- (C) Private
- (D) Global
- 57. New Public Administration stresses
- (A) Social equity
- (B) Change
- (C) Relevance
- (D) An of the above
- 58. If the expenditure is more than the estimated revenue, it is
- (A) Railway Budget
- (B) Balanced Budget
- (C) Surplus Budget
- (D) Deficit Budget
- 59. The three major instruments of control over public administration are
- (A) Legislative, executive and judicial
- (B) Legislative, executive and market
- (C) Legislative, planning and market
- (D) President, planning and market
- 60. Who among the following is considered pioneer of Public Administration?
- (A) Woodrow Wilson
- (B) Max Weber
- (C) Felix A. Nigro
- (D) Herbert Spencer

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- 1. Which 0f the e following is not correct?
- (a) Formative political theory has a value preference
- (b Empirical political theory focuses on observable facts
- (c) Traditional political theory was normatively oriented
- (d) Behaviourism has a normative focus

2. Which of the following combination of essential elements constitutes a state?

- (a) Constitutionalism, Population, Government and Sovereignty
- (b) Government, · Democracy, Sovereignty and Population
- (c) Sovereignty, Population, Federalism and Territory
- (d) Sovereignty, Population, Government and Territory

3. According to Historical evolutionary theory, the state has come into being as a result of:

- (a) Force
- (b) Class conflict
- (c) Slow and steady growth
- (d) God's Will
- 4. Which of the following is out of tune with the rest?
- (a) Pluralism
- (b) Liberalism
- (c) Communitarianism
- (d). Individualism
- 5. According to Karl Marx, State safeguards
- (a) The interests of all people
- (b) The interests of the economically dominant classes
- (c) The interests 'of the economically weaker sections
- (d) The interests of the working class
- Po. ical Science 1 P.T.O.
- ~\...
- 6. With the advent of the Globalization :
- (a) State authority has been strengthened
- (b) State authority has remained unaffected
- (c) State authority has disappeared

(d) State authority has been undermined

- 7. Authority is defined as :
- (a) Military power
- (b) Legitimate power -
- (c) Illegitimate power
- (d) Power of all types

8. According to the liberal notion _of justice, all people :

- (a) should hold same political position
- (b) should enjoy absolute economic equality
- (c) are equal before the law
- (d) are born free but every where they are in chains
- -9. Which of the following is a characteristic of sovereignty ?
- (a) Supremacy
- (b) Divisibility
- (c) Democracy
- (d) Strong Government
- 10. According to the Liberal theory :
- (a) State must promote the good of an individual
- (b) Individual can be sacrificed for the interests of the State
- (c) State is always. an agency of exploitation and coercion
- -(d) State is a natural agency
- 11. Which of the following is not a feature of the Indian Constitution?
- (a) It is a unitary constitution
- (b) It is a democratic constitution
- (c) \cdot It is a republican constitution
- (d) It is the lengthiest constitution

12. Which of the following is not correct about the fundamental rights provided under the Indian Constitution at present?

(a) Right to property is part of it

(b) Right against exploitation is included in the list of fundamental right

(c) Right to Constitutional Remedies is necessary to guarantee the protection

of these rights for the Indian citizens

(d) Cultural and Educational Rights is also listed as one of the rights

13. Which of the following is not within. the jurisdiction of the Supreme Court of India?

(a) It can declare a law. passed by the parliament of India as void

(b) It can declare any administrative action as void

, (c) It can amend the Constitution of India

(d) It has the role of the guardian of the Indian constitution

14. The Constitution describes India as a :

(a) Federal State

(b) Union of States

(c) Unitary State

(d) Quasi-federal State

15. Under the Article 360, the President of India can declare

(a) Financial emergency

(b) State emergency

(c) National emergency

(d) War on an enemy country

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16. In order to be a member of the union council of ministry one should be necessarily :

(a) a member of the Lok Sabha only

(b) a member of the Rajya Sabha only

(c) a member the either house of the Parliament

(d) a member of the any legislative assembly in India

- 17. Which of the following is not true about J & K?
- (a) Its Constitution provides for a bicameral legislature
- (b) State Constitution declares J & K as part of the Indian Union
- (c) Of all states in India J & K is "the only state that has been granted residuary powers
- "(d) State Constitution describes the J & K as an autonomous state
- 18. Which of the following is true about the Art. 370 that grants special status to the J & K State?
- (a) The Article is part of the J & K Constitution
- (b) The Article is part of the instrument of accession
- (c) The Article is part of the Ranbir panel code
- (d) The Article describes itself as a temporary provision

19. Under the Indian Constitution real executive authority IS vested with the:

- (a) President of India
- (b) Supreme Court of India
- (c) The Union Council of Ministers
- (d) The Indian Parliament
- 20. Which of the following is true about the preamble of the Indian Constitution?
- (a) Preamble was inserted into the Constitution through an amendment
- (b) The word secular has always been a part of the preamble
- (c) The word socialist was inserted into the preamble through an amendment
- (d) The word republican was inserted into the preamble through an amendment
- 21. Which of the following is not in line with JS Mill's views on Liberty?
- (a) There has to be no limitation on the freedom of thought and expression of an individual
- (b) Society and state should regulate self regarding action of an individual
- (c) Society and state should regulate other regarding action of an individual
- (d) Minority views should be respected

22. Which of the following is not in line with the Aristotle's views on property?

- (a) Property is natural to man
- (b) He was against the communism of property
- (c) It is necessary for avirtuous life
- (d) Institution of private property is bad for the state

23. Which of the following is not a perverted government according to Aristotle .?

- (a) Oligarchy
- (b) Monarchy
- (c) Democracy
- (d) Tyranny
- 24. According to Hobbes, people in the State of nature entered into a contract in order to :
- (a) Limit the powers of the King
- (b) Promote democracy
- (c) Control the disorder and the state of insecurity
- (d) Strengthen civil rights of the people :

25. Which of the following is not correct about Machiavelli?

- (a) He separated religion from politics .
- (b) He supported the authority of the Pope
- (c) He wanted a strong political authority
- (d) He stood for the unification of the Italy
- 26. Utilitarianism was developed into a school of thought mainly by :
- (a) J. S, Mill
- (b) Bentham
- (c) Hobbes
- (d) Hume

27. Which of the following is not the natural right enjoyed by man in the state of nature according to John Locke?

- (a) Right to freedom of religion
- (b) Right to liberty
- (c) Right to life
- (d) Right to property

28. Which of the following is not correct about Rousseau's concept of General Will ?

- (a) It is supreme
- (b) It represents the good of everyone
- (c) It represents the real wills of all
- (d) It represents all wills of all people
- 29. Rousseau's teachings inspired:
- (a) Glorious revolution of England
- (b) The American revolution
- (c) The French revolution
- (d) The Russian revolution

30. According to Karl Marx the fundamental clash in history has been between the:

- (a) Nations
- (b) Economic classes
- (c) Religious groups
- (d). Civilizations

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- 31. The British Constitution does not provide for:
- (a) Bicameral legislature
- (b) Rule of law
- (c) Legislative supremacy
- (d) Republican government

- 32. The two main political parties in England are
- (a) Conservative Paty and Democratic Party
- (b) Democratic Party and Liberal Party
- (c) 'Liberal Party and Republican Party
- (d) Labour Party and Conservative Party
- 33. Which of the statements about the British Parliament is not correct ?
- (a) It is considered a very powerful legislature in. the world .
- (b) House of Commons is regarded as the popular house of the parliament
- (c) Of the two houses, House of Lords is more powerful
- (d) Executive in Britain is closely linked with the Parliament
- 34. The system of checks and balances is an important feature of the
- (a) British constitution
- (b) Indian constitution
- (c) US constitution
- (d) British and the American constitutions
- 35. Which of the following statements about the President of the United States is not correct ?
- (a) He is the Head of the State
- (b) He exercises effective executive authority
- (c) The American people directly elect him
- (d) He is a nominal Head of the State
- 36. Which of the following is not a feature of the US constitution?
- (a) It is a federal constitution
- (b) It is a written constitution
- (c), It is republican constitution
- (d) The US President and his colleagues can be removed from the office
- by a vote no confidence passed in the Congress

- 37. Two main political parties in the United States are
- (a) Republican and Conservative
- (b) Democratic and Liberal
- (c) Congress and Labour
- (d) Democratic and Republican
- 38. Which of the statements about the US Congress is not correct?
- (a) It is a Bicameral legislature
- (b) The House of Representatives is the popular house of the Congress
- (c) Senate represents the federal principal of the US Constitution
- (d) The House of Representatives always overshadows the authority of the Senate
- 39. Judicial review is an important feature of the
- (a) British Constitution
- (b) American Constitution
- (6) Both British and the American Constitutions
- (d) Neither British nor American Constitution
- 40. Which of the following statements is not correct?
- (a) United States has the presidential form of government
- (b) Monarch in Britain is a powerful head of the state
- (c) Britain is not a Republic
- (d) The United States is a Republic

41. According to the Realist Theory which of the following is most vital to the working/understanding of the international relations ?

- (a) Values
- (b) Ideology
- (c) Power
- (d) Spirit of international solidarity

42. Systems approach as applied to International Relations was mainly developedby :

(a) David Easton

- (b) Martin Kaplan
- (c) Maranthau
- (d) G. Almond

43.. \cdot Which of the following is not correct about the International situation at the end of the World War II ?

- (a) The United States. emerges as the dominant world power
- (b) The United Nations is created
- (c) Britain emerges as a stronger imperial power
- (d) A socialist block under the Soviet leadership is formed

44. Which of the following is not correct about the cold war that became the dominant feature of International Relations after the World War II ?

- (a) It led to a Bi-polar world
- (b) It encouraged Arms Race
- (c) It resulted in the direct war between the United States and the Soviet Union
- (d) It led to the formation of various power blocks under the NATO and the Warsaw Pact

45. Who out of the following was not among the founding fathers of the Non-Alignment?

- (a) Nehru
- (b) Nasser
- (c) Bhutto
- (d) Tito

46. Which of the following has not been connected with the Soviet-American relations during the cold war era ?

- (a) Detente
- (b) Thaw
- (c) Cuban Missile Crisis
- (d) Bandung Conference

47. Which of the following has not been the part of the process for disarmament and arms control ?

(a) CTBT

(b) MAD ;

(c) NPT

(d) Partial' test ban treaty

48. Which of the following has not been one of the main demands for the New International Economic Order within the North-South Dialogue?

(a) Transfer of Capital

(b) Transfer of Technology

(c) More favourable terms of trade for the South

(d). Disarmament

49. Which of the following is notlhas not been associated with SAARC

(a) It aims at promoting free trade among member states

(b) It stands for regional cooperation in the South Asia

(c) Its objective is to addresses bi-lateral disputes between the member states

(d) It was established on the initiative of President Zia-ur-Rehman of Bangladesh

50. Which of the following states is a permanent member of the UN Security Council?

- (a) Japan
- (b) China
- (c) Germany
- (d) India

51. Who out 'of the following is associated with the renaissance in India? (a) M. N. Roy

- (b) M. K. Gandhi
- (c) Jawaharlal Nehru
- (d) Raja Ram Mohan Roy

52. Who out of the following was the founder of the Anglo-Oriental College, which latter became Aligarh Muslim University?

- (a) Dr. Sheikh Mohammad Iqbal
- (b) Maulana Mohammed Ali
- (c) Sir Syed Ahmad Khan
- (d) Maulana Abul Kalam Azad
- 53. Which out of the following has not been correct about B. R. Ambedkar ?
- (a) He was chairman of the drafting committee of the Indian Constitution
- (b) He was a true follower of M. K. Gandhi
- (c) He converted to Buddhism
- (d) He worked for the promotion of the rights of Dalits
- 54. Two Nation Theory according to M. A. Jinnah meant:
- (a) India and Pakistan are two nations
- (b) India and China are two nations
- (c) Hindus and Muslims in India constituted two nations
- (d) Britain and India are two nations
- 55. Which out of the following is not associated with Jawaharlal Nehru?
- (a) Non-Alignment
- (b) Radical Humanism
- (c) Democratic Socialism
- (d) Development of the Public Sector in India
- 56. Which of the statements about the Budget in India is not correct?
- (a) It is a financial bill
- (b) It is a statement of income and expenditure
- (c) It is prepared and presented by the Finance Ministry
- (d) It is presented in the Upper House 'of the Parliament

- 57. Which of the following about New Public Administration is correct?
- (a) It propounds value neutrality
- (b) Its focus is on reducing human factor in Administration
- (c) It stands for value commitment in Administration
- (d) All of the above
- 58. Which of the following IS not a mechanism of the Legislative control onadministration in India?
- (a) . Asking Questions
- (b) Passing Vote of No-Confidence
- (c) Controlling the State Purse
- (d) Declaring administrative actions as unconstitutional and null and void
- 59. Which of the following statements about the Comptroller and Auditor-General of India is not correct ?
- (a) The president appoints him
- (b) He prepares the financial bills
- (c) He audits the government expenditure
- (d) He submits report to the President

60. Which of the following is correct about public administration in the age of globalization and liberalization?

- (a) Importance of public administration is enhanced
- (b) Importance of public administration is reduced
- (c) Public administration has become completely useless/redundant
- (d) There has been no difference at all