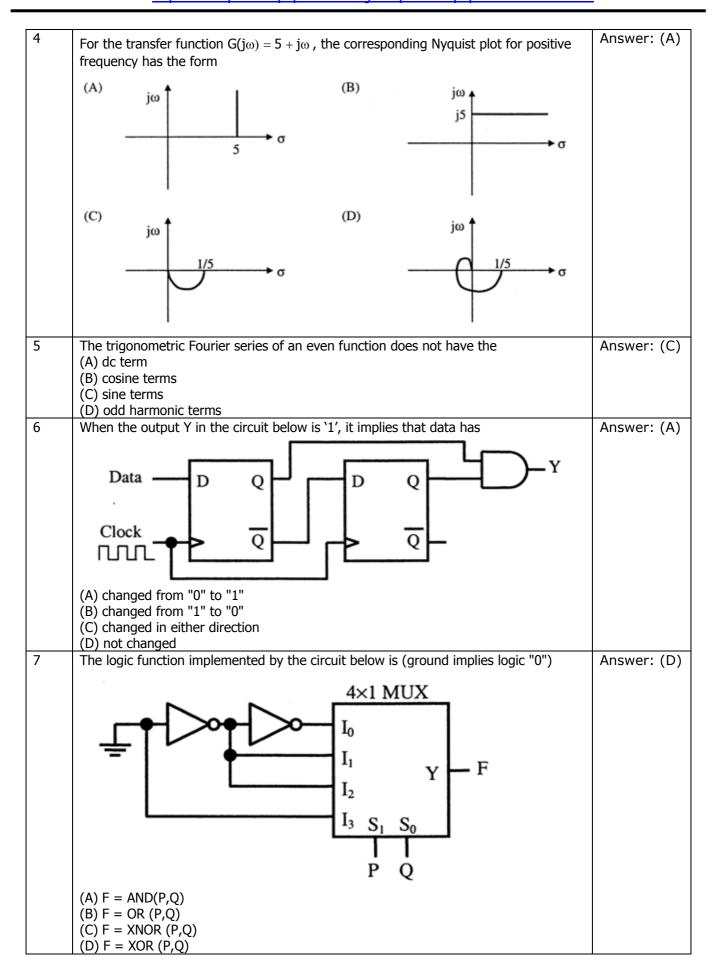
### **GATE question papers: Electronics and Communication Engineering 2011 (EC)**

	Q. 1 - Q. 25 carry one mark each.	
1	The modes in a rectangular waveguide are denoted by $TE_{mn}/TM_{mn}$ where m and n are the eigen numbers along the larger and smaller dimensions of the waveguide respectively. Which one of the following statements is TRUE?  (A) The $TM_{10}$ mode of the wave does not exist  (B) The $TE_{10}$ mode of the wave does not exist	Answer: (A)
	(C) The TM <sub>10</sub> and the TE <sub>10</sub> modes both exist and have the same cut-off	
	frequencies (D) The $TM_{10}$ and $TM_{10}$ modes both exist and have the same cut-off frequencies	
2	The <b>Column-I</b> lists the attributes and the <b>Column-II</b> lists the modulation systems.  Match the attribute to the modulation system that best meets it	Answer: (B)
	Column-I Column-II	
	P Power efficient transmission of signals  I. Conventional AM	
	Q Most bandwidth efficient transmission of voice signals II. FM R Simplest receiver structure III. VSB	
	S Bandwidth efficient transmission of signals with IV. SSB-SC	
	Significant dc component	
	(A) P-IV, Q-II, R-I, S-III (B) P-II, Q-IV, R-I;S-III	
	(C) P III, Q-II, R-I; S-IV	
	(D) P-II, Q-IV, R- III, S-I	
3	The differential equation $100 \frac{d^2 y}{dt^2} - 20 \frac{dy}{dt} + y = x(t)$ describes a system with an input	Answer: (A)
	$dt^2$ $dt$ $x(t)$ and an output $y(t)$ . The system, which is initially relaxed, is excited by a unit step	
	input. The output y(t) can be represented by the waveform	
	(A) ↑ (B) ↑	
	y(t) $y(t)$	
	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	
	(C) (D)	
	y(t) $y(t)$	

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8	The circuit below implements a filter between the input current i <sub>i</sub> and the output	Answer: (D)
	voltage $v_0$ . Assume that the opamp is ideal. The filter implemented is a	
	$L_1$	
	~~~	
	$R_1$	
	$\mathbf{I} = \mathbf{A} \hat{\mathbf{A}} \hat{\mathbf{A}} \hat{\mathbf{A}} = \mathbf{I}$	
	. • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	
	+ 0 · 1	
	<u></u> ✓ v₀	
	_ <del>_</del>	
	<del>-</del>	
	(A) low pass filter (B) band pass filter	
	(C) band stop filter (D) high pass filter	
9	A silicon PN junction is forward biased with a constant current at room temperature.	Answer: (D)
	When the temperature is increased by 10°C, the forward bias voltage across the PN	"""
	junction	
	(A) increases by 60mV (B) decreases by 60mV	
10		Λησιμοπι (Λ)
10	In the circuit shown below, the Norton equivalent current in amperes with respect to	Answer: (A)
	the terminals P and Q is	
	j30Ω	
	P	
	$16 \angle 0^{\circ} A $ $\Rightarrow 25\Omega \Rightarrow -j50\Omega$	
	1020 A V S2555 T 35555	
	<b>└</b>	
	150	
	$15\Omega$	
	(A) 6.4 – j4.8 (B) 6.56 – j7.87	
	(C) 10 + j0 (D) 16 + j0	4 (6)
11	In the circuit shown below, the value of $R_L$ such that the power transferred to $R_L$ is	Answer: (C)
	maximum is	
	$10\Omega$ $10\Omega$	
	_^^^^^ <del>-</del>	
	' ' '	
	$> 10\Omega$ $> R_L$	
	(+) 5V (+) 2V (1) 1A	
	(A) $5\Omega$ (B) $10 \Omega$	
	$(C)$ 15 $\Omega$ $(D)$ 20 $\Omega$	
12		Angwor: (A)
14	The value of the integral $\oint_C \frac{-3z+4}{(z^2+4z+5)} dz$ where c is the circle $ z =1$ is given by	Answer: (A)
	$\frac{1}{c}(z^2 + 4z + 5)$	
	(A) 0 (B) 1/10	
	(C) 4/5 (D) 1	
1		•

## **GATE question papers: Electronics and Communication Engineering 2011 (EC)**

13	A transmission line of characteristic impedance $50\Omega$ is terminated by a $50~\Omega$ load. When excited by a sinusoidal voltage source at $10\text{GHz}$ , the phase difference between two points spaced 2mm apart on the line is found to be $\pi/4$ radians. The phase	Answer: (C)
	velocity of the wave along the line is (A) $0.8 \times 10^8$ m / s (B) $1.2 \times 10^8$ m / s (C) $1.6 \times 10^8$ m / s (D) $3 \times 10^8$ m / s	
14	Consider the following statements regarding the complex Poynting vector $\vec{P}$ for the power radiated by a point source in an infinite homogeneous and lossless medium.	Answer: (D)
	$Re(\vec{P})$ denotes the real part of $\vec{P}$ , S denotes a spherical surface whose centre is at	
	the point source, and $\hat{n}$ denotes the unit surface normal on S. Which of the following statements is <b>TRUE</b> ?	
	(A) $Re(\vec{P})$ remains constant at any radial distance from the source	
	(B) $Re(\vec{P})$ increases with increasing radial distance from the source	
	(C) $\oiint$ Re $(\vec{p}) \cdot \hat{n}$ dS remains constant at any radial distance from the source	
	(D) $\oiint$ Re $(\vec{p}) \cdot \hat{n}$ dS decreases with increasing radial distance form the source	
15	An analog signal is band-limited to 4 kHz, sampled at the Nyquist rate and the samples are quantized into 4 levels. The quantized levels are assumed to be independent and equally probable. If we transmit two quantized samples per second, the information rate is	Answer: (D)
	(A) 1 bits / second (B) 2 bits / second	
16	(C) 3 bits / second (D) 4 bits / second  The root locus plot for a system is given below. The open loop transfer function	Answer: (B)
	$(A) G(s)H(s) = k \frac{s(s+1)}{(s+2)(s+3)}$ $(B) G(s)H(s) = k \frac{(s+1)}{s(s+2)(s+3)^2}$ $(C) G(s)H(s) = k \frac{1}{s(s+1)(s+2)(s+3)}$ $(D) G(s)H(s) = k \frac{(s+1)}{s(s+2)(s+3)}$	
17	$S(S+1)(S+2)(S+3)$ A system is defined by its impulse response $h(x) = 2^n u(x-2)$ . The system is	Answert (R)
17	A system is defined by its impulse response $h(n) = 2^n u(n - 2)$ . The system is  (A) stable and causal  (B) causal but not stable  (C) stable but not causal  (D) unstable and non-causal	Answer: (B)
18	(C) stable but not causal (D) unstable and non-causal If the unit step response of a network is $(1 - e^{-at})$ , then its unit impulse response is (A) $ae^{-at}$ (B) $a^{-1} e^{-at}$ (C) $(1-a^{-1}) e^{-at}$ (D) $(1-a)e^{-at}$	Answer: (A)

10	The contract V in the critical trade of the contract of the co	A (D)
19	The output Y in the circuit below is always "1" when	Answer: (B)
	P T	
	[	
	$R \longrightarrow R$	
	(A) two or more of the inputs P, Q, R are "0"'	
	(B) two or more of the inputs P, Q, R are "1"	
	(C) any odd number of the inputs P, Q, R is "0"' (D) any odd number of the inputs P, Q, R is "1"	
20	In the circuit shown below, capacitors C <sub>1</sub> and C <sub>2</sub> are very large and are shorts at the	Answer: (A)
	input frequency. $v_i$ is a small signal input. The gain magnitude $ v_o/v_i $ 10Mrad/s is	
	15V	
	٠, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	
	$\geq 10 \mu H \geq 2 k \Omega \perp 1 nF$	
	<b> </b>	
	\ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \	
	$\frac{1}{C_1}$	
	$Q_1$	
	2.7V (±) '\- \- \- \- \- \- \- \- \- \- \- \- \- \	
	$v_o \leq 2k\Omega$	
	$\int_{2k\Omega} \langle \mathcal{L} \rangle = \langle \mathcal{L} \rangle$	
	$v_i \otimes S = T_{C_i}$	
	<del></del>	
	(A) maximum	
	(B) minimum	
	(C) unity	
21	(D) zero  Drift current in the semiconductors depends upon	Answer: (C)
	(A) only the electric field	Aliswei. (C)
	(B) only the carrier concentration gradient	
	<ul><li>(C) both the electric field and the carrier concentration</li><li>(D) both the electric field and the carrier concentration gradient</li></ul>	
22	A Zener diode, when used in voltage stabilization circuits, is biased in	Answer: (B)
	(A) reverse bias region below the breakdown voltage	- (-)
	(B) reverse breakdown region	
	(C) forward bias region (D) forward bias constant current mode	
	( )	

## **GATE question papers: Electronics and Communication Engineering 2011 (EC)**

23	The circuit shown below is driven by a sinusoidal input $v_i = V_p \cos(t / RC)$ . The steady state output $v_o$ is	Answer: (A)
	$\begin{array}{c c} & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & &$	
	(A) (V <sub>p</sub> / 3) cos (t/RC) (B) (V <sub>p</sub> / 3) sin (t/RC) (C) (V <sub>p</sub> / 2) cos (t/RC) (D) (V <sub>p</sub> / 2) sin (t/RC)	
24	Consider a closed surface S surrounding volume V. If $\vec{r}$ is the position vector of a point inside S, with $\vec{n}$ the unit normal on S, the value of the integral $\iint_S 5\vec{r}.\hat{n}$ dS is	Answer: (D)
	(A) 3V (B) 5V (C) 10V (D) 15V	
25	The solution of the differential equation $\frac{dy}{dx} = ky$ , $y(0) = c$ is	Answer: (C)
	(A) $x = ce^{-ky}$ (B) $x = ke^{cy}$ (C) $y = ce^{kx}$ (D) $y = ce^{-kx}$	
26	Q.26 to Q.55 carry two marks each.  The electric and magnetic fields for a TEM wave of frequency 14 GHz in a	Answer: (D)
20	homogeneous medium of relative permittivity $\epsilon_r$ and relative permeability $\mu_r=1$ are given by $\vec{E}=E_p e^{j(\omega t-280\pi y)} \hat{u}_z \text{ V/m}$ $\vec{H}=3 e^{j(\omega t-280\pi y)} \hat{u}_x \text{ A/m}$ Assuming the speed of light in free space to be $3\times 10^8$ m/s, the intrinsic impedance of free space to be $120\pi$ , the relative permittivity $\epsilon_r$ of the medium and the electric field amplitude $E_p$ are (A) $\epsilon_r=3$ , $E_p=120\pi$ (B) $\epsilon_r=3$ , $E_p=360\pi$ (C) $\epsilon_r=9$ , $E_p=360\pi$ (D) $\epsilon_r=9$ , $E_p=120\pi$	Answer: (D)
27	A message signal $m(t) = \cos 200\pi t + 4\cos \pi t$ modulates the carrier $c(t) = \cos 2\pi f_c$ t where $f_c = 1$ MHZ to produce an AM signal. For demodulating the generated AM signal using an envelope detector, the time constant RC of the detector circuit should satisfy (A) $0.5 \text{ ms} < \text{RC} < 1\text{ms}$ (B) $1\mu s << \text{RC} < 0.5 \text{ ms}$ (C) RC $<< \mu s$ (D) RC $>> 0.5 \text{ ms}$	Answer: (B)

28	The block diagram of a system with one input $u$ and two outputs $y_1$ and $y_2$ is given	Answer: (B)
20	below.	Aliswei. (b)
	$u \circ \underbrace{\frac{1}{s+2}} y_1$	
	$\frac{2}{s+2}$	
	A state space model of the above system in terms of the state vector $\underline{\mathbf{x}}$ and the	
	output vector $\underline{y} = [y_1 \ y_2]^T$ is	
	(A) $\underline{\dot{x}} = [2]\underline{x} + [1]u;$ $\underline{y} = [1 \ 2]\underline{x}$	
	(B) $\underline{\dot{x}} = [-2]\underline{x} + [1]u;$ $\underline{y} = \left[\frac{1}{2}\right]\underline{x}$	
	(C) $\dot{\underline{x}} = \begin{bmatrix} -2 & 0 \\ 0 & -2 \end{bmatrix} \underline{x} + \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} u; \qquad \underline{y} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 \end{bmatrix} \underline{x}$	
	(D) $\dot{\underline{x}} = \begin{bmatrix} 2 & 0 \\ 0 & -2 \end{bmatrix} \underline{x} + \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} u; \qquad \underline{y} = \begin{bmatrix} \frac{1}{2} \end{bmatrix} \underline{x}$	
29	Two systems $H_1$ (z) and $H_2$ (z) are connected in cascade as shown below. The over all output y(n) is the same as the input x(n) with a one unit delay. The transfer function of the second system $H_2$ (z) is	Answer: (B)
	$x(n) \longrightarrow H_1(z) = \frac{(1 - 0.4z^{-1})}{(1 - 0.6z^{-1})} \longrightarrow H_2(z)$	
	(A) $\frac{(1-0.6z^{-1})}{z^{-1}(1-0.4z^{-1})}$ (B) $\frac{z^{-1}(1-0.6z^{-1})}{(1-0.4z^{-1})}$	
	(C) $\frac{z^{-1}(1-0.4z^{-1})}{(1-0.6z^{-1})}$ (D) $\frac{(1-0.4z^{-1})}{z^{-1}(1-0.6z^{-1})}$	
30	An 8085 assembly language program is given below. Assume that the carry flag is initially unset. The content of the accumulator after the execution of the program is MVI A, 07H RLC MOV B, A RLC RLC ADD B RRC (A) 8CH (B) 64H	Answer: (C)
	(C) 23H (D) 15H	

31	The first six points of the 8-point DFT of a real valued sequence are 5, $1-j3$ , 0, $3-j4$ , 0 and $3+j4$ . The last two points of the DFT are respectively (A) $0$ , $1-j3$ (B) $0$ , $1+j3$ (C) $1+j3$ , 5 (D) $1-j3$ , 5	Answer: (C)
32	For the BJT $Q_1$ in the circuit shown below, $\beta=\infty$ , $V_{BEon}=0.7V$ , $V_{CEsat}=0.7V$ , The switch is initially closed. At time $t=0$ , the switch is opened. The time $t$ at which $Q_1$ leaves the active region is $ \frac{5V}{4.3k\Omega}                                    $	Answer: (C)
33	In the circuit shown below, the network N is described by the following Y matrix: $y = \begin{bmatrix} 0.1S & -0.01S \\ 0.01S & 0.1S \end{bmatrix}. \text{ The voltage gain } \frac{V_2}{V_1} \text{ is }$ $100 \text{ V} \qquad $	Answer: (D)

	T	
34	In the circuit shown below, the initial charge on the capacitor is 2.5 mC, with the	Answer: (A)
	voltage polarity as indicated. The switch is closed at time t=0. The current i(t) at	
	a time t after the switch is closed is	
	i(t)	
	$\leq 10 \Omega$	
	100 V (+)	
	- I	
	± 50 μF	
	+	
	<u></u>	
	(A) (A) 45 (A) (A) (A)	
	(A) $i(t) = 15\exp(-2 \times 10^3 t) A$	
	(B) $i(t) = 5exp(-2 \times 10^3 t) A$ (C) $i(t) = 10exp(-2 \times 10^3 t) A$	
	(C) $i(t) = 10exp(-2 \times 10^{-1}) A$ (D) $i(t) = -5exp(-2 \times 10^{3}) A$	
35	The system of equations	Answer: (B)
	x + y + z = 6	
	x + 4y + 6z = 20	
	$x + 4y + \lambda z = \mu$	
	has NO solution for values of $\lambda$ and $\mu$ given by	
	(A) $\lambda = 6$ , $\mu = 20$	
	(B) $\lambda = 6$ , $\mu \neq 20$	
	(C) $\lambda \neq 6$ , $\mu = 20$	
26	(D) $\lambda \neq 6$ , $\mu \neq 20$	4 (0)
36	A fair dice is tossed two times. The probability that the second toss results in a value	Answer: (C)
	that is higher than the first toss is (A) 2/36	
	(B) 2/6	
	(C) 5/12	
	(D)1/2	
37	A current sheet $\vec{J} = 10\hat{u}_v$ A/m lies on the dielectric interface $x = 0$ between two	Answer: (A)
	dielectric media with $\epsilon_{r1}=5$ , $\mu_{r1}=1$ in Region-1 (x < 0) and $\epsilon_{r2}=2$ , $\mu_{r2}=2$ in	
	Region-2 (x > 0). If the magnetic field in Region-1 at $x=0^-$ is $H_1 = 3\hat{u}_x + 30\hat{u}_y$ A/m,	
	,	
	the magnetic field in Region-2 at $x = 0^+$ is	
	$x > 0 \text{ (Region-2)} : \varepsilon_{r2} = 2, \mu_{r2} = 2$	
	± 17/2	
	J	
	x = 0 $y$	
	$x < 0 \text{ (Region-1)} : \varepsilon_{r_1} = 5, \mu_{r_1} = 1$	
	(A) $\vec{H}_2 = 1.5\hat{u}_x + 30\hat{u}_y - 10\hat{u}_z \text{ A/m}$ (B) $\vec{H}_2 = 3\hat{u}_x + 30\hat{u}_y - 10\hat{u}_z \text{ A/m}$	
	,	
	(C) $\vec{H}_2 = 1.5\hat{u}_x + 40\hat{u}_y \text{ A/m}$ (D) $\vec{H}_2 = 3\hat{u}_x + 30\hat{u}_y + 10\hat{u}_z \text{ A/m}$	
38	A transmission line of characteristic impedance 50 $\Omega$ is terminated in a load	Answer: (A)
	impedance Z <sub>L</sub> . The VSWR of the line is measured as 5 and the first of the voltage	
	maxima in the line is observed at a distance of $\lambda/4$ from the load. The value of $Z_L$ is (A) 10 $\Omega$	
	(B) 250 $\Omega$	
	(C) $(19.23 + j46.15) \Omega$	
	(D) $(19.23 - j46.15) \Omega$	
I		

39	$X(t)$ is a stationary random process with autocorrelation function $R_x(\tau) = \exp{(-\pi \tau^2)}$ . This process is passed through the system shown below. The power spectral density of the output process $Y(t)$ is	Answer: (A)
	$H(f) = j2\pi f$	
	$X(t) \longrightarrow Y(t)$	
	(A) $(4\pi^2 f^2 + 1) \exp(-\pi f^2)$ (B) $(4\pi^2 f^2 - 1) \exp(-\pi f^2)$ (C) $(4\pi^2 f^2 + 1) \exp(-\pi f)$ (D) $(4\pi^2 f^2 - 1) \exp(-\pi f)$	
40	The output of a 3-stage Johnson (twisted- ring) counter is fed to a digital-to-analog (D/A) converter as shown in the figure below. Assume all the states of the counter to be unset initially. The waveform which represents the D/A converter output $V_{\circ}$ is	Answer: (A)
	$V_{ref}$ D/A Converter $V_o$	
	$D_2$ $D_1$ $D_0$	
	$Q_2$ $Q_1$ $Q_0$	
	Clock Johnson Counter	
	(A) V <sub>0</sub> (B) V <sub>0</sub> (B)	
	(C) (D) V <sub>0</sub> V <sub>0</sub>	
41	Two D flip-flops are connected as a synchronous counter that goes through the following $Q_BQ_A$ sequence $00 \to 11 \to 01 \to 10 \to 00 \to$ The combination to the inputs $D_A$ and $D_B$ are (A) $D_A = Q_B$ , $D_B = Q_A$ (B) $D_A = \overline{Q}_A$ , $D_B = \overline{Q}_B$	Answer: (D)
	(C) $D_A = (Q_A \overline{Q}_B + \overline{Q}_A Q_B), D_B = Q_A$ (D) $D_A = (Q_A Q_B + \overline{Q}_A \overline{Q}_B), D_B \overline{Q}_B$	

		1
42	In the circuit shown below, for the MOS transistors, $\mu_n C_{ox} = 100 \mu A / V^2$ and the threshold voltage $V_T = 1 V$ . The voltage $V_x$ at the source of the upper transistor is	Answer: (C)
	6V	
	5v	
	5V W/L=4	
	$V_{\mathbf{x}}$	
	W/L=1	
	W/L=1	
	(A) 1V	
	(B) 2V (C) 3V	
	(D) 3.67V	
43	An input x (t) = exp $(-2t)u(t) + \delta(t - 6)$ is applied to an LTI system with impulse	Answer: (D)
	response $h(t) = u(t)$ . The output is (A) $[1 - \exp(-2t)] u(t) + u(t+6)$	
	(B) $[1 - \exp(-2t)] u(t) + u(t-6)$	
	(C) $0.5 [1 - exp(-2t)] u(t) + u(t+6)$ (D) $0.5 [1 - exp(-2t)] u(t) + u(t-6)$	
44	For a BJT the common base current gain $\alpha$ = 0.98 and the collector base junction	Answer: (D)
	reverse bias saturation current $I_{CO} = 0.6\mu$ A. This BJT is connected in the common emitter mode and operated in the active region with a base drive current	
	$I_B$ =20 $\mu$ A. The collector current $I_C$ for this mode of operation is	
	(A) 0.98mA (B) 0.99mA	
	(C) 1.0mA	
45	(D) 1.01mA	Answer: (B)
13	If $F(s) = L[f(t)] = \frac{2(s+1)}{s^2 + 4s + 7}$ then the initial and final values of $f(t)$ are	Allswei'. (b)
	respectively	
	(A) 0,2 (B) 2,0	
	(C) 0,2/7	
46	(D) 2/7,0 In the circuit shown below, the current I is equal to	Answer: (B)
10	The circuit shown below, the current his equal to	Allsweit (b)
	t	
	$\prod_{i} \{j^{4\Omega} = \frac{1}{T} - j^{4\Omega}\}$	
	$\downarrow$ $\uparrow$	
	14∠0°V ♠_ • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	
	$\leq 6\Omega \leq 6\Omega$	
	> >	
	(A) 1.4 ∠0°A (B) 2.0∠ 0°A	
	(C) 2.8 ∠0°A	
	(D) 3.2∠ 0°A	

		T
47	A numerical solution of the equation $f(x) = x + \sqrt{3} - 3 = 0$ can be obtained using	Answer: (C)
	Newton- Raphson method. If the starting value is $x = 2$ for the iteration, the value of	
	x that is to be used in the next step is	
	(A) 0.306	
	(B) 0.739	
	(C) 1.694	
	(D) 2.306	
	Common Data Questions	
	Common Data Questions: 48 & 49	
	The channel resistance of an N-channel JFET shown in the figure below is 600 W	
	when the full channel thickness ( $t_{ch}$ ) of 10 $\mu$ m is available for conduction. The built-in	
	voltage of the gate $P^+$ N junction $(V_{bi})$ is $-1$ V. When the gate to source	
	voltage (V <sub>GS</sub> ) is 0 V, the channel is depleted by 1µm on each side due to the built-in	
	voltage and hence the thickness available for conduction is only 8µm	
	+ Gate	
	$V_{GS}$ $P^+$	
	— Source Drain	
	T <sub>tch</sub> N	
	= <del></del> -	
	P <sup>+</sup>	
48	The channel resistance when $V_{GS} = 0 \text{ V}$ is	Answer: (C)
.0	(A) 480 $\Omega$	/
	(B) $600 \Omega$	
	(C) 750 Ω	
	(D) $1000 \Omega$	
49	The channel resistance when $V_{GS} = -3 \text{ V}$ is	Answer: (C)
.,	(A) $360\Omega$	/
	(B) $917\Omega$	
	$(C) 1000\Omega$	
	(D) $3000\Omega$	
	Common Data Questions: 50 & 5 1	
	The input-output transfer function of a plant $H(s) = \frac{100}{s(s+1)^2}$ . The plant is placed in	
	· · ·	
	a unity negative feedback configuration as shown in the figure below.	
	100	
	$\Gamma$	
	$s(s+10)^2$	
	T - plant	
	p.s	

		<del>,</del>
50	The signal flow graph that <b>DOES NOT</b> model the plant transfer function $H(s)$ is	Answer: (D)
	(A) (B) -100	
	1 1/s 1/s 1/s 100	
	u	
	u • • y y	
	-10 -10	
	-20	
	(C)(D)	
	$\frac{1/s}{s}$ $\frac{1/s}{s}$ $\frac{1/s}{s}$ $\frac{1}{s}$ $\frac{1}{s}$ $\frac{1}{s}$ $\frac{1}{s}$ $\frac{1}{s}$ $\frac{1}{s}$	
	$u  y \qquad u  y  y$	
	-20	
51	The gain margin of the system under closed loop unity negative feedback is	Answer: (C)
	(A) 0 dB (B) 2 0dB	7 (115 Well (C)
	(C) 26 dB (D) 46 dB	
Linke	d Answer Questions	
Staten	nent for Linked Answer Questions: 52 & 53	
A four-	-phase and an eight-phase signal constellation are shown in the figure below.	
	Q	
	<sup>Q</sup>	
	$\frac{1}{4}$	
<b>─</b> ∳	<del>\ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ </del>	
'		
	`~•\~````\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\	
	<u> </u>	
52	For the constraint that the minimum distance between pairs of signal points be d	Answer: (D)
	for both constellations, the radii $r_1$ , and $r_2$ of the circles are	
	(A) $r_1 = 0.707d$ , $r_2 = 2.782d$ (B) $r_1 = 0.707d$ , $r_2 = 1.932d$	
53	(C) $r_1 = 0.707d$ , $r_2 = 1.545d$ (D) $r_1 = 0.707d$ , $r_2 = 1.307d$ Assuming high SNR and that all signals are equally probable, the additional average	Angwort (D)
33	transmitted signal energy required by the 8-PSK signal to achieve the same error	Answer: (D)
	probability as the 4-PSK signal is	
	(A) 11.90 dB (B) 8.73 dB	
	(C) 6.79 dB (D) 5.33 dB	
State	ment for Linked Answer Questions: 54 & 55	
	circuit shown below, assume that the voltage drop across a forward biased diode is	
0.7 V.	The thermal voltage $V_t = kT/q = 25mV$ . The small signal input $v_i = V_p \cos(\omega t)$ where	
	.00mV .	
	9900 Ω	
	<del>-</del> ^^^^-	
	· · · · +	
12.7	·v ← . ¥ ·	
	$I_{DC} + i_{ac}$ $V_{DC} + v_{ac}$	
	1	
	<b>→ → /</b> /	
	$v_i \odot \qquad {}^{\dagger} \Upsilon$	
	$v_i \Leftrightarrow \stackrel{\bullet}{\bigvee} -$	
	$v_i \bigoplus \frac{\uparrow}{\swarrow} -$	
	$v_i \bigoplus \frac{\uparrow}{} -$	
	$v_i \bigoplus \frac{\uparrow}{2} -$	

## **GATE question papers: Electronics and Communication Engineering 2011 (EC)**

54	The bias current I <sub>DC</sub> through the diodes is	Answer: (A)
	(A) 1 mA	, ,
	(B) 1.28 mA	
	(C) 1.5 mA	
55	(D) 2 mA The ac output voltage v <sub>ac</sub> is	Answer: (C)
33	,	Allswei. (C)
	(A) $0.25\cos(\omega t)mV$	
	(B) $1\cos(\omega t)mV$	
	(C) 2cos (ωt)mV	
	(D) 22cos (ωt)mV	
General Aptitude (GA) Questions:		
56	Q. 56 to Q. 60 carry one marks each The question below consists of a pair of related words followed by four pairs of	Answer: (D)
	words. Select the pair that best expresses the relation in the original pair:	
	Gladiator : Arena	
	(A) dancer: stage	
	(B) commuter: train	
	(C) teacher : classroom	
	(D) lawyer : courtroom	A (A)
57	There are two candidates P and Q in an election. During the campaign, 40% of the	Answer: (A)
	voters promised to vote for P, and rest for Q. However, on the day of election 15% of the voters went back on their promise to vote for P and instead voted for Q. 25%	
	of the voters went back on their promise to vote for Q and instead voted for Q. 25% of the voters went back on their promise to vote for Q and instead voted for P.	
	Suppose, P lost by 2 votes, then what was the total number of voters?	
	(A) 100	
	(B) 110	
	(C) 90	
го	(D) 95	A = = (C)
58	Choose the most appropriate word from the options given below to complete the following sentence:	Answer: (C)
	It was her view that the country's problems had been by foreign technocrats,	
	so that to invite them to come back would be counter-productive.	
	(A) Identified	
	(B) ascertained	
	(C) exacerbated	
	(D) Analysed	A (D)
59	Choose the word from the options given below that is most nearly opposite in	Answer: (B)
	meaning to the given word:  Frequency	
	(A) periodicity	
	(B) rarity	
	(C) gradualness	
	(D) persistency	
60	Choose the most appropriate word from the options given below to complete the	Answer: (D)
	following sentence:	
	Under ethical guidelines recently adopted by the Indian Medical Association, human genes are to be manipulated only to correct diseases for which treatments are	
	unsatisfactory.	
	(A) Similar	
	(B) Most	
	(C) Uncommon	
	(D) Available	

The horse has played a little known but very important role in the field of medicine. Horses were injected with toxins of diseases until their blood built up immunities. Then a serum was made from their blood. Serums to fight with diphtheria and tetanus were developed this way.  It can be inferred from the passage that horses were  (A) given immunity to diseases (B) generally quite immune to diseases (C) given medicines to fight toxins (D) given diphtheria and tetanus serums  The fuel consumed by a motorcycle during a journey while traveling at various speeds is indicated in the graph below.  The fuel consumed by a motorcycle during a journey while traveling at various speeds is indicated in the graph below.  The fuel consumed by a motorcycle during a journey while traveling at various speeds is indicated in the graph below.  The distances covered during four laps of the journey are listed in the table below Average speed (kilometers per hour)  The distances covered during four laps of the journey are listed in the table below Average speed (kilometers per hour)  The motor of the fuel consumed per kilometer was least during the lap (kilometers) hour)  P 15 15 Q 75 45 R 40 75 S 10 10 From the given data, we can conclude that the fuel consumed per kilometre was least during the lap (A)P (B) Q (C) R (B) Q (C) R (B) Q (C) R (C) R (D) S  The friends, R, S and T shared toffee from a bowl. R took 1/3° of the toffees, but returned four to the bowl. S took 1/4° of what was left but returned three toffees to the bowl and 17 toffees left, how many toffees were originally there in the bowl? (A) 38 (B) 31 (C) 48 (D) 41  Given that f(y) =   y   / y, and q is any non-zero real number, the value of   f(q) - f(-q)   is (b) (4/81) [10° - 9 n - 10]  Given that f(y) =   y   - y, and q is any non-zero real number, the value of   f(q) - f(-q)   is (b) (4/81) [10° - 9 n - 10]  The sum of n terms of the series 4+44+444+ is (A) (4/81) [10° - 9 n - 10]	Q. 61	to Q. 65 carry two marks each.	
Horses were injected with toxins of diseases until their blood built up immunities. Then a serum was made from their blood. Serums to fight with diphtheria and tetanus were developed this way.  It can be inferred from the passage that horses were  (A) given immunity to diseases (B) generally quite immune to diseases (C) given medicines to fight toxins (D) given diphtheria and tetanus serums  The fuel consumed by a motorcycle during a journey while traveling at various speeds is indicated in the graph below.  The distances covered during four laps of the journey are listed in the table below Distance  Average speed (kilometres per hour)  The distances covered during four laps of the journey are listed in the table below Distance  Average speed (kilometers per Lap (kilometers) hour)  P 15 15 P 25 45 R 40 75 S 10 From the given data, we can conclude that the fuel consumed per kilometre was least during the lap (A) P (B) Q (C) R (D) S  Three friends, R, S and T shared toffee from a bowl. R took 1/3" of the toffees, but returned four to the bowl. S took 1/4" of what was left but returned three toffees to the bowl. T took half of the remainder but returned two back into the bowl. If the bowl had 17 toffees left, how many toffees-were originally there in the bowl? (A) 38 (B) 31 (C) 48 (Given that f(y) =   y   / y, and q is any non-zero real number, the value of   f(q) - f(-q)   is (B) -1 (C) 1  The sum of n terms of the series 4+44+444+ is (A) 04 (48) 100" -1 - 9n - 1]  Answer: (C)			Answer: (B)
Then a serum was made from their blood. Serums to fight with diphtheria and tetanus were developed this way.  It can be inferred from the passage that horses were  (A) given immunity to diseases (B) generally quite immune to diseases (C) given medicines to fight toxins (D) given diphtheria and tetanus serums  62  The fuel consumed by a motorcycle during a journey while traveling at various speeds is indicated in the graph below.  Answer: (A)  The distances covered during four laps of the journey are listed in the table below  Distance Average speed (kilometers per hour)  P 15 Q 75 H 45 R 40 T 5 S 10 From the given data, we can conclude that the fuel consumed per kilometre was least during the lap (A) P (C) R  Three friends, R, S and T shared toffee from a bowl. R took 1/3 <sup>rd</sup> of the toffees, but returned four to the bowl. S took 1/4 <sup>rd</sup> of what was left but returned for to the bowl. S took 1/4 <sup>rd</sup> of what was left but returned for to the bowl. S took 1/4 <sup>rd</sup> of what was left but returned from to the bowl. S took 1/4 <sup>rd</sup> of what was left but returned three toffees to the bowl. T took half of the remainder but returned two back into the bowl. If the bowl had 17 toffees left, how many toffees-evere originally there in the bowl? (A) 3 <sup>rd</sup> (C) 48 Given that f(y) =  y /y, and q is any non-zero real number, the value of   f(q) - f(-q)   is (A) 0 (B) -1 (C) 1 (C) 1 (B) (4/81) [10 <sup>rd-1</sup> - 9n - 1] (B) (4/81) [10 <sup>rd-1</sup> - 9n - 1] (B) (4/81) [10 <sup>rd-1</sup> - 9n - 1]	02		,ov. ci. ( )
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(A) given immunity to diseases (B) generally quite immune to diseases (C) given medicines to fight toxins (D) given diphtheria and tetanus serums  The fuel consumed by a motorcycle during a journey while traveling at various speeds is indicated in the graph below.  120  Speed (kilometres per hour)  The distances covered during four laps of the journey are listed in the table below Distance Average speed (kilometres per hour)  The distances covered during four laps of the journey are listed in the table below Distance Average speed (kilometres per hour)  P 15 15 Q 75 45 R 40 75 S 10 10 From the given data, we can conclude that the fuel consumed per kilometre was least during the lap (A) P (C) R  (B) Q (C) R  (B) Q (C) R  Three friends, R, S and T shared toffee from a bowl. R took 1/3 <sup>rd</sup> of the toffees, but returned four to the bowl. 5 took 1/4 <sup>rh</sup> of what was left but returned three toffees to the bowl. Took half of the remainder but returned two back into the bowl. If the bowl had 17 toffees left, how many toffees-were originally there in the bowl? (A) 38 (B) 31 (C) 48 Given that f(y) =  y /y, and q is any non-zero real number, the value of   f(q) - f(-q)   is (A) 0 (B) -1 (C) 1 (C) 1 (D) 2 (A) 10 <sup>rd</sup> - 9n - 1 (B) (4/81) [10 <sup>rd</sup> - 9n - 1] (B) (4/81) [10 <sup>rd</sup> - 9n - 1] (C) 1 (A) 10 <sup>rd</sup> - 9n - 1 (B) (4/81) [10 <sup>rd</sup> - 9n - 1]			
(B) generally quite immune to diseases (C) given diphtheria and tetanus serums  The fuel consumed by a motorcycle during a journey while traveling at various speeds is indicated in the graph below.  The fuel consumed by a motorcycle during a journey while traveling at various speeds is indicated in the graph below.  The distances covered during four laps of the journey are listed in the table below Distance  Average speed (kilometers per hour)  The distances covered during four laps of the journey are listed in the table below Average speed (kilometers per hour)  P 15 15 Q 75 45 R 40 75 S 10 10 From the given data, we can conclude that the fuel consumed per kilometre was least during the lap (A) P (C) R (D) S  Three friends, R, S and T shared toffee from a bowl. R took 1/3 <sup>rd</sup> of the toffees, but returned four to the bowl. S took 1/4 <sup>rh</sup> of what was left but returned three toffees to the bowl. Totok half of the remainder but returned two back into the bowl. If the bowl had 17 toffees left, how many toffees-were originally there in the bowl? (A) 38 (B) 31 (C) 48  Given that f(y) =  y /y, and q is any non-zero real number, the value of   f(q) - f(-q)   is (A) 0 (B) -1 (C) 1 (C) 1 (D) 2  Answer: (C)  The sum of n terms of the series 4+44+4444+ is (A) (4/81) [10 <sup>r-1</sup> - 9n - 1] (B) (4/81) [10 <sup>r-1</sup> - 9n - 1]			
(C) given medicines to fight toxins (D) given diphtheria and tetanus serums  The fuel consumed by a motorcycle during a journey while traveling at various speeds is indicated in the graph below.  120  120  120  130  145  150  160  175  180  180  180  180  180  180  180  18			
(D) given diphtheria and tetanus serums  The fuel consumed by a motorcycle during a journey while traveling at various speeds is indicated in the graph below.  120 90 15 30 45 60 75 90 Speed (kilometres per hour)  The distances covered during four laps of the journey are listed in the table below Distance Average speed (kilometers per hour)  P 15 15 Q 75 45 R 40 75 S 10 10 From the given data, we can conclude that the fuel consumed per kilometre was least during the lap (A) P (C) R (B) Q (C) R (D) S  Three friends, R, S and T shared toffee from a bowl. R took 1/3 <sup>rd</sup> of the toffees, but returned four to the bowl. S took 1/4 <sup>th</sup> of what was left but returned three toffees to the bowl. Took half of the remainder but returned two back into the bowl. If the bowl had 17 toffees left, how many toffees-were originally there in the bowl? (A) 38 (B) 31 (C) 48 (B) 31 (C) 48 (B) 41  64 Given that f(y) =   y   / y, and q is any non-zero real number, the value of   f(q) - f(-q)   is (A) 0 (B) C) The sum of n terms of the series 4+44+444+ is (A) (4/81) [10 <sup>th-1</sup> - 9n - 1]  Answer: (C)			
The fuel consumed by a motorcycle during a journey while traveling at various speeds is indicated in the graph below.  120  90  15  30  45  60  75  90  (kilometres per hour)  The distances covered during four laps of the journey are listed in the table below Average speed (kilometers per hour)  P  15  Q  75  45  R  40  75  S  10  From the given data, we can conclude that the fuel consumed per kilometre was least during the lap  (A) P  (C) R  (C) R  (D) S  Three friends, R, S and T shared toffee from a bowl. R took 1/3 <sup>rd</sup> of the toffees, but returned four to the bowl. S took 1/4 <sup>rd</sup> of what was left but returned three toffees to the bowl. T took half of the remainder but returned two back into the bowl. If the bowl had 17 toffees left, how many toffees-were originally there in the bowl?  (A) 38  (B) 31  (C) 48  (D) 41  64  Given that f(y) =   y   / y, and q is any non-zero real number, the value of   f(q) - f(-q)   is  (A) 0  (B) -1  (C) 1  (D) 2  Answer: (C)  Answer: (C)  Answer: (C)  Answer: (C)			
speeds is indicated in the graph below.    120	62		Answer: (A)
The distances covered during four laps of the journey are listed in the table below Distance Average speed (kilometers per hour)  P 15 15 Q 75 45 R 40 75 S 10 10 From the given data, we can conclude that the fuel consumed per kilometre was least during the lap (A) P (C) R (D) S  Three friends, R, S and T shared toffee from a bowl. R took 1/3" of the toffees, but returned four to the bowl. S took 1/4" of what was left but returned three toffees to the bowl. T took half of the remainder but returned two back into the bowl. If the bowl had 17 toffees left, how many toffees-were originally there in the bowl? (A) 38 (C) 48 (B) 31 (C) 48 (D) 41  Given that f(y) =   y   / y, and q is any non-zero real number, the value of   f(q) - f(-q)   is (A) 0 (B) -1 (C) 1 (D) 2  Answer: (C)  Answer: (C)  Answer: (C)	02		Aliswei. (A)
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(A) $(4/81)[10^{n+1} - 9n - 1]$ (B) $(4/81)[10^{n-1} - 9n - 1]$			
	65		Answer: (C)
$  (C) (4/81) [10^{n+1} - 9n - 10] $ (D) $(4/81) [10^{n} - 9n - 10]$			
		$(C) (4/81) [10^{n+1} - 9n - 10]$ $(D) (4/81) [10^{n} - 9n - 10]$	

# **End of Question Papers**