ICA

Previous Year Paper

JNU 2002

| 1. | If α and β are the root of $4x^2 + 3x + 7 = 0$, then the val | ue of | $\left(\frac{1}{\alpha}\right)$ | + | $\left(\frac{1}{\beta}\right)$ | is |
|----|--|-------|---------------------------------|---|--------------------------------|----|
|----|--|-------|---------------------------------|---|--------------------------------|----|

(a)
$$-\frac{3}{4}$$

(b)
$$-\frac{3}{7}$$

(c)
$$\frac{3}{7}$$

(d)
$$\frac{4}{7}$$

2. A probability distribution must possess

(a) mean

(b) mode

(c) moment generation function

(d) distribution function

The coefficient of x^2 in the expansion of e^{3x+4} is 3.

(a)
$$\frac{9e^2}{2}$$

(b)
$$\frac{9e^4}{2}$$
 (c) $\frac{3e^4}{2}$

(c)
$$\frac{3e^4}{2}$$

(d)
$$\frac{3e^2}{2}$$

The medians of a triangle meet at (0, -3). While its two vertices are (-1, 4) and (5, 2), the third vertex is 4.

$$(d) (-4, -15)$$

The value of $(1+i)^4 \left(1+\frac{1}{i}\right)^4$ is **5**.

$$(b) - 12$$

$$(d) - 16$$

Let f be a one-one function with domain $\{a, b, c\}$ and range $\{x, y, z\}$. If f(a) = y, then which of the 6. following is true?

(a)
$$f(b) = x$$
, $f^{-1}(z) = a$

(b)
$$f(b) = z$$
, $f^{-1}(v) = c$

(c)
$$f(c) = z$$
, $f^{-1}(x) = b$

(d)
$$f(c) = x$$
, $f^{-1}(x) = b$

In a Poisson distribution 7.

- (a) mean and variance are equal
- (b) mean is greater than variance
- (c) mean is smaller than variance
- (d) no relation between mean and variance

The vector $\overrightarrow{\mathbf{b}} \times \overrightarrow{\mathbf{c}} + \overrightarrow{\mathbf{c}} \times \overrightarrow{\mathbf{a}} + \overrightarrow{\mathbf{a}} \times \overrightarrow{\mathbf{b}}$, when expressed as a single vector product is 8.

(a)
$$(\overrightarrow{\mathbf{c}} - \overrightarrow{\mathbf{a}}) \times (\overrightarrow{\mathbf{c}} - \overrightarrow{\mathbf{b}})$$

(a)
$$(\overrightarrow{c} - \overrightarrow{a}) \times (\overrightarrow{c} - \overrightarrow{b})$$
 (b) $(\overrightarrow{b} + \overrightarrow{a}) \times (\overrightarrow{c} + \overrightarrow{a})$ (c) $(\overrightarrow{a} - \overrightarrow{b}) \times (\overrightarrow{c} - \overrightarrow{a})$ (d) $(\overrightarrow{b} - \overrightarrow{a}) \times (\overrightarrow{c} - \overrightarrow{a})$

(c)
$$(\overrightarrow{a} - \overrightarrow{b}) \times (\overrightarrow{c} - \overrightarrow{a})$$

(d)
$$(\overrightarrow{\mathbf{b}} - \overrightarrow{\mathbf{a}}) \times (\overrightarrow{\mathbf{c}} - \overrightarrow{\mathbf{a}})$$

If *A* and *B* are two, events, the probability that exactly one of them occurs is 9.

(a)
$$P(A) + P(B) - 2P(A \cap B)$$

(b)
$$P(A) + P(B) - P(A \cap B)$$

(c)
$$P(A^C) + P(B^C) - 2P(A^C \cap B^C)$$

(d)
$$P(A \cap B^C) + P(A^C \cap C)$$

- **10**. Special software to create a job queue is called a/an
 - (a) driver
- (b) spooler
- (c) interpreter
- (d) linkage editor

- Which of the following is incorrect? 11.

- (a) $|a+b| \le |a| + |b|$ (b) $|a-b| \le |a| + |b|$ (c) $|a-b| \le |a| |b|$ (d) $|a-b| = 0 \Leftrightarrow a = b$
- If $p^2 + q^2 = 1$ and $X = (3p 4p^3)^2 + (3q 4q^3)^2$, then the value of <u>x</u> is **12**.

- (d) 12
- (a) 1 (b) 3 (c) 6

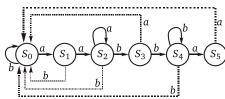
 Let $A_{\theta} = \begin{bmatrix} \cos \theta & \sin \theta \\ -\sin \theta & \cos \theta \end{bmatrix}$, then which of the following is incorrect? **13**.
 - (a) $A_{\alpha} A_{\beta} \neq A_{\beta} A_{\alpha}$
- (b) $A_{\alpha} A_{\beta} = A_{\alpha + \beta}$
- (c) $A_{\alpha}A_{-\alpha} = I$
- $(d)(A_{\alpha})^n = A_{n\alpha}$

- **14**. must be applied to access an element of a stack
- (b) Pop
- (c) Push
- (d) Exit

- **15**. In the following code fragment
 - i = 0;
 - while (.....)
 - {printf ("hello\n");
 - i + +;
 - }

the condition for the while loop to execute 20 times is

- (b) i < =20
- (c) !i < 20
- (d) i = 20
- Which of the following strings does not contain the pattern recognized by the given pattern matching 16. graph?



- (a) aabba
- (b) aaabbbbaaa
- (c) abaabbaaabbb
- (d) abaabaaabbb
- Two towns A and B are 60 km apart. A school is to be built to serve 150 students in town A and 50 **17**. students in town B. If the total distance to be travelled by all 200 students is to be as small as possible, then the school should be built at
 - (a) town A

(b) town B

(c) 45 km from town B

- (d) 45 km from town A
- The value of $\int_{0}^{\pi/4} \frac{\sin x + \cos x}{25 + 144 \sin 2x} dx$ is **18**.
 - (a) $\frac{1}{78} \log_e \frac{1}{5}$ (b) $\frac{1}{156} \log_e 5$ (c) $\frac{1}{78} \log_e 5$
- (d) None of these
- The equation of the latus rectum of the parabola $y^2 + 4ax = 0$ is **19**.
 - (a) y = a
- (b) v = -a
- (c) x = a
- (d) x = -a

20. The following is



(a) Heap

(b) Binary search tree

(c) Complete binary tree

(d) None of these

| 21 . | The are | The area of the triangle having the vertices $(4, 6)$, $(x, 4)$ $(6, 2)$ is 10 sq units. The value of x is | | | | | | |
|-------------|---|---|--------------------------|------------------------------------|---|---|--|--|
| | (a) 0 | | (b) 1 | | (c) 2 | (d) None of these | | |
| 22 . | Turnar | ound time is | | | | | | |
| | (a) The | e time a progran | n waits befor | re execution | starts | | | |
| | (b) The | e start time | | | | | | |
| | (c) The | e execution time | е | | | | | |
| | (d) The | e time between | start and the | e end of the | program | | | |
| 23 . | The an | gle between the | tangents fro | om the poin | t (4, 3) to the circle x | $x^2 + y^2 - 2x - 2y = 0$ is | | |
| | (a) $\frac{\pi}{2}$ | | (b) $\frac{\pi}{3}$ | | (c) $\frac{\pi}{4}$ | (d) None of these | | |
| 24. | | correct pair ? | | | | 's complements. Which of the following | | |
| | | Decimal No. | | complement | | | | |
| | (a) | 7392 | | 2608 | | | | |
| | (b) | 3754 | | 6264 | | | | |
| | (c) | 81.75 | | 19.25 | | | | |
| | (d) | 34.56 | | 65.44 | | | | |
| 25 . | | _ | | omputer : :] | Knowledge : | | | |
| | (a) Stor | 0 | (b) Data | _ | (c) Analysis | (d) Synthesis | | |
| 26 . | The lea | ist integer <i>n</i> suc | sh that $7'' > 7''$ | 10°, given l | og $343 = 2.5353$, is | | | |
| | (a) 3 | | (b) 4 | | (c) 5 | (d) 6 | | |
| 27. | The val | | | | 4 | $\sin^{-1} x \le \frac{\pi}{2} \text{ at } x = \frac{1}{3}, \text{ is}$ | | |
| | (a) $\frac{-2}{\sqrt{3}}$ | | (b) $-2.\sqrt{3}$ | | (c) $\frac{2\sqrt{2}}{\sqrt{3}}$ | $(d) - \frac{2\sqrt{2}}{3}$ | | |
| 28 . | Which | Which of the following transmission systems provide the highest data rate to an individual device ? | | | | | | |
| | (a) Computer bus | | | | (b) Voice band mo | dem | | |
| | (c) Tele | ephone line | | | (d) Leased line | | | |
| 29 . | | | | | | am outdoors; $S: I$ am outdoors only if tives, S can be written as | | |
| | (a) $\sim P$ | $\rightarrow Q$ | (b) $R \to Q$ | | (c) $\sim R \to Q$ | (d) $R \rightarrow \sim Q$ | | |
| 30 . | Consid | er the production | on rules of a | grammar G | , S \rightarrow AA, A \rightarrow aa, I | $B \to bb$. The language generated by G is | | |
| | (a) $L(G)$ | $= \{aaaa, bbbb,$ | abba, baab} | | (b) $L(G) = \{abab, b\}$ | aba, aaba, abaa} | | |
| | (c) $L(G) = \{aaaa, aabb, bbaa, bbbb\}$ (d) $L(G) = \{aaaa, abba, bbaa, bbbb\}$ | | | | | | | |
| 31. | If the c | ube roots of un | ity are 1, ω, | ω^2 , then the | e roots of the equation | on $(x-1)^3 + 8 = 0$ are | | |
| | (a)f-1, 1 | $1+2\omega,1+2\omega^2$ | (b) -1 , $1-2$ | 2ω , $1-2\omega^2$ | (c) - 1, -1, -1 | (d) None of these | | |
| 32. | If $y = 1$ | $\log_e x$ and n is a | n positive int | teger, then $\frac{a}{a}$ | $\frac{d^n y}{dx^n}$ is equal to | | | |
| | $(a)\left(-\frac{e}{x}\right)$ | | (b) $(n-1)x$ | .– n | (c) $(n-1)! x^{-n}$ | (d) $(-1)^{n-1}(n-1)! x^{-n}$ | | |
| 33. | If $\cos \theta$ | $+\sin\theta = \sqrt{2}\cos\theta$ | s θ, then cos | $\theta - \sin \theta$ is θ | equal to | | | |
| | (a) $\sqrt{2}$ s | | (b) $\sqrt{2}\sec\theta$ | | (c) $\frac{\sin \theta}{\sqrt{2}}$ | (d) $\frac{\cos \theta}{\sqrt{2}}$ | | |
| | | | | | | | | |

| 34 . | The value of $\int_{-3}^{+3} x dx$ | ris | | |
|-------------|--|---|---|---|
| | (a) 3 | (b) 9 | (c) 18 | (d) None of these |
| 35 . | Third generation com | nputers | | |
| | (a) were the first to us | se built-in error detecting | devices | |
| | | stead of vacuum tubes | | |
| | (c) were the first to us | | | |
| | (d) None of the above | | | |
| 36. | If $\overrightarrow{\mathbf{a}} \times \overrightarrow{\mathbf{b}} = \overrightarrow{\mathbf{a}} \times \overrightarrow{\mathbf{c}}$, $\alpha \neq$ | | | |
| | (a) $\overrightarrow{\mathbf{b}} = \overrightarrow{\mathbf{c}} + \lambda \overrightarrow{\mathbf{a}}$ | (b) $\overrightarrow{\mathbf{c}} = \overrightarrow{\mathbf{a}} + \lambda \overrightarrow{\mathbf{b}}$ | (c) $\overrightarrow{\mathbf{a}} = \overrightarrow{\mathbf{b}} + \lambda \overrightarrow{\mathbf{c}}$ | (d) None of these |
| 37 . | The primary memory | of a personal computer | consists of | |
| | (a) ROM only | | (b) RAM only | |
| | (c) Both RAM and RC | | (d) Memory module | |
| 38. | • | $=c$ has two solutions θ_1 a | | |
| | (a) $\frac{b}{a}$ | (b) $\frac{a}{b}$ | (c) $\frac{c-a}{b}$ | (d) $\frac{D}{a+c}$ |
| 39 . | A number is chosen | D | B | 9} and {1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9}. If p ₁ |
| | | | | the probability that their sum be 8 , |
| | | (b) $\frac{137}{729}$ | (c) $\frac{16}{81}$ | (d) $\frac{137}{81}$ |
| | 729 | 729 | 81 | 81 |
| 40. | What should be the r | number opposite to 3? | 3 1 5 2 3 | |
| | (a) 1 | (b) 6 | (c) 5 | (d) 4 |
| 41. | If $\sqrt{(p+1)} - \sqrt{(p-1)}$ | * * | (-) - | (-) - |
| | (a) natural number | (b) integer | (c) rational | (d) None of these |
| 42 . | | of dividing 15 objects int | to groups of 7, 5, 3 respe | ectively, is |
| | (a) $\frac{15!}{7!5! \ 3!}$ | (b) $\frac{15!}{7! \ 3!}$ | (c) $\frac{15!}{7!}$ | (d) 15! |
| | | 7. 0. | 7! | |
| 40 | One of the factors of | $\begin{vmatrix} x+a & x & x \\ x & x+a & x \\ x & x & x+a \end{vmatrix}$ is | | |
| 43 . | One of the factors of | $\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$ | | |
| | | | () 0 | (1) 0 0 |
| 4.4 | (a) $x + a$ | (b) $x + 3a$ | (c) $3x + a$ | (d) 3x + 3a |
| 44. | The greatest value of | | 1 | 1 |
| | (a) - 1 | (b) 1 | (c) $-\frac{1}{2}$ | (d) $\frac{1}{2}$ |
| 45 . | Which of the following | ng Boolean expression is | true ? | |
| | (a) $2 * 2 + 3 = 10$ | | (b) (2 * 4) and not (4 * | 3) |
| | (c) (5 * 6) or 3 div 3 = | | (d) -7 * 2 + 2 * 7 = 1 | |
| 46 . | If $r = r_1 - r_2 - r_3$, the | | | |
| | (a) Isosceles | (b) Acute angled | (c) Obtuse angled | (d) Right angled |

| 47 . | The solution of the | differential equation (1 | $+ x^2$) $dy/dx = (1 + y^2)$ is | ; | | | |
|-------------|---|---|----------------------------------|---|--|--|--|
| | (a) $y - x = 1 + xy$ | (b) $y - x = 1 + 3xy$ | (c) y - x = a(1 + xy) | (d) $y/x = (1 + xy)/a$ | | | |
| 48 . | The locus of the po | oint such that the ratio of | f its distance from two g | given points is constant $k \neq 1$ is a | | | |
| | (a) straight line | (b) circle | (c) parabola | (d) ellipse | | | |
| 49 . | Multiplication of 4 | 7 ₈ by 52 ₈ is | | | | | |
| | (a) 3144 ₈ | (b) 4147 ₈ | (c) 3184 ₈ | (d) 3146 ₈ | | | |
| 50 . | If SHIP is written a | s VKLS, then PENCIL w | ill be written as | | | | |
| | (a) RGPEKN | (b) SHQFLO | (c) SHFQLO | (d) RGPKEN | | | |
| 51 . | If the sum of the ro | oot of $px^2 + qx + r = 0$ is | equal to the sum of the | their squares, then q^2 is equal to | | | |
| | (a) $r(p-2q)$ | (b) $r(2q - p)$ | (c) $p(q-2r)$ | (d) $p(2r-q)$ | | | |
| 52 . | What will be the va | alue of \underline{x} and y after exec | cution of the following (| C language) statement ? | | | |
| | | - | x = n + +; y = x; | | | | |
| | (a) 6, 5 | (b) 5, 4 | (c) 6, 6 | (d) 5, 5 | | | |
| 53 . | Which of the follow | ving is true for testing ar | nd debugging ? | | | | |
| | | for logical error in the p | rograms, while debuggi | ng is a process of correcting those error | | | |
| | in the program | | | | | | |
| | | • | program while debuggin | g corrects those errors in the program | | | |
| | | endent of debugging | | | | | |
| | (d) All of the above | | | | | | |
| 54 . | _ | | _ | a subtended by the tree on the opposite | | | |
| | river. Angle α is | ngie subtended by it wi | ien moves away a distar | nce twice as much as the breadth of the | | | |
| | _ | π | π | π | | | |
| | (a) $\frac{\pi}{6}$ | (b) $\frac{\pi}{12}$ | (c) $\frac{\pi}{2}$ | (d) $\frac{\pi}{3}$ | | | |
| 55 . | If $\log 2$, $\log (2^x - 1)$ | and $\log (2^x + 3)$ are in A | P, then the value of <i>x</i> is | given by | | | |
| | (a) $\log_2 5$ | (b) log ₅ 2 | $(c) \log_3 5$ | (d) $\log_5 3$ | | | |
| 56 . | . , 02 | n of the arithmetic expre | | | | | |
| | (a) * $a/+cda$ | - | | (d) $acd + a/*$ | | | |
| 5 7 | | | • • | . , | | | |
| 57 . | The function $f(x)$ | $=\frac{X- X }{X} \qquad (X\neq 0)$ | | | | | |
| | | $=0 \qquad (x=0)$ | | | | | |
| | is | | | | | | |
| | (a) continuous now | | | ywhere except at x = 0 | | | |
| | (c) continuous ever | • | · · · · | (d) cannot say anything | | | |
| 58 . | | All the values of x that satisfy the inequalities $x^2 - 3x + 2 > 0$ and $x^2 - 3x - 4 \le 0$ are given by $-1 \le x < 0$. | | | | | |
| | and $\dots < x \le 4$ | | | | | | |
| | (a) 0, 1 respectively | | (b) 1, 0 respectively | | | | |
| | (c) 1, 2 respectively | 7 | (d) 0, 2 respectively | 7 | | | |
| 59 . | I/O redirection (a) implies changing the name of a file | | | | | | |
| | | ed to use an existing file | as input for a program | | | | |
| | (c) implies connec | ting 2 program through a | | | | | |
| | (d) None of the abo | | | | | | |
| 60 . | If $f(x) = x^2 - 2x + 2$, then which of the following is true? | | | | | | |
| | (a) <i>f</i> (<i>x</i>) has a maxim | | (b) $f(x)$ has a maximum | | | | |
| | (c) $f(x)$ has a minimum. | num at x = 1 | (d) $f(x)$ has no max | kima or minima | | | |
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| Upti | Imum Notes | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | |

| 61 . | If $x = \frac{a(1-t^2)}{(1+t^2)}$ and | $y = \frac{2bt}{(1+t^2)}, \text{ then } dy$ | y / dx is | | | | |
|-------------|---|--|--|---|--|--|--|
| | (a) $\frac{2b}{a}$ | (b) $\frac{-2b}{a}$ | (c) $\frac{b}{a}$ | (d) $\frac{-b}{a}$ | | | |
| 62 . | The locus of the mi | | | which subtends a right angle at the origin | | | |
| | | | (c) $x^2 + y^2 = 2$ | (d) $x^2 + y^2 = 0$ | | | |
| 63 . | The equation $x - \frac{1}{(x + 1)^n}$ | $\frac{2}{(x-1)} = 1 - \frac{2}{(x-1)}$ ha | S | | | | |
| 64. | (a) no rootsThe equations 3x +(a) infinite number(c) a unique solution | y + 2z = 3, 2x - 3y - 3 | (c) two equal roo z = -3, $x + 2y + z = 4$ has (b) no solution (d) None of these | ave | | | |
| 65 . | The value of $\lim_{x\to 0} \frac{ s }{ s }$ | $\frac{\ln x}{x}$ is | | | | | |
| 66. | (a) 1 | (b) -1 er in the series 7, 11, | (c) ∞ , 17, 19, 23 is | (d) Does not exist | | | |
| | (a) 15 | (b) 19 | (c) 13 | (d) 9 | | | |
| 67 . | If $x + y = \sin(x + y)$ | (y) , then $\frac{dy}{dx}$ is | | | | | |
| | (a) 1 | (b) - 1 | $(c) 1 - \cos(x + y)$ | $(d) 1 + \cos(x + y)$ | | | |
| 68 . | If $ax^2 + bx + c = 0$, where a, b, c are all positive, then both roots of the equation will be | | | | | | |
| | (a) real and positive (c) having negative | | (b) real and negat (d) None of these | ive | | | |
| 69 . | = | ree coplanar vectors, | | | | | |
| | (a) $\overrightarrow{\mathbf{a}} \cdot (\overrightarrow{\mathbf{b}} \times \overrightarrow{\mathbf{c}}) = 0$ | (b) $\overrightarrow{\mathbf{a}} \cdot (\overrightarrow{\mathbf{b}} \times \overrightarrow{\mathbf{c}}) = 1$ | (c) $\overrightarrow{\mathbf{a}} \cdot (\overrightarrow{\mathbf{b}} \times \overrightarrow{\mathbf{c}}) = \overrightarrow{\mathbf{a}}$ | $(\mathbf{d}) \stackrel{\rightarrow}{\mathbf{a}} \cdot (\stackrel{\rightarrow}{\mathbf{b}} \times \stackrel{\rightarrow}{\mathbf{c}}) = \stackrel{\rightarrow}{\mathbf{b}}$ | | | |
| 70 . | The probability tha | t a non-leap year sho | ould have 53 Sunday is | | | | |
| | (a) $\frac{53}{365}$ | (b) $\frac{52}{365}$ | (c) $\frac{6}{7}$ | (d) $\frac{1}{7}$ | | | |
| 71. | If $\frac{\sin(x+y)}{\sin(x-y)} = \frac{p+y}{p-y}$ | $\frac{q}{q}$, then $\frac{\tan x}{\tan y}$ is equal | al to | | | | |
| | (a) $\frac{q}{p}$ | (b) $\frac{p}{q}$ | (c) <i>pq</i> | (d) $\frac{1}{pq}$ | | | |
| 72 . | For a frequency distribution of marks in Mathematics for 100 students, the average was found to be 80. Later | | | | | | |
| | on it was discovered (a) 80.36 | d that 48 was misread (b) 79.36 | d as 84. The correct mean (c) 79.64 | (d) 80.64 | | | |
| 73 . | ` ' | ` ' | cients of 4th and 13th te | | | | |
| | (a) 15 | (b) 17 | (c) 9 | (d) Cannot be determined | | | |
| 74 . | If a, b, c are real nu | imbers such that a^2 | $+b^2 + c^2 = 1$, then $ab + b$ | $c + ca > \dots$ | | | |
| | (a) $\frac{1}{2}$ | (b) $-\frac{1}{2}$ | (c) 2 | (d) -2 | | | |
| 75 . | | ing program segmen | t: | | | | |
| | j = 2; while $(i % j)j = j + 1;$ | .) | | | | | |
| | if $(j < i)$ printf ("%d" For a given $i >= 2$, t | , /); this program segmen [:] | t prints <i>i</i> only if | | | | |
| | (a) i is a prime | THE PROGRAM SOCIATION | (b) <i>j</i> does not divi | de i | | | |
| | (c) j is odd | | (d) i is not a prime | | | | |
| | | | | | | | |

| 76 . | The average time nec | essary for the correct sec | tor of a disk to arrive at | the read-write head is |
|-------------|---|--|--|--|
| | (a) Down time | (b) Seek time | (c) Rotational delay | (d) Access time |
| 77. | Zurich, Mumbai, De assigning values to a | elhi, Arlington, Newton variable START and an l. If i is the index of CI | , Washington, Rome, I array LINK, an alphabet | s, London, New York, Chennai, Koln, Bangkok, Amsterdam, Uppsala. On ical listing of cities with CITY, LINK mbai, then the values of START and |
| | (a) 9, 13 | (b) 5, 14 | (c) 12, 6 | (d) 14, 10 |
| 78. | What is the next figur | re ? | | |
| | (a) = | (b) | (c) | (d) |
| 79 . | | $+y^2 = 14x$. The point x | P(6, -7) is | |
| | (a) on the circle | (b) in the circle | (c) outside the circle | (d) None of these |
| 80. | If a population grows (a) 20 | at the rate of 5% per yea (b) 20 log 2 | ar, it will double (in year (c) 2 log 2 | rs) after (d) 22 |
| 81. | ` ' | rectangular hyperbola is | , , | (u) 22 |
| | | | | (d) 2 |
| 82. | The only integral root | (b) $\sqrt{2}$ at of the equation $\begin{vmatrix} 2-y \\ 2 \\ 3 \end{vmatrix}$ | $\begin{vmatrix} 5 - y & 6 \\ 4 & 10 - y \end{vmatrix} = 0$, is | |
| | (a) $y = 0$ | (b) $y = 1$ | (c) $y = 2$ | (d) $y = 3$ |
| 83. | The domain of the fur | nction $y = [(1 / \log_{10}(1 -$ | (x))] + $\sqrt{x+2}$, is | |
| | (a) [-3, -2] excluding (c) [-2, 1] excluding (|) | (b) [0, 1] excluding 0.5 (d) None of these | |
| 84 . | | quation $ z = z + 1 + 2i$ is | . 3 | 3. |
| | (a) $\frac{3}{2} - 2i$ | (b) $3 - 2i$ | (c) $\frac{3}{2} + 2i$ | (d) $2 - \frac{1}{2}$ |
| 85. | obtaining two heads a | hat the probability of h and three tails with head (b) 3 ³ / 5 ⁴ | s occurring in succession | |
| 86. | | | | cometric mean G of these two numbers |
| | (a) 3, 6 | $A + G^2 = 27$. The two num (b) 4, 5 | nbers are (c) 2, 7 | (d) None of these |
| 87. | What is the result of the int f (int & x) { $x + +;$ return $x;$ | the following program ? | | |
| | void main () | | | |
| | int result, $x = 5$; result = $f(x) * f(x)$; printf (''%d'', result); | | | |
| | } (a) 36 | (b) 42 | (c) 30 | (d) 25 |
| | (4) 00 | (12) 14 | (0) 00 | |
| Optin | num Notes | | | Questions Paper (JNU 2002) |
| | 140162 | | | |

| 88. | (a) A line printer u (b) A terminal use | wing is an example of a used to print the output d to enter data to a runr orage device in a virtual | of a number of jobs ning program | | | | | |
|--------------|--|---|---|---|--|--|--|--|
| 89. | If $f(x) = (\cos x + i)$ | $\sin x)\left(\cos 3x + i\sin 3x\right)$ | $\cos \{(2n-1) x + i \sin (c) - n^2 f(x)\}$ | | | | | |
| 90. | In an ellipse with | eccentricity $\frac{1}{\sqrt{3}}$ the equa | ation of the diameter co | njugate to the diameter $3y = -2x$ is | | | | |
| | (a) $3y = x$ | (b) $y = 3x$ | (c) $y = -x$ | (d) $y = x$ | | | | |
| 91. | The equation $x + \epsilon$ | $e^x = 0$ has | | | | | | |
| | (a) no real root | | (b) two real roots | | | | | |
| | (c) one real negative | | (d) one real positiv | ve root | | | | |
| 92. | The derivative of s | $\sin^{-1} \frac{(1-x^2)}{(1+x)^2}$ w r t sin ⁻¹ | $\frac{2x}{1+x^2}$ is | | | | | |
| | (a) - 1 | (b) 0 | (c) <i>x</i> | (d) 1/x | | | | |
| 93. | A square is inscri The one vertex of | | -2x + 4y + 3 = 0. Its si | ides are parallel to the coordinates axes | | | | |
| | | (b) $(1 - \sqrt{2}, -2)$ | (c) $(1, -2 + \sqrt{2})$ | (d) None of these | | | | |
| 94. | 15 coupons are | numbered 1, 2, 15. probability that the larg | Seven coupons are se | elected at random, one at a time, with n a selected coupon is 9, is (d) None of these | | | | |
| 95 . | | The 7th term of the series 3, 9, 20, 38, 65, is | | | | | | |
| 00. | (a) 154 | (b) 165 | (c) 175 | (d) 184 | | | | |
| 96. | • • | ` , | ` ' | n circumscribed in a circle are in | | | | |
| | (a) GP | (b) HP | (c) AP | (d) None of these | | | | |
| 97 . | The root of $x^3 - 2x - 5 = 0$, correct to three decimal places by using Newton-Raphson method is | | | | | | | |
| | (a) 1.0404 | (b) 2.0946 | (c) 1.7321 | (d) 0.7011 | | | | |
| 98. | Let A and B be any | y two arbitrary events, tl | hen, which of the follow | ving is true ? | | | | |
| | (a) $P(A \cup B) = P(A) + P(B)$ (b) $P(A \cap B) = P(A)P(B)$ | | | | | | | |
| | (c) $P(A / B) = P(A \cap B)P(B)$ (d) $P(A \cup B) \le P(A) + P(B)$ | | | A) + P(B) | | | | |
| 99. | In a vectored interrupt (a) The branch address is assigned to a fixed location in memory (b) The branch address is obtained from a register in the process (c) The interrupting source supplied the branch information to the processor through an interrupt vector (d) All of the above | | | | | | | |
| 100. | A relation over a set $S = \{3, 6, 9, 12\}$ is defined by $\{\{3, 3\}, \{6, 6\}, \{9, 9\}, \{12, 12\}, \{6, 12\}, \{3, 9\}, \{3, 12\}\}$ $\{3, 6\}\}$. Which of the following properties hold this relation? | | | | | | | |
| | (a) Reflexive only | | | (b) Reflexive and symmetric | | | | |
| | (c) Reflexive, symmetric and transitive (d) Reflexive and transitive | | | | | | | |
| 101 . | Initialization cannot be part of the definition if the storage class of an array is | | | | | | | |
| | (a) static | | (b) external | | | | | |
| | (c) automatic | | (d) None of these | | | | | |
| 102 . | The area of the tri | angular region whose si | des have the equations y | y = 2x + 1, $y = 3x + 1$ and $x = 4$ is | | | | |
| | (a) 9 | (b) 7 | (c) 10 | (d) 8 | | | | |
| | (a) 9 | (b) 7 | (c) 10 | (d) 8 | | | | |

 $\left| \sin^2 A \cot A \right|$ If A, B, C are angles of a triangle then the value of $\begin{vmatrix} \sin^2 B & \cot B \end{vmatrix}$ is **103**. $\sin^2 C \cot C$ 1

(a) 0

(b) 1

The value of $4 \{ {}^nC_1 + 4 . {}^nC_2 + 4^2 . {}^nC_3 + ... + 4^{n-1} \}$ is **104**.

- (b) $5^n + 1$

(d) $5^n - 1$

If λ is an eigenvalue of a matrix A, then it is a solution to **105**.

(a) $(A - \lambda I) = 0$

(b) $\det |A - \lambda I| = 0$

(c) $\det |A - I| = 0$

(d) $\det |A - \lambda| = 0$

Zero has two representations in **106**.

(a) Sign magnitude

(b) 1's complement

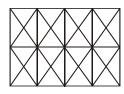
(c) 2's complement

(d) None of these

Let A be a two dimensional array of 10 rows and 12 columns. If the array is stored in row-major order then **107**. the address of the location A[i][j] is

- (a) 12j + i + 1
- (b) 12i + j + 1
- (c) 12j + i
- (d) 12i + j

108. The number of squares in the figure given below is



(b) 21

(c) 24

(d) 26

If (n - m) is odd, then $\int_0^{\pi} \cos mx \sin nx \, dx$ is **109**.

- (a) $\frac{2n}{(n^2 m^2)}$ (b) $\frac{2n}{(m^2 n^2)}$ (c) $\frac{2m}{(n^2 m^2)}$
- (d) 0

 $^{n-1}C_3 + ^{n-1}C_4 > ^nC_3$ if $n > \dots$ **110**.

(d) 8

Let $\tan \alpha = \frac{m}{(m+1)}$ and $\tan \beta = \frac{1}{(2m+1)}$, then the value of $(\alpha + \beta)$ is 111.

For a binomial distribution, the mean is $\frac{15}{4}$ and the variance is $\frac{15}{16}$. The value of p is **112**.

(a) $\frac{1}{2}$ (b) $\frac{15}{16}$ (c) $\frac{1}{4}$ (d) If the roots of $x^2 - bx + c = 0$ are two consecutive integers, then $b^2 - 4c$ is **113**.

(d) None of these

(a) 0 (b) 1 (c) 2

If $A = \begin{vmatrix} a^2 & b^2 & c^2 \\ (a+1)^2 & (b+1)^2 & (c+1)^2 \\ (a-1)^2 & (b-1)^2 & (c-1)^2 \end{vmatrix}$ and $B = \begin{vmatrix} a^2 & b^2 & c^2 \\ a & b & c \\ 1 & 1 & 1 \end{vmatrix}$ then 114.

(a) A = 4B

(b) A = 2B

(c) A = B

(d) None of these

- The differential equation of all circles passing through the origin and having their centres on the *y*-axis is (a) $(x^2 + y^2) \frac{dy}{dx} = 2xy$ (b) $(x^2 y^2) \frac{dy}{dx} = 2xy$ 115.

(c) $dy/dx = 2xy(x^2 + y^2)$

- (d) $\frac{dy}{dx} = 2xy(x^2 y^2)$
- The output of the following program is 116.

```
void incr ()
static int i;
printf (''%d'', + + i);
void decr()
static int i;
printf ("%d", i--);
void main ()
incr (); decr(); incr();
(a) 111
```

(b) 101

(c) 102

(d) garbage

- If A, B, C are sets, then A (B C) is equivalent to 117.
 - (a) $(A B) \cup (A \cap C)$

(b) $(A - B) \cap (A - C)$

(c) $A - (B \cap C)$

- (d) $(A B) \cup (A C)$
- **118**. The default parameter passing mechanism in a C program
 - (a) call by reference

(b) call by value

(c) call by value result

- (d) None of these
- The sum of the first n terms of the series $1^2 + 2 \cdot 2^2 + 3^2 + 2 \cdot 4^2 + 5^2 + 2 \cdot 6^2$ is $\frac{n(n+1)}{2}$, when n is even. 119.

- When *n* is odd, the sum will be
 (a) $n^2(n+1)$ (b) $\frac{n^2(n+1)}{2}$ (c) $\frac{n^2(n+1)^2}{4}$ (d) $\frac{n^2(n+1)}{16}$ The equation of the circle drawn with the focus of the parabola $(x-1)^2 - 8y = 0$ as its centre and touching **120**. the parabola at its vertex is

(a)
$$x^2 + y^2 - 2x - 4y + 1 = 0$$

(b)
$$x^2 + y^2 - 2x - 4y = 0$$

(d) $x^2 + y^2 - 4y = 0$

(c)
$$x^2 + y^2 - 4y + 1 = 0$$

(d)
$$x^2 + y^2 - 4y = 0$$