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GEOGRAPHY

Time Allowed : 2½ Hours]

[Maximum Marks : 100

SECTION - I

(COMPULSORY)

(Marks : 20)

Mark the following on the outline map of India provided :

- | | |
|---|---|
| 1. Karakoram range. | 1 |
| 2. Chotanagpur Plateau. | 1 |
| 3. Konkan Coast. | 1 |
| 4. R. Krishna. | 1 |
| 5. Abu Hills. | 1 |
| 6. An atomic power station in Tamil Nadu. | 1 |
| 7. A port in Andhra Pradesh. | 1 |
| 8. Capital of Haryana. | 1 |
| 9. A place of very high density population. | 1 |
| 10. Kaziranga sanctuary. | 1 |
| 11. A locomotive manufacturing unit. | 1 |
| 12. Oil field. | 1 |
| 13. Talcher coal field. | 1 |
| 14. Tea growing area. | 1 |
| 15. Cotton textile. | 1 |
| 16. An automobile industry. | 1 |
| 17. Hirakud project. | 1 |
| 18. Rail route from Mumbai to Delhi with one intermediate stop. | 3 |

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SECTION - II

Fill in the blanks from the options given below :

5 × 1 = 5

19. The Island situated between India and Sri Lanka, has a rocky surface.
- i) Barren ii) Nar Condam iii) Pamban.
20. project has been rightly called the Rhur of India.
- i) Bhakra Nangal ii) Mettur iii) Damodar.
21. India is the largest producer of in the world. It is a tropical crop and grows all over the peninsular plateau.
- i) sugarcane ii) rubber iii) groundnut.
22. is the longest river in the south and the second largest in the country.
- i) Mahanadi ii) Godavari iii) Krishna.
23. The first modern woollen textile industry was started in the year 1876 at on account of lack of constant demand and non-availability of raw wool.
- i) Kanpur ii) Bangalore iii) Srinagar.

SECTION - III

Define any *five* of the following terms :

5 × 2 = 10

24. Purvanchal.
25. Vagaries of monsoon.
26. Water budget.
27. Soil conservation.
28. Dry farming.
29. Optimum population.
30. Hinterland.
31. Cottage industries.

SECTION - IV

Answer any *five* of the following in *two* or *three* sentences each : $5 \times 2 = 10$

32. Give the latitudinal and longitudinal extent of India.
33. Mention any two uses of the Himalayas.
34. Name the atomic power stations of India.
35. What are the special features of Indian agriculture ?
36. Write a note on inland fishing.
37. What is manufacturing ?
38. What are the important products manufactured in BHEL ?
39. State two conditions for the development of port.

SECTION - V

A) Explain any *two* of the following statements : $2 \times 5 = 10$

40. India is the queen of the Indian Ocean.
41. Petroleum is called liquid gold.
42. Railways promote economic development.
43. Concentration of cotton mill industry in Mumbai.
44. Tamil Nadu receives most of the rainfall in winter.

B) Compare and contrast between any *two* of the following pairs : $2 \times 5 = 10$

45. Western Ghats and Eastern Ghats.
46. Thermal power and Hydroelectric power.
47. Quantitative and Qualitative population.
48. Hot season and Cold season.
49. Afforestation and Deforestation.

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SECTION - VI

Give detailed answers of any *three* of the following in about 250 words each :

3 × 10 = 30

50. Describe the three ranges of the Himalayas. What are the uses of the Himalayas ?
51. Name the different types of soil found in India and explain them.
52. Describe the factors affecting the climate of India.
53. Explain the application of remote sensing.
54. Explain the salient features of NLC.
55. Write in detail about any two of the multipurpose projects.

SECTION - VII

56. Using the given data draw a suitable diagram for any *one* of the following :

1 × 5 = 5

- a) Mark a vertical bar for the following data :

State of the Indian Economy

Years	Foodgrains production (milli. tonnes)
2005 - 06	208.5
2006 - 07	217.3
2007 - 08	230.8
2008 - 09	229.9

- b) Draw a pie-diagram to illustrate the following data :

Environment

Paper recycling countries	Production in 2006
1. USA	20%
2. Japan	15%
3. China	10%
4. Germany	18%
5. UK	12%
6. Other countries	25%

