## 8. E. (computer & I.T.) (SemIII) (Rev) 19/5/07 Electronics Devices and descrits

405: 1stHf07

Con. 2354-07.

ND-7970

10

8

12

(3 Hours)

[ Total Marks: 100

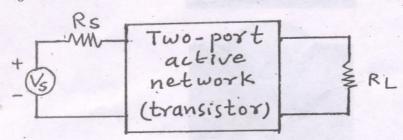
- Question No. 1 is compulsory. Solve any four questions from the remaining. N.B. (1)
  - Assume suitable data if necessary.
- The transistor is connected as a common emitter amplifier as shown in figure. Using small signal analysis 20

find out, A<sub>I</sub>, R<sub>I</sub>, A<sub>V</sub>, A<sub>Vs</sub>, A<sub>Is</sub>, Z<sub>o</sub> and A<sub>p</sub>.   

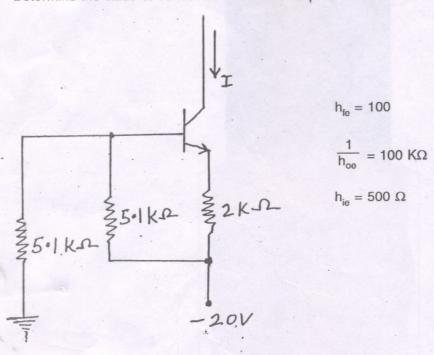
$$h_{ie} = 1100 \ \Omega$$
,  $h_{re} = 2.5 \times 10^{-4}$   
 $h_{fe} = 50$ ,  $h_{oe} = 25 \ \mu A/V$ 

$$h_{fe}^{10} = 50$$
,  $h_{oe} = 25 \mu A/V$ 

$$R_L = R_S = 1000 \Omega$$
.



- (a) Explain differential amplifier with constant current source using voltage divider network and current 10 2. mirror.
  - Determine the value of constant current and output resistance for the circuit of figure. (b)



- What is a function of a regulator? What is the difference between load regulation and line regulation? 3.
  - Using LM 723, design a continuously adjustable 2 V to 5 V supply with current limit of 1.0 A.

(a) Explain voltage controlled oscillator. How does it differ from a fixed frequency oscillator? Explain 10 4.

- any one application of VCO. 10 Explain the operation of the Wien bridge oscillator. Explain two ways to make the output frequency user adjustable.
- Determine the component values for a 2 KHz square wave generator with an 80% duty cycle using IC 555. 10 (a) 10
  - Detail the differences between Flash Conversion and Successive Approximation Technique. What would each type be used? What are their limitations?

6.	(a)	Explain second order Butterworth active filter using OP-AMP. Give its frequency response curve. Give practical application of this filter.	10
	(b)	Draw the circuit diagram of practical differentiator using OP-AMP. Give the disadvantages of basic differentiator.	10
7.	Writ	te short notes on any two:—  (a) PWM IC voltage regulator  (b) Instrumentation amplifier using OP-AMP  (c) FET differential amplifier  (d) OP-AMP as Schmitt trigger and comparator.	20