USN

## I/II Semester B.E Degree Examination, May/June 2010 CONSTITUTION OF INDIA AND PROFESSIONAL ETHICS (COMMON TO ALL BRANCHES)

Time: 2 hrs.]

[Max. Marks: 50

## INSTRUCTIONS TO THE CANDIDATES

- Answer all the fifty questions, each question carries ONE mark. 1.
- Use only Black ball point pen for writing / darkening the circles. 2.
- For each question, after selecting your answer, darken the appropriate circle 3. corresponding to the same question number on the OMR sheet.
- Darkening two circles for the same question makes the answer invalid. 4.
- Damaging/overwriting, using whiteners on the OMR sheets are strictly prohibited.

1	The	Indian .	Judiciary	is a	a	:
<b>网络巴拉尔</b> 亚州						

a) Highest law making body

- b) Single and integrated judicial system.
- c) Dependent judicial system

- d) None of these.
- Any person to be appointed to the post of governor of a state must have completed the age of:
  - a) 25 years
- b) 30 years
- c) 45 years
- d) None of these

The executive power of the state is vested in the hands of:

a) The Governor

b) The State Legislature

c) The Chief Minister

d) None

The size of a ministry in the state is decided by:

a) Chief Minister

- b) Governor
- c) Members of Legislative Assembly
- d) None
- Who among the following administers oath of office and secrecy to the Ministers in a state?
  - a) The Chief Justice
- b) Senior Judge
- c) The Governor
- d) Chief Minister.

6. Chief Minister is appointed by the:

- a) Prime Minister
- b) Governor
- c) Chief Justice
- d) President.

7. A High Court judge retires at the age of:

- a) 65 years
- b) 63 years
- c) 60 years
- d) 62 years.
- 8. While the proclamation of emergency is in operation, the Parliament may by law extend the duration of Lok Sabha at a time for a period not exceeding:
  - a) 6 months
- b) One year
- c) 2 years
- d) 3 years.

9.	<ul><li>The constitution permits the state to make</li><li>a) Women and unemployed</li><li>c) Socially and educationally backward class</li></ul>	b) Old, sick and disabled people
10.	Constitution protects the minorities in:  a) Political rights c) Culture	b) Religious rights d) Right to reservation in Educational Institution
11.	Lok Sabha is composed of not more than: a) 420 members b) 550 members	c) 450 members d) 540 members
12.	The Chief Justice of India is appointed by ta) Prime Minister c) President	the: b) Council of Ministers d) Parliament
13.	Who appoints the Attorney General of Indi a) Prime Minister c) President	<ul><li>b) Chief Justice of India</li><li>d) Union Minister of Law.</li></ul>
14.	Original jurisdiction of the Supreme Court  a) Civil suits directly filed in the Supreme  b) Criminal complaints directly filed in the  c) Writs directly filed in the Supreme Court  d) Disputes between union and the states.	Court. Supreme Court.
15.	The number of Ministers in the central gove a) The President b) The Prime Minister	
16.	Good work means:  a) Superior work done with great care and c) Work above and beyond the call of duty	
17.	One of the characteristics of profession is:  a) It gives scope to exercise one's skill.  b) It gives monopoly on service.  c) It provides opportunity to help the poor d) It demands high standard of honesty.	and needy.
18.	These are not trade secrets: a) Formulas b) Principles	c) Patterns d) Devices
19.	Professional ethics takes into account:  a) The personal character of engineers  c) The religious bent of mind of engineers	<ul><li>b) The temparment of engineers</li><li>d) The social background of engineers.</li></ul>
20.	Protection of the expression of ideas, but no a) Copyright b) Plagiarism	c) Patent d) Forging
21.	Freedom of press is included in: <ul><li>a) Right to carry on any profession.</li><li>c) Right to freedom of speech and expression.</li></ul>	b) Right to personal liberty. on. d) Right to education.
1000	DPSP directs the state to safeguard:  a) Wildlife b) The rights of SCs and STs. c) The rights of workers, specially women and the judiciary from external interference.	

	The DPSP:  a) Can be enforced in high court. c) Cannot be enforced in any court.	b) Can be enforced only i d) Can be enforced relating	
24.	This is not a DPSP:  a) Organize village panchayat. c) Secure living wage.	<ul><li>b) Provide free legal aid.</li><li>d) Secure just and efficier</li></ul>	nt judiciary.
	Fundamental duty demands:  a) To abide by the constitution. c) To avoid corruption.	b) To work sincerely d) To abide by moral rule	s.
	This is not a fundamental duty:  a) To abide by the constitution. c) To develop scientific temper.	b) To protect and improve d) Not to indulge in corru	
27.	Fundamental duties were incorporated in th a) Karan Singh committee c) Swaran Singh committee	e constitution on the recon b) Charan Singh commit d) Man Mohan Singh co	tee
-	Who, of the following, administers the oath  a) The Vice – President  c) The Speaker of the Lok Sabha	of office to the President of b) The Prime Minister d) The Chief Justice of t	
29.	The President of India is:  a) Nominated  b) Appointed	c) Selected	d) Elected.
30.	The Prime Minister is the link between the case) Lok Sabha c) Houses of Parliament	b) General public d) President.	e:   C
<b>如此一篇05年</b> 北京大	The constitution of India was adopted on:  a) November 26, 1949  c) August 15, 1947	b) January 26, 1949 d) January 26, 1950	¢.
12.	The preamble of the Indian constitution india  a) The reservation of backward classes c) The sources of Indian constitution	icates: b) Amendments d) The powers of the Pa	arliament.
-33.	How many times was the preamble of the coa) 3 times b) 2 times	onstitution amended? c) 1 time	d) Not amended.
34.	Right against exploitation prohibits:  a) Lending money at high interest. c) Women working at night in factories.	b) Giving in marriage of d) Traffic in human bei	Property at many at the party and a series of the party at the party a
35.	India has recognized:  a) Only one religion as national religion. c) 5 religions as national religion.	b) 3 religions as nation d) No religion as nation	
36.	Engineers can use code of ethics as guideline a) Resolve the conflicts c) Shift responsibility	es to: b) Formulate a probler d) Overcome work pre	
37.	No code will give to get solutions fo a) Guidelines b) Set of ideas	(7) (7) (7) (7) (7) (7) (7) (7) (7) (7)	d) Ethical standards.

38.	Cooking means:  a) Boiling under press b) Retaining results w c) Making deceptive: d) Misleading the pub	which fit the theory statements	f a p	roduct.	
39.	Revealing confidentia <ul><li>a) Misusing the truth</li><li>c) Criminal breach of</li></ul>		b	Breach of contract Violation of patent	right.
40.	It is not a kind of trade  a) Designs	emark: b) Sounds	<b>c</b> )	Symbols	d) Goodwill
41.	An author retains copy a) 100 years	right for: b) 150 years	c)	60 years	d) 25 years
42.	This is not dishonesty a) Forging	in engineering: b) Blending	c)	Trimming	d) Cooking
43.	An engineer may not ba) Intentionally	be held legally liable for b) Ignorantly		ising harm, when the Negligently	harm is caused: d) Recklessly
44.	Plagiarism means:  a) Trespassing upon i b) Trespassing agains c) Using intellectual i d) Misusing the truth	st movable property. property of others with	out t	heir permission.	
45.	One of the ways of red a) Complex interaction c) Normalization of d	on	b) d)	Tight coupling Changing the working	ng system.
46.	The election commission a) The office of the Problem The office of the Vice of the Space of the	esident — • ice President		n to:	20 30
47.	The Chief Election Cor a) Prime Minister	mmissioner is appointe		the : Planning Commission	on.
T,	c) President		1.5	Chief Justice	
48.	Interpret means:  a) Interrupting in the e b) Passing law by abso c) Ascertaining the me d) Amending a law to	olute majority caning of a word		e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e	
49.	The basic attitude towa a) Intentionally causin c) Minimalist	130	2.2	Negligently causing hecklessly causing h	
50.	Minimalist view means a) A ministerial view c) A narrow thinking	s: - D4 -	10.7	A novel plan to mining A concept of respons	ibility.
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