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Total No. of Questions: 09]

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Paper ID [AM101]

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B.Tech. (Sem. - $1^{st}/2^{nd}$)

ENGINEERING MATHEMATICS - I (AM - 101)

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Time: 03 Hours

Maximum Marks: 60

Instruction to Candidates:

- 1) Section A is Compulsory.
- 2) Attempt any Five questions from Section B & C.
- 3) Select atleast Two questions from Section B & C.

Section - A

Q1)

 $(10 \times 2 = 20)$

- a) Find the radius of curvature of the curve $x^2 + y^2 = a^2$ at (x, y).
- b) Find mean square value of $f(x) = \sin x$ in the interval (0, 1).
- c) Find df/dt at t = 0, where $f(x, y) = x\cos y + e^x \sin y$, $x = t^2 + 1$, $y = t^3 + t$.
- d) Find the approximate value of $(4.05)^{1/2} (7.97)^{1/3}$, using derivatives.
- e) Write the expansion of the Taylor's series $f(x_0 + h, y_0 + k)$ up to second order.
- f) Write the equation of Ellipsoid and draw a rough sketch of it.
- g) Write two applications of double and triple integral each.
- h) State the integral test of convergence of infinite series.
- i) How the convergence of alternating series is checked.
- j) Separate into real and imaginary parts $\exp\left(5 + \frac{i\pi}{2}\right)$.

Section - B

(Marks: 8 Each)

Q2) Sketch the graph of the curve $y = x + \frac{1}{x}$.

- (23) Find centre of gravity of a lamina in the shape of a quadrant of the curve $\left(\frac{x}{a}\right)^{\frac{2}{3}} + \left(\frac{y}{b}\right)^{\frac{2}{3}} = 1, \text{ the density being } \rho = kxy, \text{ where } k \text{ is a constant.}$
- Q4) If f(x, y) is a homogeneous function of degree n in x and y and has continuous first and second order partial derivatives, then show that

$$x^{2} \frac{\partial^{2} f}{\partial x^{2}} + 2xy \frac{\partial^{2} f}{\partial x \partial y} + y^{2} \frac{\partial^{2} f}{\partial y^{2}} = n(x + 1) f$$

Q5) Using Lagrange's method find the minimum value of $x^2 + y^2 + z^2$ subject to the condition $xyz = a^3$.

Section - C

(Marks: 8 Each)

- **Q6)** Find the equation of the right circular cylinder having for its base the circle $x^2 + y^2 + z^2 = 9$, x y + z = 3.
- Q7) Express $\int_{0}^{1} x^{m} (1-x^{p})^{n} dx$ in terms of Beta function and hence evaluate the integral $\int_{0}^{1} x^{\frac{3}{2}} (1-\sqrt{x})^{\frac{1}{2}} dx$.
- **Q8)** Find the radius of convergence and circle of convergence of the power series $\sum \frac{(n!)^2 z^n}{(2n)!}$.
- Q9) Find the sum of the trigonometric series

$$\sin \alpha + x \sin (\alpha + \beta) + \frac{x^2}{2!} \sin (\alpha + 2\beta) + \dots \infty$$

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