

ENGINEERING & MANAGEMENT EXAMINATIONS, DECEMBER - 2008 MECHANICAL SCIENCES

SEMESTER - 1

| ~ | · | | 0 | Hours | 1 |
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[Full Marks: 70

GROUP - A

| | | | (Multiple Cho | ice Type (| Questions) | |
|----|------|------------|---------------------------------|-------------|---------------------------------|---------------------|
| 1. | Cho | ose th | ne correct alternatives for the | e following | | 10 × 1 = 10 |
| | i) | Free | e body diagram can be appli | ed only in | | |
| | | a) | dynamic equilibrium probl | em | | |
| | | b) | static equilibrium problem | | | |
| | | c) | both dynamic and static ed | quilibrium | problems | |
| | | d) | none of these. | | | |
| | ii) | The | conditions of equilibrium for | r coplanar | non-concurrent for | ces are |
| | | a) ` | $\sum F_X = 0$; $\sum F_Y = 0$ | b) | $\sum F_X = 0 \; ; \; \sum M$ | ≐ 0 |
| | | c) | $\sum F_Y = 0$; $\sum M = 0$ | d) | $\sum F_X = 0 \; ; \; \sum F_Y$ | $=0; \Sigma M = 0.$ |
| | | | | | | |
| | iii) | The | centre of gravity of solid he | misphere | of radius R is | |
| | | a) | 3R / 8 | b) | R / 2 | |
| | • | c) | 3R / 4 | d) | none of these. | |
| | iv) | Equ | ation of motion of a particle | e is $s=2$ | $t^3 - t^2 - 2$ where s | is displacement in |
| | | | re and t is time in second. A | | | |
| | | a) | 8 m/sec ² | b) | 9 m/sec ² | |
| | | c) | 10 m/sec ² | d) | 5 m/sec ² . | |



| v) | Wh | a body slides down an inclined surface of inclination θ , the accele | | | eratior. |
|----------|------------|---|------------|--|----------|
| | of t | he body is given by | | | |
| | a) | f = g | b) | $f = g \sin \theta$ | |
| | c) | $f = g \cos \theta$ | d) | $f = g/\sin \theta$. | |
| vi) | The | maximum strain energy that | can be | stored in a body is known as | |
| | .a) | impact energy | b) | resilience | |
| | c) | proof resilience | d) | modulus of resilience. | |
| vii) | | en two ships are moving alor ships will be closest together | | ned directions, then the time v | vhen the |
| | a) | velocity of one of the ships | | | |
| | b) | velocity of both the ships | | | |
| | c) | angle between the two direc | tions | | |
| | d) | all of these. | | | |
| viii) | The | maximum height of a projectil | e on a h | norizontal range is | |
| | a) | $\frac{\left(u^2\sin 2\alpha\right)}{2g}$ | b) | $\frac{\left(u^2\sin\alpha\right)}{2g}$ | |
| . | c) | $\frac{\left(u^2\sin^22\alpha\right)}{2g}$ | d) | $\frac{\left(u^2\sin^2\alpha\right)}{2g}.$ | |
| ix) | The | differential equation of falling | body u | nder gravity is | \$ |
| | a) | $\ddot{x}=0, \ddot{y}=0$ | b) | $\ddot{x}=0, \ddot{y}=-g$ | |
| | c) | $\ddot{x}=c, \ddot{y}=-g$ | d) | $\ddot{x}=0, \ddot{y}=0$ | |
| | e) | none of these. | | | |
| x) | If a | momentum of a body is doub | led, its l | kinetic energy will | |
| | a) | increase by two times | b) | increase by four times | |
| | c) | remain same | d) | get halved | |
| | - e) | reduce to four times. | | | |



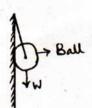
GROUP - B

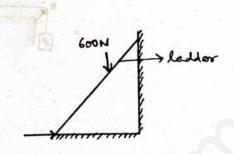
(Short Answer Type Questions)

Answer any three of the following.

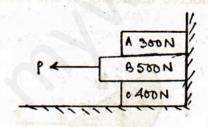
 $3 \times 5 = 15$

What do you mean by a Free Body Diagram ? Draw the Free Body Diagrams of the following as shown below: 1+2+2





Determine the force P required to intend the motion of the block B shown in the figure below. Take $\mu = 0.3$ for all surfaces of contact, where $\mu = \text{coefficient}$ of friction 5



- 4. A force $\vec{F} = 3i 4j + 12k$ acts at a point A whose coordinates are (1, -2, 3) m. Compute,
 - a) moment of force about origin

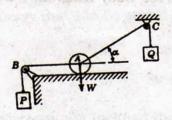
3

b) moment of force about the point B(2, 1, 2) m.

2



5. If the string AB is horizontal, find the angle that the string AC makes with the horizontal when the ball is in a position of equilibrium. Also find the pressure R between the ball and the plane.



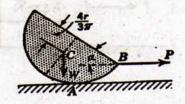
GROUP - C

(Long Answer Type Questions)

Answer any three of the following questions.

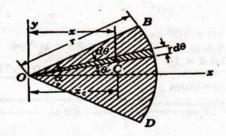
 $3\times15=45$

6. a) A short semi-circular right cylinder of radius r and weight W rests on a horizontal surface and is pulled at right angles to its geometric axis by a horizontal force P applied at the middle B of the front edge as shown. Find the angle α that the flat face will make with the horizontal plane just before sliding begins if the coefficient of friction at the line of contact A is μ. The gravity force W must be considered as acting at the centre of gravity C as shown in the figure.





b) Determine the coordinates of the centroid C of the area of the circular sector OBD of radius r and central angle α .

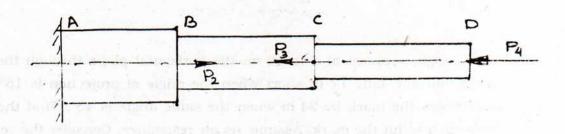


8 + 7

7. a) The following details refer to the bar as shown:

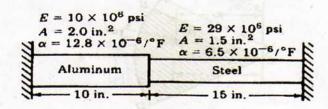
| Portion | Lenngth | Cross-Section |
|---------|---------|---------------|
| AB | 600 mm | 40 × 40 mm |
| BC | 800 mm | 30 × 30 mm |
| CD | 1000 mm | 20 × 20 mm |

If the load P_4 = 80 kN, P_2 = 60 kN and P_3 = 40 kN, find the extension of the bar, where $E = 2 \times 10^5$ N/mm².

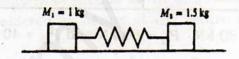




b) Calculate the increase in stress for each segment of the compound bar shown in figure, if the temperature increases by 100°F. Assume that the supports are unyielding and that the bar is suitably braced against buckling.



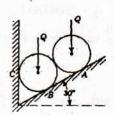
A spring normally 150 mm long is connected to the two masses as shown in figure and compressed 50 mm. If the system is released on a smooth horizontal plane, what will be the speed of each block when the spring is again in is normal length? The spring constant is 2100 N/m.



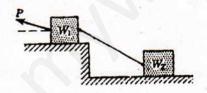
A projectile is aimed at a mark on the horizontal plane through the point of projection and falls 12 m short when the angle of projection is 15°, while it overshoots the mark by 24 m when the same angle is 45°. Find the angle of projection to hit the mark. Assume no air resistance. Consider the velocities of projections are constant in all cases.



Two inclined rollers, each of weight Q = 100 kgf are supported by an inclined plane and a vertical wall as shown below. Assuming smooth surfaces, find the reactions induced at the points A, B and C.



b) Two blocks of weight W_1 and W_2 rest as shown. If the angle of friction of each block is φ , find the magnitude and direction of the least force P applied to the upper block that will induce sliding.



END