plus the Added amount, or $F = I + A$. We know: $I = 4$ gallons, and using the formula $A = \text{Rate} \times \text{Time}$, we solve for $A = (\frac{6 \text{ gallons}}{\text{day}})(\frac{1}{3} \text{ day}) = 2$ gallons. Substituting: $F = 4 + 2 = 6$ gallons.
- 813. c.** Consecutive odd integers are positive or negative whole numbers in a row that are two apart like 1, 3, 5 or $-23, -21, -19$. To find three consecutive odd integers whose sum is 117,

divide 117 by 3 to get 39; $39 - 2 = 37$ and $39 + 2 = 41$. To check, add the three integers: $37 + 39 + 41 = 117$.

- 814. c.** We know the three species of songbirds total 120 or $A + B + C = 120$. We know $A = 3B$ and $B = \frac{1}{2}C$. This means $A = \frac{3}{2}C$. Substituting and solving for C we have: $\frac{3}{2}C + \frac{1}{2}C + C = 120$; $3C = 120$; $C = 40$.
- 815. a.** Two equations must be used: $2B + 2H = 32$; $B = 7H$. This gives $14H + 2H = 32$; $16H = 32$; $H = 2$, and $B = 14$; $A = B \times H$; $A = 2 \times 14 = 28 \text{ m}^2$.
- 816. c.** The figure is a parabola opening down, so the equation is in the form $y = -x^2$. Since the graph crosses the y -axis at $+1$, the equation is $y = -x^2 + 1$.

► Section 6—Geometry

Set 52 (Page 124)

- 817. c.** A trapezoid by definition is a quadrilateral with exactly one pair of parallel sides.
- 818. b.** A cube has 4 sides, a top, and a bottom, which means that it has 6 faces.
- 819. a.** A polygon is a plane figure composed of 3 or more lines.
- 820. d.** An acute angle is less than 90 degrees.
- 821. a.** A straight angle is exactly 180 degrees.
- 822. c.** A right angle is exactly 90 degrees.
- 823. b.** Because parallel lines never intersect, choice a is incorrect. Perpendicular lines do intersect so choice c is incorrect. Choice d is incorrect because intersecting lines have only one point in common.
- 824. a.** A triangle with two congruent sides could either be isosceles or equilateral. However, because one angle is 40 degrees, it cannot be equilateral (the angles would be 60 degrees).
- 825. c.** The sum of the angles on a triangle is 180 degrees. The two angles given add to 90 degrees, showing that there must be a 90-degree angle. It is a right triangle.
- 826. a.** All of the angles are acute, and all are different. Therefore, the triangle is acute scalene.
- 827. b.** Both the isosceles trapezoid and the square have congruent diagonals, but only the square has diagonals that are both congruent and perpendicular.
- 828. c.** The sum of the measure of the angles in a triangle is 180 degrees; 70 degrees + 30 degrees = 100 degrees; 180 degrees – 100 degrees = 80 degrees. Therefore, angle C is 80 degrees.

- 829. d.** Squares, rectangles and rhombuses are quadrilateral (have 4 sides) and each has two pairs of parallel sides. However, all angles in both squares and rectangles are 90 degrees. Therefore, only a rhombus could contain two angles that measure 65 degrees.
- 830. c.** If the pentagons are similar, then the sides are in proportion. Because AB is similar to FG , and $AB = 10$ and $FG = 30$, the second pentagon is three times as large as the first pentagon. Therefore, IH is three times as large as CD , which gives a length of 15.
- 831. c.** The greatest area from a quadrilateral will always be a square. Therefore, a side will be $24 \div 4 = 6$ feet. The area is $6^2 = 36$ square feet.
- 832. b.** The area of the square is $4 \times 4 = 16$ square feet; the area of the circle is $\pi(2^2) = \pi 4$. The difference is $16 - 4\pi$.

► Set 53 (Page 126)

- 833. c.** The perimeter is $4 \times 4 = 16$ (or $4 + 4 + 4 + 4$) for the square, and π times the diameter of 4 for the circle. This is a difference of $16 - 4\pi$.
- 834. c.** The area is length \times width, or in this case, $A \times 3 \times A$, $3A^2$.
- 835. a.** Use the Pythagorean theorem: $a^2 + b^2 = c^2$. The hypotenuse is found to be 5: $3^2 + 4^2 = 9 + 16 = 25$, and the square root of 25 is 5. The sum of the sides is the perimeter: $3 + 4 + 5 = 12$.
- 836. d.** There are four sides of 4, and two sides of 8. Therefore, the perimeter is $(4 \times 4) + (2 \times 8) = 32$.
- 837. c.** The perimeter is the sum of the triangle's two legs plus the hypotenuse. Knowing two of the sides, we can find the third side, or hypotenuse (h), using the Pythagorean theo-

rem: $a^2 + a^2 = h^2$, which simplifies to $2a^2 = h^2$.
So $h = \sqrt{2a^2}$. This means the perimeter is $2a + \sqrt{2a^2}$.

- 838. a.** The first step in solving the problem is to subtract 86 from 148. The remainder, 62, is then divided by 2 to get 31 feet.
- 839. d.** There are two sides 34 feet long and two sides 20 feet long. Using the formula $P = 2L + 2W$ will solve this problem. Therefore, you should multiply 34 times 2 and 20 times 2, and then add the results: $68 + 40 = 108$.
- 840. d.** The rectangular portion of the doorway has two long sides and a bottom: $(2 \times 10) + 4 = 24$. The arc is $\frac{1}{2}\pi d = 2\pi$.
- 841. c.** The sum of the side lengths is $7 + 9 + 10 = 26$.
- 842. d.** Find the slant height using the Pythagorean theorem: $6^2 + 8^2 = 36 + 64 = 100$. The square root of 100 is 10, so that is the measure of the missing side (the slant height). The perimeter is therefore $(2 \times 18) + (2 \times 10) = 56$.
- 843. d.** The curved portion of the shape is $\frac{1}{4}\pi d$, which is 4π . The linear portions are both the radius, so the solution is simply $4\pi + 16$.
- 844. c.** The perimeter is equal to $4 + 7 + 13 = 24$.
- 845. b.** The sum of the sides is the perimeter of the figure. There are four sides that measure 6 inches, so 4×6 is 24. Subtract $40 - 24$ to get 16 inches for the remaining two sides. Divide 16 by 2 since the two sides are the same measure. Therefore, $x = 8$ inches.
- 846. c.** The perimeter is equal to $(2 \times 4) + (2 \times 9) = 26$.
- 847. d.** The angles labeled 120 degrees are alternate interior angles of the lines c and d . When the alternate interior angles are congruent (the

same measure), the lines are parallel. Therefore, lines c and d are parallel.

- 848. c.** The 60-degree angle and the angle between angle F and the 90-degree angle are vertical angles, so this angle must be 60 degrees. The 90-degree angle is supplementary to angle F and the adjacent 60 degree angle. $180 \text{ degrees} - 90 \text{ degrees} - 60 \text{ degrees} = 30 \text{ degrees}$.

Set 54 (Page 129)

- 849. b.** Vertical angles are non-adjacent angles formed by two intersecting lines, such as angles 1 and 3, and 2 and 4 in the diagram. When two lines intersect, the vertical angles formed are congruent. Therefore, angles 1 and 3 are congruent.
- 850. d.** In order to form a triangle, the sum of the two shortest sides must be greater than the longest side. In choice **d**, the two shortest sides are 2 and 2; $2 + 2 = 4$, which is greater than the largest side of 3.
- 851. b.** The shortest side is opposite the smallest angle. The smallest angle is 44 degrees, angle ABC . Therefore, the shortest side is AC .
- 852. d.** If two angles are 60 degrees, the third must also be 60 degrees. This is an equilateral triangle. All sides are therefore equal.
- 853. b.** Because the lines are parallel, the corresponding angles 1 and 5 are congruent. Since angle 5 and 8 are vertical angles, they are also congruent. Therefore, angle 1 is also congruent to angle 8.
- 854. c.** The sum of the angles is 180 degrees. The two angles given add to 103 degrees, so angle $ABC = 180 - 103 = 77$ degrees.
- 855. a.** The distance between Plattville and Quincy is the hypotenuse of a right triangle with sides

of length 80 and 60. The length of the hypotenuse equals $\sqrt{80^2 + 60^2}$, which equals $\sqrt{6400 + 3600}$, which equals $\sqrt{10,000}$, which equals 100 miles.

- 856. a.** The side opposite the largest angle is the longest side. In this case, it is side AB .
- 857. b.** If the angle's complement is half the angle's size, then it is $\frac{1}{3}$ of 90 degrees. That means that the angle is $\frac{2}{3}$ of 90 degrees, or 60 degrees.
- 858. b.** Two angles are complementary if the sum of their measures is 90 degrees. The complement of a 34-degree angle can be found by subtracting $90 - 34$, which is equal to 56 degrees.
- 859. c.** Two angles are supplementary if the sum of their measures is 180 degrees. The supplement of a 75-degree angle can be found by subtracting $180 - 75$, which is equal to 105 degrees.
- 860. c.** The equation is $3x = 2(90 - x)$ which simplifies to $3x = 180 - 2x$. Add $2x$ to both sides of the equal sign to get $5x = 180$; $x = 36$ degrees.
- 861. c.** The equation is $180 - x = 3(90 - x)$. This simplifies to $180 - x = 270 - 3x$. Add $3x$ to both sides of the equation to get $180 + 2x = 270$. Subtract 180 from both sides of the equal sign to get $2x = 90$. Therefore, $x = 45$ degrees.
- 862. d.** This is the only choice that includes a 90-degree angle.
- 863. c.** 135 and its adjacent angle within the triangle are supplementary, so $180 - 135 = 45$ degrees. Angle B and the remaining unknown angle inside the triangle are vertical, so the angle within the triangle's measure is needed: $180 - 60 - 45 = 75$ degrees, so angle B is also 75 degrees.
- 864. d.** If the figure is a regular decagon, it can be divided into ten equal sections by lines passing through the center. Two such lines form the indicated angle, which includes three of the ten sections; $\frac{3}{10}$ of 360 degrees is equal to 108 degrees.
- Set 55** (Page 132)
- 865. c.** PQ and RS are intersecting lines. The fact that angle POS is a 90-degree angle means that PQ and RS are perpendicular, indicating that all the angles formed by their intersection, including ROQ , measure 90 degrees.
- 866. b.** The dimensions of triangle MNO are double those of triangle RST . Line segment RT is 5 cm; therefore line segment MO is 10 cm.
- 867. b.** Adjacent angles are angles that share a common side and vertex but do not overlap. Angles 1 and 4 are the only ones NOT adjacent, or next to, each other.
- 868. d.** The perimeter is the total length of all sides. In a square, all four sides are of equal length, so the perimeter is $4 + 4 + 4 + 4$, or 16.
- 869. b.** This shape can be divided into a rectangle and two half-circles. The area of the rectangle is $4(8) = 32$ square units. The area of each half-circle can be found by using the formula $A = \frac{1}{2}\pi r^2$. Since the diameters of the half-circles correspond with the sides of the rectangle, use half of these sides for the radii of the circles. For the half-circle on top of the figure, the diameter is 8 so the radius is 4; $A = \frac{1}{2}\pi 4^2 = 8\pi$. For the half-circle on the side of the figure, the diameter is 4 so the radius is 2; $A = \frac{1}{2}\pi 2^2 = 2\pi$. Therefore, the total area of the figure is $32 + 8\pi + 2\pi$, which simplifies to $32 + 10\pi$.
- 870. c.** An algebraic equation must be used to solve this problem. The shortest side can be denoted

s. Therefore, $s + (s + 2) + (s + 4) = 24$. $3s + 6 = 24$, and $s = 6$.

- 871. c.** The area of a circle is $A = (\pi)(r^2)$; $(\pi)(r^2) = 16\pi$; $r = 4$. The perimeter of a circle is $P = (2)(\pi)(r)$; $P = (2)(\pi)(4) = 8\pi$ inches.
- 872. b.** The length of one side of a square is the perimeter divided by 4: $60 \div 4 = 15$.
- 873. a.** The sum of the sides equals the perimeter: 3 sides \times 3 inches + 2 sides \times 5 inches = 19 inches.
- 874. c.** In order to find the perimeter, the hypotenuse of the triangle must be found. This comes from recognizing that the triangle is a 5-12-13 triangle, or by using the Pythagorean theorem. Therefore, $5 + 12 + 13 = 30$.
- 875. c.** DE is 2.5 times greater than AB ; therefore, EF is 7.5 and DF is 10. Add the three numbers together to arrive at the perimeter.
- 876. b.** Since the triangle is a right isosceles, the non-right angles are 45 degrees.
- 877. a.** To get the height of the triangle, use the Pythagorean theorem: $6^2 + \text{height}^2 = 10^2$. The height equals 8. Then 5 is plugged in for the base and 8 for the height in the area equation $A = \frac{bh}{2}$, which yields 20 square units.
- 878. c.** The sum of the measures of the interior angles of a hexagon is 720. In a regular hexagon, each of the six interior angles has the same measure. Therefore, the measure of one angle is $720 \div 6 = 120$ degrees.
- 879. b.** Since the 5-inch side and the 2.5-inch side are similar, the second triangle must be larger than the first. The two angles without congruent marks add up to 100 degrees, so $180 - 100 = 80$ degrees. This is the largest angle, so the side opposite it must be largest, in this case side b .

- 880. c.** If angle 1 is 30° , angle 3 must be 60° by right triangle geometry. Because the two lines are parallel, angles 3 and 4 must be congruent. Therefore, to find angle 5, angle 4 must be subtracted from 180° . This is 120° .

Set 56 (Page 135)

- 881. b.** The sum of the interior angles of any triangle must add to 180 degrees. Also, the angles of the base of the triangle (interior angles B and C) are supplementary to the adjacent exterior angles. This means interior angle $B = 180 - 80 = 100$ degrees, and interior angle $C = 180 - 150 = 30$ degrees. Thus, angle A must equal $180 - 130 = 50$ degrees.
- 882. c.** In a parallelogram, consecutive angles are supplementary. Therefore, the measure of angle ABC is equal to $180 - 88 = 92$ degrees.
- 883. d.** Because one base angle of the isosceles triangle is 70 degrees, the other must be 70 degrees also. Therefore, since the sum of the interior angles of any triangle is 180 degrees, the vertex angle is $180 - 140 = 40$ degrees.
- 884. d.** The diameter of the fan blade will be 12 inches. The circumference is πd , giving a circumference of 12π inches.
- 885. c.** The equation is $2\pi r = \frac{1}{2}\pi r^2$. One r term and both π terms cancel to leave $2 = \frac{1}{2}r$. Multiply both sides of the equal sign by 2 to get $r = 4$.
- 886. b.** The circumference of a circle is πd . The diameter is 5 inches, giving a circumference of 5π inches.
- 887. a.** The top rectangle is 3 units wide and 3 long, for an area of 9. The bottom rectangle is 10 long and 23 wide, for an area of 230. These add up to be 239.

- 888. c.** The perimeter is the total of the length of all sides. Since the figure is a rectangle, opposite sides are equal. This means the perimeter is $5 + 5 + 2 + 2 = 14$.
- 889. c.** $5 \times 3 \times 8$ is 120; $120 \div 3 = 40$.
- 890. a.** When the 2-by-2 squares are cut out, the length of the box is 3, and the width is 6. The height is 2. The volume is $3 \times 6 \times 2$, or 36.
- 891. c.** The formula for area is $Area = Length \times Width$, in this case, $64.125 = 9.5 \times Width$, or 6.75.
- 892. c.** Each 9-foot wall has an area of 9×8 or 72 square feet. There are two such walls, so those two walls combined have an area of 72×2 or 144 square feet. Each 11-foot wall has an area of 11×8 or 88 square feet, and again there are two such walls: 88 times 2 equals 176. Finally, add 144 and 176 to get 320 square feet.
- 893. d.** The area is width times length, in this case, 5 times 7, or 35 square feet.
- 894. a.** If the side of the barn is 100 feet, then the opposite side of the rectangle is made of 100 feet of fence. This leaves 100 feet of fence for each of the other 2 sides. The result is a square of area $100^2 = 10,000$ square feet.
- 895. b.** The surface area of the walls is four walls of 120 square feet. This gives 480 square feet. The area of the door and window to be subtracted is $12 + 21$ square feet = 33 square feet. Therefore, 447 square feet are needed. This would be 5 rolls.
- 896. c.** The *area* is $\frac{1}{2} \text{ base} \times \text{height}$. This gives $\frac{1}{2}(4)(8) = 16$.
- Set 57** (Page 138)
- 897. a.** The area of a parallelogram can be found by multiplying the base times the height, or $A = bh$. The base of the figure is 12, even though it appears at the top of the diagram, and the height of the figure is 4. The area is $12 \times 4 = 48$ square units.
- 898. b.** Area is equal to base times height; $2 \times 4 = 8$ square units.
- 899. d.** The area is the width times the length—in this case, 10×8 , or 80 square feet.
- 900. b.** This must be solved with an algebraic equation: $L = 2W + 4$; $3L + 2W = 28$. Therefore, $6W + 12 + 2W = 28$; $8W = 16$; $W = 2$; $L = 8$. $2 \times 8 = 16$ square inches.
- 901. c.** The longest object would fit on a diagonal from an upper corner to an opposite lower corner. It would be in the same plane as one diagonal of the square base. This diagonal forms one side of a right triangle whose hypotenuse is the length of the longest object that can fit in the box. First, use the Pythagorean theorem to find the length of the diagonal of the square base; $3^2 + 3^2 = c^2$; $c = \sqrt{18}$. Next, find the length of the second side, which is the height of the box. Since the square base has an area of 9, each side must be 3 feet long; we know the volume of the box is 36 cubic feet so the height of the box (h) must be $3 \times 3 \times h = 36$, or $h = 4$ feet. Finally, use the Pythagorean theorem again to find the hypotenuse, or length of the longest object that can fit in the box; $\sqrt{18^2 + 4^2} = h^2$; $18 + 16 = h^2$; $h = \sqrt{34} = 5.8$ feet.
- 902. b.** The lot will measure 200 feet by 500 feet, or 100,000 square feet in all ($200 \text{ feet} \times 500 \text{ feet}$). An acre contains 43,560 square feet, so the lot contains approximately 2.3 acres ($100,000 \div 43,560$). At \$9,000 per acre, the total cost is \$20,700 ($2.3 \times \$9,000$).

- 903. b.** If the circle is 100π square inches, its radius must be 10 inches, using the formula $A = \pi r^2$. Side AB is twice the radius, so it is 20 inches.
- 904. d.** Each quilt square is $\frac{1}{4}$ of a square foot; 6 inches is $\frac{1}{2}$ a foot, $0.5 \times 0.5 = 0.25$ of a square foot. Therefore, each square foot of the quilt requires 4 quilt squares; 30 square feet $\times 4 = 120$ quilt squares.
- 905. c.** There is a right triangle of hypotenuse 10 and a leg of 6. Using the Pythagorean theorem, this makes the height of the rectangle 8. The diagram shows that the height and width of the rectangle are equal, so it is a square; 8^2 is 64.
- 906. a.** The Pythagorean Theorem states that the square of the length of the hypotenuse of a right triangle is equal to the sum of the squares of the other two sides, so we know that the following equation applies: $1^2 + x^2 = 10^2$, so $1 + x^2 = 10$, so $x^2 = 10 - 1 = 9$, so $x = 3$.
- 907. b.** The triangles inside the rectangle must be right triangles. To get the width of the rectangle, use the Pythagorean theorem: $3^2 + x^2 = 18^2$. $x = 3$, and the width is twice that, or 6. This means the area of the shaded figure is the area of the rectangle minus the area of all 4 triangles. This is $12 \times 6 - 4 \times (\frac{1}{2} \times 3 \times 3)$. This equals 54.
- 908. b.** Since the canvas is 3 inches longer than the frame on each side, the canvas is 31 inches long ($25 + 6 = 31$) and 24 inches wide ($18 + 6 = 24$). Therefore the area is 31×24 inches, or 744 square inches.
- 909. d.** Find the approximate area by finding the area of a circle with radius 4 feet, which is the length of the leash; $A = \pi r^2$, so $A = 3.14(4)^2 = 3.14(16) = 50.24 \approx 50$ square feet.
- 910. b.** The formula for finding the area of a triangle is: $area = \frac{1}{2}(base \times height)$. In this case, $area = \frac{1}{2}(7.5 \times 5.5) = 20.6$ square inches.
- 911. a.** Since the area of one tile is 12 inches \times 12 inches = 144 inches, which is one square foot, one tile is needed for each square foot of the floor. The square footage of the room is $10 \times 15 = 150$ square feet, so 150 tiles are needed.
- 912. d.** The formula for the area of a circle is πr^2 . In this case, $113 = 3.14 \times r^2$; $r = 6$; $6 \times 2 = 12$.

Set 58 (Page 141)

- 913. b.** The height times the length gives the area of each side. Each side wall is 560 square feet; multiply this times 2 (there are two sides). The front and back each have an area of 448 square feet; multiply this times two. Add the two results to get the total square feet; $20 \times 28 = 560 \times 2 = 1120$; $20 \times 16 = 320 \times 2 = 640$; $640 + 1120 = 1760$. The total square footage is 1760. Each gallon covers 440 square feet; $1760 \div 440 = 4$.
- 914. c.** The area is width times length, in this case, $6 \times 6 = 36$ square feet.
- 915. b.** The area is the width times the length, in this case 6.5×8 or 52 square feet.
- 916. d.** The total area of the kitchen (11.5×11.5) is 132.25 square feet; the area of the circular inset ($\pi \times 3^2 = 9\pi$) is 28.26 square feet: $132.25 - 28.26 = 103.99$, or approximately 104 square feet.
- 917. c.** To find the area of the triangle, use the formula $A = \frac{1}{2}bh$ where $b = 25$ and $h = 102$; $A = \frac{1}{2}(25)(102) = \frac{1}{2}(2,550) = 1275$ meters.
- 918. a.** The area of each poster is 864 square inches (24 inches \times 36 inches). Kameko may use four posters, for a total of 3456 square inches (864

- $\times 4$). Each picture has an area of 24 square inches (4×6); the total area of the posters should be divided by the area of each picture, or $3456 \div 24 = 144$.
- 919. d.** The area of the picture is 475 square inches (25×19) and the area of the frame is 660 square inches. The difference—the area the mat needs to cover—is 185 square inches.
- 920. d.** The formula for finding the area of a triangle is $A = \frac{1}{2}(\text{base} \times \text{height})$. In this case, $A = \frac{1}{2}(20 \times 30)$ or 300 square feet.
- 921. d.** The formula for finding the length of fabric is $\text{area} = \text{width} \times \text{length}$; 54 inches is equal to $1\frac{1}{2}$ yards, so in this case the equation is $45 = 1.5 \times \text{length}$, or $45 \div 1.5 = \text{length}$ or 30 yards.
- 922. a.** The total area of the long walls is 240 square feet ($8 \times 15 \times 2$) and the total area of the short walls is 192 square feet ($8 \times 12 \times 2$). The long walls will require 2 cans of Moss and the short walls will require 1 can of Daffodil.
- 923. d.** The area of the house (30 feet \times 50 feet) is 1,500 square feet; $1,500 \times 2.53 = 3,795$ or \$3,795.
- 924. c.** First convert a tile's inches into feet. Each tile is 0.5 foot. The hallway is 10 feet wide, but since the lockers decrease this by 2 feet, the width of the tiled hallway is 8 feet. To get the area, multiply 72 by 8, which is 576 feet. Then divide that by the tile's area, which is 0.5 foot times 0.5 foot, or 0.25 foot; $576 \div 0.25 = 2,304$ tiles.
- 925. d.** The equation for area of a rectangle is length times width, which in this case is 50 times 100, or 5,000 feet.
- 926. c.** Since the waiter folded the napkin in half to get a 5-by-5 inch square, the unfolded napkin must be 10 by 5 inches. Area is length times width, which is in this case 50 square inches.
- 927. d.** The area of the dark yard is the area of her yard minus the circle of light around the lamp. That is $20^2 - \pi \times 10^2$, or $400 - 100\pi$.
- 928. d.** Because the radius of the half-circle is 3, and it is the same as half the base of the triangle, the base must be 6. Therefore, the area of the triangle is $\frac{1}{2}bh = 12$. The area of the circle is πr^2 which is equal to 9π . Therefore, the half-circle's area is $\frac{9\pi}{2}$. Adding gives $\frac{9\pi}{2} + 12$.

Set 59 (Page 143)

- 929. b.** The total area of the stores is $20 \times 20 \times 35 = 14,000$ square feet. The hallway's area is 2,000 feet. The total square footage is 16,000.
- 930. a.** The surface area of the trunk can be found by finding the sum of the areas of each of the six faces of the trunk. Since the answer is in square feet, change 18 inches to 1.5 feet; $2(4 \times 2) + 2(4 \times 1.5) + 2(2 \times 1.5) = 2(8) + 2(6) + 2(3) = 16 + 12 + 6 = 34$. Subtract the area of the brass ornament; $34 - 1 = 33$ square feet.
- 931. b.** The equation of the area of a circle is π times r^2 . In this problem, r is 10, so the answer is 100π .
- 932. b.** The equation for the perimeter of a circle is πd . The perimeter should be divided by π to get the diameter, which is 18 feet.
- 933. d.** To get the surface area of the walls, the equation is circumference times height. To get the circumference, plug 10 feet into the equation $C = 2\pi r$. This gets a circumference of 20π . When this and the height of 8 feet are plugged into the surface area equation, the answer is 160π square feet.

- 934. d.** Since the two sides have different measurements, one is the length and one the width. The area of a rectangle is found by multiplying length times width: length = 15 inches; width = $15 \div 3 = 5$ inches; 5 inches \times 15 inches = 75 square inches.
- 935. a.** The area of a triangle is $A = \frac{1}{2}(b \times h)$. Since $b = 2h$, we have $16 = \frac{1}{2}(2h)(h)$ or $h^2 = 16$; $h = 4$ inches.
- 936. b.** $Area = Length \times Width$ or $L \times 12 = 132$. Thus $L = 11$.
- 937. a.** $Area$ is $\frac{1}{2}(b \times h)$. To get the height of the triangle, Pythagorean theorem is used: $3^2 + height^2 = 5^2$, so height = 4. When plugged into the area equation, an area of 6 square units is obtained for half of the triangle. Double this, and the answer is 12 square units.
- 938. c.** The Pythagorean theorem gives the height of the parallelogram as 4; the area is $8 \times 4 = 32$.
- 939. b.** Since the top and bottom are parallel, this figure is a trapezoid whose $Area = (Top + Bottom)(Height) \div 2$. Plugging in the values given we have: $(3 + 6)(10) \div 2 = 45$ square units.
- 940. c.** The Pythagorean theorem is used to find the length of the diagonal; $5^2 + 12^2 = 169$. The square root of 169 is 13.
- 941. d.** The shaded area is the difference between the area of the square and the circle. Because the radius is 1, a side of the square is 2. The area of the square is 2×2 , and the area of the circle is $\pi(1^2)$. Therefore, the answer is $4 - \pi$.
- 942. b.** The area of the rectangle is $5(4)$; the area of the triangle is $\frac{1}{2}(3)(4)$. The sum is $20 + 6 = 26$.
- 943. a.** There is no difference between the square and parallelogram in area. The formula for both is base times height. Both have areas of 16 square inches.
- 944. b.** The formula for finding the area of a circle is $A = \pi r^2$. First, square the radius: 13 times 13 equals 169. Then multiply by the approximate value of π , 3.14, to get 530.66.
- Set 60** (Page 146)
- 945. c.** A circle is 360 degrees, so 40 degrees is one-ninth of a circle. Multiply the perimeter of the track, 360 feet, by one-ninth, to get the answer of 40 feet.
- 946. a.** The formula for finding circumference is πd , or $C = 3.14 \times 2.5$. The circumference is 7.85 inches.
- 947. d.** The longest path will be a circular path around the post. This will be equal to the circumference of the circle, which is $2\pi r$. This gives 40 π feet.
- 948. a.** The formula for determining the area is $A = \pi r^2$, where r is the radius of the tabletop. Since the diameter is 36 inches, the radius is half of 36, or 18 inches. Using the formula, $A = 3.14(18)^2 = 3.14(324) = 1,017.36$.
- 949. d.** The formula for circumference is $2\pi r$. In this case, the equation is $2 \times 3.14 \times 4.5 = 28.26$ or $28\frac{1}{4}$ inches.
- 950. b.** The formula for finding the diameter—the minimum length a spike would need to be—is $C = \pi d$, in this case, $43.96 = 3.14 \times d$; $43.96 \div 3.14 = 14$.
- 951. b.** The formula for determining the circumference of a circle is $C = 2\pi r$, in this case, $C = 2 \times 3.14 \times 25$ or 157.
- 952. a.** The formula for finding the diameter is $circumference = the\ diameter \times \pi$ ($C = \pi d$) or $18.84 = \pi d$ or $18.84 = \pi 6$. The diameter is 6.

- 953. c.** The formula for determining the area of a circle is $A = \pi r^2$. The area is 78.5 square inches; therefore, the formula is $78.5 = \pi r^2$, and the radius (r) equals 5.
- 954. a.** The area of the dough is 216 square inches (18×12). To find the area of the cookie cutter, first find the radius. The formula is $C = 2\pi r$, in this instance, $9.42 = 2 \times 3.14 \times r$, or $9.42 = 6.28 \times r$. Divide 9.42 by 6.28 to find r , which is 1.5. The formula for area of a circle is (πr^2), in this case, 3.14×1.5^2 , or 7.07 square inches. So, the area of the cookie cutter circle is 7.07 square inches. Divide 216 (the area of the dough) by 7.07 (the area of the cookie cutter) and the result is 30.55 or approximately 31 cookies.
- 955. b.** If the wheel has a diameter of 27 inches, the circumference is $\pi \times 27$. Multiplied by 100 turns, the distance Skyler biked is $2,700\pi$ inches.
- 956. a.** The perimeter is the distance around a polygon and is determined by the lengths of the sides. The total of the three sides of the lot is 320 feet.
- 957. c.** The perimeter of any polygon is the sum of the lengths of its sides. A stop sign is a regular octagon which is an eight-sided polygon and each of the sides have the same measure. Since each side measures 12 inches, multiply $12 \times 8 = 96$ inches.
- 958. b.** The perimeter of the room is 36 feet (9×4); $36 \div 15$ (the length of each garland) = 2.4. So Bridget will need 3 garlands.
- 959. c.** The perimeter of a square is determined by adding the lengths of all four sides; or, since the sides are the same length, multiplying one side by 4. Therefore, the circumference divided by 4 is the length of one side. So, $52 \div 4 = 13$.
- 960. a.** The unpainted section of the cloth is $6\frac{2}{3}$ feet by $8\frac{2}{3}$ feet, because each side is shortened by 16 inches (an 8-inch border at each end of the side). To find the perimeter, add the length of all four sides, or $6.66 + 6.66 + 8.66 + 8.66 = 30.66$ or $30\frac{2}{3}$.

Set 61 (Page 148)

- 961. c.** To find the perimeter of a rectangle, add the lengths of all four sides. In this case, the sum is 102 feet. Divide by 3 to determine the number of yards: $102 \div 3 = 34$.
- 962. d.** The height of the triangle using the Pythagorean theorem, $10^2 + height^2 = 20^2$, is equal to $10\sqrt{3}$. Using the area formula for a triangle, $A = \frac{1}{2}(20)(10\sqrt{3}) = 100\sqrt{3}$. To find the amount of water the fish tank can hold, or the volume, multiply the area of the base \times the depth of the tank; $(100\sqrt{3})(10) = 1,000\sqrt{3}$.
- 963. b.** Facing in the exact opposite direction is turning through an angle of 180 degrees. Therefore, the new compass reading will be 32 degrees south of west. This is equivalent to the complementary angle $(90 - 32) = 58$ degrees west of south.
- 964. d.** Since the ceiling and the floor are parallel, the acute angles where the stairs meet the ceiling and floor are equal. These are also supplementary to the obtuse angles, so 180 minus 20 = 160 degrees.
- 965. d.** A 90-degree angle is called a right angle.
- 966. b.** When the sum of two angles is 180 degrees, the angles are supplementary or supplemental to one another. To find the supplement subtract 35 degrees from 180 degrees, or $180 - 35 = 145$.

- 967. a.** Since the bumpers are parallel, then the angle whose measure is needed must be equal to the angle in between the two equal angles, or 36 degrees.
- 968. a.** The ladder makes a 54-degree angle with the ground and the angle between the ground and the house is 90 degrees. Since there are 180 degrees in any triangle, $180 - 54 - 90 = 36$ degrees between the ladder and the house.
- 969. d.** Use the trigonometric ratio $\sin A = \frac{\text{opposite side}}{\text{hypotenuse}}$. In this case, the angle is 5 degrees, the opposite side is 10 feet and the hypotenuse is the length of the ramp. Substituting into the ratio, $\sin 5 = \frac{10}{x}$. Since $\sin 5 = 0.0872$, cross-multiply to get $0.0872x = 10$. Therefore, $x \approx 114.7$ feet.
- 970. c.** The vertex is the point where the two rays of an angle meet.
- 971. c.** The triangle created by the chicken, the cow, and the bowl of corn is a right triangle; the 90 degree angle is at the point where the chicken is standing. Use the Pythagorean Theorem ($a^2 + b^2 = c^2$) to find the missing side of this right triangle. In this case, $a = 60 \times 60$; $c = 80 \times 80$ (the hypotenuse is c) or $3600 + b^2 = 6400$. To solve, $6400 - 3600 = 2800$; the square root of 2800 is 52.915, rounded to 53. The chicken will walk about 53 feet to cross the road.
- 972. c.** Since the ships are going west and north, their paths make a 90 degree angle. This makes a right triangle where the legs are the distances the ships travel, and the distance between them is the hypotenuse. Using the Pythagorean theorem, $400^2 + 300^2 = \text{distance}^2$. The distance = 500 miles.
- 973. b.** The measure of the arc of a circle is the same measure as the central angle that intercepts it.
- 974. d.** The total number of degrees around the center is 360. This is divided into 6 equal angles, so each angle is determined by the equation: $360 \div 6$ or 60.
- 975. c.** An angle that is more than 90 degrees is an obtuse angle.
- 976. c.** The Pythagorean theorem is used to solve this problem. Forty feet is the hypotenuse, and 20 feet is the height of the triangle; $40^2 = 20^2 + w^2$; $w^2 = 1,200$; $w = 34.6$. This is closest to 35 feet.
- Set 62** (Page 151)
- 977. d.** The height of the tree and the length of its shadow are in proportion with Lara's height and the length of her shadow. Set up a proportion comparing them. Let x = the height of the tree; $\frac{x}{40} = \frac{5.5}{10}$. Cross-multiply to get $10x = 220$. Therefore, $x = 22$ feet.
- 978. a.** The angle that the ladder makes with the house is 75 degrees, and the angle where the house meets the ground must be 90 degrees, since the ground is level. Since there are 180 degrees in a triangle, the answer is $180 - 90 - 75 = 15$ degrees.
- 979. b.** To bisect something, the bisecting line must cross halfway through the other line; $36 \div 2 = 18$ feet.
- 980. d.** First find the number of yards it takes Mario to go one way: $22 \times 90 = 1,980$. Then double that to get the final answer: 3,960.
- 981. c.** First find the area of the brick wall: $A = lw$, or $10 \text{ ft} \times 16 \text{ ft} = 160 \text{ sq ft}$. Now convert 160 square feet to square inches—but be careful!

There are 12 linear inches in a linear foot, but there are 144 (12^2) square inches in a square foot. $160 \times 144 = 23,040$ square inches. Divide this area by the area of one brick ($3 \text{ in} \times 5 \text{ in} = 15 \text{ sq in}$): $\frac{23,040}{15} = 1,536$.

- 982. b.** The midpoint is the center of a line. In this case, it is $400 \div 2$, or 200 feet.
- 983. d.** When two segments of a line are congruent, they are the same length. Therefore, the last block is 90 feet long (the same as the second block). To arrive at the total distance, add all the segments together; $97 + 2(90) + 3(110) + 90 = 697$.
- 984. a.** A transversal line crosses two parallel lines. Therefore, if North Boulevard transverses Main Street, it also transverses Broadway.
- 985. c.** A perpendicular line crosses another line to form four right angles. This will result in the most even pieces.
- 986. b.** Consider the houses to be points on the straight line of the border. Points that lie on the same line are collinear.
- 987. c.** The sum of the measures of the exterior angles of any convex polygon is 360 degrees.
- 988. b.** To find the amount of fencing, you need to find the perimeter of the yard by adding the lengths of all four sides; $60 + 125 + 60 + 125 = 370$. Then, subtract the length of the 4-foot gate; $370 - 4 = 366$ feet.
- 989. b.** The third side must measure between the difference and the sum of the two known sides. Since $7 - 5 = 2$, and $7 + 5 = 12$, the third side must measure between 2 and 12 units.
- 990. b.** The volume of the water is $10 \times 10 \times 15 = 1500$ cubic inches. Subtracting 60 gets the answer, 1,440 cubic inches.
- 990. b.** The volume of the water is $10 \times 10 \times 15 = 1500$ cubic inches. Subtracting 60 gets the answer, 1,440 cubic inches.
- 991. c.** The volume will equal the length times the width times the height (or depth) of a container: $(12 \text{ inches})(5 \text{ inches})(10 \text{ inches}) = 600$ cubic inches.
- 992. d.** To find the volume of a right circular cylinder, use the formula $V = \pi r^2 h$. $V = (3.14)(6)^2(20) = (3.14)(36)(20) = 2,260.8 \approx 2,261$ cubic feet.

Set 63 (Page 154)

- 993. d.** The volume of concrete is 27 cubic feet. The *volume* is *length* times *width* times the *depth* (or *height*), or $(L)(W)(D)$, so $(L)(W)(D)$ equals 27. We're told that the length L is 6 times the width W , so L equals $6W$. We're also told that the *depth* is 6 inches, or 0.5 feet. Substituting what we know about the *length* and *depth* into the original equation and solving for W , we get $(L)(W)(D) = (6W)(W)(0.5) = 27$; $3W^2$ equals 27; W^2 equals 9, so W equals 3. To get the length, we remember that L equals $6W$, so L equals $(6)(3)$, or 18 feet.
- 994. a.** The amount of water held in each container must be found. The rectangular box starts with $16 \text{ square inches} \times 9 \text{ inches} = 144$ cubic inches of water. The cylindrical container can hold 44π cubic inches of water, which is approximately 138 cubic inches. Therefore, the container will overflow.
- 995. b.** The volume of the box is $144 + 32 = 176$ cubic inches. That divided by the base of the box gets the height, 11 inches.
- 996. b.** The volume of the briefcase is $24 \times 18 \times 6$ inches, or 2,596 cubic inches. The volume of

each notebook is $9 \times 8 \times 1$ inches, or 72 inches. Dividing the volume of the briefcase by the volume of a notebook gets an answer of 36 notebooks.

997. c. Think of the wire as a cylinder whose volume is $(\pi)(r^2)(h)$. To find the length of wire solve for h , in inches. One cubic foot = $(12)^3$ cubic inches = 1,728 cubic inches. Therefore $(\pi)(0.5^2)(h) = 1,728$; $h = \frac{4(1,728)}{\pi}$; $h = 6,912 \div \pi$.

998. c. The proportion of Daoming's height to his shadow and the pole to its shadow is equal. Daoming's height is twice his shadow, so the pole's height is also twice its shadow, or 20 feet.

999. a. A dilation changes the size of an object using a center and a scale factor.

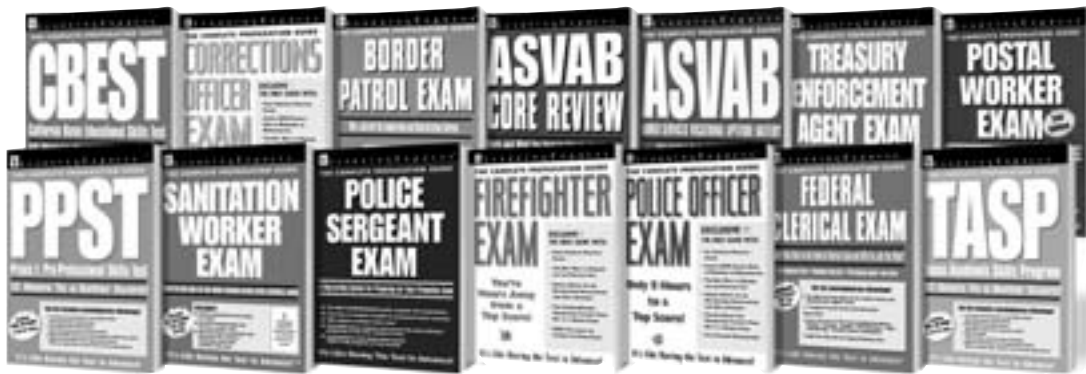
1000. c. Points B , C , and D are the only points in the same line and are thus also in the same plane.

1001. a. This problem can be solved using the method of Similar Triangles. Assume both objects are perpendicular to the earth's surface. The sun's rays strikes them at an equal angle, forming "similar triangles," with the shadow of each as that triangle's base. The ratio of a triangle's height to its base will be the same for both triangles. Therefore, we need know only three of the four measurements to be able to calculate the fourth. Let c = the unknown height of the pole. Let the height of the sign be $a = 8$ feet, the length of the sign's shadow be $b = 3$ feet, and the length of the pole's shadow be $d = 15$ feet. By similar triangles: $\frac{a}{b} = \frac{c}{d}$. Substituting: $\frac{8}{3} = \frac{c}{15}$. Cross-multiplying: $(8)(15) = 3c$. Rearranging: $c = \frac{8(15)}{3}$. Thus $c = 40$ feet.

Achieve Test Success With LearningExpress

Our acclaimed series of academic and other job related exam guides are the most sought after resources of their kind. Get the edge with the only exam guides to offer the features that test-takers have come to expect from LearningExpress—The Exclusive LearningExpress Advantage:

- **THREE** Complete practice tests based on official exams
- Vital review of skills tested and hundreds of sample questions with full answers and explanations
- The exclusive LearningExpress Test Preparation System—must know exam information, test-taking strategies, customized study planners, tips on physical and mental preparation and more.



ASVAB, 2/e

336 pages • 8 1/2 x 11 • paper
\$19.95/ISBN: 1-57685-332-2
(Includes FREE CD-Rom)

ASVAB Core Review

208 pages • 8 1/2 x 11 • paper
\$12.95 • ISBN: 1-57685-155-9

Border Patrol Exam, 2/e

256 pages • 8 1/2 x 11 • paper
\$19.95 • ISBN: 1-57685-353-5

CBEST, 2/e

272 pages • 8 1/2 x 11 • paper
\$18.95 • ISBN: 1-57685-429-9
(Includes FREE CD-Rom)

Corrections Officer Exam

304 pages • 8 1/2 x 11 • paper
\$14.95 • ISBN: 1-57685-295-4

Federal Clerical Exam

288 pages • 8 1/2 x 11 • paper
\$14.95 • ISBN: 1-57685-101-X

Firefighter Exam, 2/e

320 pages • 8 1/2 x 11 • paper
\$14.95 • ISBN: 1-57685-440-X

Police Officer Exam, 2/e

384 pages • 8 1/2 x 11 • paper
\$14.95 • ISBN: 1-57685-441-8

Police Sergeant Exam

288 pages • 8 1/2 x 11 • paper
\$18.95 • ISBN: 1-57685-335-7

Postal Worker Exam, 2/e

288 pages • 8 1/2 x 11 • paper
\$14.95 • ISBN: 1-57685-331-4

PPST-Praxis I

272 pages • 8 1/2 x 11 • paper
\$18.95 • ISBN: 1-57685-136-2
(Includes FREE CD-Rom)

Sanitation Worker Exam

224 pages • 8 1/2 x 11 • paper
\$12.95 • ISBN: 1-57685-047-1

TASP


272 pages • 8 1/2 x 11 • paper
\$18.95 • ISBN: 1-57685-114-1
(Includes FREE CD-Rom)

Treasury Enforcement Agent Exam

272 pages • 8 1/2 x 11 • paper
\$18.95 • ISBN: 1-57685-139-7

To Order: Call 1-888-551-JOBS

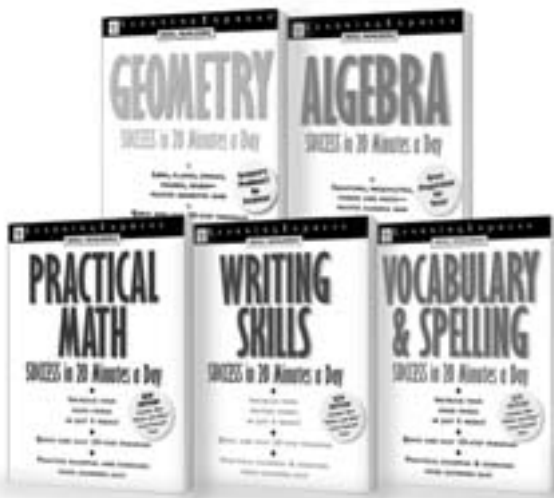
Also available at your local bookstore. Prices Subject to Change Without Notice.

 LEARNINGEXPRESS®

LearnATest.com™

Give Yourself The LearningExpress Advantage

The Skill Builders Series is the solution for any job applicant needing to demonstrate basic language, math, or critical thinking competency—Likewise, high school students, college students or working adults who need to better their English and math skills to meet the demands of today’s classroom or workplace will find the help they need in these easy-to-follow practice books.



Each Skill Builders volume offers:

- A complete 20-step program for mastering specific skills
- Quick and easy lessons that require a minimal time commitment—each lesson can be completed in just 20 minutes
- Supreme flexibility—users can take the whole course or customize their own individual study plan to meet specific goals or requirements

<p>Each Volume: 192-240 Pages • 8 1/2 x 11 \$16.00</p>	<p>Reading Comprehension Success, 2/e ISBN: 1-57685-126-5</p>	<p>Reading Comprehension Success <i>(with Spanish instructions)</i> ISBN: 1-57685-359-4</p>
<p>Algebra Success ISBN: 1-57685-276-8</p>	<p>Reasoning Skills Success ISBN: 1-57685-116-8</p>	<p>Reasoning Skills Success <i>(with Spanish instructions)</i> ISBN: 1-57685-372-1</p>
<p>Geometry Success ISBN: 1-57685-277-6</p>	<p>Vocabulary & Spelling Success, 3/e ISBN: 1-57685-401-9</p>	<p>Vocabulary & Spelling Success <i>(with Spanish instructions)</i> ISBN: 1-57685-358-6</p>
<p>Listening & Speaking Success ISBN: 1-57685-275-X</p>	<p>Writing Skills Success, 2/e ISBN: 1-57685-128-1</p>	<p>Writing Skills Success <i>(with Spanish instructions)</i> ISBN: 1-57685-380-2</p>
<p>Practical Math Success, 2/e ISBN: 1-57685-129-X</p>	<p>Practical Math Success <i>(with Spanish instructions)</i> ISBN: 1-57685-373-X</p>	

To Order: Call 1-888-551-5627

Also available at your local bookstore. Prices subject to change without notice.

 LEARNINGEXPRESS®

LearnATest.com™

Master the Basics... Fast!

If you need to improve your basic skills to move ahead either at work or in the classroom, then our LearningExpress books are designed to help anyone master the skills essential for success. It features 20 easy lessons to help build confidence and skill fast. This series includes real world examples—**WHAT YOU REALLY NEED TO SUCCEED.**

Easy to Use
& Understand



All of these books:

- Give quick and easy instruction
- Provides compelling, interactive exercises
- Share practical tips and valuable advice that can be put to use immediately
- Includes extensive lists of resources for continued learning

Write Better Essays

208 pages • 8 1/2 x 11 • paper
\$13.95 • ISBN 1-57685-309-8

The Secrets of Taking Any Test, 2e

208 pages • 7 x 10 • paper
\$14.95 • ISBN 1-57685-307-1

Read Better, Read More, 2e

208 pages • 7 x 10 • paper
\$14.95 • ISBN 1-57685-336-5

Math Essentials, 2e

208 pages • 7 x 10 • paper
\$14.95 • ISBN 1-57685-305-5

How To Study, 2e

208 pages • 7 x 10 • paper
\$14.95 • ISBN 1-57685-308-X

Grammar Essentials, 2e

208 pages • 7 x 10 • paper
\$14.95 • ISBN 1-57685-306-3

Improve Your Writing For Work, 2e

208 pages • 7 x 10 • paper
\$14.95 • ISBN 1-57685-337-3

To Order: Call 1-888-551-5627

Also available at your local bookstore. Prices subject to change without notice.



LEARNINGEXPRESS®

LearnATest.com™

